

#### 23rd Annual SOFC Project Review Meeting October 25, 2022

#### Aris Energy Solutions – DE-FE0031978 Dan Connors, COO

# Modular Fuel Cells Providing Resiliency to Data Centers and Other Critical Power Users.









Gaia Energy Research Institute

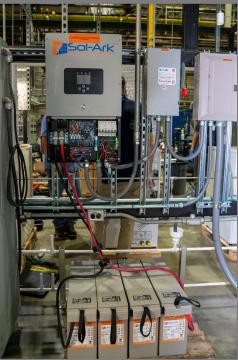
### Tasks 2-3 at National Energy Technology Laboratory Morgantown, West Virginia

Phase One - Four (4) BG-0 1.5kW Fuel Cells – 6 kW Total Phase Two - One (1) BG-60 6.0kW Fuel Cell – 6 kW

"Stress test" the BlueGen's ability to reliably disconnect from the grid in to "Island Mode" and then reliably "Load Follow" critical loads on the Year 1 6kW Quad product

In Year 3 replicate that work on the 6kW BG-60 product





## Tasks 2-3 at National Energy Technology Laboratory RESULTS/CONCLUSIONS

- 1. 6 Kw "BG-0 Quad" installed and operated at/above rated 60% electrical efficiency at/above rated fuel cell power.
- 2. Electrical 1-line was developed and implement to enable the BlueGen fuel cell European electrical output to interact with the US building/grid.
- 3. Used an "AC coupling" approach to successfully toggle from grid tied to off grid mode many times and operate at full power, always able to reconnect when grid restored, but was not able to reliably demonstrate "dynamic load following" on the BG-0 BlueGen
- Subsequent Phase 2 work at NETL (Task 3) should utilize later BlueGen BG-15 design, with DC output, plus some assist from batteries, and Phase 1 lessons learned in a dynamic load following demonstration

### Task 2 work at National Energy Technology Laboratory

#### Installing SOFC Stacks into the Balance of Plant



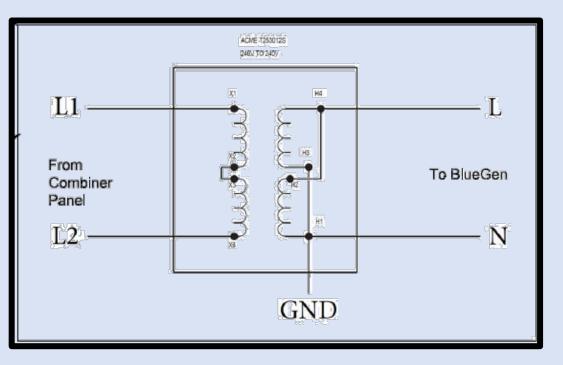
The solid oxide stacks for the BlueGen fuel cells are shipped separately from the Balance of Plant (BOP). A skilled factory trained technician carefully installed the SOFC stack onto manifold, the manifold was then placed into the hot box, and the hot box installed into the BOP.

## Task 2 Work at National Energy Technology Laboratory

A transformer was used to allow the BlueGen fuel cell European electrical voltage to interact with Hybrid Inverter and Building Grid

Terminals	BlueGen VAC	
L to N	220	
L to G	220	
N to G	0	

Terminals	US VAC
L1 to N	120
L2 to N	120
L1 to L2	240



## Task 2 Work at National Energy Technology Laboratory Load Testing 6kW BlueGen SOFC System

The objectives of the evaluation are:

- Understand the BlueGEN/Sol-Ark system response during the transition to off-grid mode
- Test the capability of the standalone operation of BlueGEN Appliances
- Gather information to develop protocols for the load-following testing

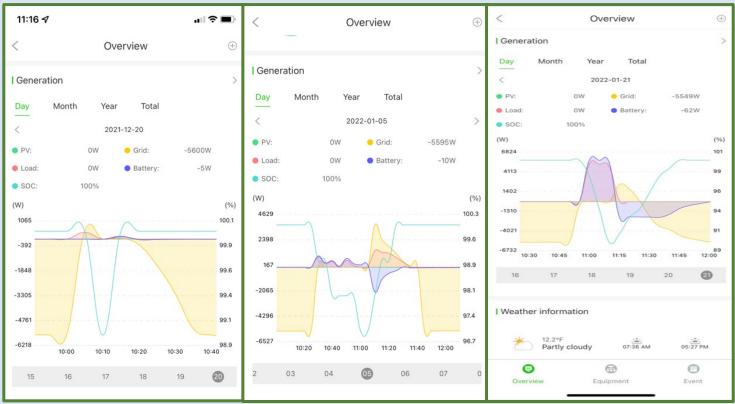
#	Date	E-Load
#	Date	Set Point
Test #1	Monday, December 20, 2021	6000
Test #2	Wednesday, January 5, 2022	2500
Test #3	Friday, January 21, 2022	4950
Test #4	Wednesday, February 16, 2022	3000
Test #5	Wednesday, February 23, 2022	750
Test #6	Monday, February 28, 2022	750
Test #7	Tuesday, March 15, 2022	3000
Test #8	Monday, March 21, 2022	750
Test #9	Monday, April 4, 2022	NA



