

Midwest Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership

DOE/NETL cooperative agreement # DE-FC26-05NT42589

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY



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TECHNOLOGY
LABORATORY

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U.S. Department of Energy

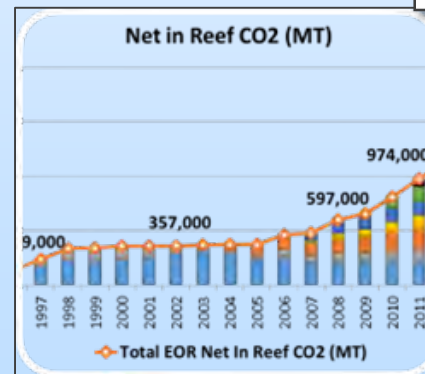
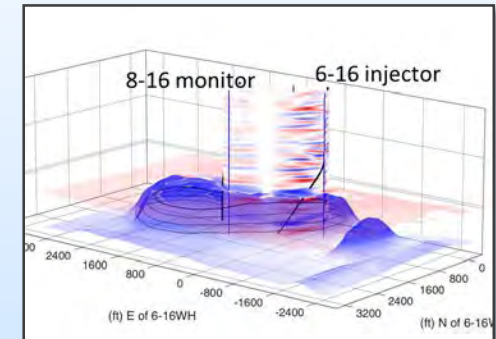
National Energy Technology Laboratory

Mastering the Subsurface Through Technology Innovation, Partnerships and Collaboration:
Carbon Storage and Oil and Natural Gas Technologies Review Meeting

August 13-16, 2018

Presentation Outline

- Introduction
- Technical Status
 - Characterization
 - Monitoring
 - MRV and Life-Cycle Analysis
 - Modeling
 - Outreach status
- Summary
 - Accomplishments
 - Lessons Learned
 - Synergy Opportunities



MRCSP Goals and Objectives

Primary goal: execute a **large-scale CO₂ injection test** to evaluate best practices and technologies required to implement carbon sequestration

Objectives: Advance operational, monitoring, and modeling techniques needed to:

- Develop infrastructure for wide-scale CO₂ sequestration deployment
- Address public concerns such as leakage and long-term storage security
- Address other topics such as cost effectiveness and CCUS practicability



15 years of Progress

**Phase I
Characterization**



**Phase II
Small Scale Validation**



**Phase III
Large Scale Development Project**

Site Selection, Permitting, Site Characterization, Site Preparation, and Baseline Monitoring

OH Site **MI Saline** **MI EOR Fields**



**MI Injection Operations
(multiple fields)**

Late-stage EOR reef
Operational EOR reef
Newly targeted reef

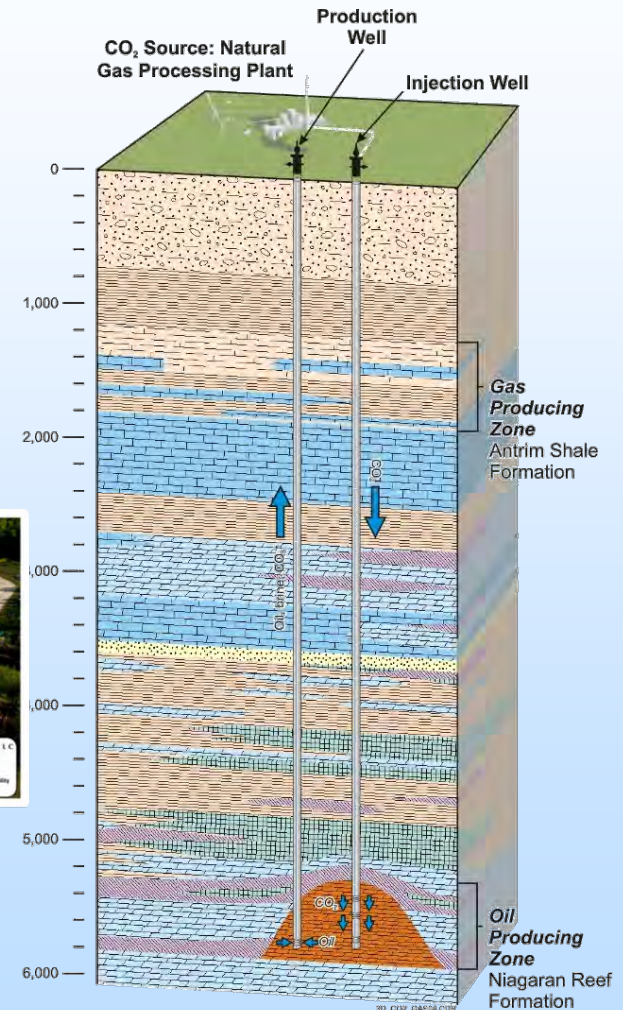
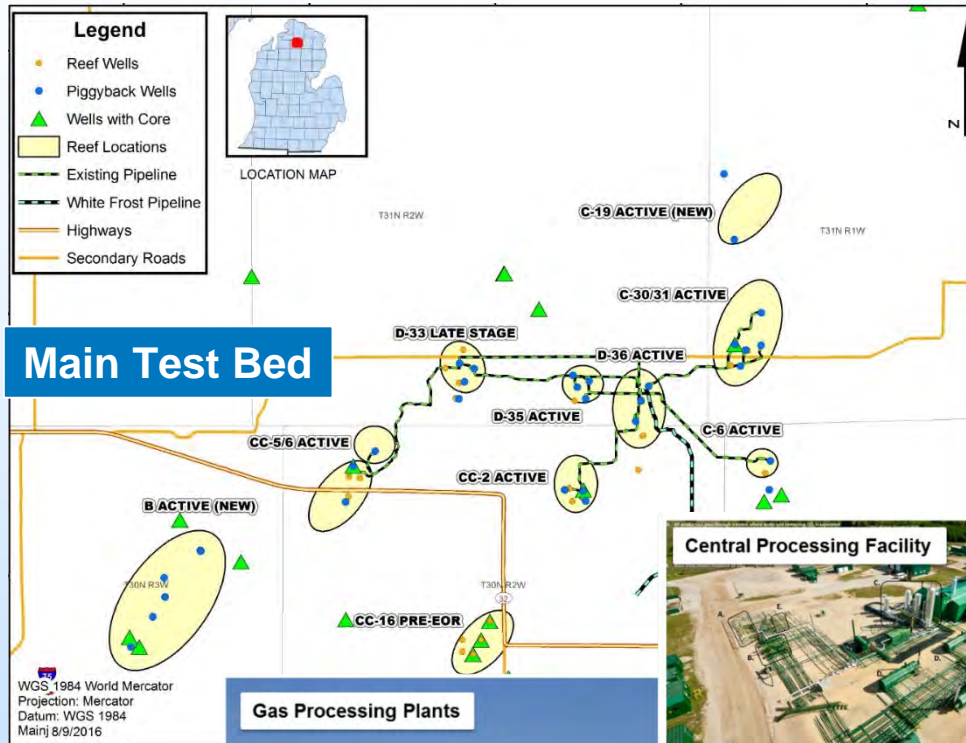
Post Injection Monitoring

**Project updates
and results can be
found at**

www.mrcsp.org

Large-Scale Injection Test

Geologic Setting in Michigan's Northern Niagaran Pinnacle Reef Trend

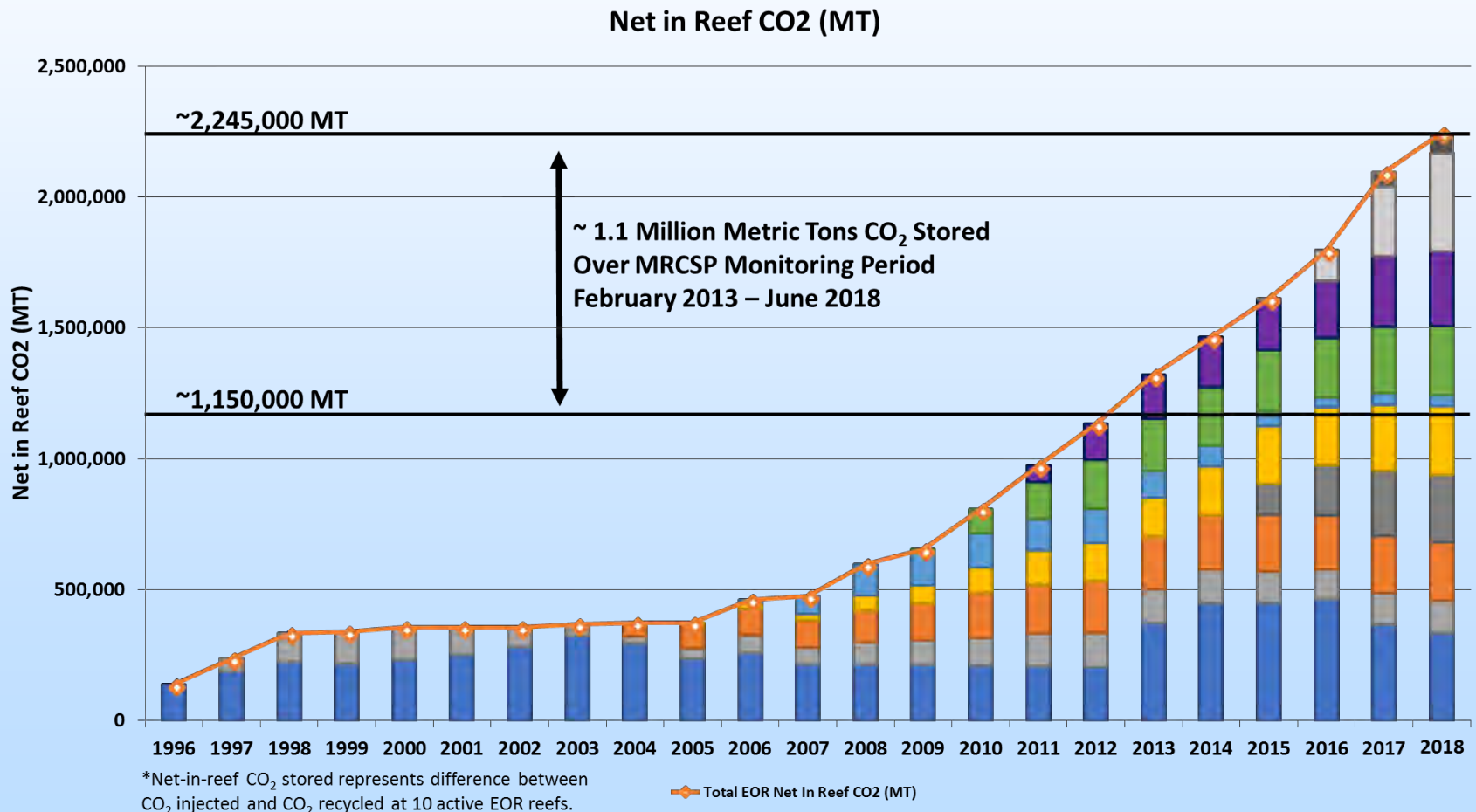


NOTES:
*CO₂ PRODUCED WITH OIL IS
RECYCLED BACK INTO REEF.
ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.

NOT TO SCALE

Injection Test Status Update

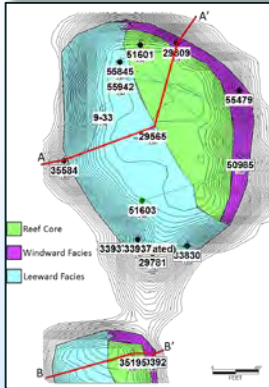
- ~1.1 MT tons CO₂ in net storage under MRCSP research
- >2 MT associated storage in 10 reefs over EOR lifetime since 1996



Large-scale Injection Test

Key Reefs Vary in Setting and Operational History

Late-Stage Reef: Dover 33



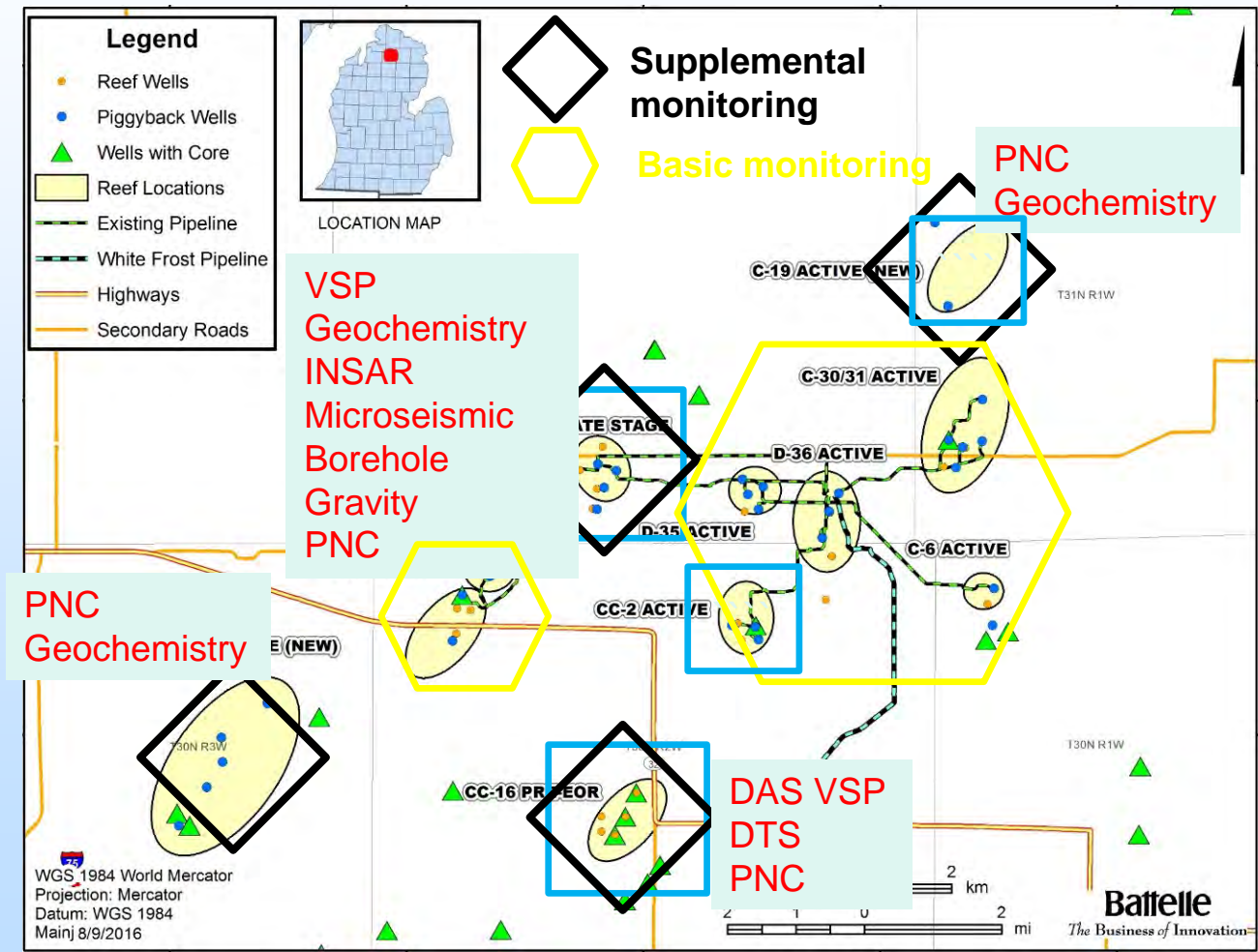
1 Lobe
Operational since 1974
Primary Production + CO₂-EOR
MRCSP CO₂ Injection since 2013
1 CO₂ Injection Wells
2(+1) Monitoring/ Production Wells

