

# Composite Solid Sorbent - Solvent Matrix for Capture of CO<sub>2</sub> from Mobile Systems

**DE-SC0025105** 

Malcolm Fabiyi, PhD
OptimaBiome



### **Project Overview**

#### **Objectives:**

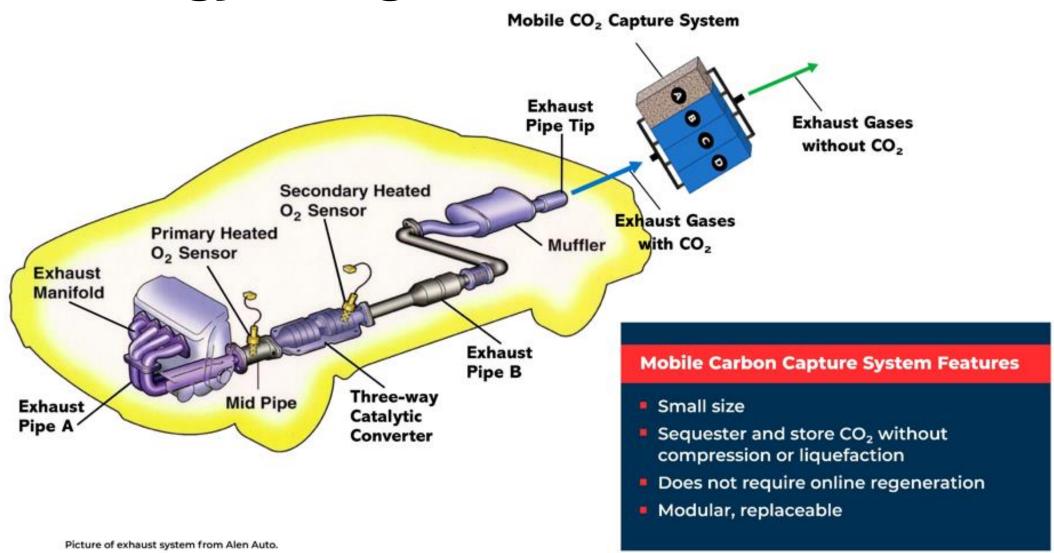
- Demonstrate feasibility of solid matrices to robustly sequester, store and transport CO<sub>2</sub> from cars, semis and heavy duty trucks, and long-range marine vessels
- Develop comprehensive technoeconomic analyses and LCA specifications for the proposed mobile CO<sub>2</sub> capture system(s).

#### **Project details:**

- Principal Investigator: Malcolm Fabiyi, PhD
- Duration: 9 months (7/22/2024 to 4/21/2025)
- Budget: \$248,978
- Program Manager: Nicole Shamitko-Klingensmith, Ph.D., PMP

