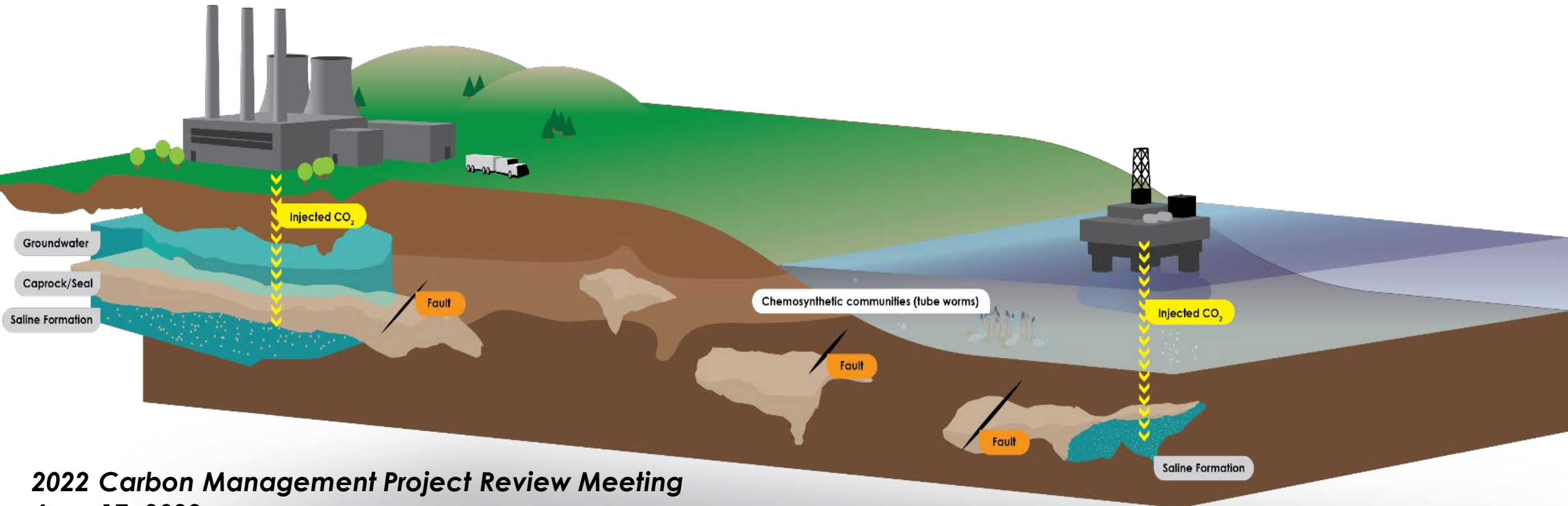


Offshore CO₂ Saline Storage Methodology and Calculator

Solutions for Today | Options for Tomorrow



Lucy Romeo
NETL Support Contractor



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Technical Background

Research Problem and Resolution

Problem:

- The *validated, volumetric DOE CS method* (Goodman et al., 2016) for calculating resource potential is **identical for onshore and offshore systems**