Chester 16



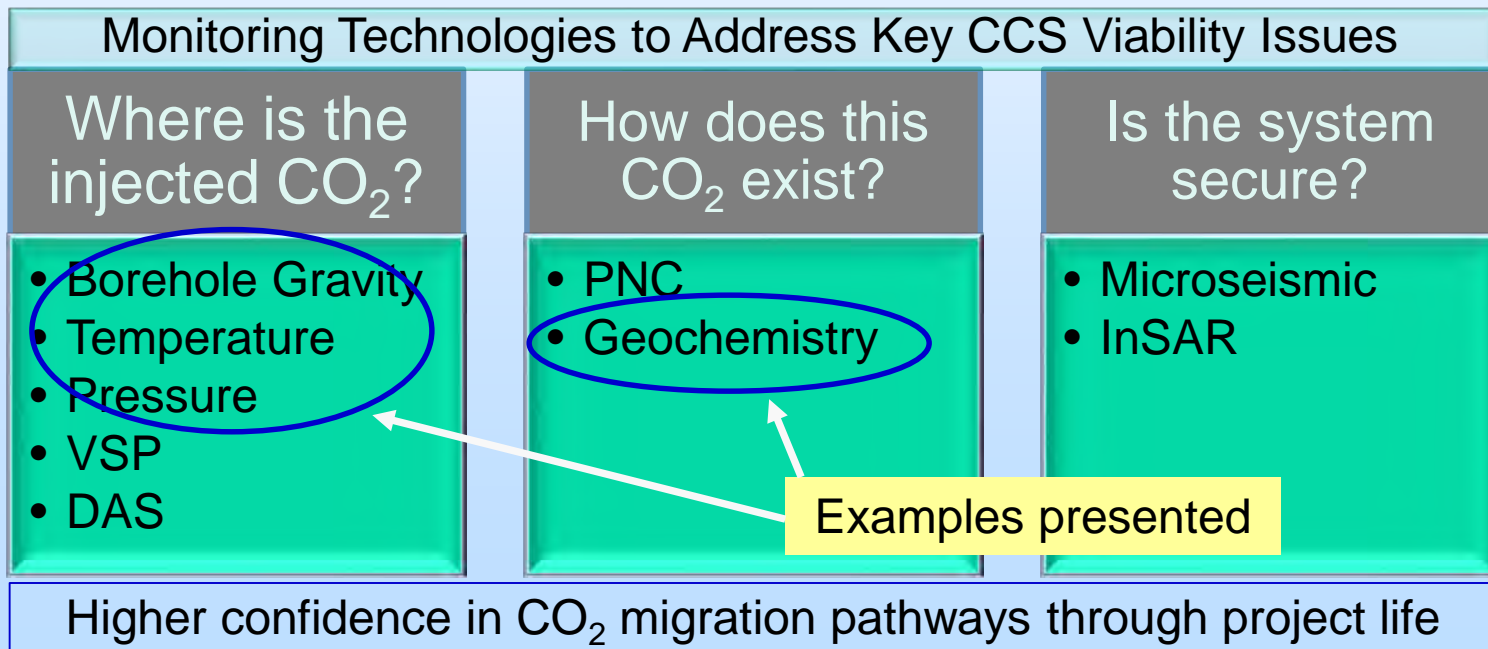
Characterization and Monitoring Program

- 10 reefs various stages of EOR
- All reefs monitored for CO₂ injection and reservoir pressure
- Additional monitoring on selected reefs
- Characterization (logs, cores, testing) in new wells



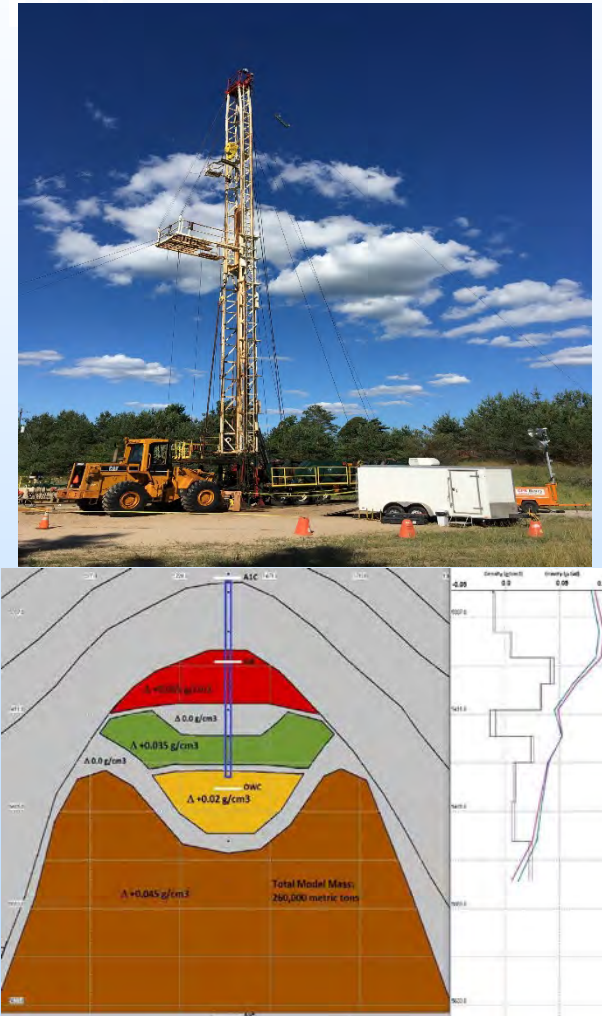
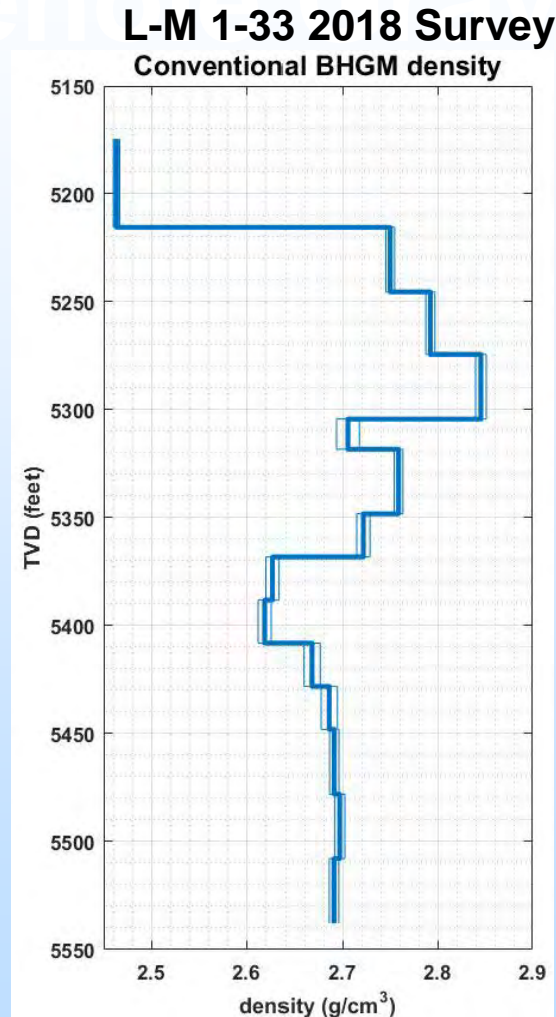
Monitoring Objectives

- Operational accounting for CO₂ during EOR
- Monitoring options to track and image plume
- Ensuring containment effectiveness by monitoring CO₂ storage integrity and retention



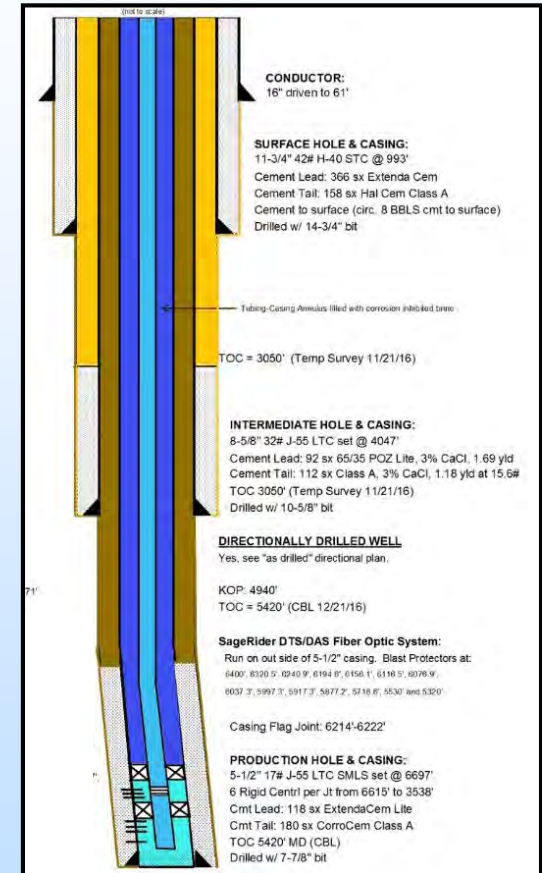
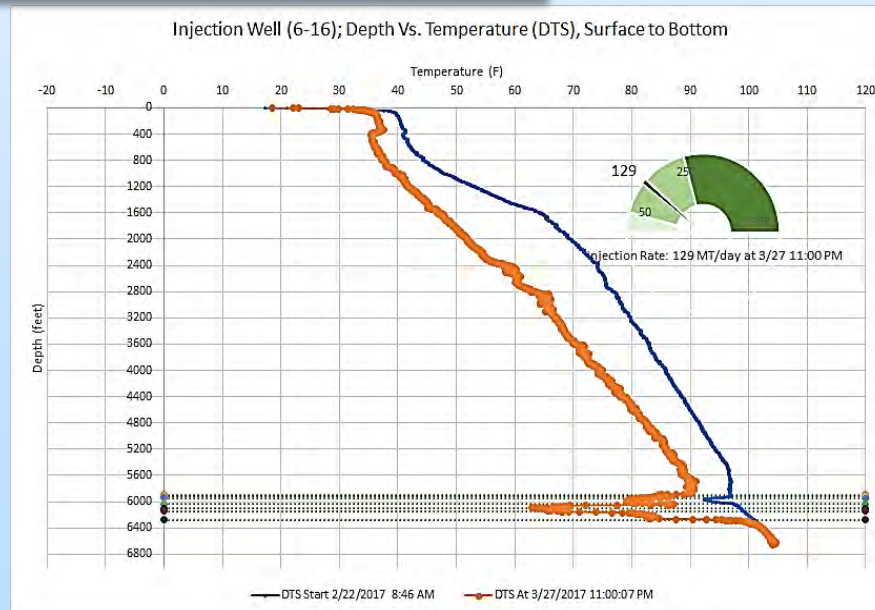
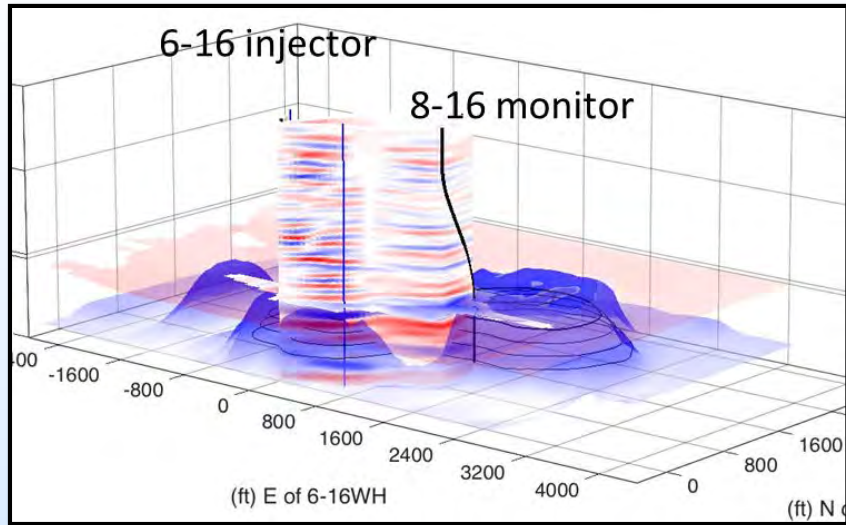
Borehole Gravity Monitoring