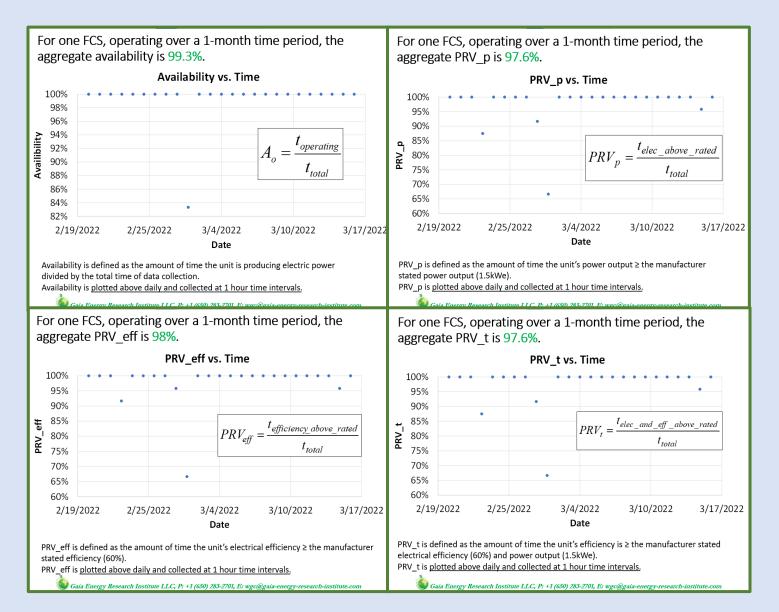
California Instruments 3091LD AC Electronic Load in foreground and Sol-Ark hybrid inverter as "AC Coupling" in background

## Task 2 Work at National Energy Technology Laboratory

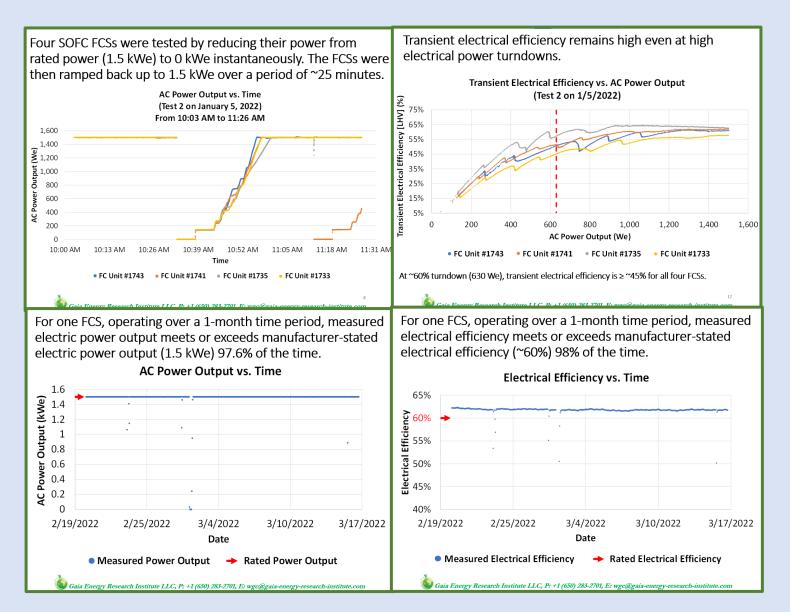
Although the BlueGEN units were able to operate at peak-rated capacity in off-grid operation, they were unable to load follow. The units repeatedly demonstrates the ability to ramp up output after shutting down from a grid disconnect event. The newer model BG-15 will be able to load follow to a much greater degree, should be accompanied by some battery support to dynamically load follow, and will be easier in a DC output fuel cell. This configuration is planned for the 2<sup>nd</sup> phase of work at NETL



#### Task 2/Task 7 Work at NETL Task 7 TEA by Gaia Energy Energy Research Institute



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#### Tasks 4-5 with West Virginia University Research Corporation at NASA Katherine Johnson IVVF Facility, Fairmont, WV

Phase One - Sixteen (16) BG-15 1.5kW Fuel Cells – 24 kW Phase Two - Eleven (11) BG-15 1.5kW Fuel Cells – 16.5 kW Total Site Installed kilowatts – 40.5 kW



Demonstrate a modular approach to scaling to higher kW range via a Resilient 24kW prototype system of BG-15 units, in service to power critical data center loads at the NASA/Fairmont WV facility for 12 months, and integrate multiple AC coupling systems

