### Modular System for Direct Conversion of

## **Methane into Methanol via Photocatalysis**

PI: Arun Majumdar

Presenter : Gang Wan

**Stanford University** 

DOE/NETL Program Manager : Frances Toro



Project Overview and Technology Background

Technical Approach and Current Status

Future Development Plan

➢Summary

# **Project Overview**

Title	A Modular System for Direct Conversion of Methane into Methanol via Photocatalysis							
Award No.	DE-FE0031867							
Period of Performance	10/01/2020 – 09/30/2024							
Project Funding	DOE: \$1,000,000 Cos	t-Share: \$250,000						
Overall Project Goal	Develop a liquid phase photocatalytic process for direct conversion of methane in flare gas into methanol.							
Project Participants	Stanford University, Susteon Inc., Casale SA							
DOE/NETL Project Manager	Frances Toro							

# **Organization Chart**

#### Integrating Catalyst Development, Separation, Scale-up and Reactor Design



#### Arun Majumdar

**Principal Investigator** 



(Research

Scientist)



Max Kessler **Richard Randall** (graduate (graduate student) student)



**Raghubir Gupta** 



Vasudev Haribal







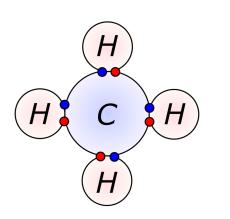
Ermanno Filippi Michal Bialkowski Pierdomenico Biasi

Stanford Experiments; Modeling

Susteon and Casale Tech-Economic Analysis

4

# **Technical Background – Grand Challenge**



#### U.S. Methane

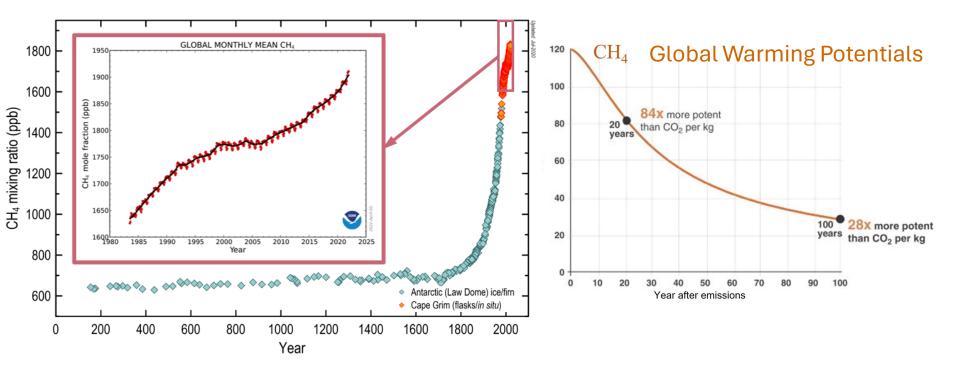
**Reduction Action Plan** 



#### From U.S. Department of Energy

& U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

# **Technical Background - CH<sub>4</sub> Pollution**



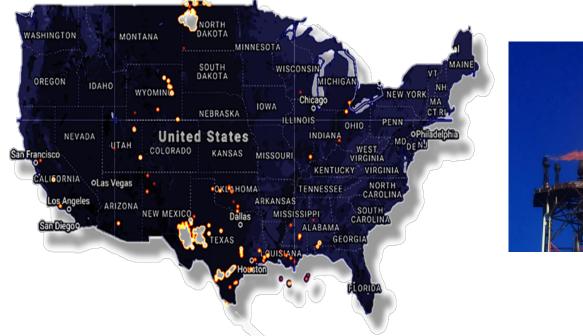
#### Atmospheric concentration - rapidly rising