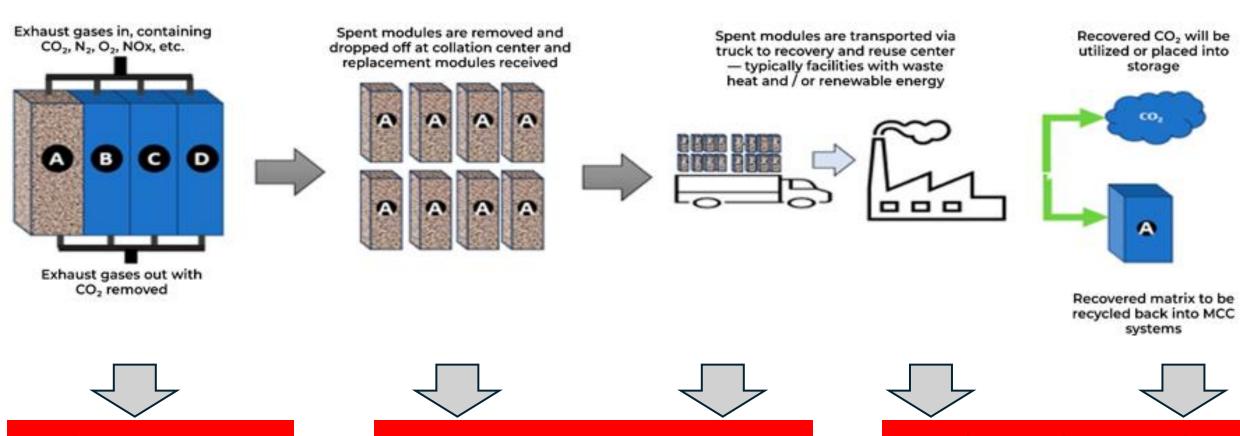


## **Technology Background**





# **Technology Risks & Challenges**



Simple, modular, compact, high-capacity systems

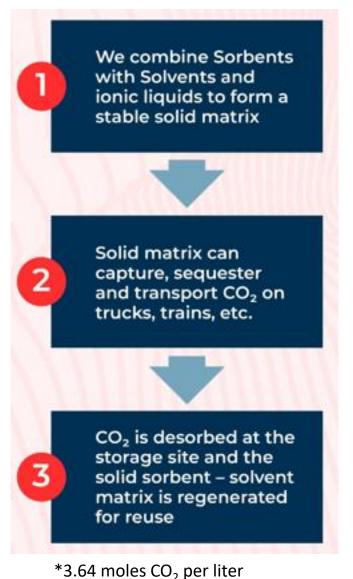


 Stable matrix, no degradation of materials or release of CO<sub>2</sub>

- Rapid, effective desorption
- Recyclable, reusable matrix materials



# **Technical Approach**





Sample composite matrix with Amine + Metallic Oxide - 8 gm CO<sub>2</sub> captured in 50 mL matrix\*



Tubes contains various solvent and matrix combinations with bound CO<sub>2</sub>



Matrix with 50% w/w NaOH solvent and metallic oxide solid adsorbent. Resulting composite is safe to handle.



Objective	Tasks	Month
1	Determine suitable sorbents and solvents that can be utilized to make solid composite matrices that effectively sequester CO <sub>2</sub> . Evaluate and characterize sorbent and solvent combinations with targeted attributes	M 1-3
2	<b>Quantify CO<sub>2</sub> sequestration potential of the composite matrices:</b> Determine sequestration potential for matrices across a range of key process variables	M 2-5
3	Determine optimal methods of CO <sub>2</sub> recovery and recycle and reuse of composite matrix materials: Evaluate methods for effective desorption of CO <sub>2</sub> , Quantify recovery efficiency, & energy and material requirements	M 3-6
4	<b>Demonstrate lab scale prototype using live ICE engine systems.</b> Test select matrix options in lab scale mobile carbon capture system using live engine platforms	M 4-7
5	<b>Develop process flow diagrams and undertake technoeconomic analysis and Life Cycle Assessment.</b> Develop process flow diagrams, technology gap analysis, technoeconomic analysis (TEA) and Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)	M 5-9



Performance metric	Success value	Assessment tool
Stability of CO <sub>2</sub> sequestered within matrix	>90% stability of sequestered CO <sub>2</sub> within matrix	% CO <sub>2</sub> loss from saturated matrix
Size and weight of capture device	>0.6 tons CO <sub>2</sub> per ton capture equipment	kg CO <sub>2</sub> capture per m <sup>3</sup> of matrix
CO <sub>2</sub> capture efficiency of matrix	>2.0 mol CO <sub>2</sub> removed per liter of matrix	mol CO <sub>2</sub> per L matrix
CO <sub>2</sub> capture efficiency of recycled and reused material	>70% CO <sub>2</sub> capture efficiency of recycled vs virgin material	% carbon removal of recycled matrix vs virgin matrix
CO <sub>2</sub> selectivity of matrix	>50% selectivity for CO <sub>2</sub> vs other gases	% selective removal of CO <sub>2</sub> vs other gases in mix
CO <sub>2</sub> recovery during desequestration	>90% recovery of sequestered CO <sub>2</sub>	% CO <sub>2</sub> recovered vs sorbed CO <sub>2</sub>
Matrix component stability	>90% stability of matrix	None to minimal release of solvent from matrix composite
Specific energy for CO <sub>2</sub> capture	>1 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kWh for NG; >2 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kWh for diesel & gasoline engines	Energy and CO <sub>2</sub> capture analysis
Net CO <sub>2</sub> removed per kg fuel used	Kg CO <sub>2</sub> removed per gal fuel used	Overall efficiency of CO <sub>2</sub> removal considering incremental fuel usage due to MCC system
% Energy used for CO <sub>2</sub> capture	<10% decrease in mpg after integration of MCC system	Mileage and fuel usage pre and post integration of MCC system
Carbon footprint of MCC	≤ 0 Net kg CO <sub>2</sub> increment per kg CO <sub>2</sub> sequestered and placed in storage using MCC	Comprehensive LCA – material and energy analysis



# Community Benefits

- Hiring Diverse Personnel: 2 of 3 program hires identify as minorities
- **Mentorship program**: Formal program initiated to support project personnel with career growth & cleantech careers
- Promote cleantech careers: Seminars to Provide seminar session on cleantech solutions to student groups in educational institutions with diverse student bodies in the Maryland area
- Internships: Provide internship opportunities to diverse students with interest in | curiosity about cleantech research & development opportunities



# **Summary & Lessons Learned**

- Project Hiring: Completed. Start probing ahead of time,
   Staffing agencies are your best friend
- Testing: Just getting underway
- Commercialization: Participating in DOE sponsored Phase
   Shift 1 initiative to support commercialization efforts



Malcolm Fabiyi mfabiyi@optimabiome.com