- Late Stage Reef
- Three surveys completed
 - Baseline – Pre-MRCSP CO₂ (Jan 2013)
 - First Repeat – 270K tonnes CO₂ (Sept 2016)
 - Second Repeat – 130K tonnes CO₂ (July 2018)
- 2016 data shows 90 μ Gal (0.05 g/cm³) increase at top of reservoir – consistent with the mass of CO₂ injected
- Processing of 2018 survey underway



New EOR Reef 1: Chester-16

Advanced Monitoring - Distributed Fiber Optic Systems

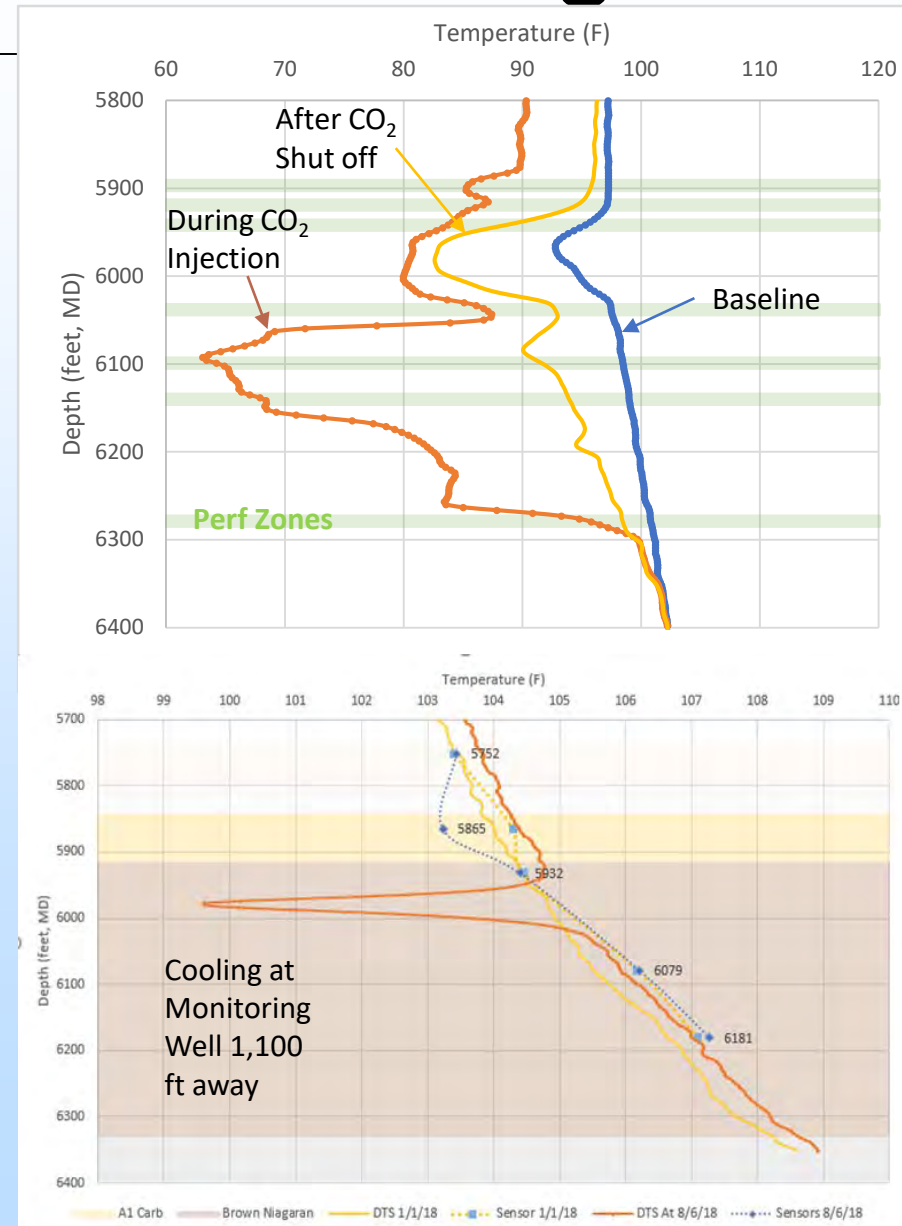


*Injection started in Jan 2017

DTS Temperature Monitoring

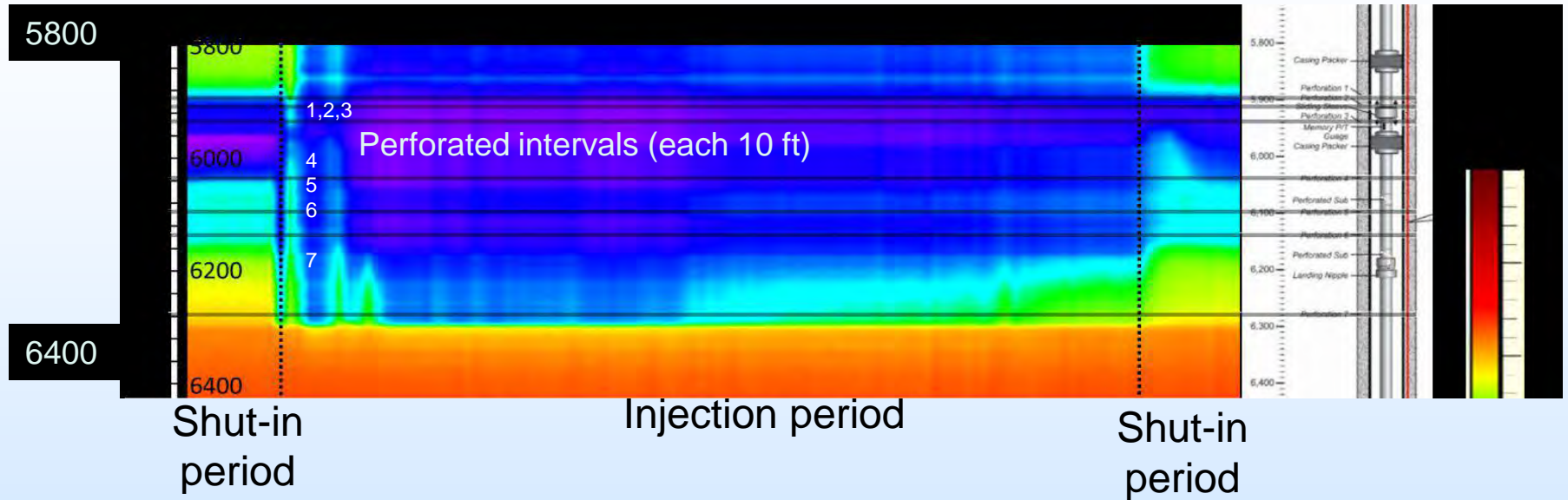
- New Reef
- Temperature data recorded continuously with DTS
- Injection well and monitoring well
- Cooling in injection well indicates injection intervals.
- Cooling in monitoring well shows CO₂ breakthrough

One of the first examples of CO₂ breakthrough using temperature data



DTS Monitoring (cont'd)

Warmback & Differential Temperature Analysis

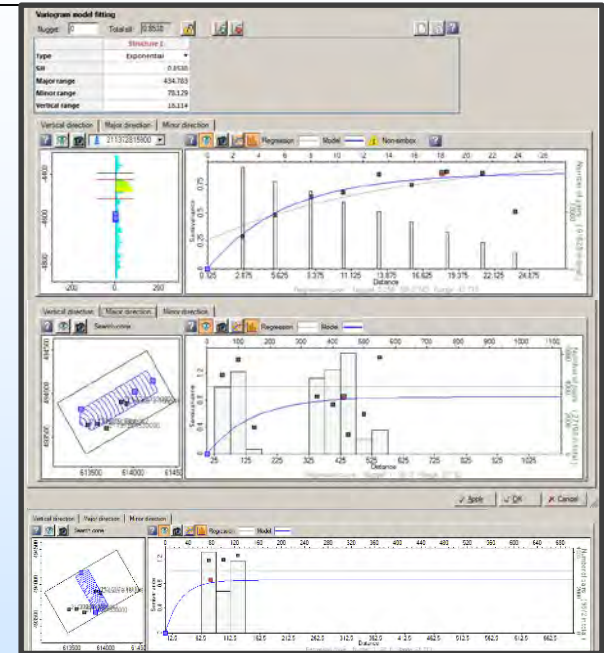
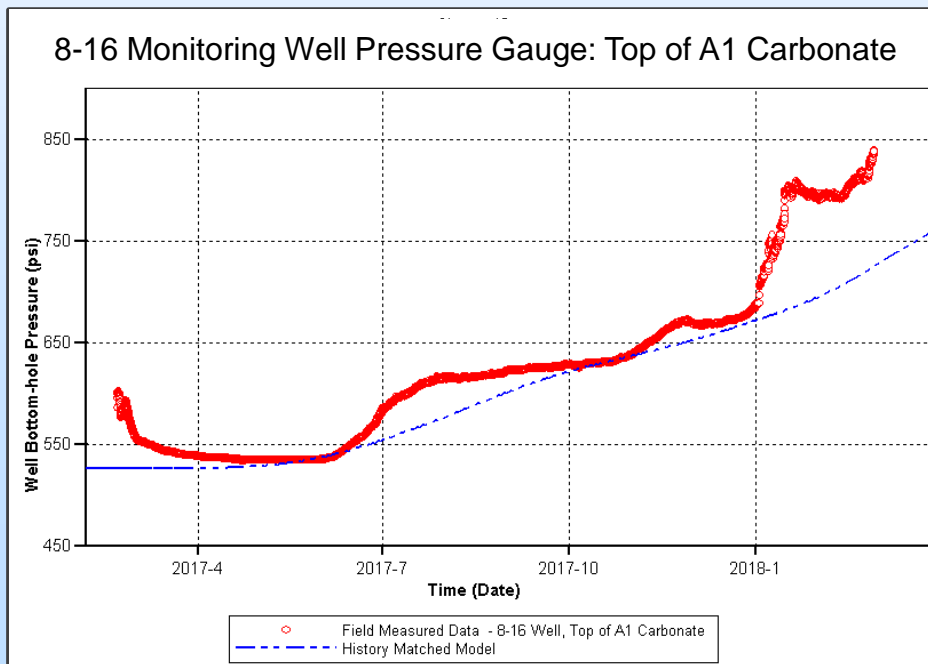


- “Warmback” analysis – how quickly formations warm back to reservoir temp after injection stops
- Differential temperature analysis – with some reference depth-temperature
- Identify perforated zones which received CO₂

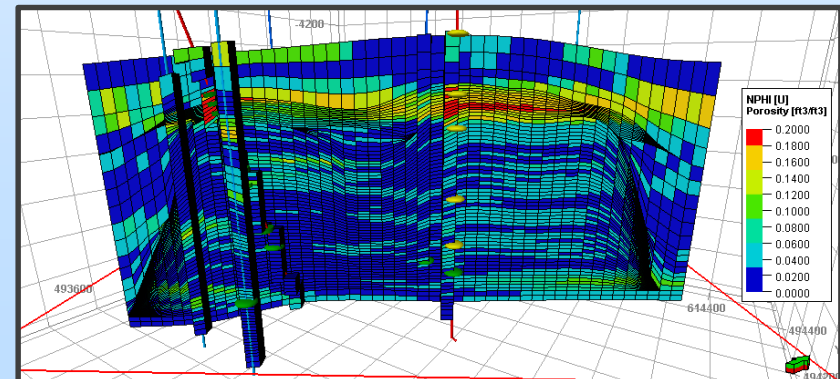
Blue color (cooling) during shut-in periods provides more reliable indicator of which perf zones took CO₂

Dynamic Modeling of CO₂ Injection (Chester-16)

- Model successfully reproduced *reservoir* behavior during primary and waterflood production.
- Pressure response at monitoring well during CO₂ injection adequately replicated.