Contributed to ~ 30% of warming temperatures

Atm. Environ. 2010, 44 (27), 3343

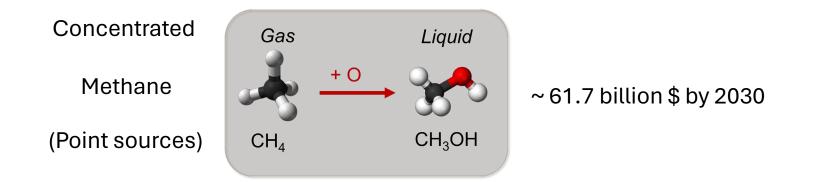
Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. A 2022, 380 (2215), 20210108

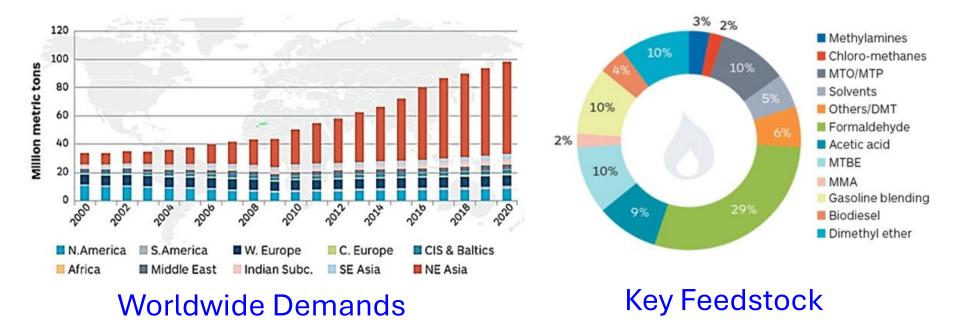
# **Technical Background - CH<sub>4</sub> Flaring Issue**



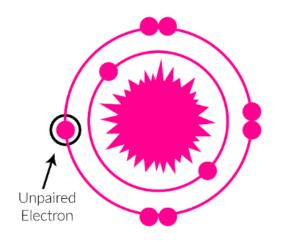
#### Contribute 1% of global CO<sub>2</sub> emissions