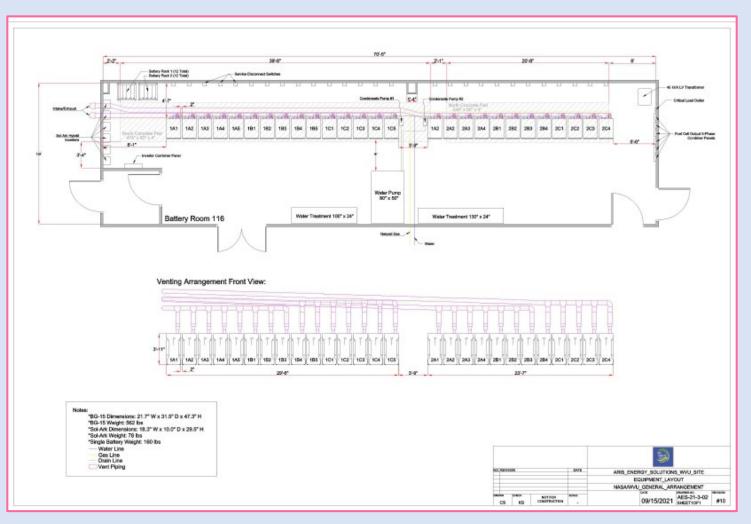
In Phase 2 at NASA, incorporate lessons learned to complete second part of the NASA data center installation, with an additional 16.5kW BG-15 capacity to operate for 12 months

## Task 4 Work With WVURC at NASA Fairmont, VW RESULTS/CONCLUSIONS

- 1. Engineering to integrate the fuel cells in the facility is approximately 80% complete.
  - a) There was considerable work required to design and review suitable 1-line electrical plan to integrate in client's facility.
  - b) Mechanical layout drawing with gas/water/venting runs prepared
- 2. WVURC/NASA authorized shipment. Delivery of (16) Fuel cells from Germany delayed due to logistics challenges but now arrived at NASA/Fairmont
- 3. Installation work is approximately 15% complete

#### Task 4 Work with WVURC at the NASA Fairmont WV Site

# Fuel Cell Room with 27 BlueGen BG15 SOFC's Gas, Water, Venting Manifolds



## Task 6 Field Demonstration at Commercial Critical Power User Site

- Four (4) BG-15 1.5kW Fuel Cells 6 kW
- Install/operate a 6kW BG-15 Quad at a commercial user site for 12 months

Original host site, a modular data center, had changing priorities with DoD work so it is being replaced with another suitable site.

Discussions with candidate sites:

- Major Electric Utility Public School System (resilient EV charging)
- Small Municipal Microgrid
- Major Urban Hospital
- National Retail Banking Firm
- Food Distribution Center



Example 7.5kW system shown above

## The Confirmation of the new site requires:

- Commercial agreement with new end user
- Submittal of DOE Environmental Survey
- DOE approval of new plan

#### Task 7 – TEA by Gaia Energy Research Institute

Over the 3 year program, Gaia Energy Research Institute, who has an intimate understanding of fuel cell technologies and economics, will chart a path towards the cost and market goals.

#### **Results and Conclusions**

Gaia has also analyzed the operating performance of the BlueGen SOFC system deployed at NETL.

Conclusions:

• (1) **Availability** is defined as the time that the system is operating compared with the total time since commissioning. An analysis of the measured data indicates average availabilities are **~99.3%**.

• (2) **Performance at Rated Value (PRV) for Efficiency** is defined as the time that the system is operating at or above the rated electric efficiency, which is **60%** for these systems. An analysis of the measured data indicates average PRVs for Efficiency are **~98%**.

• (3) Performance at Rated Value (PRV) for Power is defined as the time that the system is operating at or above the rated electric power, which is 1.5 kW for these systems. An analysis of the measured data indicates average PRVs for Power are ~97.6%.

• (4) **Performance at Rated Value (PRV) for Efficiency and Power** is defined as the time that the system is operating at or above both the rated electrical efficiency, 60%, and at or above the rated electric power, 1.5 kW. An analysis of the measured data indicates average **PRV for Efficiency and Power** are ~97.6%.

#### Looking Forward

- 1. Task 4 WVURC/NASA Phase 1 Completion
  - a) Installation, Start-up, and Commissioning
- 2. Task 3 NETL Phase 2
  - a) Dynamic load following. Aris recommending BG-15 fuel cell with DC output, batteries, SolArk hybrid inverter, and controls
- 3. Task 5 WVURC/NASA Phase 2
  - a) Installation/Start-up and Commissioning
- 4. Task 6 Commercial Critical Power User Field Demonstration
- 5. Task 7 Techno Economic Assessment



## Thank you

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