

Carbon Capture Plant FEED Study for Cement Manufacturing

DE-FE003220

Technology Advancement & Commercialization Division, RTI International

2023 FECM / NETL Carbon Management Research Project Review Meeting

Aug 28 – Sep 01, 2023





DE-FE0032220 : Carbon Capture Plant FEED Study for Cement Manufacturing

- Complete FEED study for CO₂ capture from cement flue gas using RTI's non-aqueous solvent (NAS) with 95% capture efficiency
- Develop AACE Class 3 cost estimate for a commercial 1,600,000 t-CO₂/year scale CO₂ capture system integrated with a cement facility
- Project Funding:

US DOE	\$3.68 MM
Cost-share	\$0.92 MM
TOTAL	\$4.60 MM

• Period of Performance (21 months)

April 14, 2023 – Jan 13, 2025









Project Team



Prime Recipient responsible for project management Technology developer for the NAS technology Responsible for process design, TMP, TEA, LCA, EJ40 & workforce readiness plans



Leading cement and concrete producer Host site operator Provide support on permitting and process integration



EPC firm performing the FEED. Conduct HAZOP and Constructability review Develop AACE Class 3 cost estimates (+/- 15%)



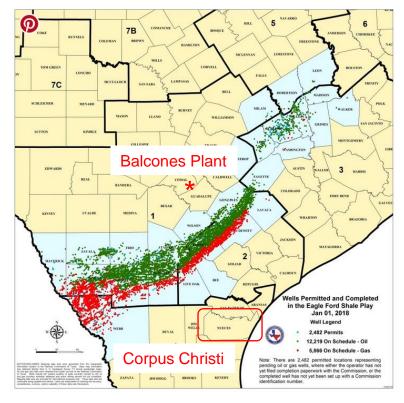
Global technology company with100+ years in energy sector Technology licensor for the NAS technology Serve as Owner's Engineer

- Host site CEMEX Balcones plant Located in New Braunfels, TX
- 2 cement kilns with total production rate of ~7000 tons of clinker per day
- CO₂ emissions of 1.5 MM tonnes per year.
- FEED study will capture 95% of emissions from cement plant + natural gas steam boiler





CO₂ Sequestration Options

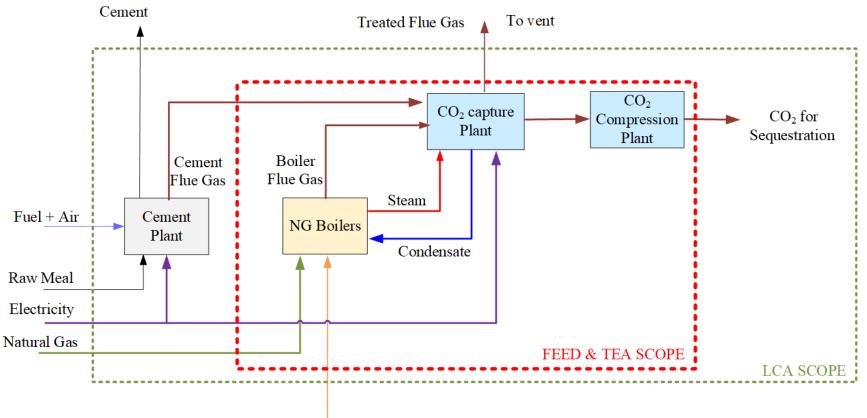


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Corpus Christi region

Eagle Ford shale

Integrated Cement Plant with CO₂ Capture



NAS - formulation of hydrophobic amine, an organic diluent and water (0-10 wt.%)

Negligible heat of vaporization	 Lowers specific reboiler duty (SRD ~ 2.3-2.4 GJ/t-CO₂)
Low heat capacity	 Lowers SRD Requires intercooling of the absorber Larger lean/rich heat exchanger
Regeneration temperature < 100 °C	 Use of lower quality steam
Higher pressure regeneration	 leading to elimination of the 1st stage of CO₂ compression lowering OPEX and CAPEX
Lower corrosion compared to aqueous solvents	 Use of lower cost materials of construction leading to lower CAPEX.
Faster CO ₂ absorption kinetics	 Reduces column height lowering CAPEX
Commodity scale production of NAS components	 Ready for scale-up and commercialization

Technology Overview – NAS Technology Development Path





Lab-Scale Development & Evaluation (2010-2013)

