

# Project PARETO – DOE's Produced Water Optimization Initiative

## Resource Sustainability Meeting



**PARETO**  
The Produced Water  
Optimization Initiative

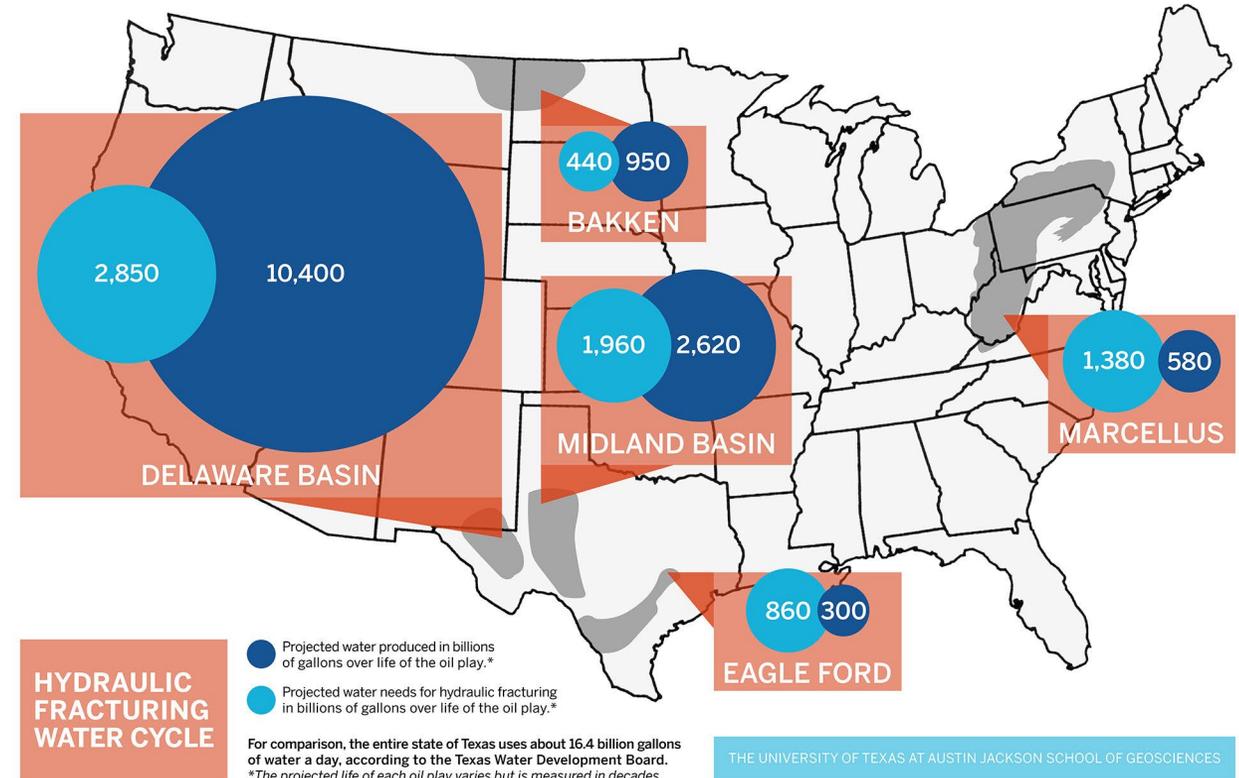
October 2022



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

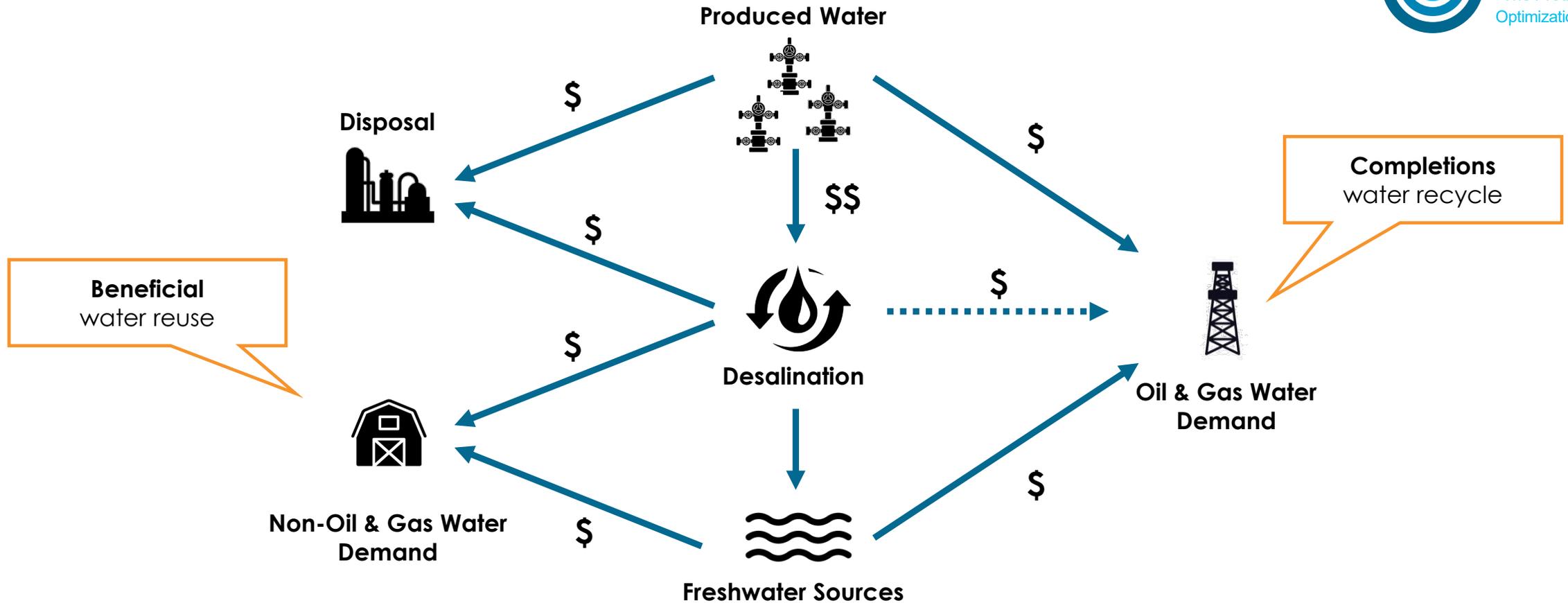
# Introduction: Oil & Gas Produced Water