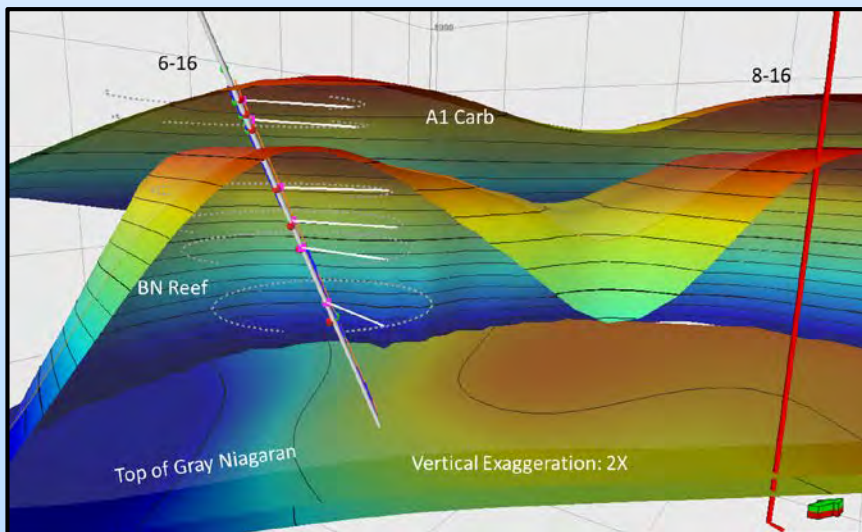
Geostatistics-Based Static Earth model



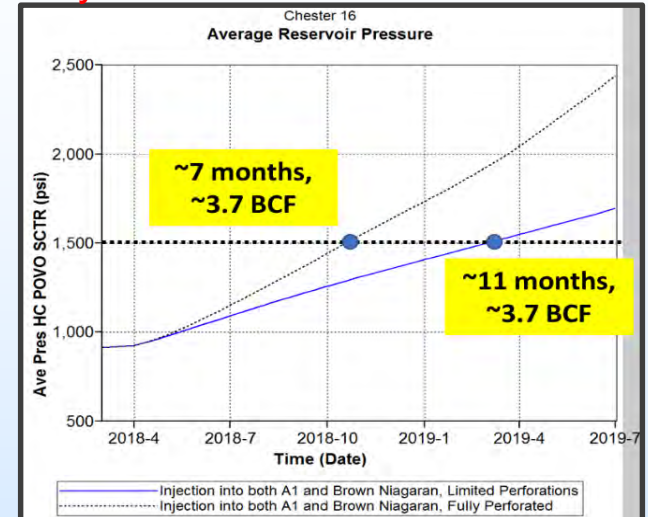
Using Model to Evaluate Alternate Engineering Solutions to Improve CO₂ Injectivity

- Increasing the number of perforations provides only marginal improvement
- Drilling radial “tunnels” is more effective; performs similar to a horizontal well

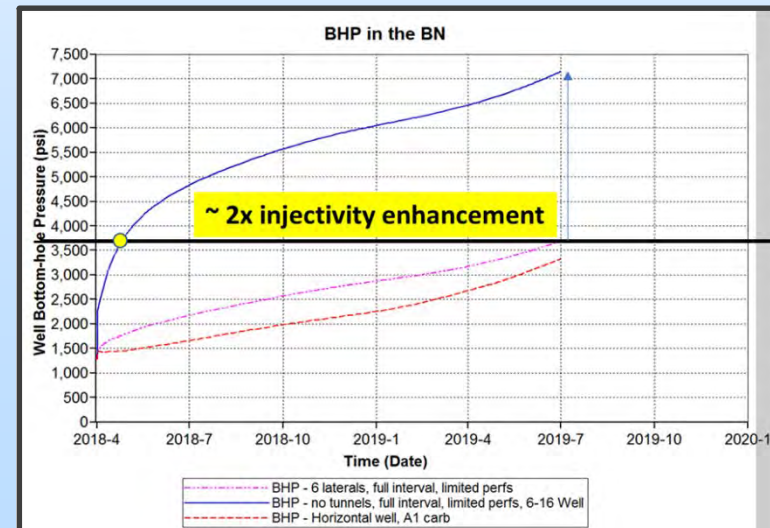
Radial Tunnels are small open boreholes drilled laterally from existing well



Injectivity with Increased Perforations



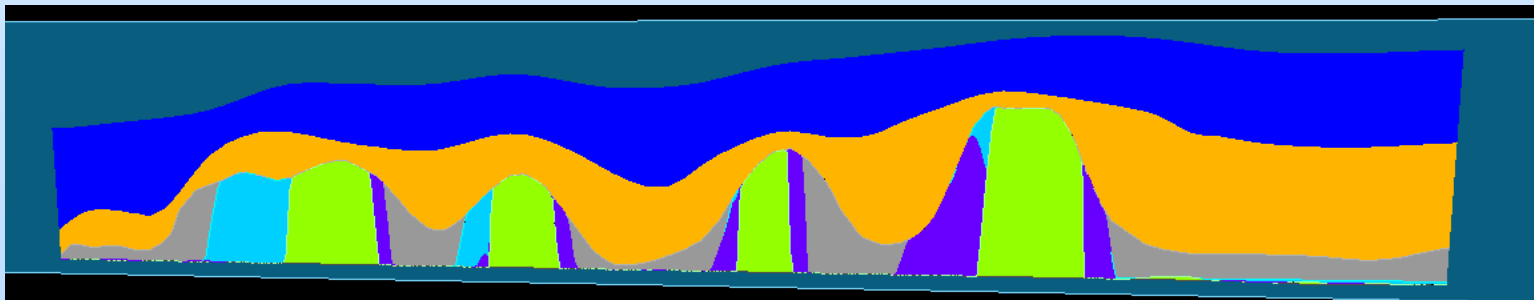
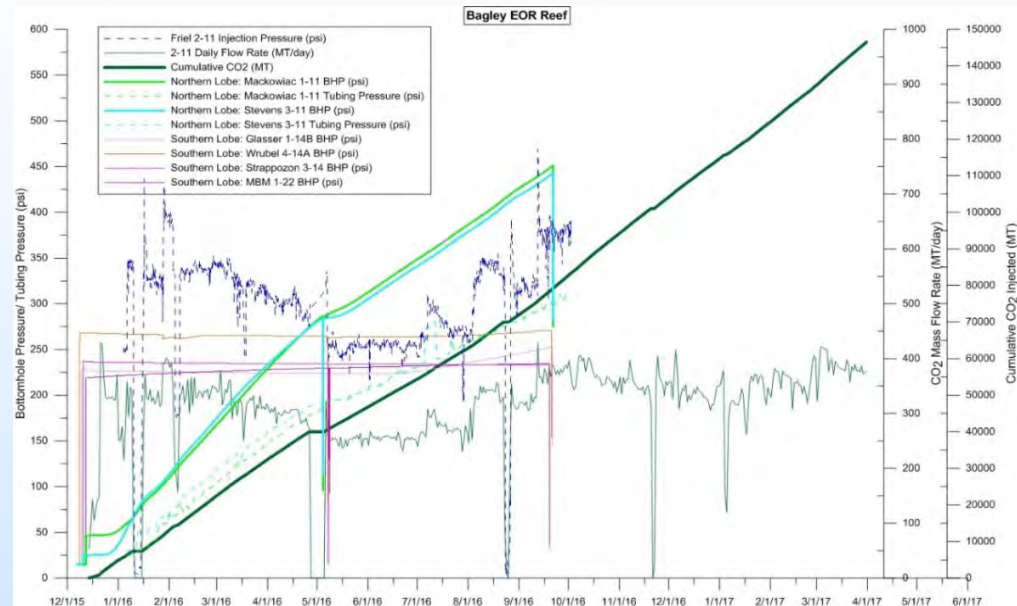
Injectivity with Radial Tunnels



New EOR Reef 2: Bagley

Pressure Data Analysis to Infer Complex Reef Hydraulic Properties

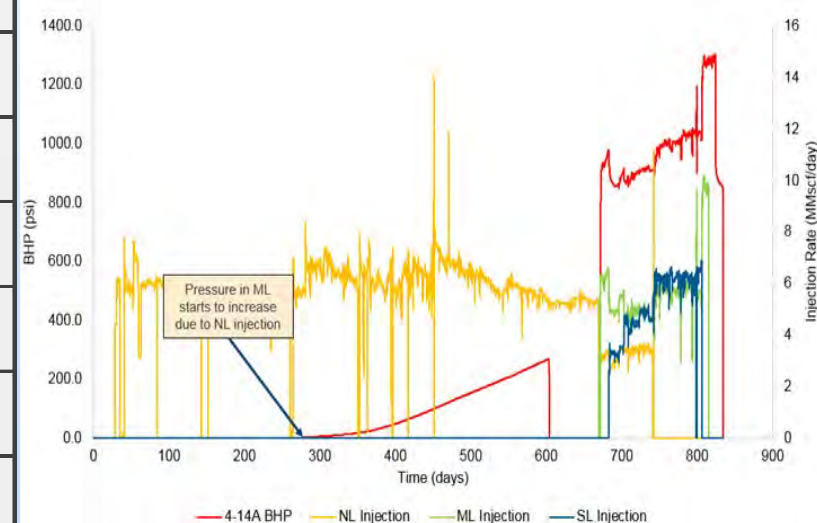
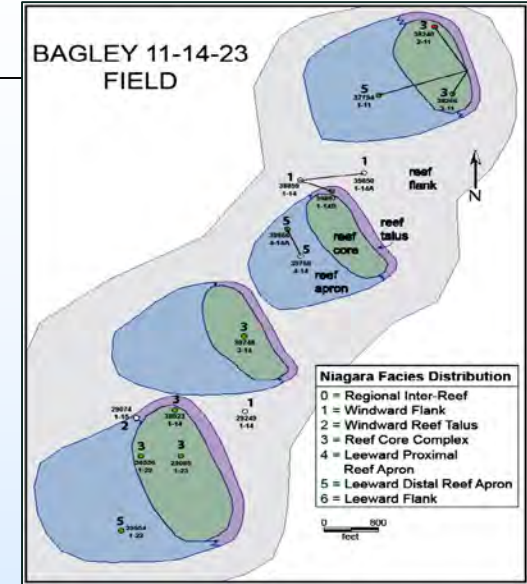
- Reef with 3 to 4 partly connected lobes having multiple CO₂ injection and monitoring wells
- Suite of basic and advanced monitoring deployed
- Continuously monitored pressure data subjected to hydraulic interference analysis to estimate inter-lobe connectivity



Pressure Interference Analysis

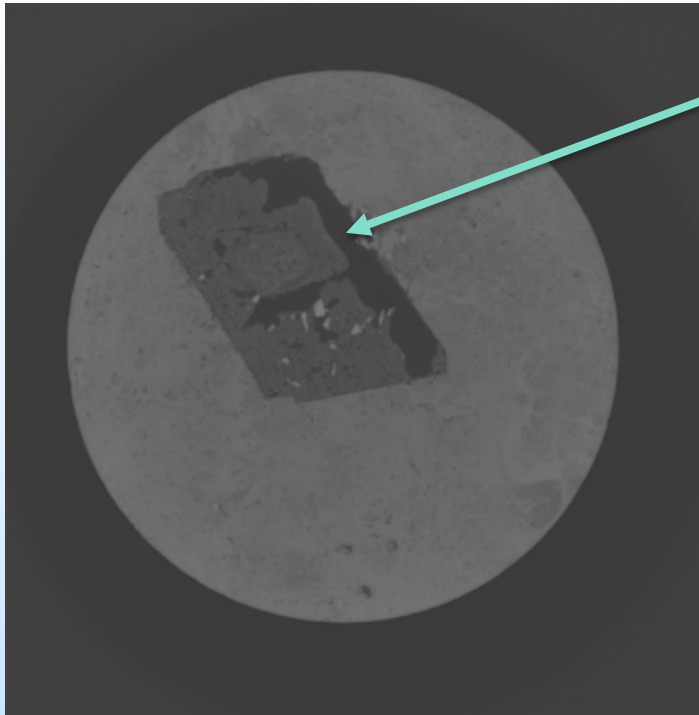
- Evident hydraulic communication between multiple lobes in the reef
- Analysis of delay time and well spacing allows calculation of reservoir diffusivity and permeability

Injection Lobe	Injection well	Response well	Arrival time (days)	Distance (ft)	Diffusivity (ft ² /s)	Permeability (md)
	Name	Name				
North	Friel 2-11	Mackowiac 1-11	13	1482	1.95	162
		Stevens 3-11	15	1200	1.11	92
		Glasser 1-14B	182	3252	0.67	56
		Wrubel 4-14A	228	4131	0.87	72
		Strappozon 3-14	555	6090	0.77	64
Middle	Wrubel 4-14A	Glasser 1-14B	--	1312	-	-
South	MBM 1-22	Strappozon 3-14	38	1624	0.80	67



Pressure in middle lobe injection well showing effect of injection in northern lobe

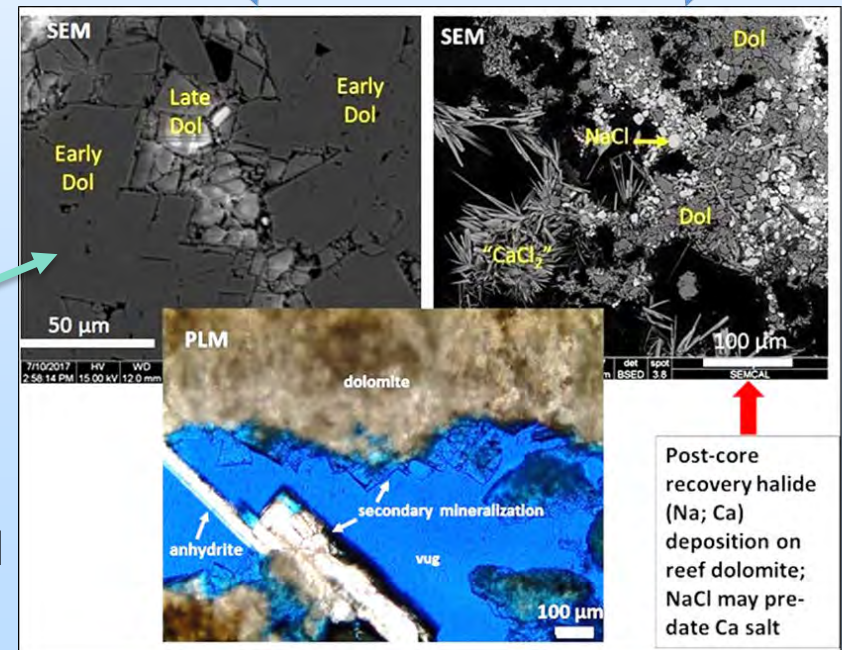
Geochemical Monitoring: Visualization of pore-scale CO₂ behavior



One XCT shows the formation of complex secondary mineralization within a rhombohedral-shaped vug (black) in dolomite (light gray groundmass).

"Early Dol" is primary rock matrix; "Late Dol" is secondary pore-filling mineral.

