Advanced Air Separation Unit (ASU) for Low-Cost H₂ Production Via Modular Gasification Contract DE-FE0032328



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Project Objective





DOE Share = \$1,250,000 Cost Share = \$312,500 Total Project = \$1,562,500

Project Duration = 2 year Single Budget Period Develop a modular, sorbent-based advanced air separation unit (ASU) for high purity oxygen production (>98% (threshold) and >99.5% (objective) to support low-cost hydrogen production from 5 to 30 MW scale gasification of biomass and/or wastes

Specific Objectives

- Synthesize sorbents with optimized pore size
- Optimize adsorption cycles to efficiently produce high purity oxygen
- Design and fabricate a 10 kg/day prototype that produces high purity O₂ >98+% (& >99.5%)
- Demonstrate durability over 10,000 cycles
- Design full scale modular system for use with 5 to 50 MW gasification systems for zero-carbon H₂ production
- Complete a TEA comparing against cryogenic systems
- Implement the Community Benefits Plan



Commercial State of the Art





TDA's Approach

TDA's Approach:

- Use two stage separation process
- TDA's VPSA 1st stage produces 95% oxygen product
- Argon separation 2nd stage process that removes Ar from Oxygen to produce high purity O₂ (99.5% or higher)

TDA's Sorbents:

- TDA previously developed a new sorbent that is tailored for VPSA operation
 - High N₂ capacity Smaller sorbent bed and overall system size
 - Particularly advantageous if used together with regular Li based Zeolite sorbent (US Patent 11,786,859) in the 1st stage VPSA
- TDA currently proposes to develop a more efficient PSA sorbent based on a novel zeolite to efficiently separate Ar from O₂ to achieve high purity >98% O₂



Two Stage Adsorption Process



1st Stage to deliver Medical Grade Oxygen 93-95%

- Pressure Swing Adsorption (PSA) Technology
- Vacuum Assisted Pressure Swing Adsorption (VPSA) Technology
- Silver (Ag)-VPSA Technology used by TDA in our Medical Oxygen Generators

2nd Stage to Upgrade to High Purity Oxygen 98+ or 99.5+%

- Silver zeolite (AgZ) based VPSA Stage (Selectively adsorbs Ar)
- Carbon Molecular Sieve based PSA Stage (Selectively adsorbs O₂)
- Proposed novel zeolite based PSA Stage (Selectively adsorbs O₂)



Stage 1 VPSA



- TDA has previously developed the Stage 1 VPSA sorbent and system for medical oxygen use
- Use of Layered beds of AgLiLSX with LiLSX provides15 to 20% better performance
- These systems are 4 to 20 LPM in size producing 93-95% O₂





Stage 2 PSA – Kinetic Separation

- In the 2nd stage, TDA's system uses a kinetically selective sorbent to separate O₂ from Ar
- Kinetic selective sorbent whose pore size can be tuned to have a high N_2/O_2 selectivity and a high O_2/Ar selectivity,
- Both of which are needed to produce a very high purity oxygen product (>98%).



Diameter (Å)
3.7
3.6
3.5
3.3
2.7



Modular ASU for "green" Hydrogen



TDA's 5 MW module is similar size to the 1 MW scale cryo ASUs GFED2 being sold by Cosmodyne i.e., our unit is 1/5th the size of the cryogenic ASU in foot print and size



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Preliminary TEA



- TDA's proposed approach has the lowest CAPEX (including Fixed CAPEX i.e., sorbent replacement costs) and second lowest variable OPEX (energy needs)
- Cost of the oxygen produced by TDA's two-stage process proposed here will be about \$55/tonne compared to \$115/tonne for cryogenic system
- Cost of oxygen is \$61/tonne for the silver free 1st stage that uses only the standard sorbent (LiLSX)
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Technical Objectives

- Develop a modular, sorbent-based advanced air separation unit (ASU) for high purity oxygen production (>98% (threshold) and >99.5% (objective) to support low-cost hydrogen production from 5 to 30 MW scale gasification of biomass and/or wastes
- Specific Objectives
 - Synthesize sorbents with optimized pore size
 - Optimize adsorption cycles to efficiently produce high purity oxygen
 - Design and fabricate a 10 kg/day prototype that produces high purity O₂ >98+% (& >99.5%)
 - Demonstrate durability over 10,000 cycles
 - Design full scale modular system for use with 5 to 50 MW gasification systems for zero-carbon H_2 production
 - Complete a TEA comparing against cryogenic systems
 - Implement the Community Benefits Plan

Project Partners and Roles:

- **TDA** will synthesize, characterize, test sorbent, design fabricate and test prototype unit, carry out full scale design costing, TEA and LCA
- University of Alberta will carry out adsorption modeling, optimization of cycle sequence