- **Well-known:** oil & gas development requires water (e.g., >1 MM bbl per well)
- Water is used to drill wells and to fracture oil-/gas-bearing formations
- **Less-known:** water is co-produced as oil & gas is recovered from the reservoir
- So-called “**produced water**” is a waste byproduct to upstream operators
- The amount of co-produced water varies significantly basin-by-basin



**The U.S. oil & gas industry produces more water than it consumes.**

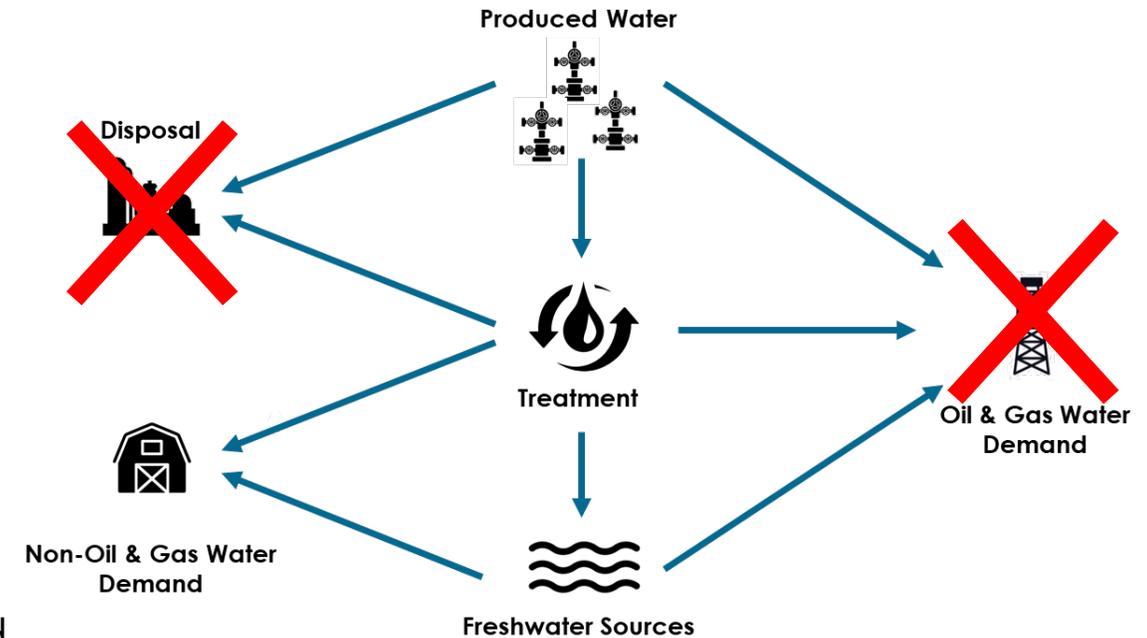
# Motivation: Produced Water Management Options



Produced water management is a complex supply chain optimization problem.

# Perspective: Foreseeable Challenges

- 1) Produced water **volumes are increasing** at rapid pace due to recent O&G activity
- 2) Disposal capacity is **swiftly decreasing** (rising well pressures, induced seismicity)
- 3) Oil & gas development activity by itself **cannot “absorb” all produced water**
  - even if O&G uses no freshwater at all:  
produced water supply >> O&G water demand
  - produced water recycling in oil & gas not enough



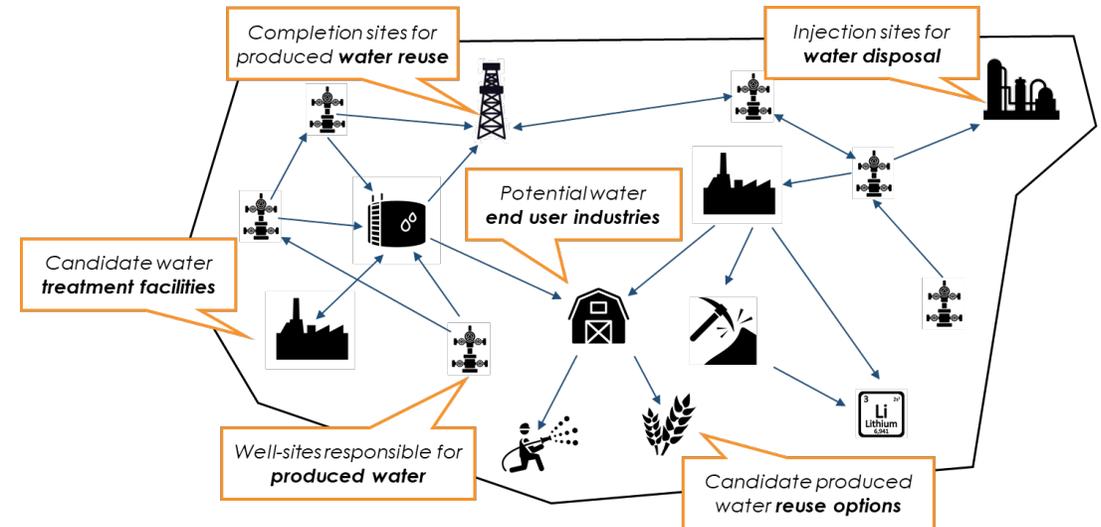
**It is clear that the oil & gas industry needs to find new ways of dealing with produced water – and it seems that treatment (i.e., desalination) may become a necessity.**

