

# An Overview of the Lime Industry

#### DOE Cement & Lime Decarb Workshop July 19, 20 2023

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- NLA represents 99% of commercial lime production
- Membership consists of 12 limeproducing companies, as well as associates and affiliates
- Most are privately held
- Several are small businesses



# Carbon Neutral by 2050

- Yesterday July 18<sup>th</sup> the NLA Board of Directors approved our Sustainability Pledge – carbon neutral by 2050
- Similar to the existing cement pledge

## What Is Lime?

- High purity limestone (Calcium Carbonate) is heated in a kiln
- This "calcining" process results in calcium oxide, or quicklime
- "Dolomitic" quicklime also contains magnesium
- Hydrated lime is quicklime + water



## Importance of Lime

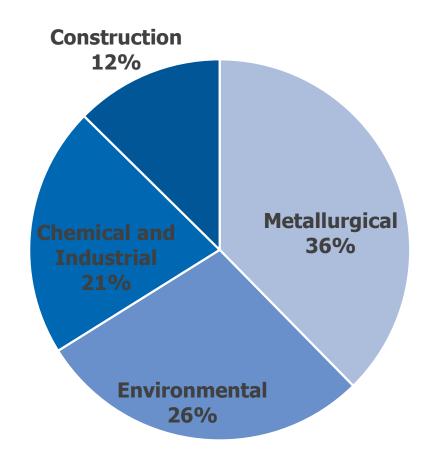
- Critical infrastructure
- Environmental: drinking water
   & wastewater treatment, flue
   gas desulfurization, treatment
   of mine drainage, neutralization
- Steel, construction, manufacturing

## Uses of Lime

(Source: USGS, 2019)



- √Steel Making
- ✓ Power Generation –Flue Gas Desulfurization
- ✓ Drinking Water Treatment
- ✓ Wastewater Treatment
- ✓ Road Construction
- ✓ Land Development
- ✓ Masonry and Mortars
- ✓ Non-Ferrous Mining



- ✓ Coal Mining Acid Mine Drainage
- ✓ Neutralization
- √ Roofing Shingles
- ✓ Paper Production
- √Glass Manufacturing
- √ Carpet Manufacturing
- √ Chemical Processes
- ✓ Animal Feed
- ✓ Agriculture and Farming



# NLA Member Kilns in Operation (2021)

Preheater Rotary: 56

Straight Rotary: 47

Vertical: 12

#### Basic Lime Plant Configuration (Preheater Rotary Kiln)

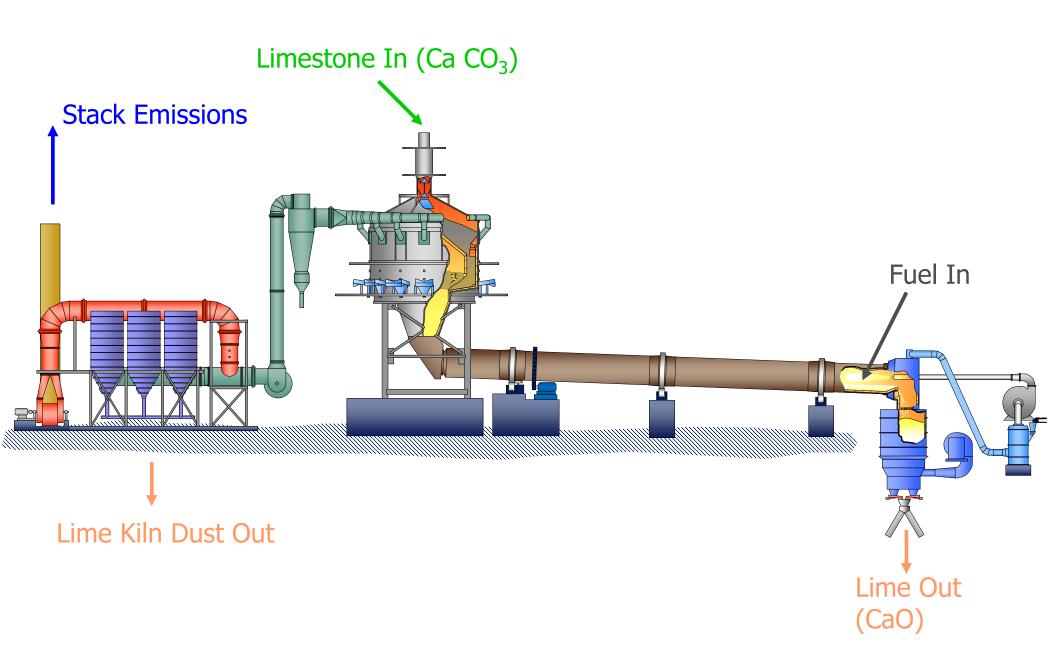
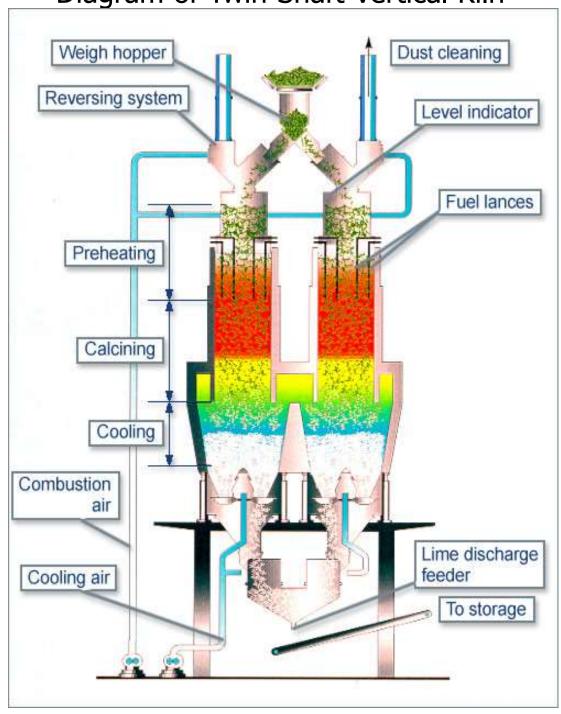