$$G_{CO_2} = A_t h_g \Phi_t \rho E_{saline}$$

G_{CO_2} = Amount of CO₂

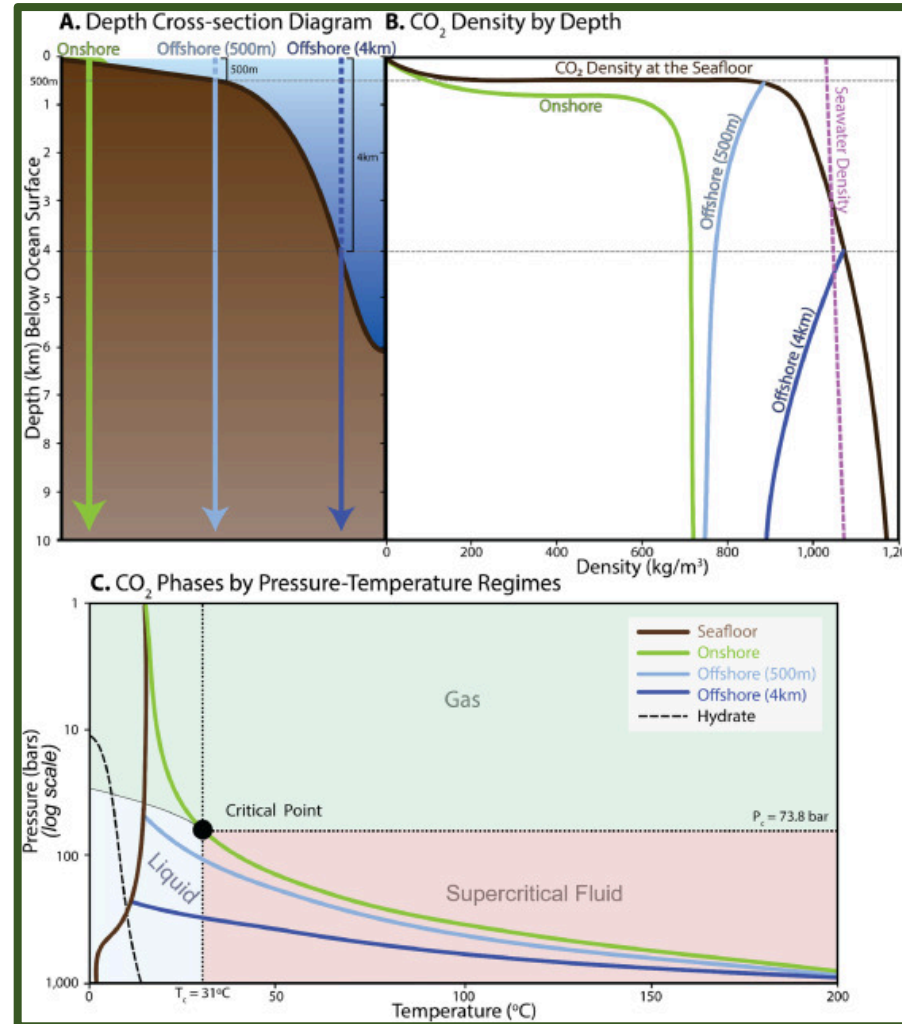
A_t = Total area

h_g = Gross height

Φ_t = Total porosity

ρ = CO₂ density at storage site

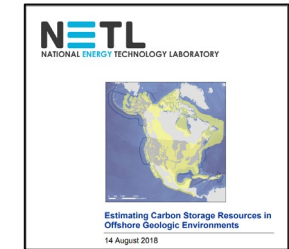
E_{saline} = Saline efficiency



Romeo et al. 2022

Offshore ≠ Onshore

- CO₂ density
- Unlithified sediments are more porous and permeable



Cameron et al. 2018

Solution:
Adapted the DOE CS method for **offshore saline systems** to account for key differences.

OCSS: Offshore CO₂ Saline Storage Methodology



Methodology supporting top-down assessments for offshore saline systems

- **Science-based screening methodology to estimate saline storage potential**
- Storage estimates (G_{CO_2}) and saline efficiency (E_{saline}) estimates are calculated using *all possible variable combinations*
- Produces **distributions of G_{CO_2}**
- Does not factor in time-dependent processes

$$E_{saline} = E_A E_H E_\Phi E_d E_v$$

$$G_{CO_2} = A_t h_g \Phi_t \rho E_{saline}$$

E_{saline} = Saline efficiency

G_{CO_2} = Amount of CO₂

E_A = Area efficiency

A_t = Total area

E_H = Height efficiency

h_g = Gross height

E_Φ = Porosity efficiency

Φ_t = Total porosity

E_v = Volumetric displacement

ρ = CO₂ density at storage site

E_d = Microscopic displacement

E_{saline} = Saline efficiency



Romeo et al. 2022

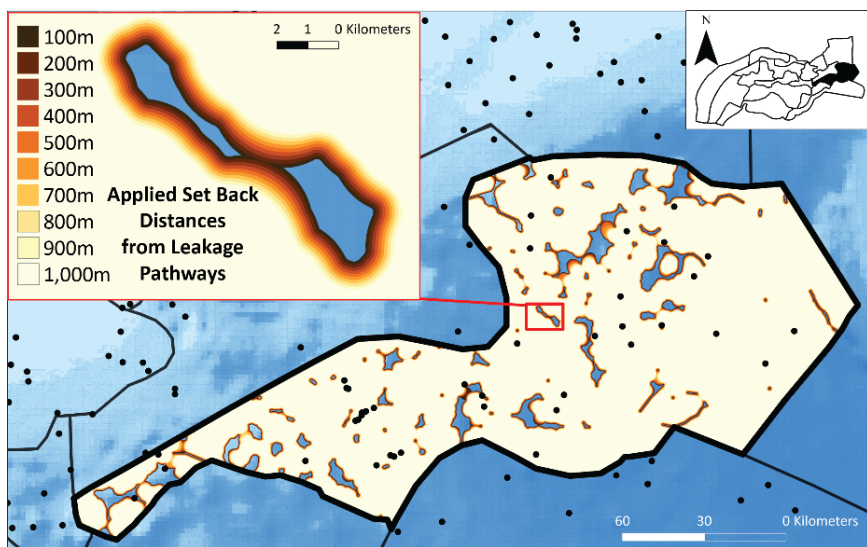
Values Delivered:
Provides top-down, volumetric saline storage estimates for regional, long-term planning