# Introduction: Project PARETO

**Goal: Develop free and open-source software (“PARETO”) to help organizations transport, treat, store, inject and/or reuse produced water from onshore oil & gas operations.**

PARETO helps with:

- buildout** of the produced water infrastructure
  - management** of produced water volumes
  - selection** of effective treatment technologies
  - placement & sizing** of treatment facilities
  - identification** of beneficial water reuse options
  - distribution** of treated produced water for reuse
- Views produced water from “systems” perspective
  - Aims to serve as a resource to the community



2021	2022	2023	Total Value
\$850k	\$2,100k	\$3,160k	\$4,750k+

**PARETO is meant to become a trusted decision-support tool for the extended produced water community (i.e., upstream operators, midstream/service companies, regulators, ...).**

# How does PARETO work at a high level?

PARETO builds a digital twin of YOUR system and determines the best possible solution for YOU

Use pre-built spreadsheet templates or connect to database

## 1. Plug in Data

- Produced water forecast
- Existing infrastructure
- Expansion opportunities
- Cost assumptions
- ...



## 2. Select your ...

### a) Preferred Objective(s)

- Minimize LOE (upstream)
- Maximize profits (midstream)
- Facilitate reuse (regulator)
- ...

### b) Applicable Constraints

- Logistics (e.g., flow balances)
- Engineering (e.g., equipment sizing)
- Business (e.g., cash flow)
- ...



PARETO immediately visualizes the solution and stores results

## 3. Get Recommendations

- Suggested fluid flow
- Proposed infrastructure buildout
- Environmental performance
- Anticipated economics or KPIs
- ...



**PARETO does not just calculate, predict or simulate possible scenarios; the program makes specific recommendations on how to improve your PW management strategy.**

## Deeper Dive: How can PARETO help the produced water community?

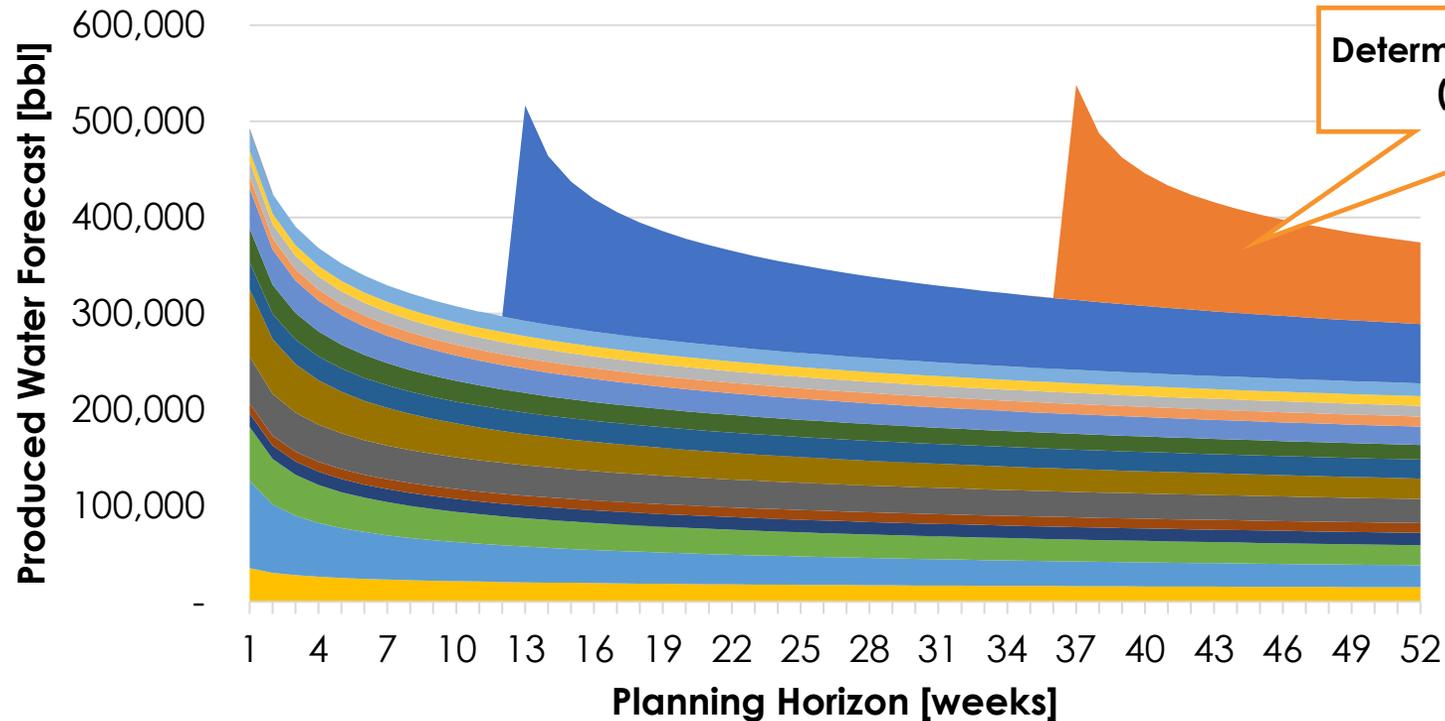
# Setup: A Typical Permian Basin Produced Water System