### **One Solution - Upgrade Methane to Methanol**

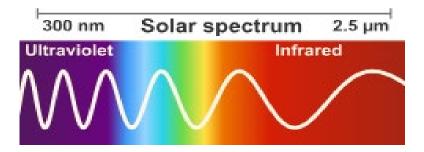




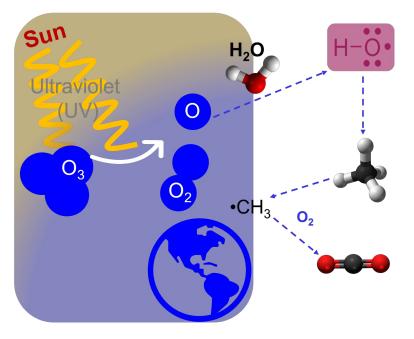
# **One Solution from Nature**



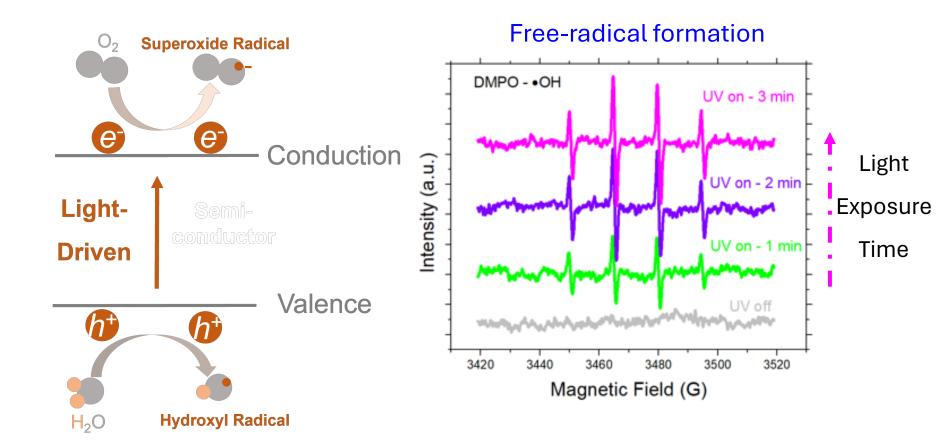
**FREE RADICAL** 



#### **Free-Radicals Pathway**



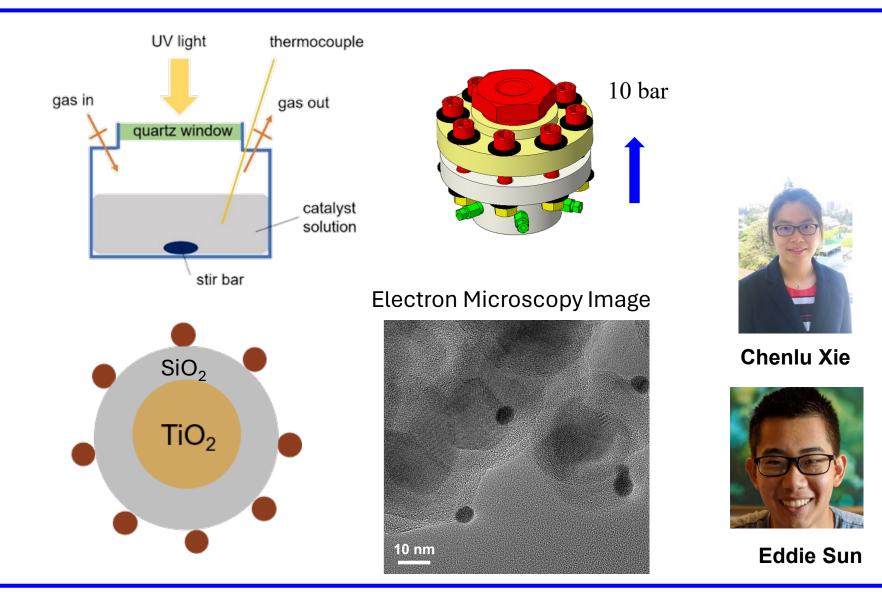
#### **Technology Approach - Free Radicals from Photocatalysis**



 Methane Upgrading to Methanol (Concentrated Emission Source)

2) Environment Methane Removal (Dilute Emission Source)

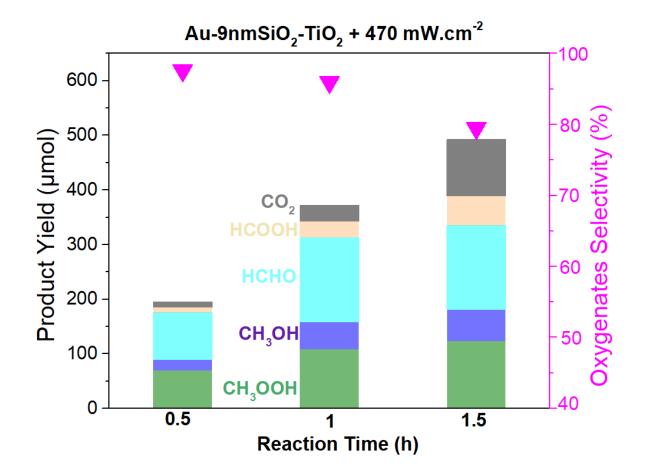
#### **Technology Approach - Experimental Set-up and Materials**