Fills assessment need before site-specific, or commercial estimates

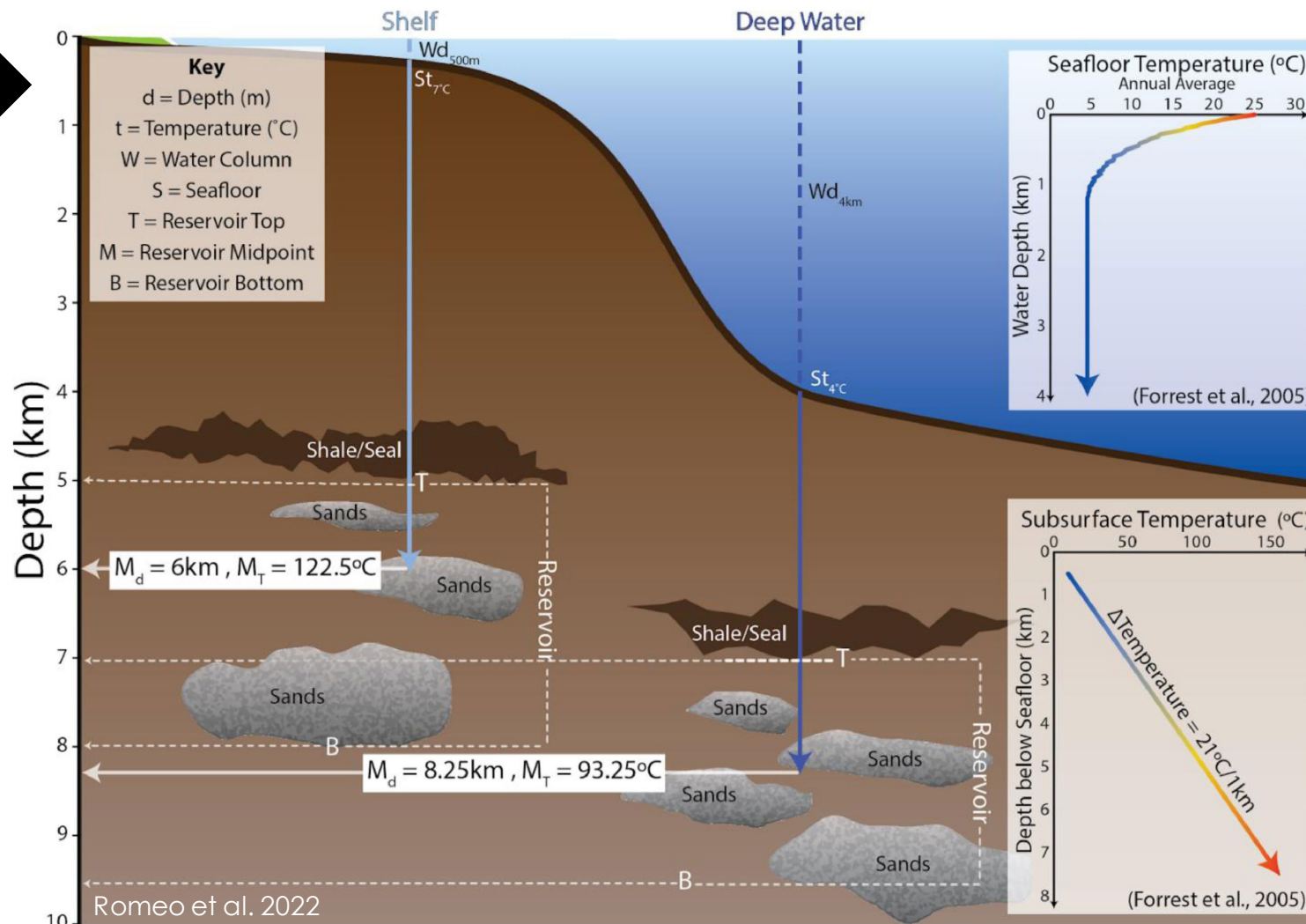
OCSS Methodology

Accounting the offshore saline system

- **CO₂ density and phase** given overlying water column
- **Setback distances to support risk mitigation**
- Depositional environments (Gorecki et al., 2009)