Solvent screening and lab-scale evaluation

0.0015 t-CO₂/day

TRL 2-3

Large Bench-Scale System (RTI facility)

(2014-2016)

Demonstration of key process features (\leq 2.3 GJ/t CO₂) at bench scale

TRL 4

0.11 t-CO₂/day



Pilot Testing at Tiller Plant Norway,

(2015-2018)

Demonstration of all process components at pilot scale

1.0 t-CO₂/day

TRL 5



Pilot Testing at SSTU, NCCC (2018)

Degradation, emission, corrosion characterizations under real flue gas

1.1 t-CO₂/day



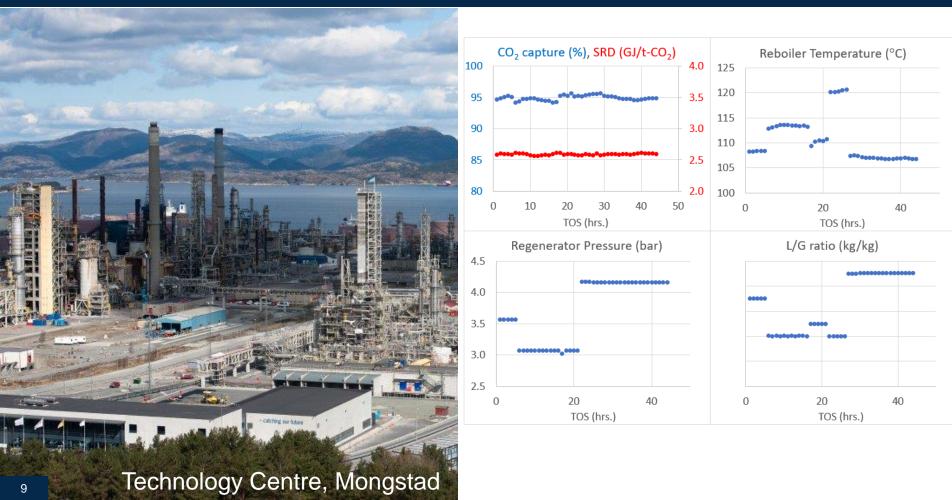


Engineering-Scale Validation, TCM, Norway (2018-2022)

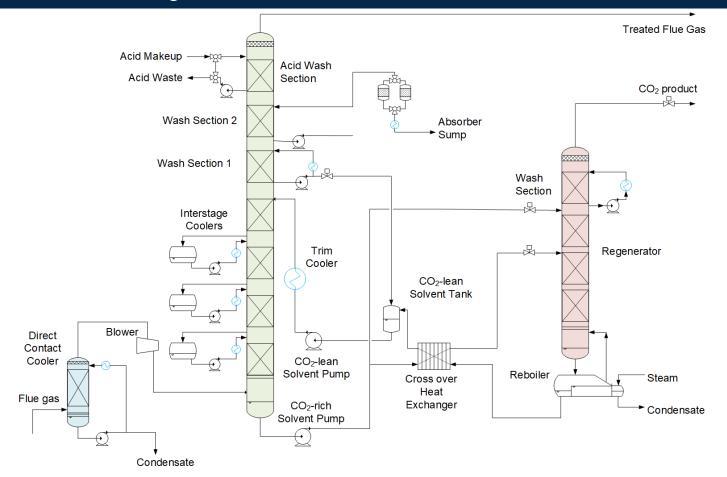
Pre-commercial demonstration at TCM, Norway (~12 MWe)

220 t-CO₂/day *TRL 6*

NAS Technology



NAS Process Flow Diagram



Project Timeline

		4/14/2023	1/13/2025															ontract award									
Task	Task Description			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
1.0	Project Management	04/14/23	01/13/25																								
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	2.2 Permitting requirements review	05/01/23	07/31/23																								
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Report	ing / Deliverables	(See footnote)					Q			Q			Q			Q			Q			Q					F
Project	Meeting	(See footnote)		к								L									М						

Q = Quarterly report due 1 month after quarter's end; F = Final report due 3 months after project end. K = Project kick-off meeting; B = Project briefing (annual); C = Project closeout meeting