Given: a produced water forecast  
(i.e., PARETO input)

- PP01
- PP02
- PP03
- PP04
- PP05
- PP06
- PP07
- PP08
- PP09
- PP10
- PP11
- PP12
- PP13
- PP14
- CP01
- CP02
- CP03

activity;  
failed

Determine: find "home" for water  
(i.e., PARETO output)



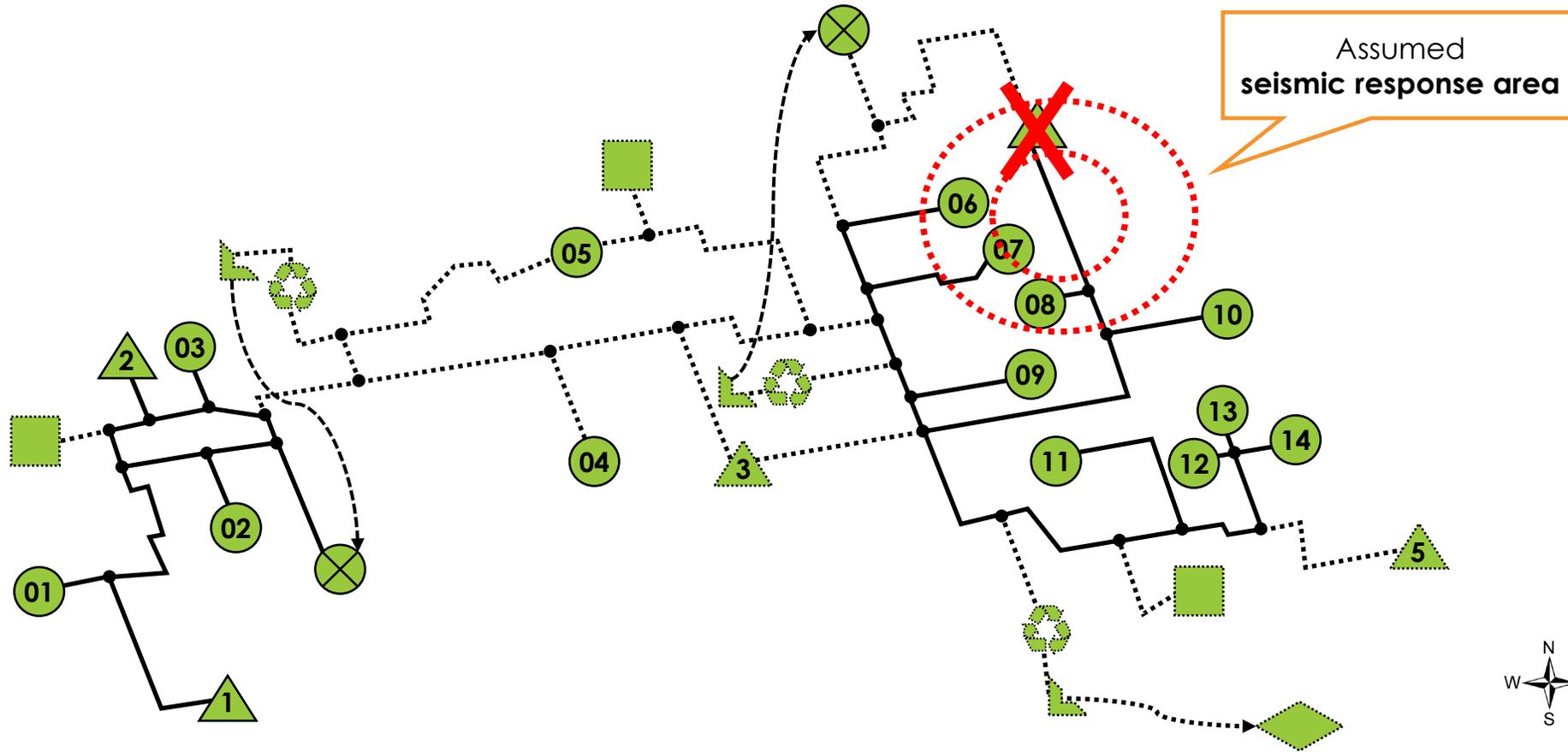
- ⊗ Completions pad
- ▲ PW injection option
- ♻️ PW treatment option
- ⚙️ Treated PW pit option
- PW desalination option
- ◇ PW sharing option
- Existing pipeline
- ⋯ Pipeline option