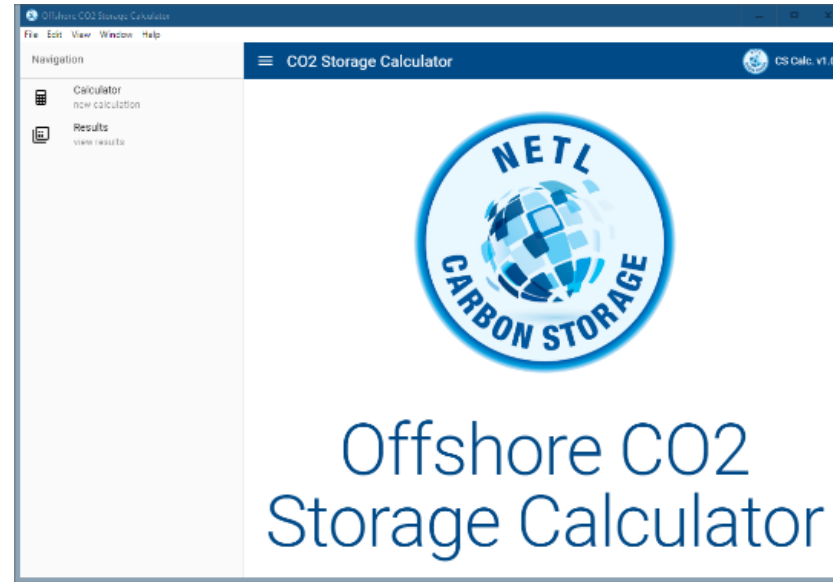
Romeo et al. 2022



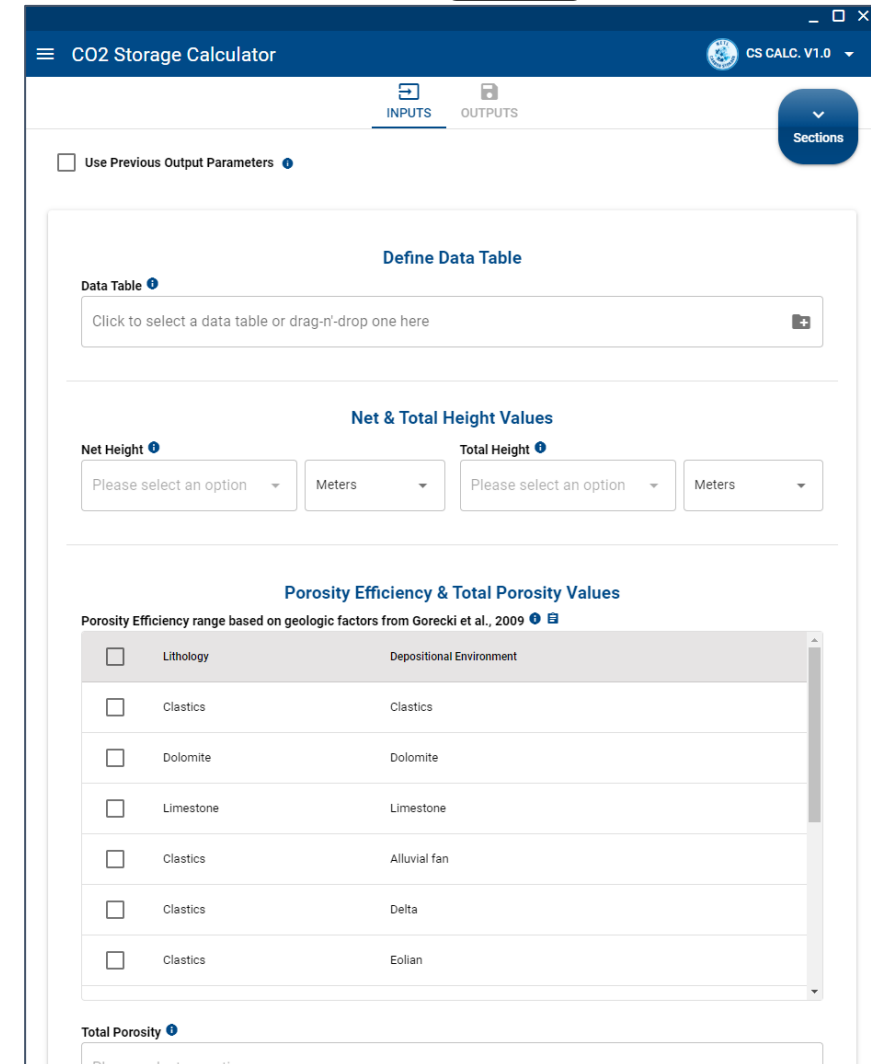
Offshore CO₂ Saline Storage Calculator

Desktop tool mechanizing the OCCS Methodology

- **Standalone** (Python v3.7)
- Enables **multi-scale assessments**
- Leverages **power of spatial data**
- **Flexible tool enables customization**
 - 10 - 20 parameters
 - Data availability
 - Interpreted well logs