Project Milestones

Task or Subtask	Description	Planned Completion	Actual Completion	Verification Method
1.1	Project Management Plan (PMP)	May 14, 2023	May 10, 2023	Submission of PMP
1.2	Initial Technology Maturation Plan (TMP)	Jul 14, 2023	Jul 14, 2023	Submission of initial TMP
2.0	Project Design Basis	Jul 31, 2023	Aug 29, 2023	Submission of Design Basis Definition Report
4.0	Initial Engineering Design Package	Oct 14, 2023		Submission of Initial Engineering Design Package
5.2	Initial Life Cycle Analysis (LCA)	Oct 14, 2023		Submission of initial LCA
4.5	Constructability Review	Feb 29, 2024		Summarized in Quarterly report
1.3	Initial Workforce Readiness Plan	Apr 14, 2024		Submission of Workforce Readiness Plan
4.3	HAZOP review	May 31, 2024		Summarized in Quarterly report
1.2	Final TMP	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of final TMP
1.4	Environmental Justice Analysis	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of Environmental Justice Analysis
1.5	Economic Revitalization & Job Creation Outcomes Analysis	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of Job Creation Outcome Analysis
4.0	Final Engineering Design Package	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of Final Engineering Design Package
5.1	Business Case Analysis (BCA)	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of BCA report
5.3	Final LCA	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of final LCA
5.4	Technology EH&S Analysis	Oct 14, 2024		Submission of EH&S Analysis
1.3	Updated Workforce Readiness Plan	Jan 14, 2025		Submission of Workforce Readiness Plan

- A FEED study of commercial-scale NAS carbon capture process rated at 1,600,000 tonnes-CO₂/year with capture efficiency of 95%+ at CEMEX's Balcones Cement Plant will be produced with AACE Class 3 level cost estimate to estimate the cost of CO₂ capture in various matrix (e.g., \$/t-CO₂ captured, \$/t-CO₂ avoided, \$/tonnes-cement product)
- A CO₂ lifecycle analysis of the process conceived in FEED study that shows the reduced CO₂ emission per cradle-to-gate definition for a cement production plant
- A business case analysis of various commercial strategies and how the 45Q tax credit impacts the commercial viability of these strategies.

Perceived Risk	Probability	Impact	Overall	Mitigation and Response Strategies	
Financial Risks					
Cost share	Low	Moderate	Low	The prime recipient and subrecipients have been approved individually by their institutions to provide the required amounts.	
Cost shareLowModerateLowThe prime recipient and subrecipients have been approved individually by their institutions to provide the required amounts.Cost/Schedule RisksKBR Quote covers essentially all the engineering aspects of the FEED study. The Project Team does not expect a substantial scope addition or expansion Project schedule slipLowLowKBR quote covers essentially all the engineering aspects of the FEED study. The Project Team does not expect a substantial scope addition or expansion Proposed project timeline is conceived based on th task complexity, staff availability from each party, ar past experience in conducting similar sized project.Management, Planning, and Oversight RisksKBR subcontract has been issued. Other subcontract are close to execution. BTI has ownership of the background IP and no period					
performing a	Low	Low	Low	KBR quote covers essentially all the engineering aspects of the FEED study. The Project Team does not expect a substantial scope addition or expansion.	
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Contractual, performance, and IP	Low	Low	Low	are close to execution. RTI has ownership of the background IP and no new	
Wastewater management	Low	Low	Low	• • • •	

Perceived Risk	Probability	Impact	Overall	Mitigation and Response Strategies				
Technical Risks	hnical Risks hited Cooling er availability Low High L &S Risks							
Limited Cooling water availability	Low	High	Low	Team will evaluate options for hybrid / dry cooling, and use of condensed water from flue gas in the direct contact cooler, after treatment.				
EH&S Risks								
Emissions Control	Low	High		RTI will use its advanced emissions control technology developed under another DOE project in the FEED design. This technology has been demonstrated to limit amine emissions to under 1 ppm in the treated gas.				

Emissions Control Strategy

- Use of advanced emissions control technology developed in DE-FE0031660
- Operate water wash at lowest temperature possible by minimizing flue gas dew point temperature
- Higher CO₂-lean loading in solvent returned to absorber top

 Maximizing absorber intercooling to increase rich loading
 Increasing absorber L/G to increase lean loading
- Acid wash with amine recovery to minimize amine losses

Task 1 - Project Management and Planning

Task 2 - Project Design Basis Definition

Task 3 - Basic Design Package (BDP)

Task 4 - Front-End Engineering Design Study

Task 5 - Tech to Market

Task 1.1 – Project Management Plan

Task 1.2 – Technology Maturation Plan

Task 1.3 – Workforce Readiness for Technology Development

Task 1.4 – Environmental Justice Analysis

Task 1.5 – Economic Revitalization and Job Creation Outcomes Analysis

Task 2 - Project Design Basis Definition

- Task 2.1 Host site review
 - Site characteristics and ambient conditions
 - Fuel feedstock and flue gas characteristics
 - Process and utilities tie-ins
 - Host site environmental requirements
- Task 2.2 Permitting requirements review
 - Identify all permits and environmental reviews & required control technologies
 - Identify internal and corporate approvals required to initiate construction.