limiting injection volumes locally

Representative  
Example Only



# Outcome: PARETO-Proposed Infrastructure Buildout



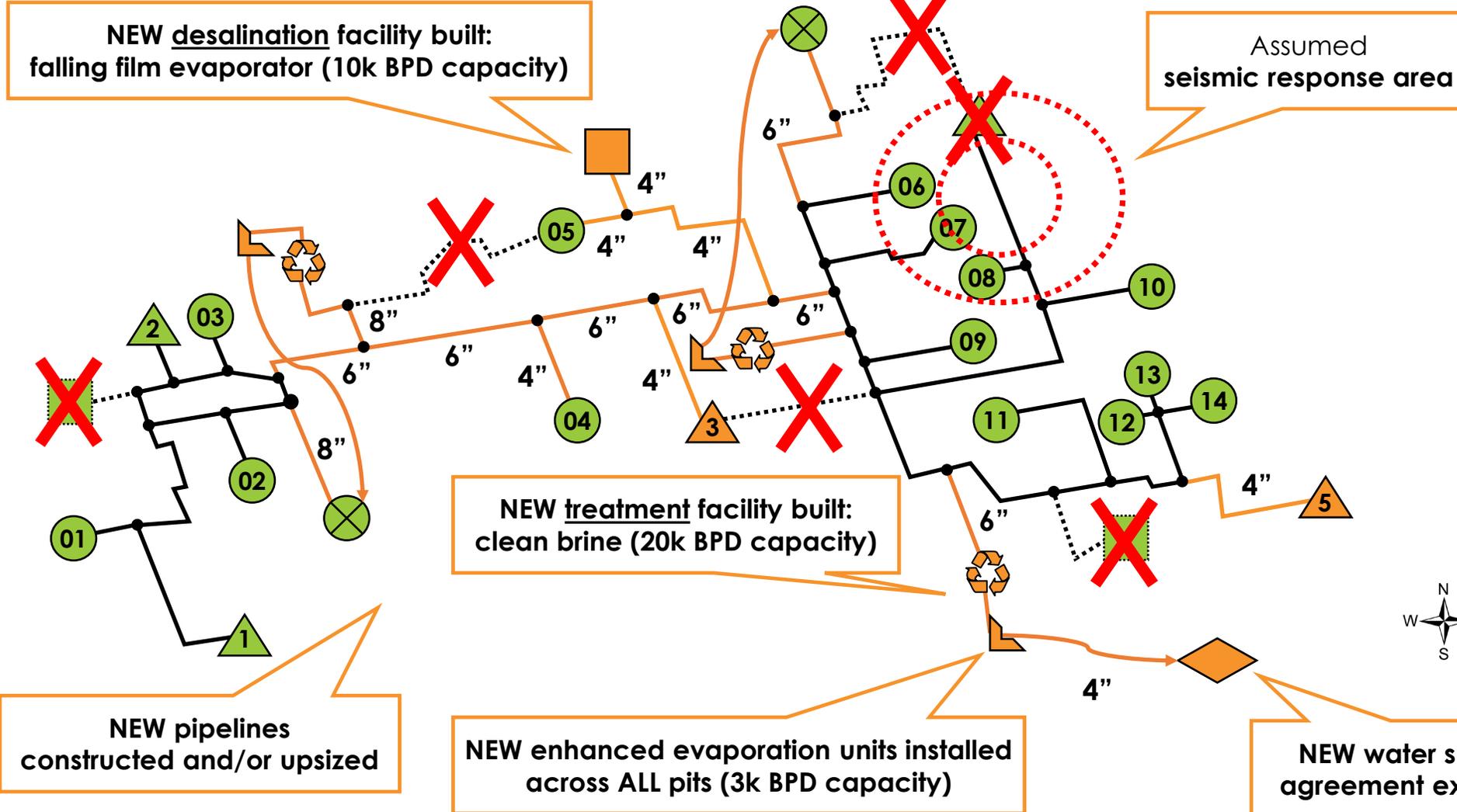
## Legend

-  Production pad
-  Completions pad
-  PW injection **option**
-  PW treatment **option**
-  Treated PW pit **option**
-  PW desalination **option**
-  PW sharing **option**
-  Existing pipeline
-  Pipeline **option**