 - Literature
 - Spatial data



Tool is currently available on  EDX Energy Data eXchange



OCSS Calculator Outputs

Tool outputs for visualization and additional analytics

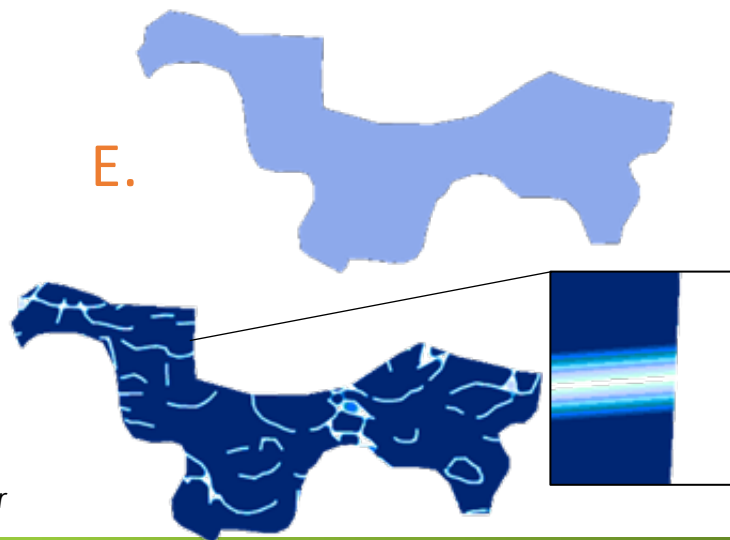
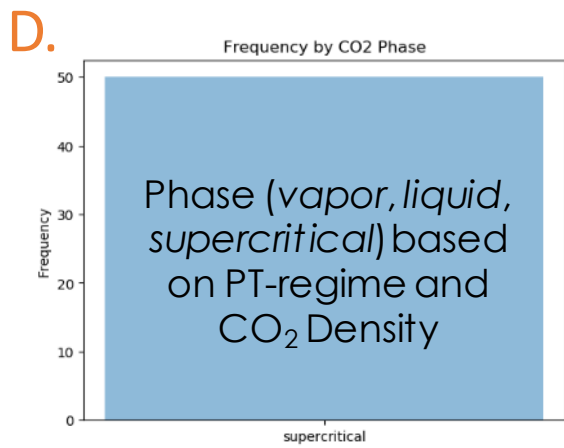
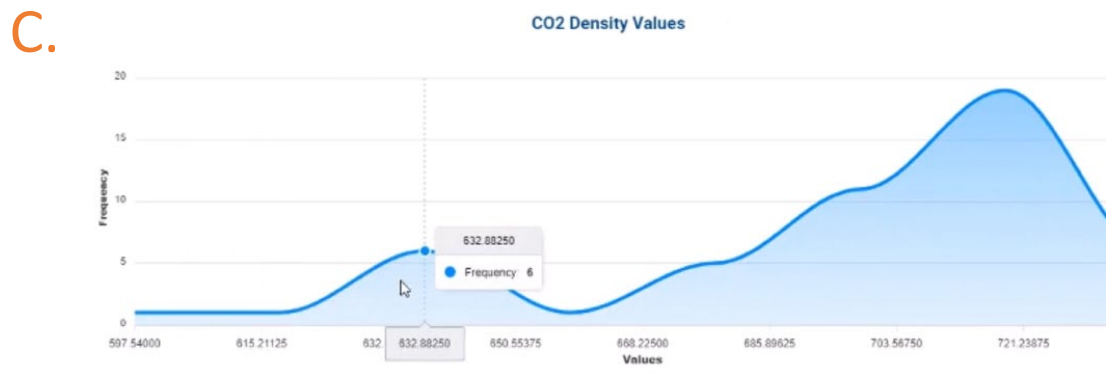
- A. Data table
- B. Summary table
- C. Variable distributions*
- D. Phase distributions*
- E. Spatial data*