Diagram of Twin-Shaft Vertical Kiln



# Characteristics of Twin-Shaft Vertical Kilns

- Two, interconnected vertical shafts, fueled by natural gas for high efficiency
   Compared to Rotary Kilns
- Lower fuel consumption
- Lower maintenance costs
- Lower emission rates
- Higher quality lime



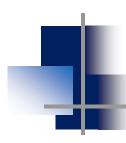
### Raw Materials

- High purity limestone required
- Unlike cement, deposits with sand, iron ore, and clay content are not suitable for lime manufacturing
- Geology dictates quarry and plant locations



### Kiln Fuel

- Most widely used fuels are coal and coke; natural gas is also used
- Hazardous waste fuel is not used in lime kilns
- Kilns use gas, No.2 fuel oil or diesel for startup
- Alternative fuels are infrequently used due to technical, economic and supply limitations
- Plant location is driven by suitable limestone reserve geography which limits fuel options



# Lime Industry Fuel Use as a % of MMBTUs (2021)

• Coal: 61

• Coke: 19

Natural Gas: 18

• Alternative Fuel: 0.6

■ Fuel Oil: 1.1





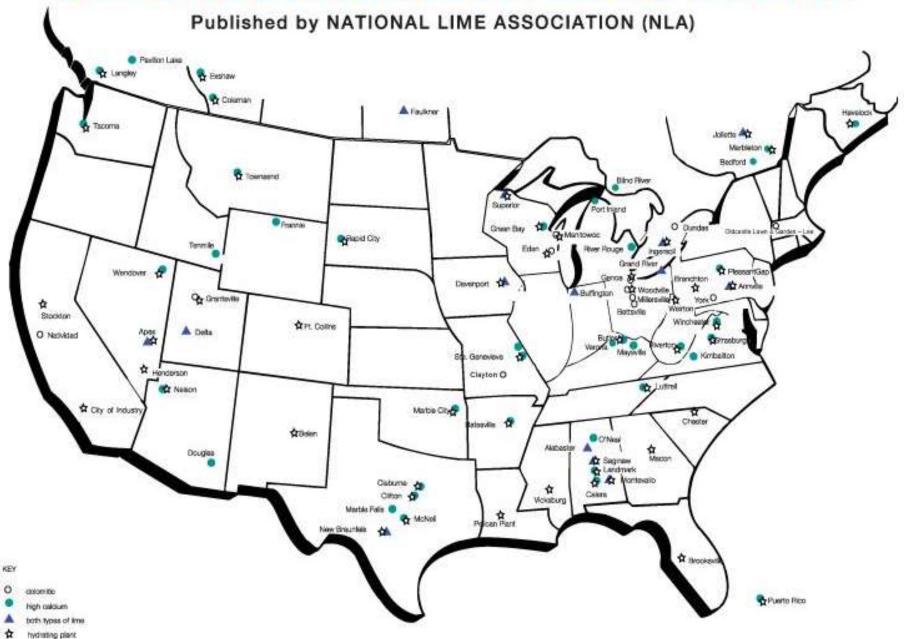
- Fabric Filter Baghouses
- Scrubbers
- Electrostatic Precipitators (ESPs)



## Who Makes Lime?

- Subject to 2004 Lime NESHAP
  - Commercial Lime Producers: approximately 15.1 million metric tons annually
  - Steel (captive)
- Not Subject to 2004 Lime NESHAP
  - Sugar (captive)
  - Pulp and Paper (captive)

#### COMMERCIAL LIME PLANTS IN THE U.S. & CANADA



#### COMMERCIAL LIME PLANTS IN THE U.S. & CANADA