Nano Letters, **2023**, 23 (5), 2039–2045

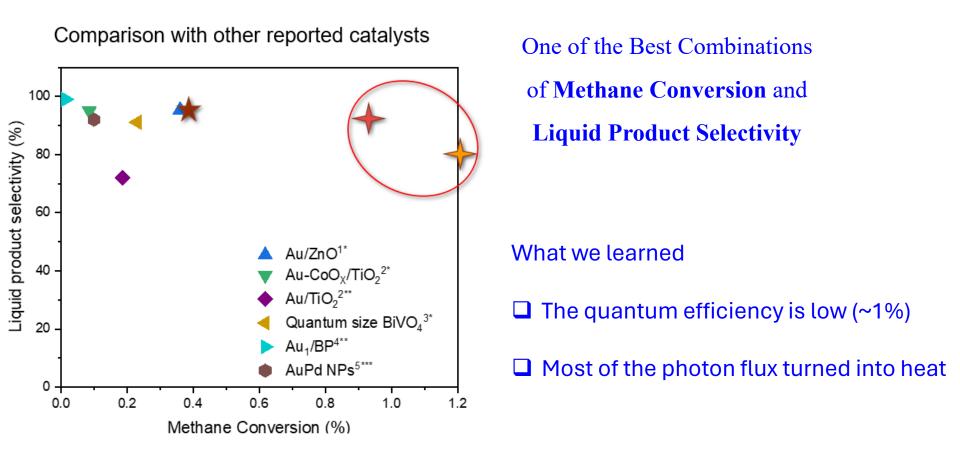
### **Current Status – Methane Conversion**

#### Methane Conversion Ratio (~1 %) + Liquid Product Selectivity (~90%)



**Reaction conditions:** 10 mg catalysts, 100 mL H<sub>2</sub>O, 6.89 bar CH<sub>4</sub>, 2.76 bar O<sub>2</sub>, 1 h reaction time, reaction temperature:  $25 \pm 3$  °C, light source: 365 nm UV LED

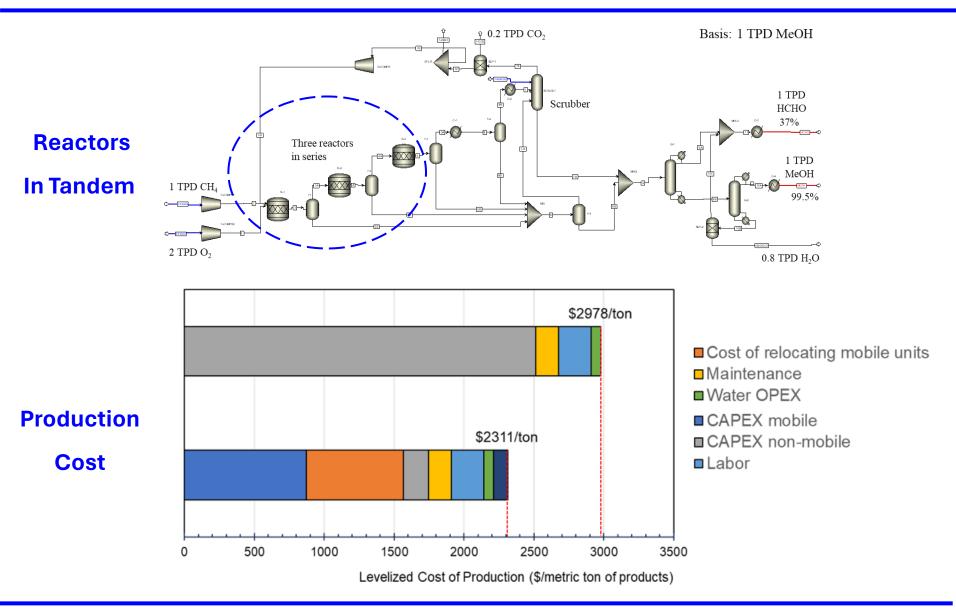
### **Current Status – Breaking the Trade-off**