Black is pore space; granular and splinter materials are secondary minerals



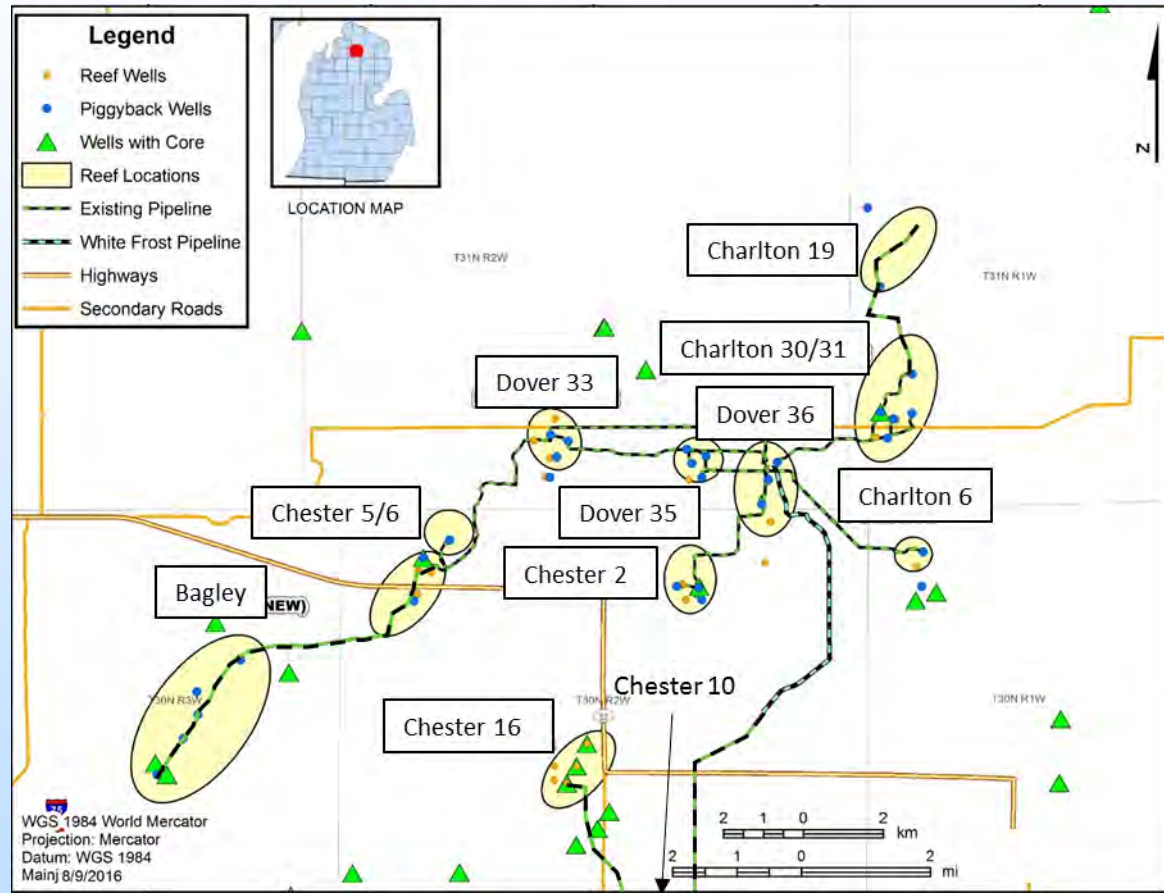
Microanalysis of individual crystals with SEM (EDX) reveals sylvite (KCl), calcium chloride, anhydrite (CaSO₄), and barite (BaSO₄). In addition, a low-Mg-Ca carbonate is observed in SEM as a pore-filling material.

Monitoring, Reporting & Verification (MRV) Plan

Reef	Date Initiated
Dover 33	1996
Dover 36	1996
Dover 35	2004
Charlton 30/31	2006
Charlton 6	2008
Chester 2	2009
Chester 5	2011
Charlton 19	2015
Bagley 11-14-23	2015
Chester 16	2017

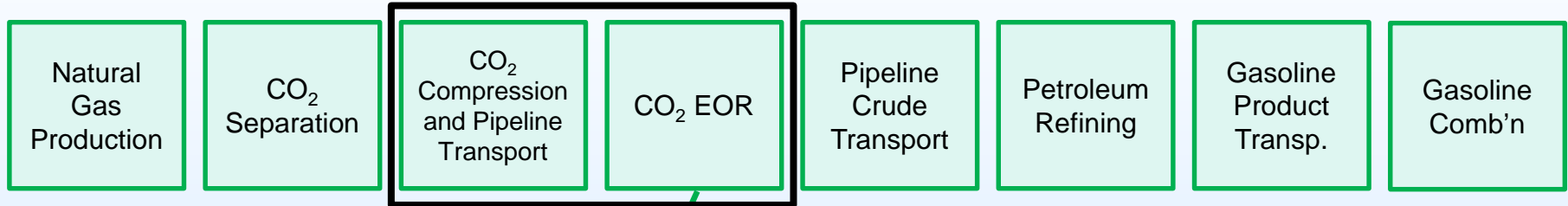
Draft MRV Plan (Subpart RR, EPA):

- Project Description
- Delineation of Active & Maximum Monitoring Area
- Evaluation of Leakage Pathways
- Monitoring Baselines
- EPA Mass Balance Equations

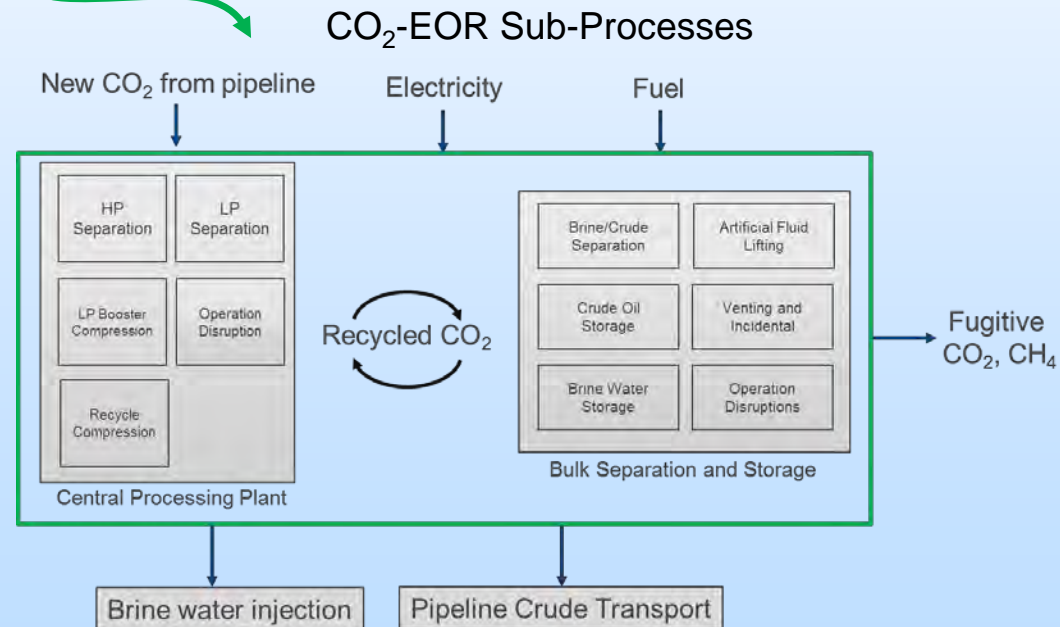


Life Cycle Assessment of CO₂-EOR

Full “cradle to grave” representation of CO₂-EOR

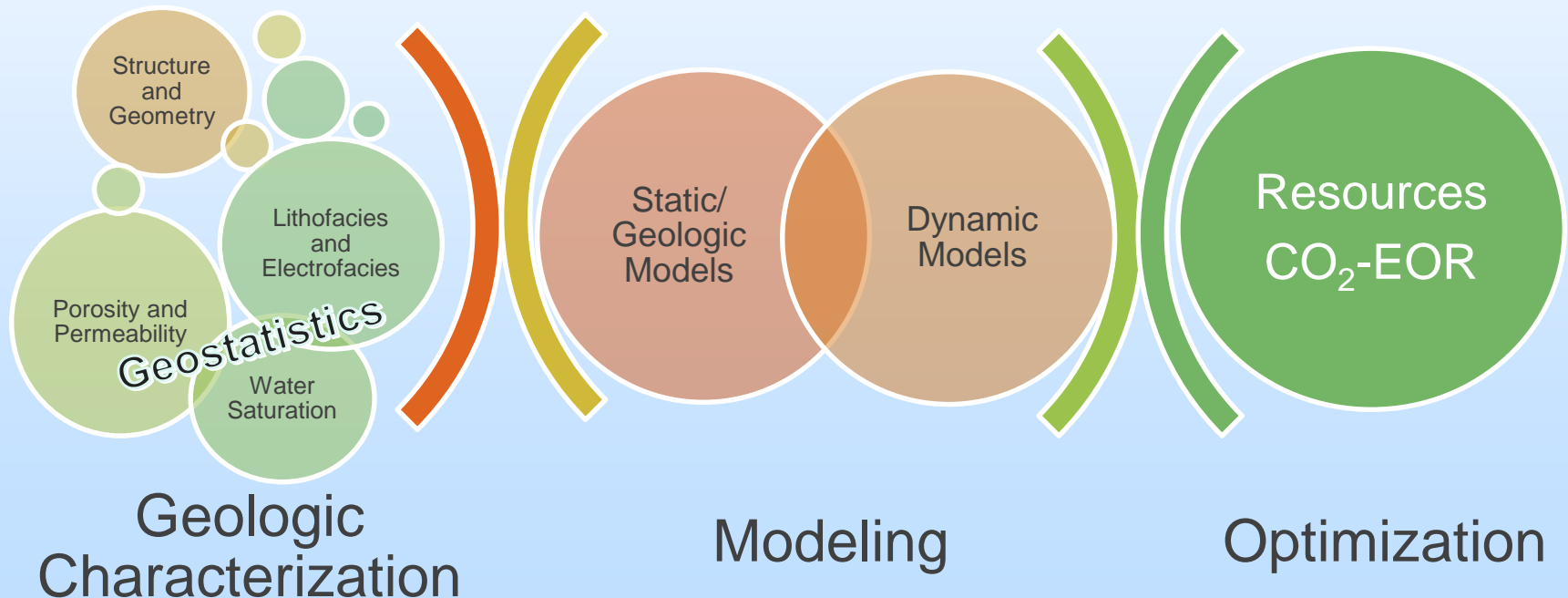


- Provide a data-based estimate of the net CO₂ emissions associated with CO₂-EOR
- Applies to Core Energy's infrastructure
- Gate-to-gate direct & indirect CO₂ emissions
- Report expected in 2018
- Using PCOR approach as starting point



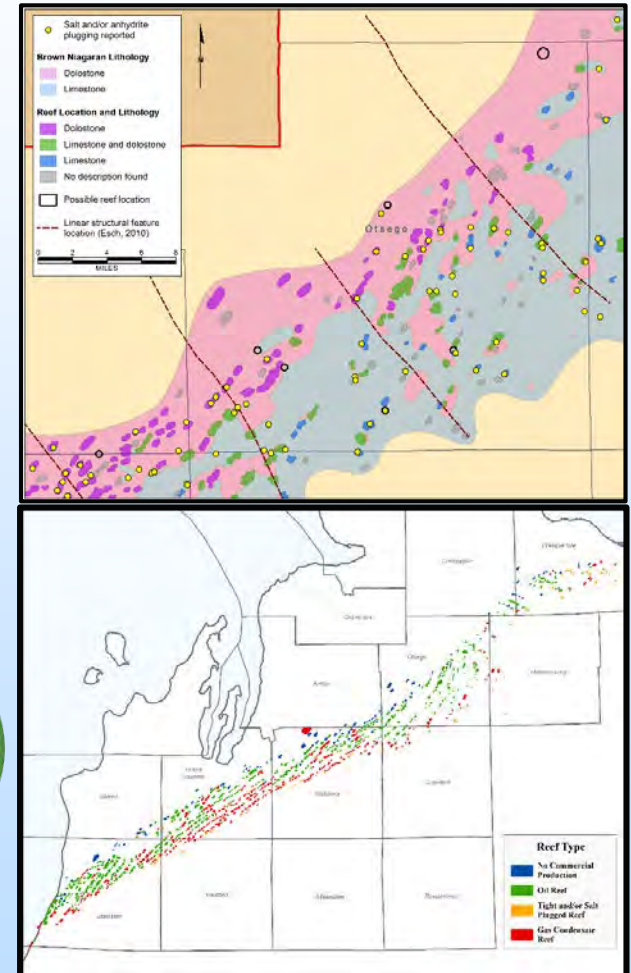
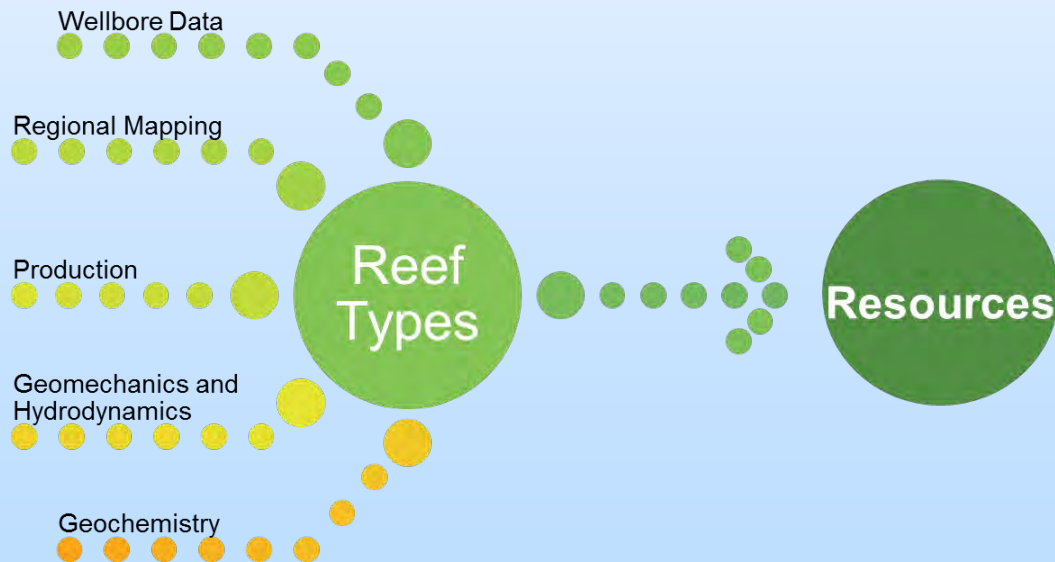
Improving Workflows for Reliable Geologic Modeling

