

High Temperature Ceramic-Carbonate Dual-Phase Membrane Reactor for Pre-Combustion Carbon Dioxide Capture



Arizona State University Tempe, Arizona

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Overview

Timeline

- ✓ Project start date:
 Oct. 1, 2018
- ✓ Project end date:
 Sep. 30, 2021
- ✓ Budget Periods:
 - I: 10/1/2018-3/31/2020
 - II: 4/1/2020-9/30/2021

Budget

- ✓ Total project funding
 - DOE \$800,000
 - Cost-share: **\$200,007**
 - □ Total: **\$1,000,007**

Research Area 1

 ✓ Lab-Scale CO₂ Capture Development and Testing on Simulated Syngas

Partners

- ✓ Arizona State University (ASU)
- University of South Carolina (USC)

Project Objectives

- To synthesize the chemically/thermally stable Ceramic Carbonate Dual-Phase (CCDP) membranes.
 - \checkmark CO₂ permeance > 2000 GPU (6.5x10⁻⁷ mol/m²·s·Pa)
 - ✓ Selectivity > 500
 - ✓ Resistant to H_2S
- To fabricate tubular CCDP membrane reactor modules.
 - ✓ High-temperature >700 ° C
 - ✓ High-pressure > 20 atm
 - ✓ WGS membrane reactor applications.
- To identify experimental conditions for WGS.
 - ✓ 99% purity of CO_2 stream
 - ✓ 90% purity of H_2 stream

DOE Project: High-Temperature Ceramic-Carbonate Dual-Phase Membrane Reactor for Pre-Combustion Carbon Dioxide Capture Task description



Background: IGCC process with Precombustion CO₂ Capture



Background Concept of Ceramic-Carbonate Dual-Phase (CCDP) Membrane



M Anderson & YS Lin, Proc. ICIM2006, pp. 678-681 (2006); J. Membr. Sci. 357, 122(2010)

- Project Management and Planning (Task 1.0)
- □ Synthesis and Characterization of SDC-MC Membranes (Task 2.0)
- □ High Temperature, High Pressure CO₂ Permeation Studies (Task 3.0)
 - Construction of high temperature and high pressure CO₂ permeation/separation setup (Subtask 3.1)

Development of Improved Ceramic-Carbonate Dual-Phase Materials and Membranes (Task 4.0)

- Synthesis of ScSZ with desired microstructure (Subtask 4.1)
- Characterization of ScSZ disks (Subtask 4.2)
- □ Study on CO₂ Permeation Properties of ScSZ-MC Membranes (Task 5.0)
 - Study of the effect of temperature and CO₂ concentration on flux (Subtask 5.1)

Task 2.0: Synthesis and Characterization of SDC-MC Membranes

SDC

- □ High oxygen ion conductivity
- Chemically/thermally stable under reductive atmosphere
- Synthesized and characterized in our lab for a long time

\Box Agglomerates of ~ 1µm made of particle <

10 nm



□ Pure ionic conductivity: Sm-doped CeO₂ (SDC)



□ Thermal stability of SDC support



Progress and Accomplishments Task 2.0: Synthesis and Characterization of SDC-MC Membranes

- SDC tubular supports by the Centrifugal Casting (CC) method
- Development of a module for high rate centrifugation
- Design of highly efficient sintering process
- Long, straight and uniformcircumference tubes



Initial stage of tubes fabrication



Tubes Fabrication improved



Progress and Accomplishments Task 2.0: Synthesis and Characterization of SDC-MC Membranes



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Progress and Accomplishments Task 2.0: Synthesis and Characterization of SDC-MC Membranes



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Task 2.0: Synthesis and Characterization of SDC-MC Membranes

| Molten carbonates Infiltration at 550° C | 2 |
|--|---|
|--|---|

| Carbonates mixture | Li/Na/K | Li/K | Li/Na | Na/K |
|--|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Composition (mol%) | 43.5/31.5 /25 | 62/38 | 52/48 | 56/44 |
| Melting Point (°C) | 397 | 488 | 501 | 710 |
| CO ₃ ⁼ Conductivity (S/cm) | 1.24 | 1.15 | 1.75 | 1.17 |



Task 3.0: High Temperature, High Pressure CO₂ Permeation Studies



Task 3.1: Construction of High Temperature and High Pressure CO₂ Permeation/Separation setup



Task 3.1: Construction of High Temperature and High Pressure CO₂ Permeation/Separation setup

□ Seals tested at high temperature

- ✓ Graphite
- ✓ Strip-metal graphite
- ✓ Flexible metal-graphite
- ✓ Home-made glaze
- ✓ Commercial glaze

□ Seal tested at high pressure

- ✓ Graphite
 - Leak % <4%
 - Stable at temp ∼700° C
 - o Pressure ~14 bar

Best seal performance

- ✓ Flexible metal-graphite
 - o Leak % <0.1%</p>
 - Stable temp ~ 900° C

Task 4.0: Development of Improved Ceramic-Carbonate Dual-Phase Materials and Membranes



Task 4.1: Synthesis of ScSZ with desired microstructure Task 4.2: Characterization of ScSZ disks

ScSZ powders synthesized via EDTA-citric acid method



Task 5.0: Study on CO_2 Permeation Properties of ScSZ-MC Membranes Task 5.1: Study of the effect of temperature and CO_2 concentration on flux



Future Work

□ Task 3.0 High Temperature, High Pressure CO₂ Permeation Studies

- ✤ High pressure CO₂ permeation and separation study
- Modeling and analysis of CO₂ Permeation
- □ Task 5.0 Study on CO₂ Permeation Properties of ScSZ-MC Membranes
 - Flux stability study
- □ Task 6.0 Fabrication and Characterization of Sc-ZrO₂ Tubular Membranes
- □ Task 7.0: Modeling and analysis of CCDP membrane reactor for WGSR

Conclusions

- The module for high-temperature, high-pressure WGS membrane reactor and CO₂ separation was successfully built.
- High-pressure and high-temperature seal was developed for avoiding leaks.
- SDC tubular membranes were tested at high temperatures, with selectivity of at least 4000.
- ScSZ disk membranes were tested at high temperatures with high CO₂ permeation flux of 8700 GPU.

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- Collaborators:
 - ✓ Prof. Kevin Huang



✓ Dr. Shichen Sun

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Thank You!



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