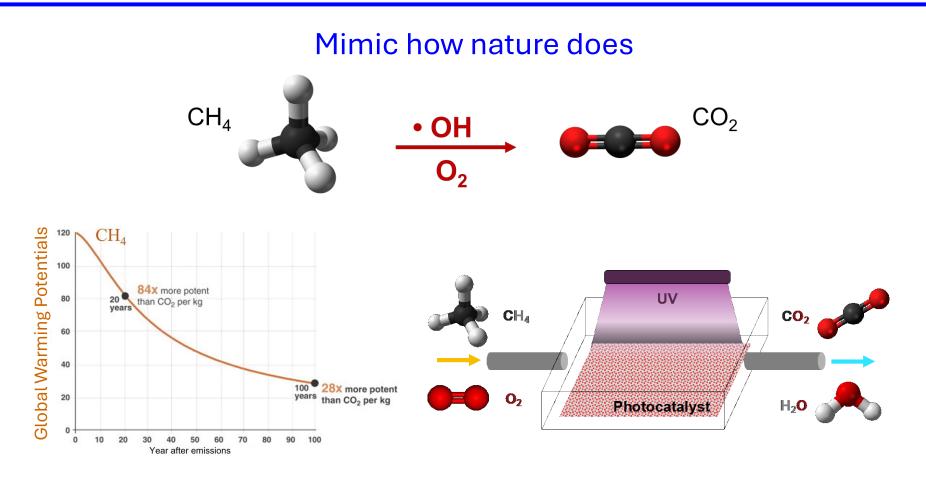
<sup>1</sup> JACS, **2019**, 141, 20507–20515 <sup>2</sup> ACS Catal. **2020**, 10, 14318–14326 <sup>3</sup> Nat. Sustain. **2021**, 4, 509–515;

<sup>4</sup> Nat. Commun. 2021, 12, 1218 <sup>5</sup>Science, 2017, 358, 223–227

### **Current Status – Techno-Economic Analysis**



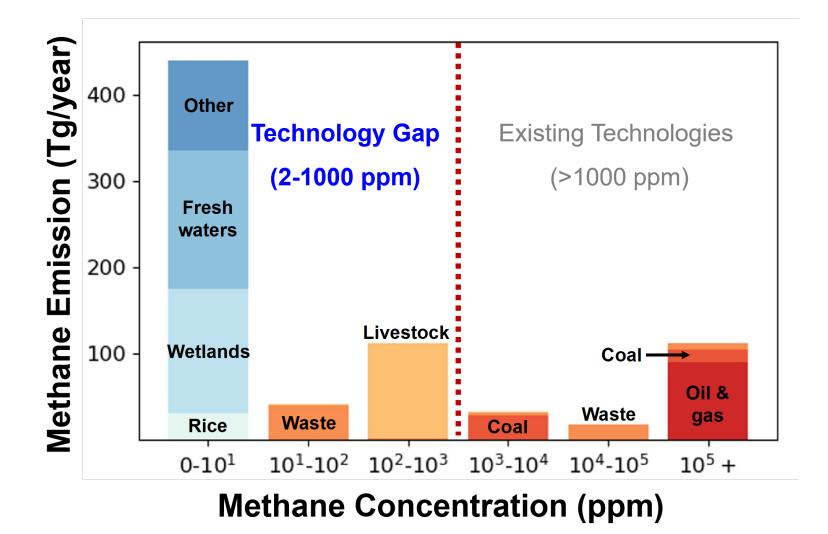
# **Another Solution to Convert Methane**



