The Development of an NETL DAC Reactor: Optimization of Direct Air Capture (DAC) Reactor **Configuration Using Artificial Intelligence (AI) Inverse Engineering Techniques**

Justin Weber, Jarret Riley, Steven Rowan, Ronald Breault US Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory, Pittsburgh PA / Morgantown WV

Goal

Use generative design techniques to optimize direct air capture (DAC) material packing configurations. Fan power requirements are a significant operation cost, can we use innovative structures to reduce pressure drop while maintaining capture rates?

Objective



What's the best configuration?



Algorithms

- Genetic algorithm (GA)
- Particle swarm (PS)
- Differential evolution (DE)
- Bayesian optimization
- TuRBO
- AMSEEAS
- Gradient Descent (GD)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF

ENERGY







gas

Research & **Innovation Center**





CFD model

Solver: simpleFoam (steady state) Mesh: 210k cells Turbulence: kOmegaSST Runtime: 4 Cores, meshes in 20s, runs in 3.5 minutes



Algorithmic

Free form



14.8

This presentation was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.

Science & Engineering To Power Our Future

N III II