* *Optional outputs*

A.

B.

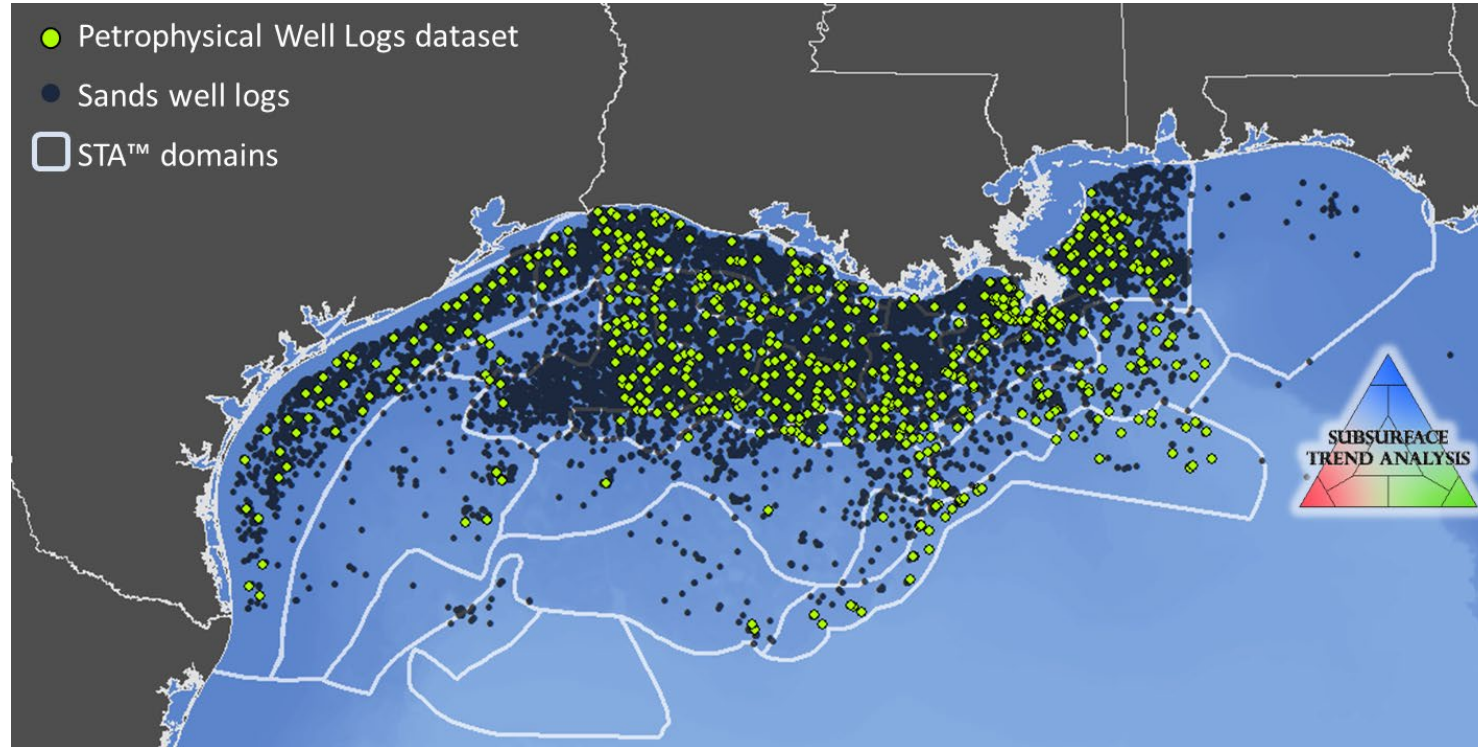
	A	B
1	Efficiency Values	N=500
2	Percentile	P-Value
3		10% 0.002217
4		50% 0.010381
5		90% 0.030359
6	Storage Potential Values	N=62500000
7	Percentile	P-Value
8		10% 8.798893
9		50% 48.93849
10		90% 197.8562