**Representative Example Only**

# Outcome: PARETO-Proposed Infrastructure Buildout

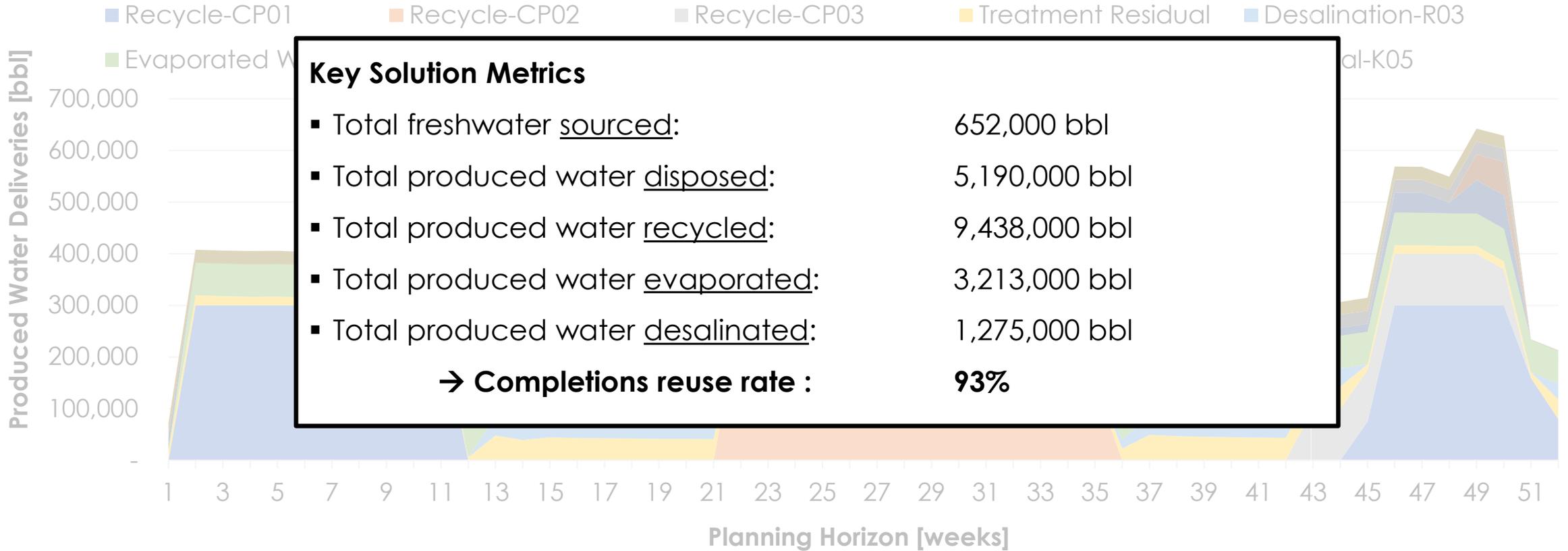


**Legend**

- Production pad
- ⊗ Completions pad
- ▲ PW injection **option**
- ♻️ PW treatment **option**
- └─┘ Treated PW pit **option**
- PW desalination **option**
- ◊ PW sharing **option**
- Existing pipeline
- ⋯ Pipeline **option**

**Representative Example Only**

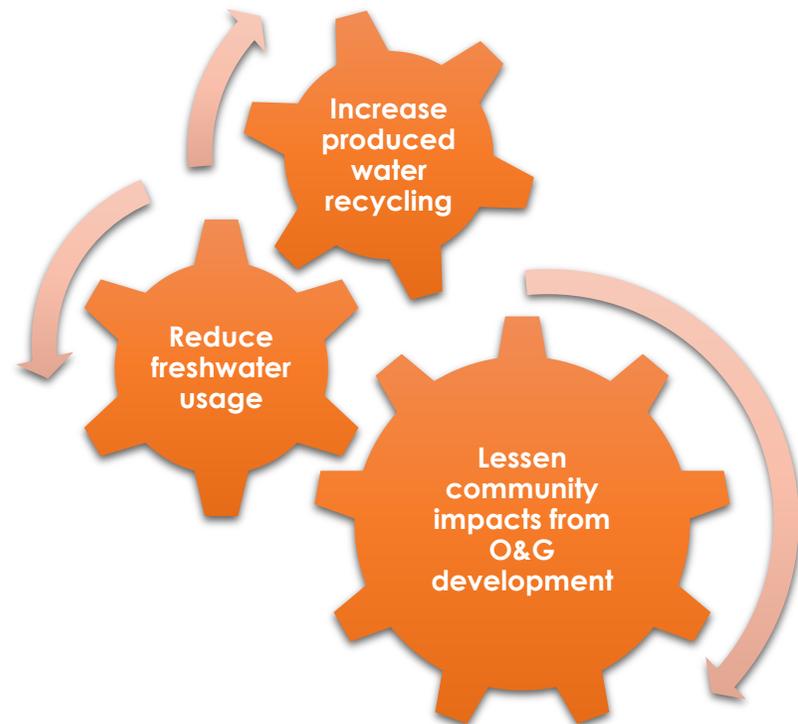
# Outcome: PARETO-Proposed Water Deliveries



**PARETO prescribes where – over time – produced water volumes are ultimately delivered to by destinations (including completions pads, disposal sites, desalination facilities).**

# Pillars of Produced Water Optimization

PARETO will **advance DOE's goals** in the produced water space:



Example of  
**optimization impact**

	Without Optimization		With Optimization
<b>Truck Routing</b>	Water trucks are routed primarily based on <b>hauler experience</b>	<p><b>25% Cost Reduction</b></p>	Water trucks are routed exclusively by the optimization based on <b>drive time data</b>
<b>Recycling Campaign</b>	Flowback & production water mostly sent to <b>disposal facilities</b>		Flowback & production water <b>recycled</b> as much as possible to meet frac water demand
<b>Storage Management</b>	<b>Reactive</b> production tank management: wait for tanks to fill, then empty		<b>Proactive</b> production tank management: empty tanks as soon as outlet nearby available
<b>Freshwater Trucking</b>	<b>Significant volumes</b> even when production water is available nearby		<b>Last resort</b> , only when no pipeline available and impaired water recycling maxed out
<b>Truck Count</b>	Longer drives due to poor routing translates into <b>more trucks</b> on the road	<p><b>25% Truck Reduction</b></p>	Efficient routing and coordinated storage management <b>decrease trucking activity</b>
<b>Environmental Impact</b>	Limited production water recycling requires <b>substantial freshwater</b>	<p><b>35% Freshwater Reduction</b></p>	Increased produced water recycling <b>reduces freshwater consumption &amp; disposal volumes</b>
<b>Safety Record</b>	More trucks on the road <b>increases risk</b> of accidents, injuries & spills	<p><b>30% Incident Reduction</b></p>	Less trucks on the road implies <b>less potential</b> for accidents, driver fatigue, injuries

**PARETO will help the community (1) reduce freshwater consumption, (2) maximize produce water recycling, and (3) lessen community impacts.**

# Community Engagement

# Project PARETO Stakeholder Board



## Context

- In 2021, DOE established an open [produced water optimization stakeholder board](#)
- The Board involves **over 30 organizations** representing the produced water community\*
- Its main purpose is to ensure DOE is addressing **timely and important challenges**
- The project team regularly consults the stakeholder board to **better serve the community**

## Regular Board Meetings

- Generally, very well-attended (virtual & in-person)
- Organizations include *Range Resources, ConocoPhillips, Chevron, Olympus Energy, Aris, XRI Water, Exterran, Redox Systems, B3 Insight, ...*



The PARETO stakeholder board in action at its most recent in-person meeting in Midland, TX, in August 2022

**Engagement with the produced water optimization stakeholder board is a cornerstone of “Project PARETO”.**

# Ongoing Industrial Collaborations



The team is **actively collaborating** with several industrial partners:



<b>Basin</b>	Appalachian	Permian	Permian
<b>Segment</b>	Upstream	Upstream	Midstream
<b>Case Study Focus</b>	Truck routing, storage placement/sizing, treatment/disposal cost sensitivities	Capacity expansion (injection, pipelines, storage), third party constraints	Water management, desalination integration, beneficial reuse
<b>PARETO Model</b>	Operational	Strategic	Strategic

Details of the collaboration between DOE and Olympus Energy were recently published in a [joint article](#).

