

Definitions & cautionary note

Cautionary Note

The companies in which Shell plc directly and indirectly owns investments are separate legal entities. In this **presentation** "Shell", "Shell Group" are sometimes used for convenience where references are made to Shell plc and its subsidiaries in general. Likewise, the words "we", "us" and "Group" are also used to refer to Shell plc and its subsidiaries in general or to those who work for them. These terms are also used where no useful purpose is served by identifying the particular entity or entities. "Subsidiaries", "Shell subsidiaries" and "Shell companies" as used in this **presentation** refer to entities over which Shell plc either directly or indirectly has control. The term "joint venture", "joint venture", "joint arrangements", and "associates" may also be used to refer to a commercial arrangement in which Shell has a direct or indirect ownership interest with one or more parties. The term "Shell interest" is used for convenience to indicate the direct and/or indirect ownership interest held by Shell in an entity or unincorporated joint arrangement, after exclusion of all third-party interest.

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements (within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) concerning the financial condition, results of operations and businesses of Shell. All statements or future expectations that are based on management's expectations and and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in these statements. Forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements concerning the potential exposure of Shell to market risks and statements servessing management's expectations, beliefs, estimates, forecasts, projections and assumptions. There forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "aim"; "ambition"; "anticipate"; "commit"; "commit project"; "intend"; "may"; "milestones"; "objectives"; "obje

Shell's Net Carbon Intensity

Also, in this **presentation** we may refer to Shell's "Net Carbon Intensity" (NCI), which includes Shell's carbon emissions from the production of our energy products, our suppliers' carbon emissions in supplying energy for that production and our customers' carbon emissions associated with their use of the energy products we sell. Shell's NCI also includes the emissions associated with the production and use of energy products products by others which Shell purchases for resale. Shell only controls its own emissions. The use of the terms Shell's "Net Carbon Intensity" or NCI are for convenience only and not intended to suggest these emissions are those of Shell plc or its subsidiaries.

Shell's net-zero emissions target

Shell's operating plan, outlook and budgets are forecasted for a ten-year period and are updated every year. They reflect the current economic environment and what we can reasonably expect to see over the next ten years. Accordingly, they reflect our Scope 1, Scope 2 and NCI targets over the next ten years. However, Shell's operating plans cannot reflect our 2050 net-zero emissions target, as this target is currently outside our planning period. In the future, as society moves towards net-zero emissions, we expect Shell's operating plans to reflect this movement. However, if society is not net zero in 2050, as of today, there would be significant risk that Shell may not meet this target.

Forward-Looking non-GAAP measures

This presentation may contain certain forward-looking non-GAAP measures such as [cash capital expenditure] and [divestments]. We are unable to provide a reconciliation of these forward-looking non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures because certain information needed to reconcile those non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measures is dependent on future events some of which are outside the control of Shell, such as oil and gas prices, interest rates and exchange rates. Moreover, estimating such GAAP measures with the required precision necessary to provide a meaningful reconciliation is extremely difficult and could not be accomplished without unreasonable effort. Non-GAAP measures in respect of future periods which cannot be reconciled to the most comparable GAAP financial measure are calculated in a manner which is consistent with the accounting policies applied in Shell plc's consolidated financial statements.

The contents of websites referred to in this **presentation** do not form part of this **presentation**.

We may have used certain terms, such as resources, in this **presentation** that the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) strictly prohibits us from including in our filings with the SEC. Investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in our Form 20-F, File No 1-32575, available on the SEC website www.sec.gov.









FLEXIBLE, AFFORDABLE AND EFFECTIVE CARBON CAPTURE SOLUTIONS



Shell Catalysts & Technologies



The CANSOLV CO₂ Capture System



PROJECT MANAGEMENT

EXCELLENCE



FEED, EPC, commissioning and start-up

12+ years

CO-OPERATION

DRIVING DOWN COSTS THROUGH:

- BETTER PLANT INTEGRATION
- LOWERING EQUIPMENT COUNT/COST
- IMPROVING AMINE PERFORMANCE

Broad reach

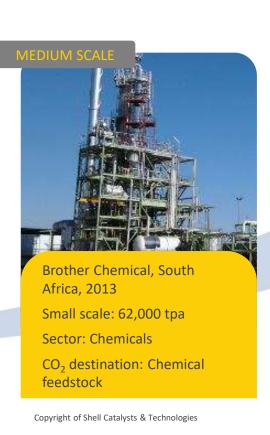
WITH GLOBAL COVERAGE ACROSS MULTIPLE INDUSTRIAL SECTORS

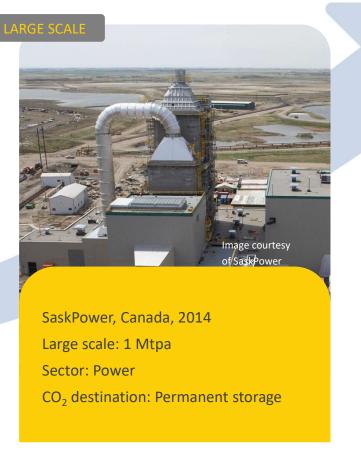
SOLUTIONS FOR ALL SIZES OF EMITTERS

CANSOLV CO₂ has been in commercial operation for over a decade in both large- and small-scale plants

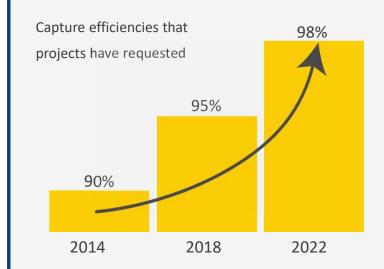


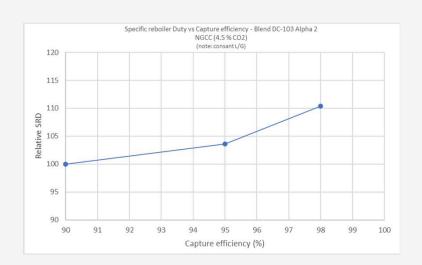






MOVING TOWARDS HIGHER CAPTURE EFFICIENCIES





CANSOLV can achieve high – up to 98%+ – capture efficiencies, even at low CO₂ concentrations (e.g. CCGT applications)

Case study – Net Zero Teesside, UK (Greenfield CCGT + CCS)



- Status: Competitive FEED complete, BP selected the Technip Energies, GE Vernova, Shell, Balfour Beatty consortium
- Final client: BP

- Expected to deliver 860 MW of clean power
- CO₂ will be captured from a new build world class GE Vernova 9HA.02 gas turbine
- 95%+ capture efficiency, delivering over 2 mtpa CO₂