<https://edx.netl.doe.gov/dataset/offshore-co2-saline-storage-calculator>

Applications in the Northern Gulf of Mexico

Evaluated 18 geologic domains for saline storage resources



Domains defined by **Subsurface Trend Analysis™**

(Mark-Moser et al., 2018; Rose, Bauer, Mark-Moser 2020)

All data is available on  EDX Energy Data Exchange

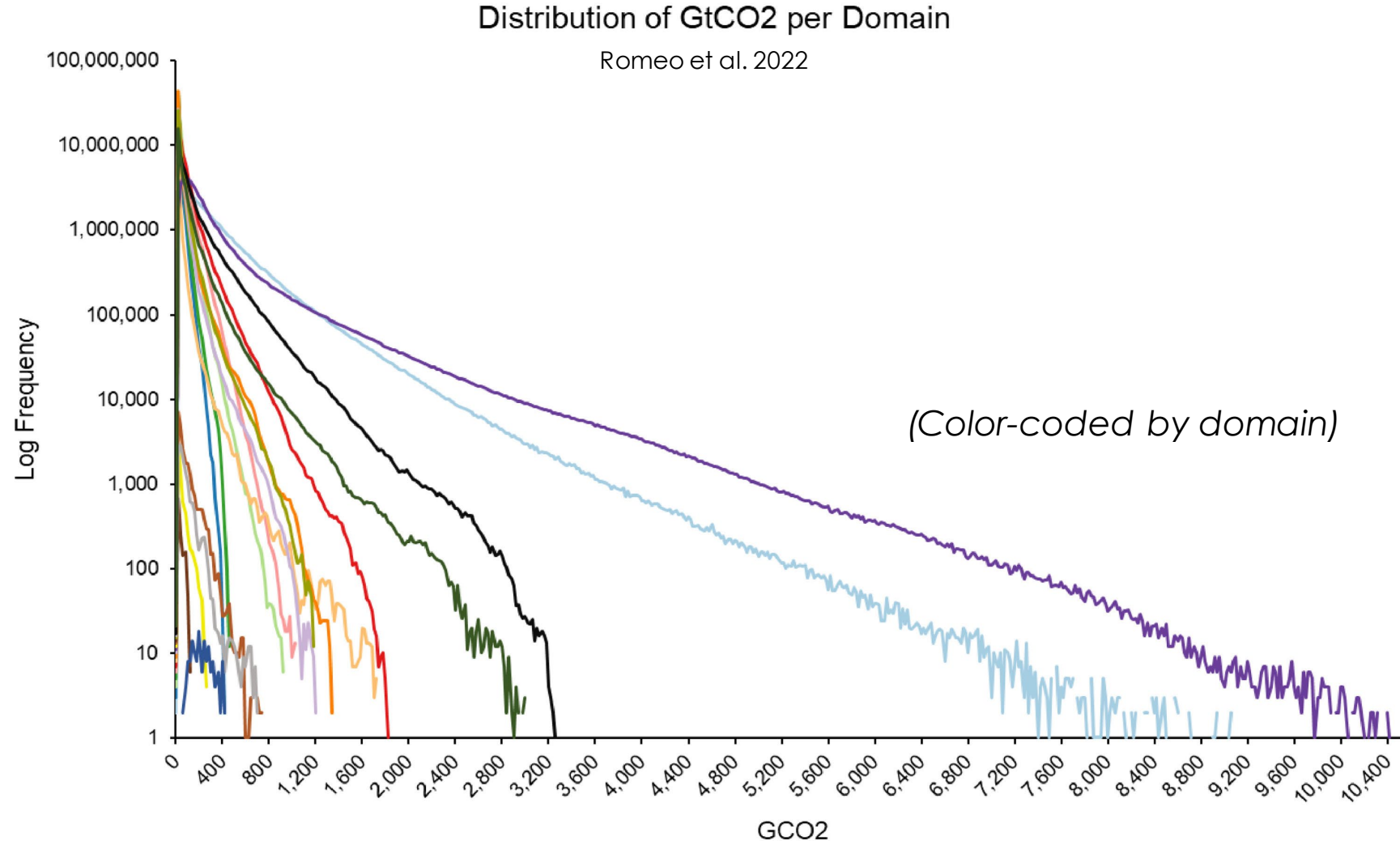


- **Well logs** (Bean et al., 2018)
 - 2–50 logs selected per domain
 - Net sand thickness of >10ft
 - Shale seal (>50 ft)
- **Expert knowledge & literature**
 - Depositional environments: Alluvial fan, slope basin, delta, peritidal, and shelf
 - Effective porosity, microscopic, and volumetric displacements (Gorecki et al., 2009)
- **Spatial data** representing potential leakage pathways
 - Faults, plumes, chemosynthetic communities, and seeps

Key findings

Saline storage potential

- Produced *160 – 65 million estimates*, ranging from **0.5 – 10,000 Gt**