Promising solution to reduce methane's 20-year

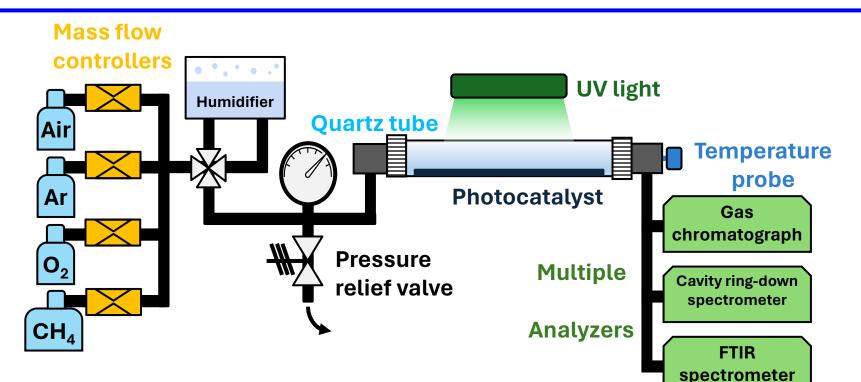
global warming impact by 99%

# The Gap of Dilute Methane Removal



Environmental Research Letters 2023, 18 (9), 094064

## **Our Experimental Platform for Methane Removal**



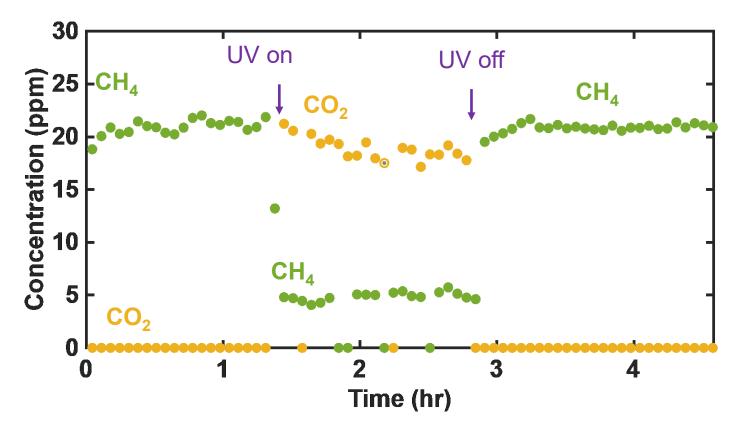
# Precisely control gas input, and quantify the products