## Related Efforts

# PARETO for Produced Water Sharing

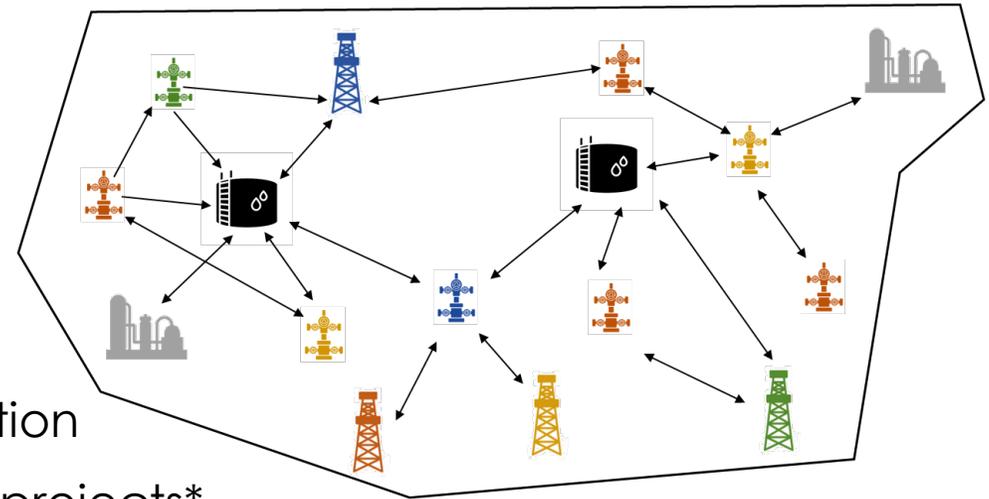


**Goal:** This project extends the PARETO framework to develop an optimization-based produced water exchange platform to facilitate the sharing of water within basins.



The extension would be expected to optimize:

- which** parties could benefit from water sharing
  - how** much water each party delivers or receives
  - where** water needs to be delivered to
  - whether** and how to leverage storage facilities
  - how** credits/debits should be distributed fairly
  - which** benefits the community can realize
- Quantify the benefits of water sharing to facilitate adoption
  - Draw on DOE and GWPC successes with states on data projects\*



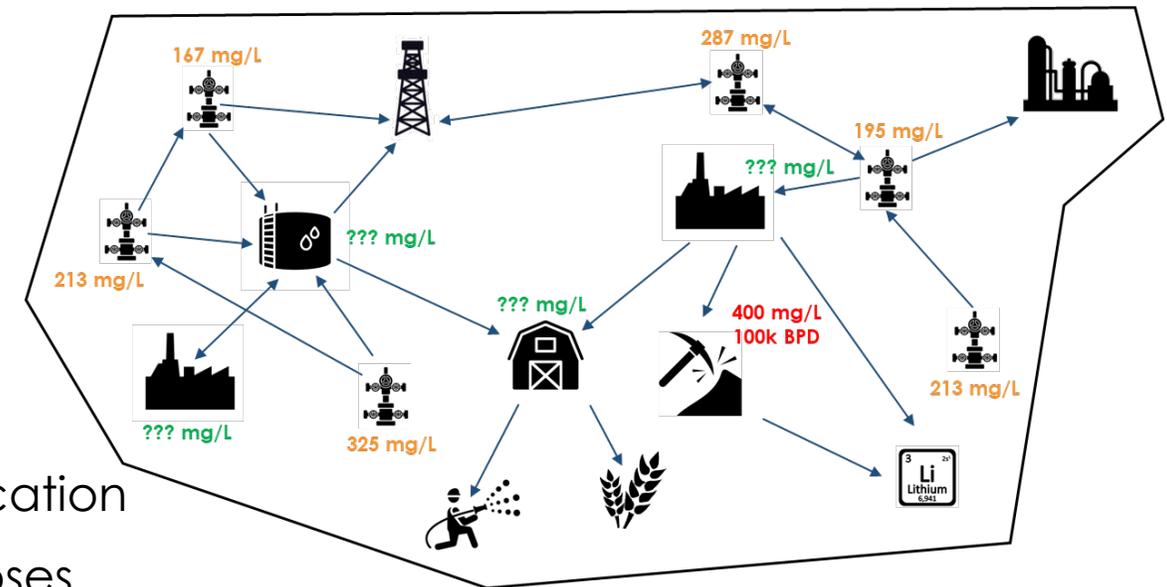
**This work will allow DOE to support the produced water community in maximizing produced water reuse, reducing freshwater consumption, and restricting injection volumes.**

# PARETO for REE/CM Recovery

**Goal: This project extends the PARETO framework to design and operate multi-enterprise networks for REE/CM recovery from produced water and other waters/fluids\*.**

The extended framework is expected to identify:

- which** wells/sources contribute to the mine feed
  - how** much brine should be delivered over time
  - where** pipelines need to be constructed
  - whether** and how to leverage storage facilities
  - how** much brine intensification will be required
  - which** type of brine intensification is suitable
- Develop models/algorithms specifically for this application
  - Leverage machine learning models for various purposes