- Robust integrated workflow to better characterize pore space
- Higher confidence in CO₂ storage estimates and potential migration pathways



Expanding Geologic Characterization to Entire NPRT

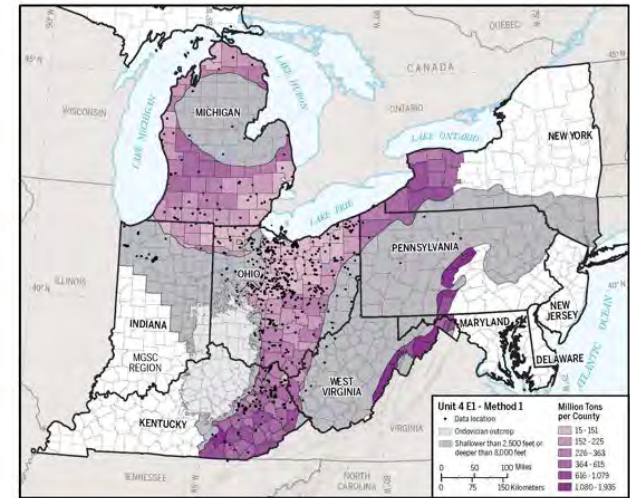
- Building off of individual reef characterizations to >800 reefs in NPRT
- Comprehensive database of reefs, wireline logs, core, production, etc.
- Develop reef types to better estimate resources and feasibility in the region



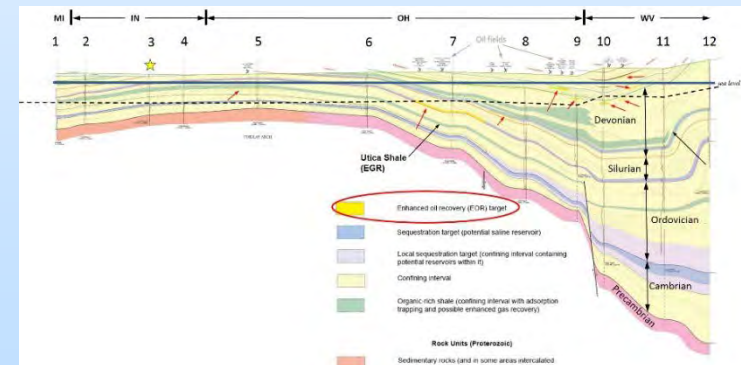
Overall Strategy of Regional Characterization— Demonstrate Geological Storage Potential

Establish fundamentals for CO₂ storage within the ten-state region and to qualify what volumes, how and where

- Assess the potential reservoirs and seals in the region, including offshore
- Determine the type of storage (saline, EOR or EGR reservoirs)
- Quantify the potential storage resources
- Generate products essential for siting, performance modeling, MVA



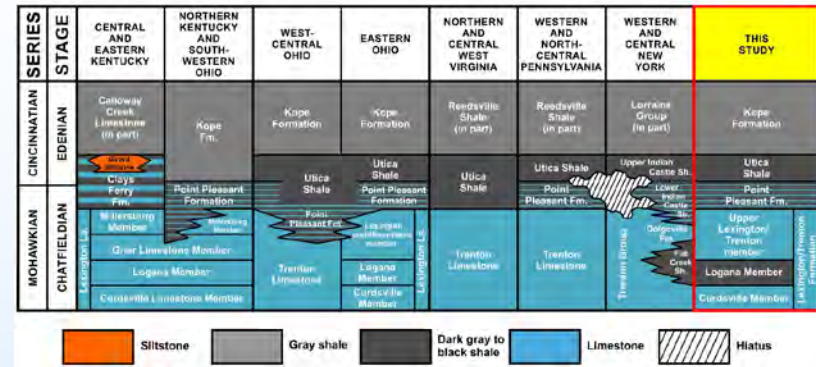
Storage resource estimate map



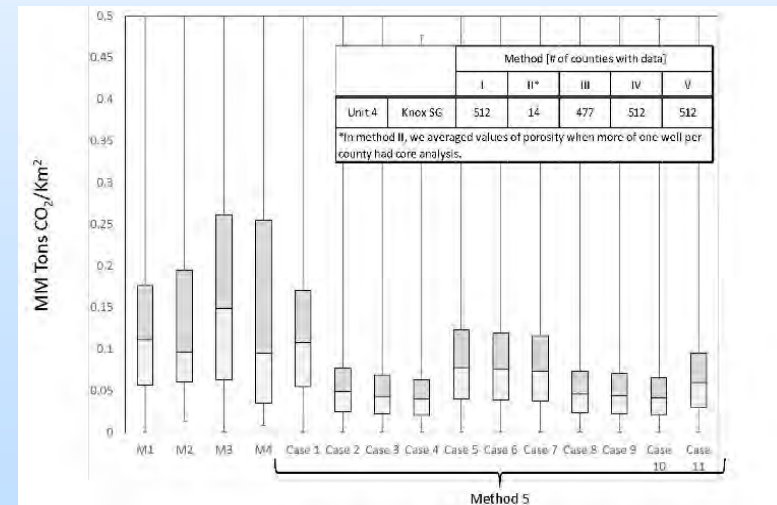
Regional cross section

Regional Characterization Task

- Establish fundamentals for CO₂ storage within the **ten-state MRCSP region** and to qualify what volumes, how and where
- Assess the potential reservoirs and seals in the region, including offshore
- Determine the type of storage (saline, EOR or EGR reservoirs)
- Quantify the potential storage resources
- Generate products essential for siting, performance modeling, MVA



Modeling of Ordovician Utica Shale



Box plots for differing SRE methods

MRCSP Outreach

Sharing Lessons Learned to Foster CCUS Development



Stakeholder Meetings



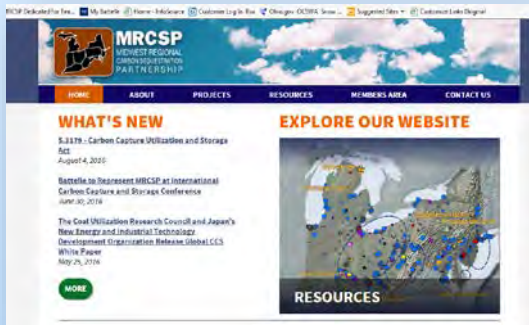
Factsheets and BPMs



Conferences and Papers



Message Mapping



www.mrcsp.org

MRCSP Outreach

FY2018 Highlights

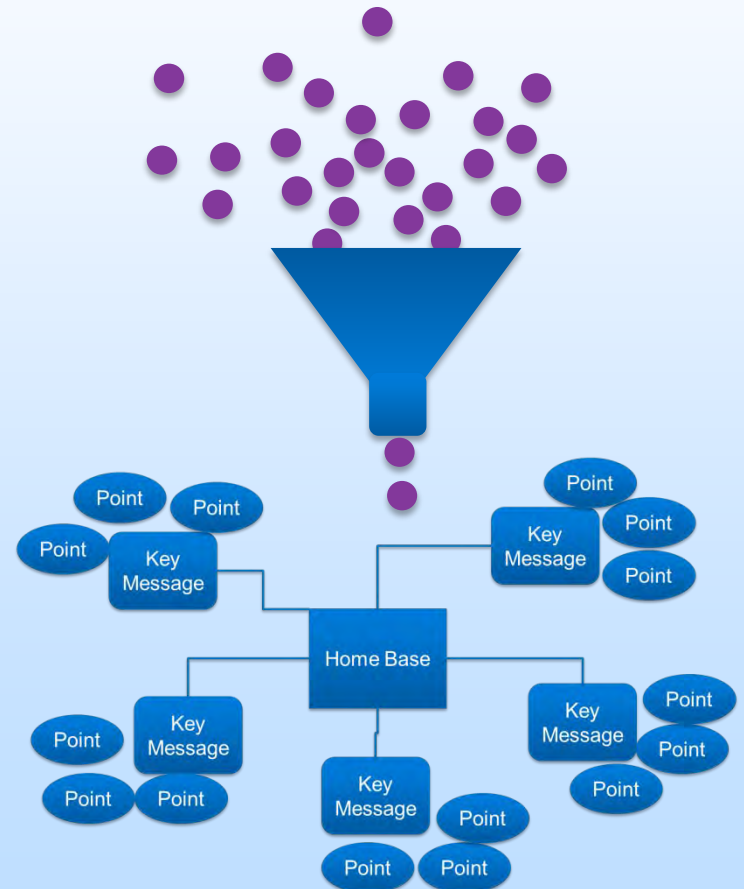
- Highly attended MRCSP Annual Meeting in Washington DC
- Participated in major conferences and workshops
 - Mexico EOR Conference
 - AIChE Conf. on regional carbon storage resource assessment
 - Harrisburg Univ. of Science and Technology CCUS meeting
 - Joint IEA/KAPSARC meeting on CO₂ EOR
 - CO₂ GeoNet program workshops and Tech Savvy conference
 - 3rd International Workshop on Offshore Geologic CO₂ Storage
 - IEAGHG Modelling and Risk Management Network Meeting
 - SPE/AAPG Regional Meetings
- Provided input into Permitting and Standards
 - DOE/EPA UIC meeting about permitting under MRCSP and related projects.
 - International Standards Organization (ISO) meetings
 - SPE SRMS System and Guidance Document

MRCSP Outreach

Next steps

MRCSP 2018 Meeting and Offshore Workshop, Annapolis, Nov 14-15

- Complete monitoring, including DAS-VSP and DAS-cross well surveys
- Final report – document lessons learned
- Series of topical reports and papers
- Outreach summary for policy makers
- Information sharing meetings with stakeholders
- Develop an extensive bibliography of papers and materials
- Facilitate public access to technical and scientific information using DOE's EDX and/or other tools
 - Phase II data already loaded on EDX



Accomplishments to Date

All Critical Milestones and Objectives On Track

- >1,100,000 metric tons net stored under MRCSP monitoring
- >2.4 M metric tons stored since start of EOR in 1996
- Completed injection at main test bed in late-stage reef
 - Performed microseismic monitoring in final injection stage
 - Post-injection PNC, microgravity, and VSP completed
 - Post-injection test well drilled and characterized
 - Returned to normal EOR operations, with continued accounting and pressure monitoring
- Added new EOR reefs with complex geology to monitoring
- Drilled new wells and initiated advanced fiber-optic monitoring
- Advancements in static and numeric modeling processes
- Developed performance metrics to assess storage capacity

Project Summary

- MRCSP Large-Scale Test >80% completed with diverse EOR field setting and variety of monitoring options
- Multiple monitoring options are being tested
- Both monitoring and modeling are essential for understanding performance – imperative to be able to do much with limited data
- Regional characterization helping identify new storage zones and estimate storage resources – setting stage for commercial scale CCS
- Results will contribute to developing standards and best practices, NRAP tools, CO₂ capacity estimation tools

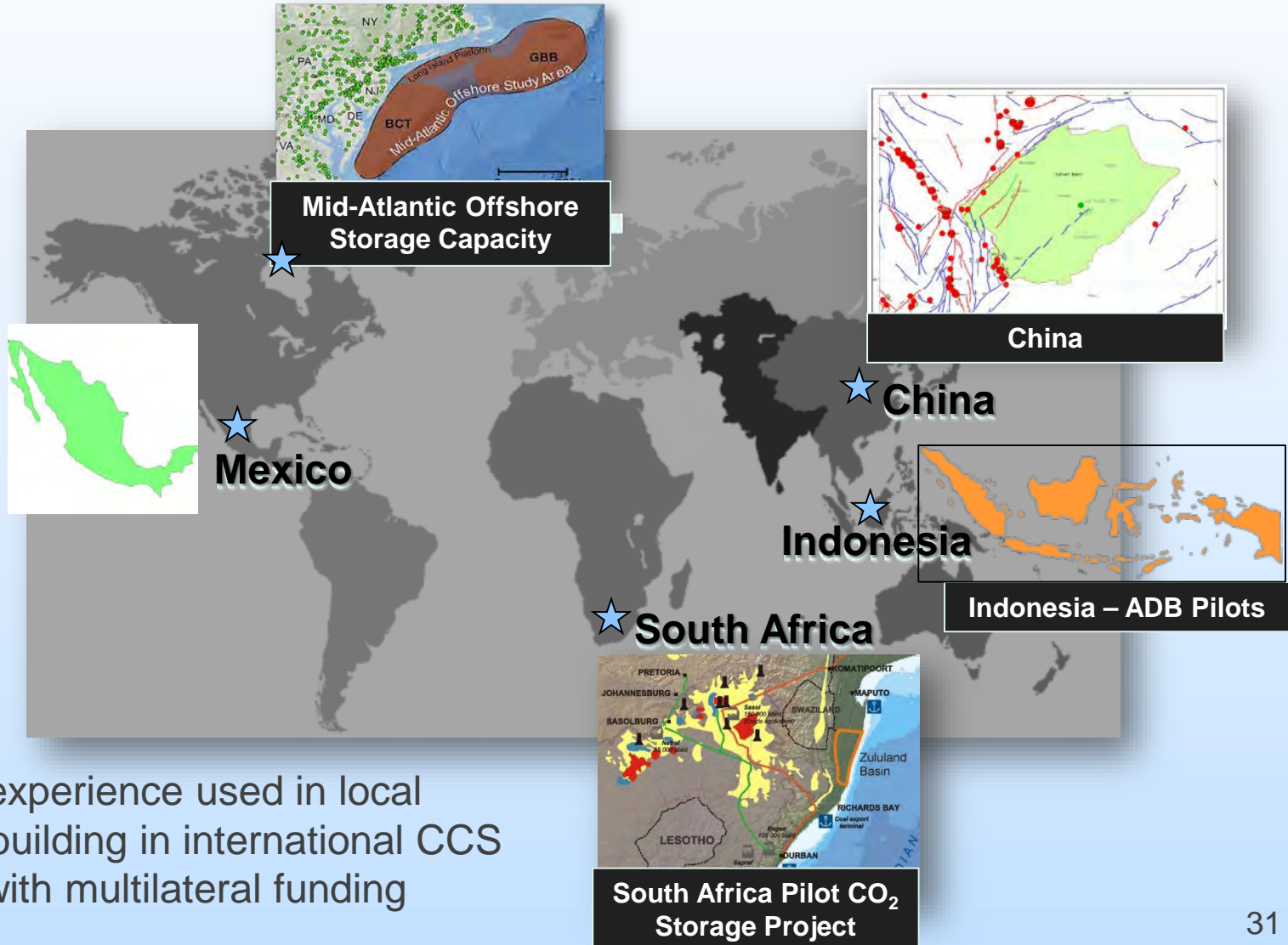
Lessons Learned

- CO₂ measurement/accounting can be performed with high level of confidence in an inter-connected multi-field EOR complex
- Storage potential in closed reservoirs evaluated, after active EOR ends – EOR to storage transition
- Geologic complexity within and across reefs affects CO₂ injection, migration, and storage
- Pressure monitoring remains the mainstay for managing injection operations and monitoring reservoir response
- Advanced monitoring technologies still require testing/validation for confident assessment of plume development
- Characterization-monitoring-modeling loop requires more research for cross-validation over the life-cycle
- A well developed CO₂-EOR regulatory/policy framework with financial incentives essential for enhanced associated storage