**Max Kessler** 

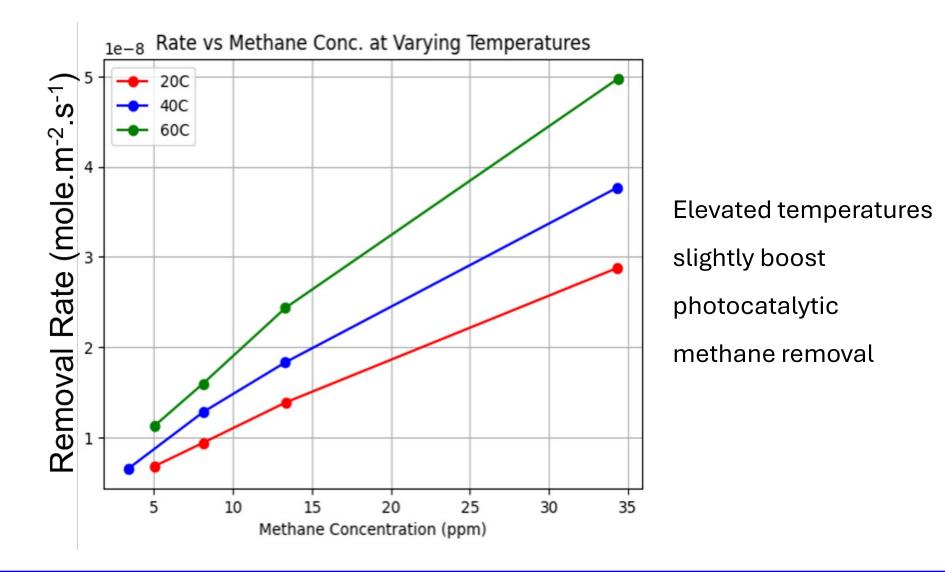
**Richard Randall** 

# **Progress – Removing 20 ppm**



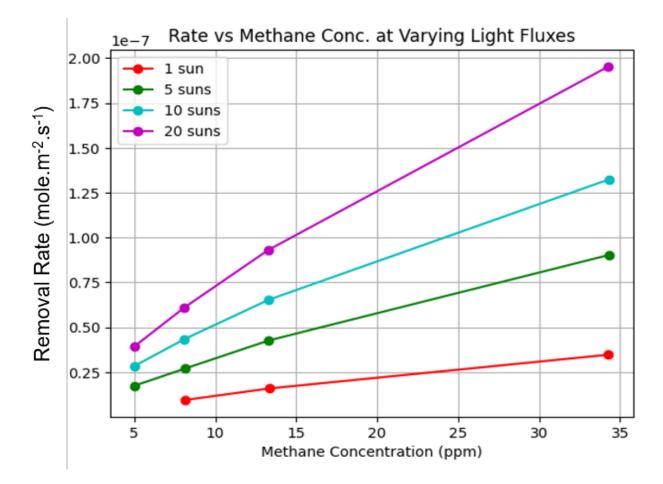
Photocatalysis enables high conversion of CH<sub>4</sub> to CO<sub>2</sub>

# **Progress – Temperature Effect**



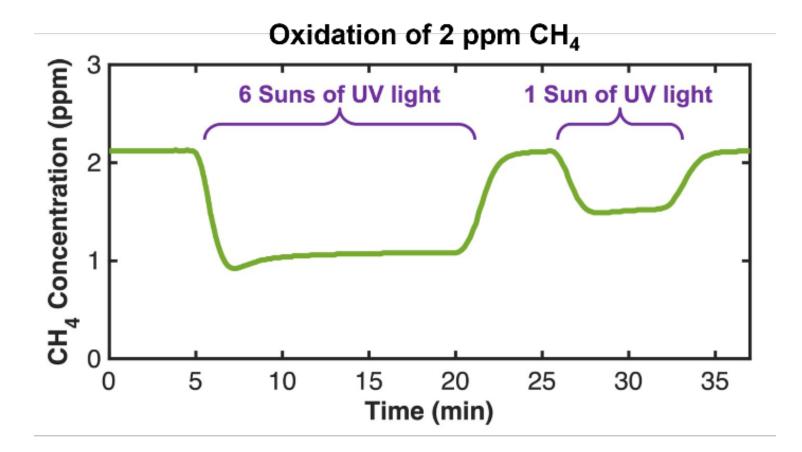
#### At kinetically controlled regions

### **Progress – UV Flux-driven Methane Removal**



- > UV flux significantly impacts the rate of methane removal
- Quantified the reaction rate spanning various concentrations

### **Progress – Atmospheric Concentration**



Existing studies are largely limited to concentrations > 100 ppm

# **Project Schedule**

Task/Subtask	Key Milestone	Planned Completion Date
Task 1	Kickoff meeting and submission of revised <b>project management plan</b> (PMP), technology maturation plan and techno-economic analysis	04/01/2020
Task 2	Successful demonstration of the ability to <b>incorporate the co-catalyst</b> clusters and molecular complexes with the semiconductor catalyst while controlling co-catalyst loading and proximity to semiconductor sites.	01/31/2021 🗸
Task 3	Successful optimization of semiconductor material and synthesis conditions for maximizing hydroxyl radical production.	01/31/2021 🧹
Task 4	Successful optimization of a <b>bifunction photocatalyst</b> with a capable of converting methane into methanol with high selectivity and yield.	09/30/2021 🗸
GO/NO-GO Decision	<b>Test results</b> show approaching 7-10% methane conversion with 80-90% methanol selectivity under commercially reasonable operating conditions.	09/30/2021 🗸
Task 5	Complete one final iteration for <b>optimizing bifunctional catalyst</b> for methane to methanol conversion and potential for future catalyst scaleup and large-scale production.	03/31/2022
Task 6	Obtain <b>key operating catalyst performance data</b> under realistic conditions with simulated natural gas for commercial application.	06/30/2022 🗸
Task 7	Identification of effective <b>reactor configuration</b> to optimize methane transfer onto the catalyst surface across the aqueous media.	09/30/2022
Task 8	Demonstrate production of photocatalytic methane to methanol conversion using $H_2O$ as reagent for hydroxyl radical production	09/30/2022 🗸
Task 9	Demonstration of activation of methane or $CO_2$ in a mixture with other gases	09/30/2024
Task 10	Pilot plant design for modular operation	07/30/2023 🗸