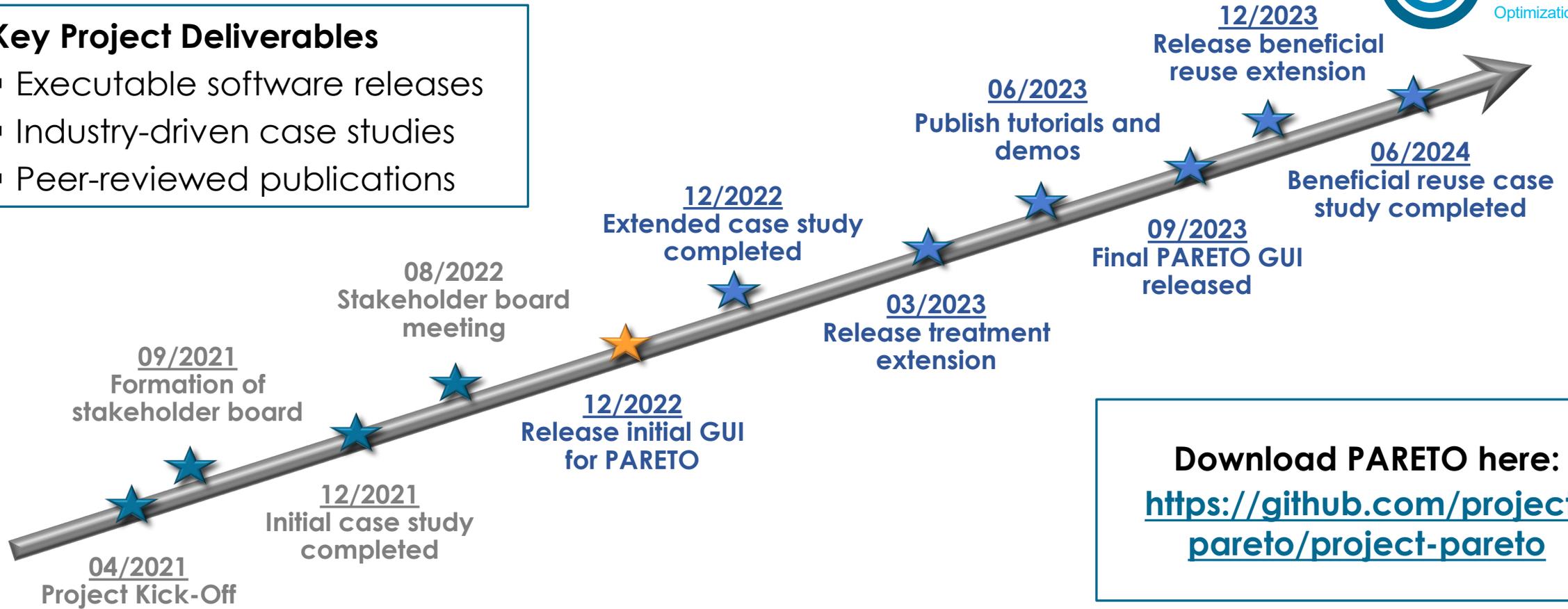


**The work will allow DOE and the produced water community better explore opportunities for REE/CM recovery from domestic resources.**

# Project Timeline & Deliverables

## Key Project Deliverables

- Executable software releases
- Industry-driven case studies
- Peer-reviewed publications



Download PARETO here:  
<https://github.com/project-pareto/project-pareto>

**DOE's goal is to make this technology as accessible and useful as possible.**

# The PARETO Team



## **NETL:**

Markus Drouven  
Miguel Zamarripa  
Melody Shellman  
Naresh Susarla  
Travis Arnold  
Sitoshna Jatty  
Anthony Burgard  
David Miller  
Jared Ciferno

## **LBNL:**

Dan Gunter  
Deb Agarwal  
Lisa Henthorne  
Karen Work  
Keith Beattie  
Ludovico Bianchi  
Lavanya Ramakrishnan  
Michael Pesce  
Sarah Poon

## **CMU:**

Lorenz Biegler  
Carl Laird  
Sakshi Naik  
Daniel Ovalle

## **Georgia Tech:**

Nick Sahinidis  
Santanu Dey

**We gratefully acknowledge support from the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Fossil Energy and Carbon Management, through the Environmentally Prudent Stewardship Program.**

# Thank You!

For questions and comments, please contact our  
Case Study Advisor, Karen Work ([kkwork2008@lbl.gov](mailto:kkwork2008@lbl.gov)) or the  
Stakeholder Coordinator, Lisa Henthorne ([lhenthorne@lbl.gov](mailto:lhenthorne@lbl.gov)), or the  
Technical Director, Markus Drouven ([markus.drouven@netl.doe.gov](mailto:markus.drouven@netl.doe.gov)).

Visit **PARETO website:**

<https://www.project-pareto.org/>

Download **PARETO Library:**

<https://github.com/project-pareto/project-pareto>

Read **PARETO documentation:**

<https://pareto.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

# Project Details



## Project Information

FWP Number: **1022477**

FWP Title: **An Optimization Framework for Produced Water Management and Beneficial Reuse**

Program Office: **Natural Gas & Oil**

Recipient Organization: **National Energy Technology Laboratory (NETL)**

Planned Project Start Date: **04/01/2021**

Planned Project End Date: **03/31/2024**

## FECM-HQ Program Manager

Name: **Hichem Hadjeres**

Email: [\*\*Hichem.Hadjeres@hq.doe.gov\*\*](mailto:Hichem.Hadjeres@hq.doe.gov)

Phone: **617-599-5895**