Synergy Opportunities

- Geomechanical Stress Assessment (FOA1829)
- CarbonSafe Phase I (Ohio, Michigan, Nebraska) and Phase II (Nebraska, Kansas) projects
- Mid-Atlantic Offshore storage assessment
- Well integrity and risk management
- Brine disposal and induced seismicity research
- Knowledge share with RCSPs on monitoring and modeling
- Testing NRAP models and CO₂ Screen tools
- Collaboration with international projects - South Africa, China, Mexico, Indonesia, Spain
- IEAGHG monitoring/Modeling Networks
- Input to DOE Best Practices Manuals

International Capacity Building – Extending MRCSP's Value



MRCSP experience used in local capacity building in international CCS projects with multilateral funding

Acknowledgements

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Ohio Development Services Agency's **Ohio Coal Development Office**

MRCSP's technical **partners, sponsors, and host sites since 2003**

The MRCSP Region's State **Geology Survey and University team members**

Partners over 15 years have helped make MRCSP successful



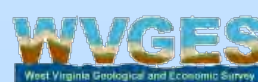
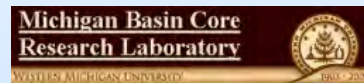
It can be done



the babcock & wilcox company

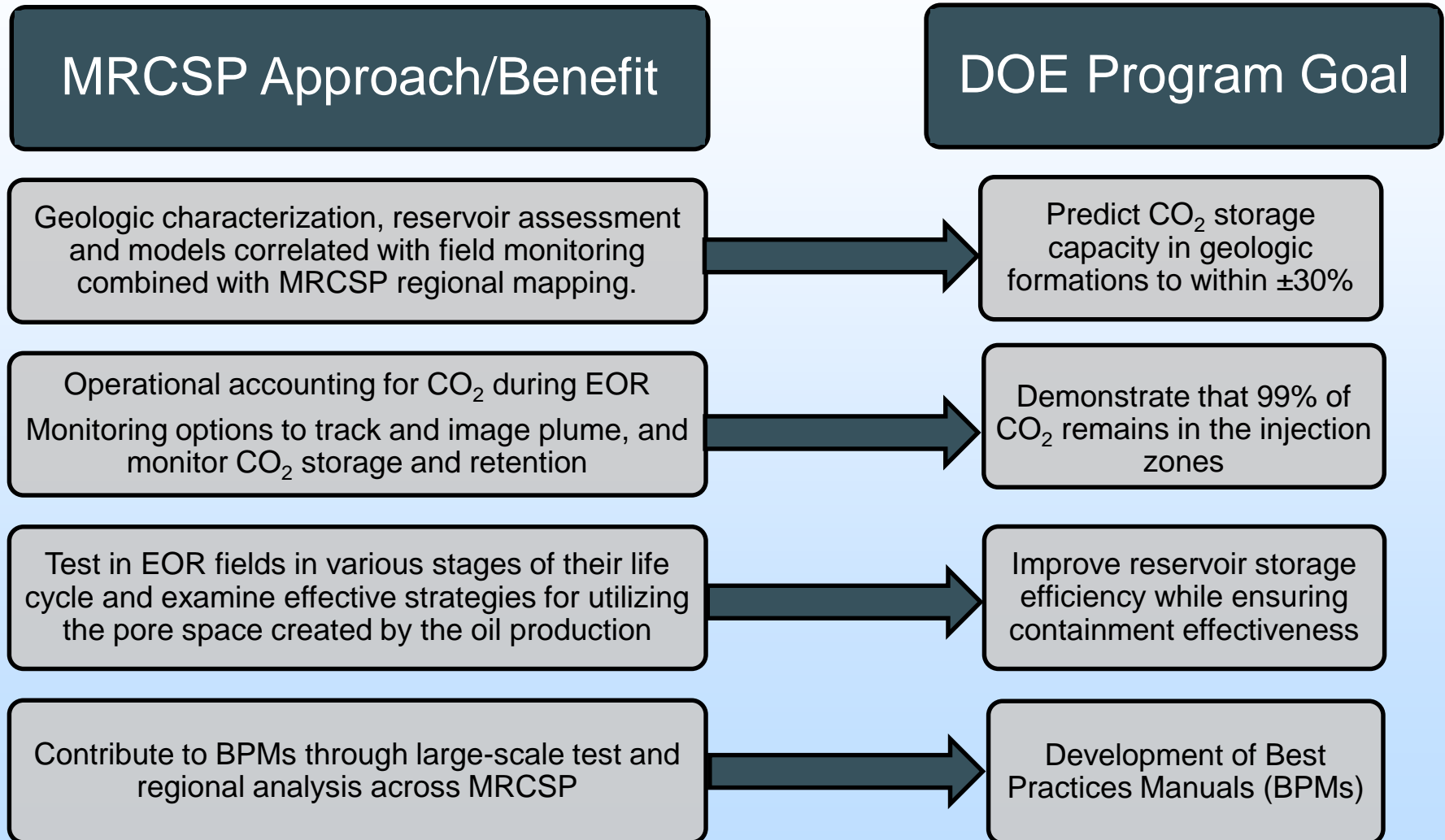


CORE ENERGY, LLC



Appendix

Benefit to the Program



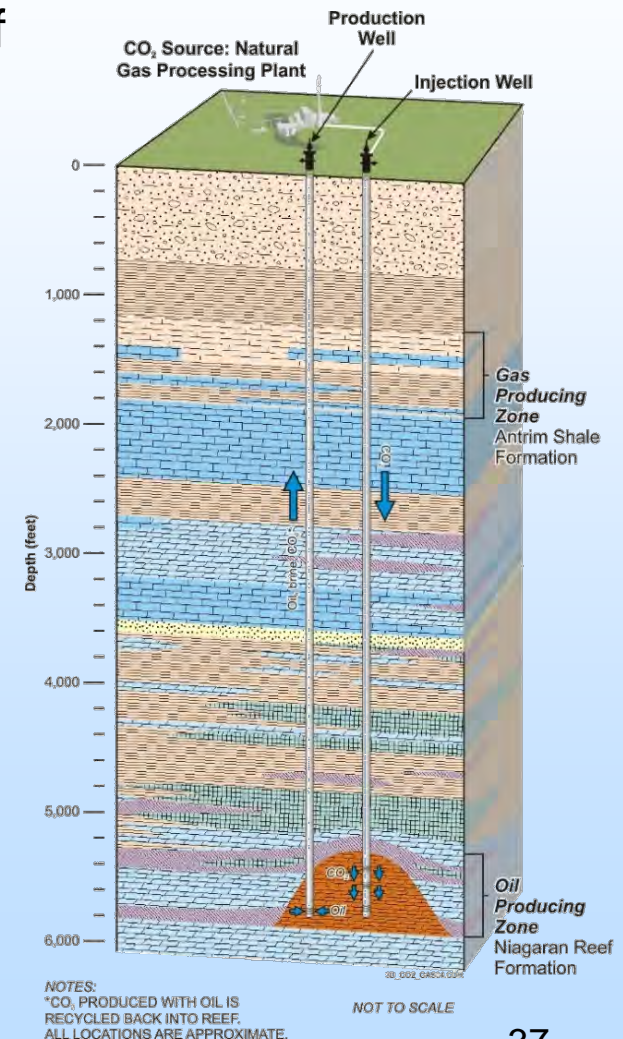
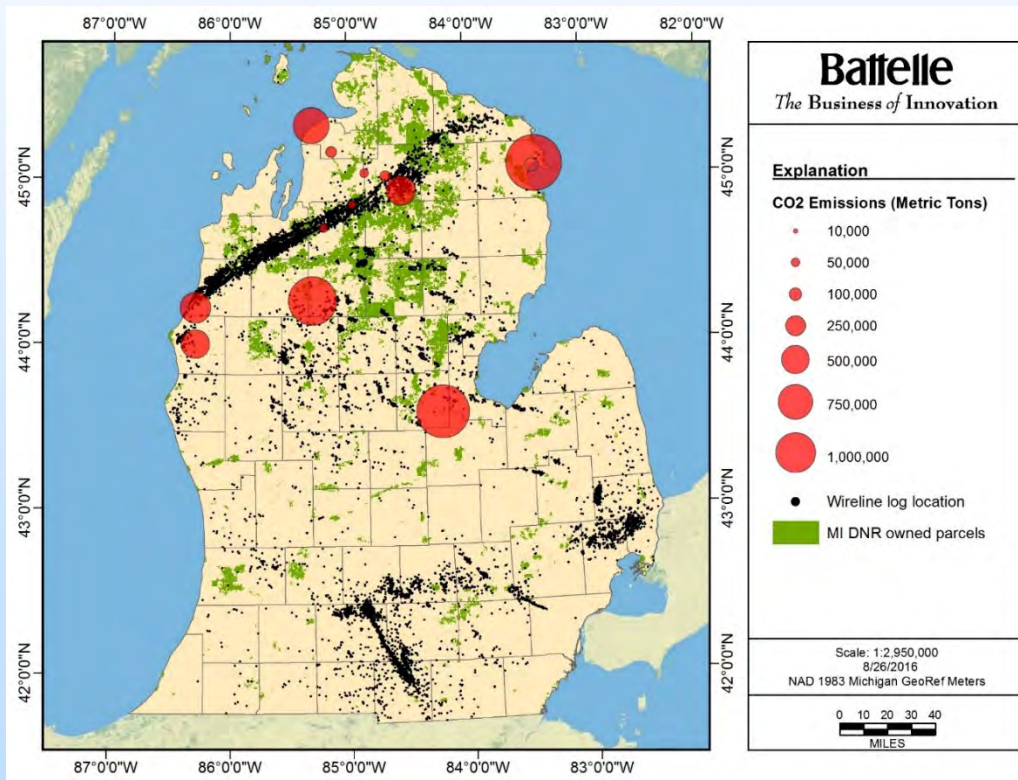
Project Overview

Goals and Objectives

- Describe the project goals and objectives in the Statement of Project Objectives.
 - How the project goals and objectives relate to the program goals and objectives.
 - Identify the success criteria for determining if a goal or objective has been met. These generally are discrete metrics to assess the progress of the project and used as decision points throughout the project.

MRCSP Basin Large-Scale Injection

- Objective – Inject/monitor 1 million metric tons of CO₂ in collaboration with EOR operations.
- Evaluate CO₂ injectivity, migration, containment



Project Overview

Goals and Objectives

RCSP Goal

MRCSP Success Criteria

Goal 1 – *Prove Adequate Injectivity and Available Capacity*

- Success measured by injecting 1 million tonnes of CO₂ in CO₂-EOR fields within permitted pressures
- Pressure analysis and modeling used to evaluate and validate capacity

Goal 2 – *Prove Storage Permanence*

- Seismic and well data used to evaluate storage and containment zones
- Monitoring wells used to measure containment over time within the reef and immediate caprock
- Reservoir modeling to evaluate storage mechanism

Goal 3 – *Determine Aerial Extent of Plume and Potential Leakage Pathways*

- Monitoring portfolio employed to image and track the lateral and vertical plume migration. Success measured by using monitoring data to compare to and validate plume models

Project Overview

Goals and Objectives

RCSP Goal

MRCSP Success Criteria

Goal 4 – *Develop Risk Assessment Strategies*

- Risk assessment for events, pathways, and mitigation planning
- Success will be measured by comparing predicted to actual field experience for all stages of the project