>Water (moisture) on methane removal

Co-feeding gases (e.g., hydrogen, ammonia, carbon monoxide)

Stability of the photocatalysts

>Other gas-phase reactions

# **Summary**

Generation of Free Radicals for Methane Activation via Photocatalysis

- Point Emission Source (Concentrated Methane) CH<sub>4</sub> to CH<sub>3</sub>OH Benchmarking the Performance for Methane Upgrading to Methanol
- $\blacktriangleright$  Dilute / Environmental Methane Removal  $CH_4$  to  $CO_2$ 
  - Leveraging Free Radicals for the Removal of 2 ppm Methane

# **Appendix**

# **Gantt Chart**

Project Timeline		Budget Period 1 10/1/2020-09/30/2021					Budget Period 2 10/1/2021-09/30/2023																
	Assigned Resources	1	2 3	4 5	5 6	78	91	.0 11	12 13	8 14 15	5 16 1	7 18 :	19 20	21 23	2 23 2	4 25	26 2	27 28	29 3	30 31	32 3	3 34	35 36
Task 1. Project Management and Planning	Stanford																						
Subtask 1.1 Project Management Plan																							
Subtask 1.2 Technology Maturation Plan																							
Subtask 1.3 Techno-Economic Analysis																							
Task 2: Catalyst Synthesis	Stanford																						
Subtask 2.1: Semiconductor catalyst synthesis																							
Subtask 2.2: Co-catalyst synthesis																							
Subtask 2.3: Integration of semiconductor and co-catalyst into bifunctional catalysts <u>Milestone 2</u> : Successful demonstration of the ability to incorporate the co-catalyst clusters and molecular complexes with the semiconductor catalyst while controlling co-catalyst loading and proximity to semiconductor sites.							*																
Task 3. Multiplex Fluorescence Array High-Throughput Screening	Stanford																						
<u>Milestone 3</u> : Successful optimization of semiconductor material and synthesis conditions for maximizing hydroxyl radical production.							*																
Task 4: Bifunctional Catalyst Testing																							
Milestone 4: Successful optimization of a bifunction photocatalyst with a capable of converting methane into methanol with high selectivity and yield.									*														
Go/No-Go Decision Milestone: Test results show approaching 7-10% methane conversion with 80- 90% methanol selectivity under commercially reasonable operating conditions.	09/30/2021								*														
Task 5: Study of Structure-Property Relationships <u>Milestone 5</u> : Complete one final iteration for optimizing bifunctional catalyst for methane to methanol conversion and potential for future catalyst scaleup and large-scale production.	Stanford											*											
Task 6: Experimental Identification of Optimal Operating Window	Stanford																						
<u>Milestone 6</u> : Obtain key operating catalyst performance data under realistic conditions with simulated natural gas for commercial application.														*									
Task 7: Evaluation of Reactor Design	Stanford & Susteon																						
<u>Milestone 7</u> : Identification of effective reactor configuration to optimize methane transfer onto the catalyst surface across the aqueous media.																*							
Task 8: Evaluation of Water as Hydroxyl Radical Source	Stanford																						
Milestone 8: Demonstrate production of photocatalytic methane to methanol conversion using H2O as reagent for hydroxyl radical production.																*							
Task 9: Activation of CH4 or CO2 in a mixture of other gases	Stanford																						
Milestone 9: Demonstration of activation of methane or carbon dioxide in a mixture with other gases																						*	
Task 10: Pilot plant design for modular operation	Susteon																						
Milestone 10: Design pilot plant for the modular operation																							*