Task 3 – Basic Design Package

- Develop a BDP of the proposed CO₂ capture plant that will later be refined into the FEED package
 - Integration points with the cement plant
 - Process Flow Diagrams (PFD)
 - Heat and Materials Balance (HMB)
 - Sized Equipment List
 - Required Utilities
 - Identify areas for detailed evaluation
 - Cooling strategy and sourcing of makeup water for cooling towers
 - CO₂ product polishing to meet pipeline specifications

Task 4 – Front-end Engineering Design (FEED) Study

- Task 4.1 Engineering Design Package
- Task 4.2 Integration and Utilities Design
- Task 4.3 HAZOP Review
- Task 4.4 Schedule and Cost Estimation
- Task 4.5 Constructability Review

- FEED will include:
- CO₂ capture plant
- CO₂ compression
- Balance of Plant
 - all utilities
 - natural gas boiler for steam generation
 - Hybrid cooling / cooling tower
 - water treatment
 - wastewater treatment
 - evaluation of different cooling options for water management
 - CO₂ product meeting pipeline specifications

Task 5 – Tech to Market

- Task 5.1 Technoeconomic Analysis
- Task 5.2 Business Case Analysis
- Task 5.3 Lifecycle Analysis
- Task 5.4 Environmental Health & Safety Risk Analysis

Task 1 - Project Management and Planning

Task 2 - Project Design Basis Definition ✓

Task 3 - Basic Design Package (BDP) ✓

Task 4 - Front-End Engineering Design Study

Task 5 - Tech to Market

Lessons Learned

- Contracting process can be time consuming and sufficient time should be allocated in the work plan.
- Importance of availability of cooling water and cooling water temperature. This has impact on both the cost and emissions control.

Plans for Future Development

In this project

- Evaluate cooling strategies to minimize water consumption
- Evaluate amine recovery from acid wash to control emissions and minimize amine losses

After this project

- Identify CO₂ sequestration sites
- Evaluate pipeline transmission and storage costs

- RTI working with CEMEX, SLB and KBR to develop a FEED package for CO₂ capture from Balcones cement plant, with 1.6 MM t/year CO₂ capture at 95% capture efficiency.
- Project and Process Design Basis criteria finalized
- Evaluating different cooling strategies to address limited availability of cooling water.
- Currently working on finalizing the engineering design package.



Acknowledgement

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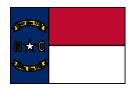


Project Funding

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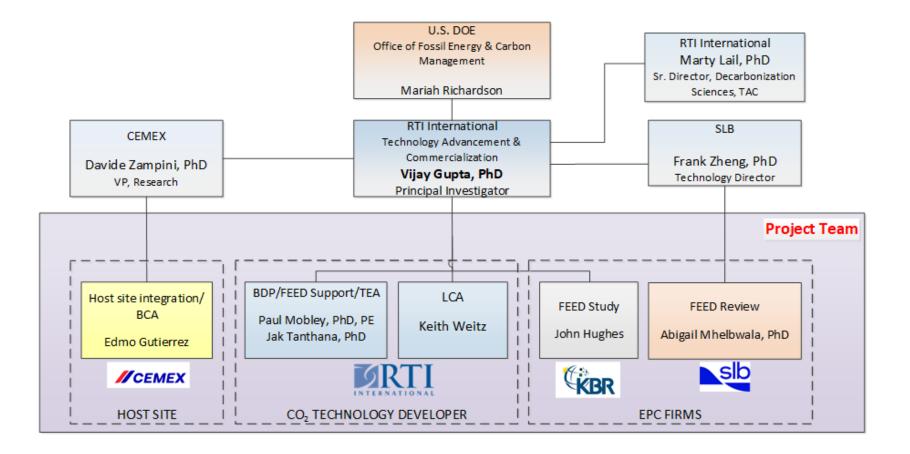








– These slides will not be discussed during the presentation but are mandatory.



GANTT Chart

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