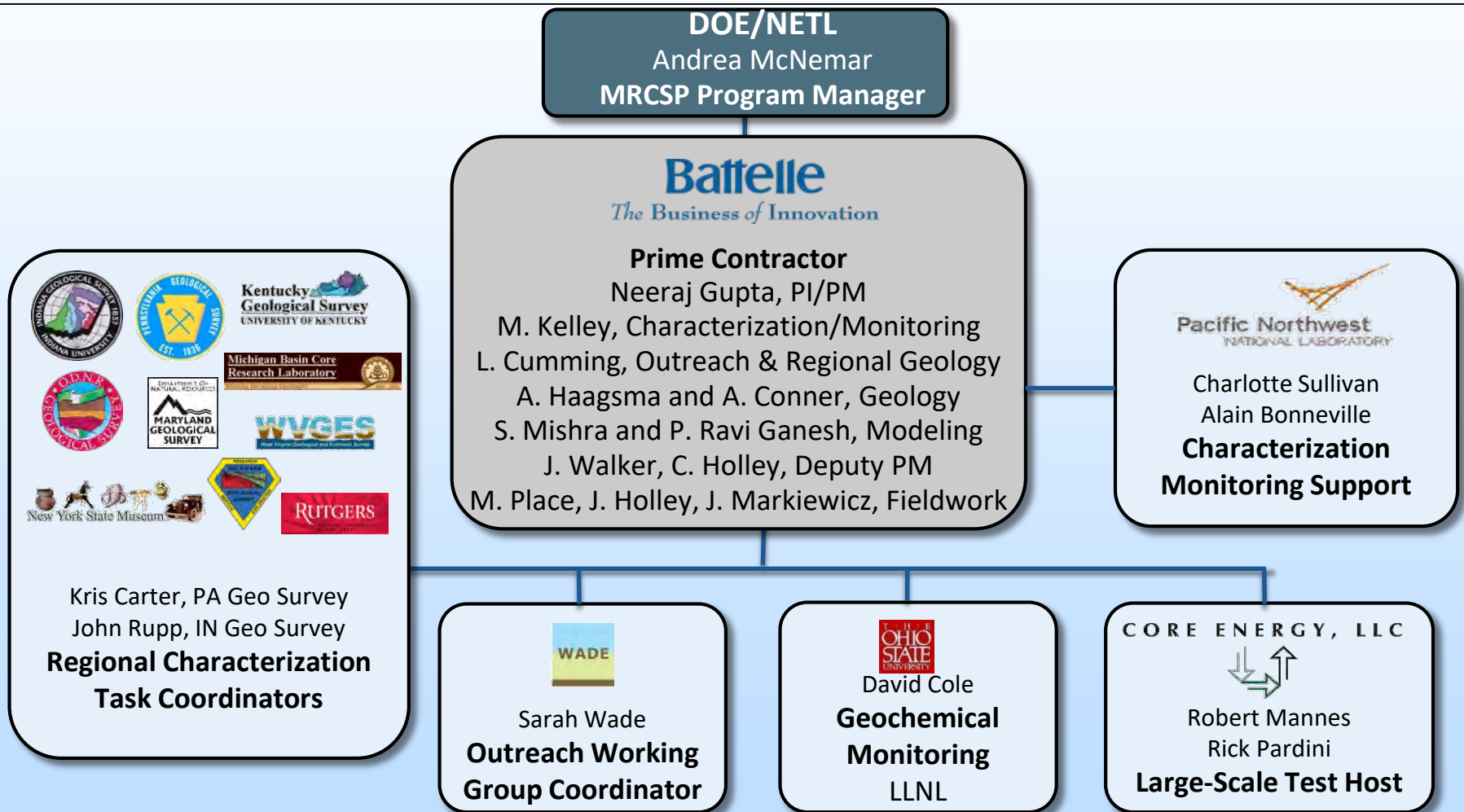
Goal 5 – *Develop Best Practices*

- Phase III builds on Phase II best practices in siting, risk management, modeling, monitoring, etc.
- Key emphasis is on operation and monitoring and scale-up to commercial-scale

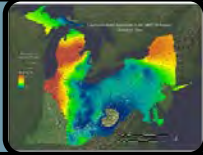
Goal 6 – *Engage in Public Outreach and Education*

- Extensive outreach efforts for both Phase II and Phase III sites as well as technology transfer and sharing
- Phase III lessons learned contribute directly to the RSCP Best Practice Manual updates

Organization Chart



MRCSP Scope of Work Structured Around Six Tasks



Task 1

Regional Characterization: *Develop a detailed actionable picture of the region's geologic CO₂ storage resource base*



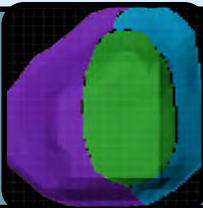
Task 2

Outreach: *Raise awareness of regional CO₂ storage opportunities and provide stakeholders with information about CO₂ storage*



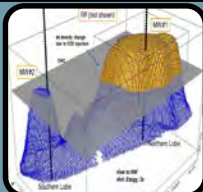
Task 3

Field Laboratory Using Late-Stage EOR Field: *Pressurize a depleted oil field with CO₂ injection to test monitoring technologies and demonstrate storage potential*



Task 4

CO₂ Storage Potential in Active EOR Fields: *Monitor CO₂ Injection and recycling in active EOR operations with different scenarios*



Task 5

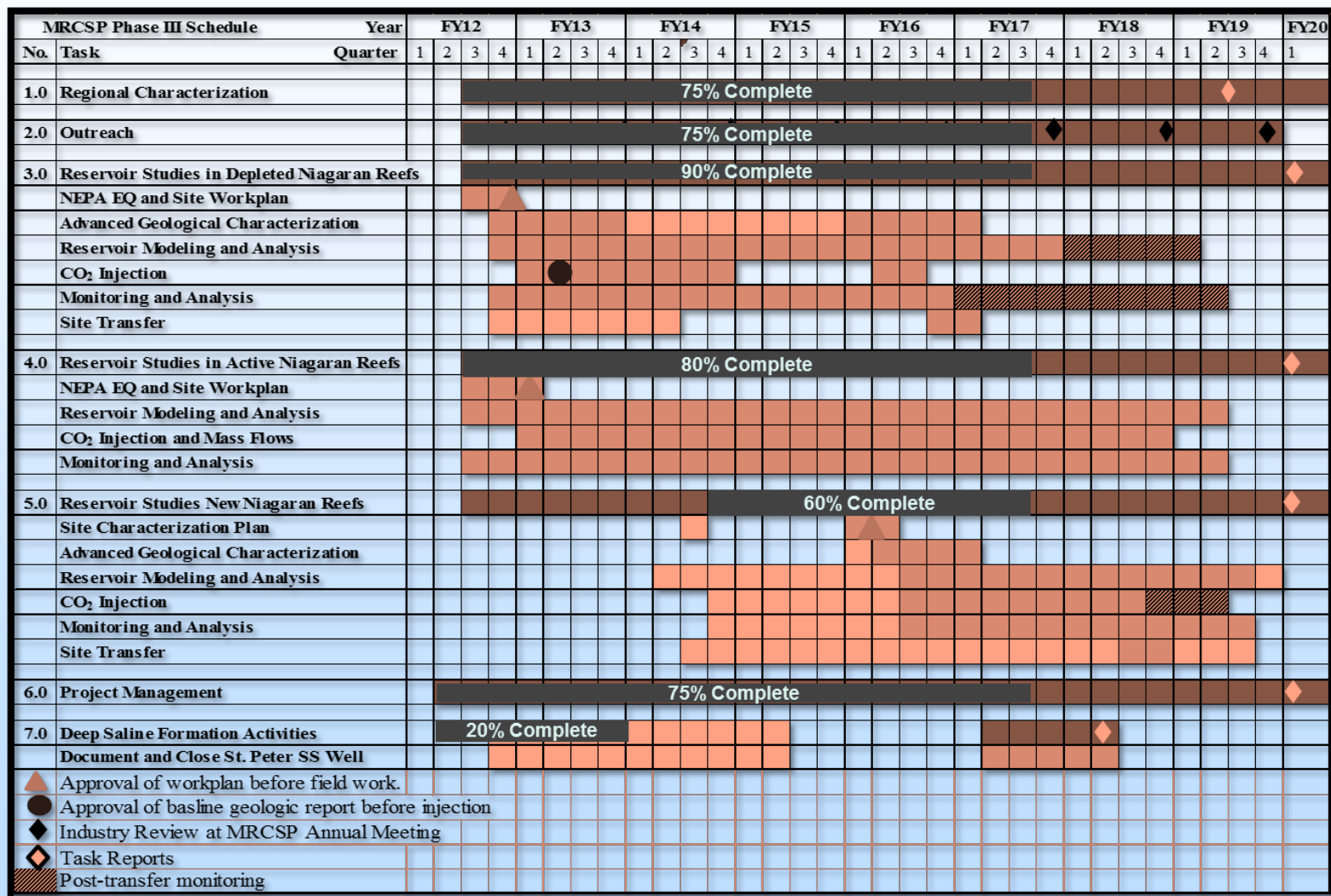
CO₂ Injection in New EOR Field(s): *Monitor CO₂ injection into an oil field that has not undergone any CO₂ EOR to test monitoring technologies and demonstrate storage potential*



Task 6

Program Management

Gantt Chart



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Recent and upcoming publications and presentations:

- Raziperchikolaee, S., Kelley, M., and Gupta, N., 2018, Geomechanical Characterization of a Caprock-Reservoir System in the Northern Appalachian Basin: Estimating Spatial Variation of In Situ Stress Magnitude and Orientation." *Interpretation* 6, no. 3: 1-80, available at: <https://library.seg.org/doi/abs/10.1190/int-2018-0068.1>.
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- McCarren, H, Haagsma, A, Conner, A, Mawalkar, S, Mishra, S, and Gupta, N. 2018. Residual Oil Zone EOR Potential in the Northern Pinnacle Niagaran Reef Trend. 47th Annual AAPG-SPE Eastern Section Joint Meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.
- Haagsma, A., Conner, A., Larsen, G., Scharenberg, M., Goodman, W., Harrison, W., Main, J., Smith, V., Pasumarti, A., Modroo, A., and Gupta, N., Regional characterization of an oil-bearing reef complex for factors affecting assessment of associated CO₂ storage. 47th Annual AAPG-SPE Eastern Section Joint Meeting , Pittsburgh, PA.
- Keister, L., Place, M., Conner, A., Smith, M., Carroll, S., Cole, D., Sheets, J., and Welch, S., 2018, Investigation of Potential Geochemical Reactions in Large-Scale Carbon Dioxide -Enhanced Oil Recovery (CO₂-EOR) Carbonate Reservoirs, 47th Annual AAPG-SPE Eastern Section Joint Meeting , Pittsburgh, PA.
- Haagsma, A., Mishra, S., Scharenberg, M., and Gupta, N., 2018. Statistical Analysis of Core and Wireline Log Data from the Northern Niagaran Pinnacle Reef Trend to Inform Static Earth Modeling for CO₂ Storage Fields. 47th Annual AAPG-SPE Eastern Section Joint Meeting , Pittsburgh, PA.
- Harrison, W., Haagsma, A., Main, J., and Conner, A., 2018, Reservoir Characterization of the Upper Silurian Bass Islands Formation in Northern Michigan for CO₂ Storage, 47th Annual AAPG-SPE Eastern Section Joint Meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.

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Recent presentations:

- Ravi Ganesh, P., Mawalkar, S., Gupta, N., Pardini, R., and Tipsword, B., 2018, Injectivity index as an indicator of reservoir quality for geologic CO₂ storage in the Michigan Niagaran reef trend, Presented at the Carbon Capture Utilization and Storage conference, Nashville, TN.
- Haagsma, A., Kelley, M., Gupta, N., Conner, A., Modroo, A., Sullivan, C., Rine, M., and Goodman, W., 2017, Impact of geologic diversity on static earth models in a CO₂-EOR reef complex, Presented at the Carbon Management Technology Conference, Houston, TX.
- Mawalkar, S., Kelley, M., Gupta, N., Place, M., Mansouri, M., Pardini, R., and Shroyer, B., 2017, Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS) in a CO₂-EOR Complex, Poster Presented at Mastering the Subsurface through Technology, Innovation and Collaboration DOE NETL meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.
- Haagsma, et al., 2017, Regional Variability of Michigan Niagaran Reefs and the Impact on CO₂ Storage Resources, Poster Presented at Mastering the Subsurface through Technology, Innovation and Collaboration DOE NETL meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.
- Cumming, L., Place, M., Hare, J., Black, A., Gupta, N., Modroo, A., and Pardini, R., 2017, Field testing the applicability of borehole gravity for monitoring geologic storage of CO₂ within closed carbonate reef reservoirs, Poster Presented at Mastering the Subsurface through Technology, Innovation and Collaboration DOE NETL meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.
- Kelley, M., Miller, D., Modroo, A., and Gupta, N., 2017, Baseline DAS VSP of the Chester 16 field (reef), Michigan, Poster Presented at Mastering the Subsurface through Technology, Innovation and Collaboration DOE NETL meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.
- Kelley, M., Paulsson, B., He, R., Modroo, A., Place, M., Markiewicz, J., and Gupta, N., 2017, Microseismic monitoring during CO₂ injection in a pinnacle reef reservoir, Poster Presented at Mastering the Subsurface through Technology, Innovation and Collaboration DOE NETL meeting, Pittsburgh, PA.

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- Gupta, N., Osborne, R., Holley, C., Lohner, T., Spitznogle, G., and Usher, M., 2018, 15 Years of CO₂ Storage Research at AEP Mountaineer Power Plant – Stratigraphic Test Well to Site Closure, Oral Presentation to be given at the 14th International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies (GHGT-14), Melbourne, Australia.
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- Gupta, N., Moody, M., Sullivan, C., Hicks, N., Davids, S., Heinrichs, M., Kamrajh, N., and Beck, B., 2018, Development of the First CO₂ Storage Pilot Test for CCS Capacity Building in South Africa – The Phase I Experience, Oral Presentation to be given at the 14th International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies (GHGT-14), Melbourne, Australia.
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- Mawalkar, S., Burchwell, A., Kelley, M., Mishra, S., Gupta, N., Pardini, R., Shroyer, B., and Brock, D., 2018, Where is that CO₂ Flowing? Using the Distributed Temperature Sensing (DTS) Technology for Monitoring Injection of CO₂ into a Depleted Oil Reservoir. Oral Presentation to be given at the 14th International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies (GHGT-14), Melbourne, Australia.
- Duguid, A., Glier, J., Heinrichs, M., Hawkins, J., Peterson, R., and Mishra, S., 2018, Practical leakage risk assessment for CO₂ enhanced oil recovery and storage in Ohio's depleted oil fields, Oral Presentation to be given at the 14th International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies (GHGT-14), Melbourne, Australia.
- *Along with nine Poster Presentations accepted to be presented at the 14th International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies (GHGT-14), Melbourne, Australia.*

Spare slides