Work Plan

- Task 1. Project Management and Planning (TDA)
- Task 2. Adsorption Cycle Optimization (TDA, UOA)
- Task 3. Bench-scale Validation (TDA, UOA)
- Task 4. Prototype Unit Design (TDA)
- Task 5. Prototype Fabrication (TDA)
- Task 6. Multiple Cycle Life Tests (TDA)
- Task 7. Prototype Testing/ Demonstration (TDA)
- Task 8. System Design and Analysis (TDA, UOA)
- Task 9. Techno-economic and Life Cycle Analysis (TDA, UOA)



Work Schedule



Milestones – Year 1

Budget Period	ID	Task No	Title	Planned Completion Date	Verification Method
			Actual Project Start Date	10/1/2023	
1	1.1	1.1	Update Project Management Plan	10/31/2023	PMP file
1	1.2	1.2	Complete Initial Technology Maturation Plan	12/31/2023	TMP file
1	1.3	1.0	Kickoff Meeting	10/31/2023	Presentation
1	1.4	2.0	Optimized Cycle Design	3/31/2024	Interim Report
1	1.5	3.0	Demonstrate Sorbent Selectivity	9/30/2024	State Point Table
1	1.6	4.0	Complete Prototype Design	9/30/2024	Interim Report
			Annual Briefing #1	9/30/2024	Presentation





TDA's existing multibed PSA system ~1 kg O₂/day



Milestones – Year 2

Budget Period	ID	Task No	Title	Planned Completion Date	Verification Method
1	1.7	5.0	Complete Prototype Fabrication	3/31/2025	Interim Report
1	1.8	6.0	Complete Sorbent Life Tests	9/30/2025	Interim Report
1	1.9	7.0	Complete Prototype Testing/Demonstration	9/30/2025	Interim Report
1	1.10	8.0	Complete System Design	9/30/2025	Final Report
1	1.11	9.0	Complete Final TEA	9/30/2025	Final Report
1	1.12	9.0	Complete Final LCA	9/30/2025	Final Report
1	1.13	1.3	DEIA Survey Results	9/30/2025	Final Report
1	1.14	1.2	Complete Final TMP	6/30/2025	TMP file
1	1.15	1.3	Environmental Justice Questionnaire	9/30/2025	Final Report
1	1.16	1.4	Economic Revitalization and Job Creation Questionnaire	9/30/2025	Final Report
1	1.17	1.0	Final Review Meeting	9/30/2025	Presentation file
			Final Report	9/30/2025	Final Report

<u>Milestone (1.8)</u>: Complete multiple cycle life tests with less than 10% drop in working capacity over 10,000 cycles

Milestone (1.9): Demonstrate 99.5% purity O₂ produced in prototype at 10 kg O₂/day

<u>Milestone (1.10)</u>: Show >20% reduction in facility foot print over cryogenic O_2 system at 30 tonne/day O_2 production scale that supplies a 5 MW gasifier module

<u>Milestone (1.11):</u> TEA shows TDA's O_2 production system can achieve 40% reduction in costs compared to a cryogenic O_2 system at 30 tonne/day O_2 production scale that supplies a 5 MW gasifier module <u>Milestone (1.12):</u> LCA shows TDA's oxygen production system combined with a gasification-based system for hydrogen production has net-zero carbon performance



Current Technical Progress

- We are preparing sorbents in sufficient quantities for all testing and characterization, optimizing its pore size and kinetic selectivity for O₂/Ar
- Next, we will also produce about 2 kg of the optimized sorbent for use in prototype tests
- Sorbents are being synthesized in-house at TDA following hydrothermal synthesis recipe
- Sorbent particles will be extruded into 1/16" pellets and granulated to appropriate size for the bench-scale and prototype tests
- Sorbent candidates will be tested for over 200 cycles
- Breakthrough curves obtained in these axial flow fixed bed adsorption tests will be validated against our adsorption models



2nd Stage Sorbent for O₂/Ar Separation

- These materials are extremely temperature stable, and their pore sizes can be tuned to have a high N₂/O₂ selectivity and a high Ar/O₂ selectivity, both of which are needed to produce a very high purity oxygen product (>98%).
- Optimize the framework to ensure only oxygen is adsorbed while both nitrogen and argon are rejected

Molecule	Diameter (Å)
Ar	3.7
N_2	3.6
O ₂	3.5
CO ₂	3.3
H₂O	2.7



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DEIA Plan - Progress

Nearby Disadvantaged Communities

- Arvada Low income, traffic proximity and volume, proximity to superfund site, wastewater discharge, lack high school education
- Edgewater Low income, low life expectancy, lack of indoor plumbing, lack high school education
- Lakewood Low income, high housing cost, lack of indoor plumbing, low median income, lack high school education
- SMART Milestone #1 Create role models for high school students
 - Seminar for high school students at TDA
 - Teamed with Arvada West High School to do the seminar in Fall 2024
- SMART Milestone #2 Increase interest in STEM careers by employing a college intern
 - We listed job postings for several interns: Summer Engineering Intern (college), Summer CAD Intern (college) and Summer Pre-STEM Intern (High School)
 - We posted the Summer Engineering Intern on the Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers (SHPE) website
 - After posting closes, statistics about diversity of applicant pool will be assessed