- All resulting **densities of CO₂** at depth categorized phase as **supercritical or liquid**
- **Saline efficiency** (E_{saline}) identified as the most significant factor (0 – 0.14)
- Multiscale analysis possible
 - Total area (A_T) ranged from $\sim 6,000$ – $>45,000$ km²



Streamlining with NETL Tools & Models

Offshore Risk Modeling Suite

- Model fate & transport of release events
- Map socio-economic and environmentally vulnerabilities and risks
- Assess geohazard likelihood
- Measure the current state of infrastructure integrity
- Spatially quantify uncertainty
- Share and visualize data, models, and tools



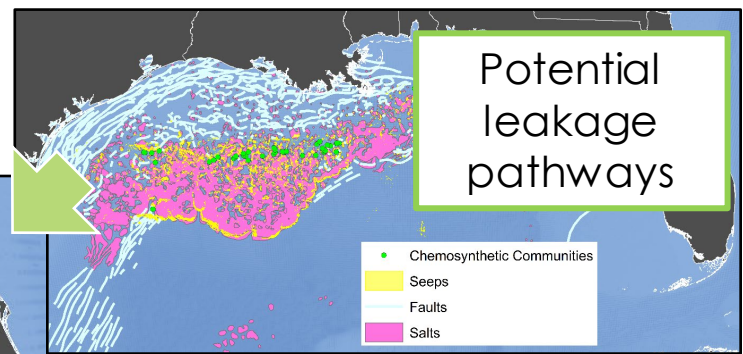
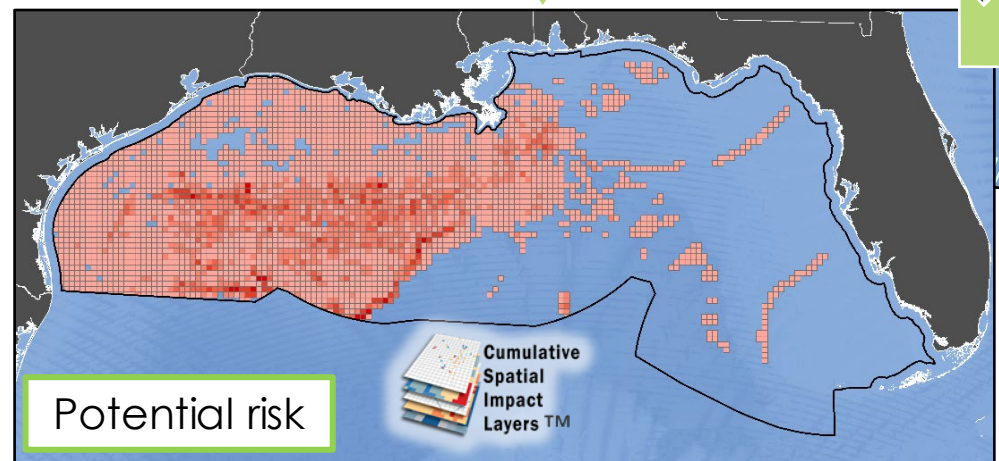
Improving resource estimates & risk prevention strategies

Leveraging the Offshore Risk Modeling suite to inform injection site selection



Offshore Risk Modeling Suite

6	Storage Potential Values	N=62500000
7	Percentile	P-Value
8	10%	8.798893
9	50%	48.93849
10	90%	197.8562

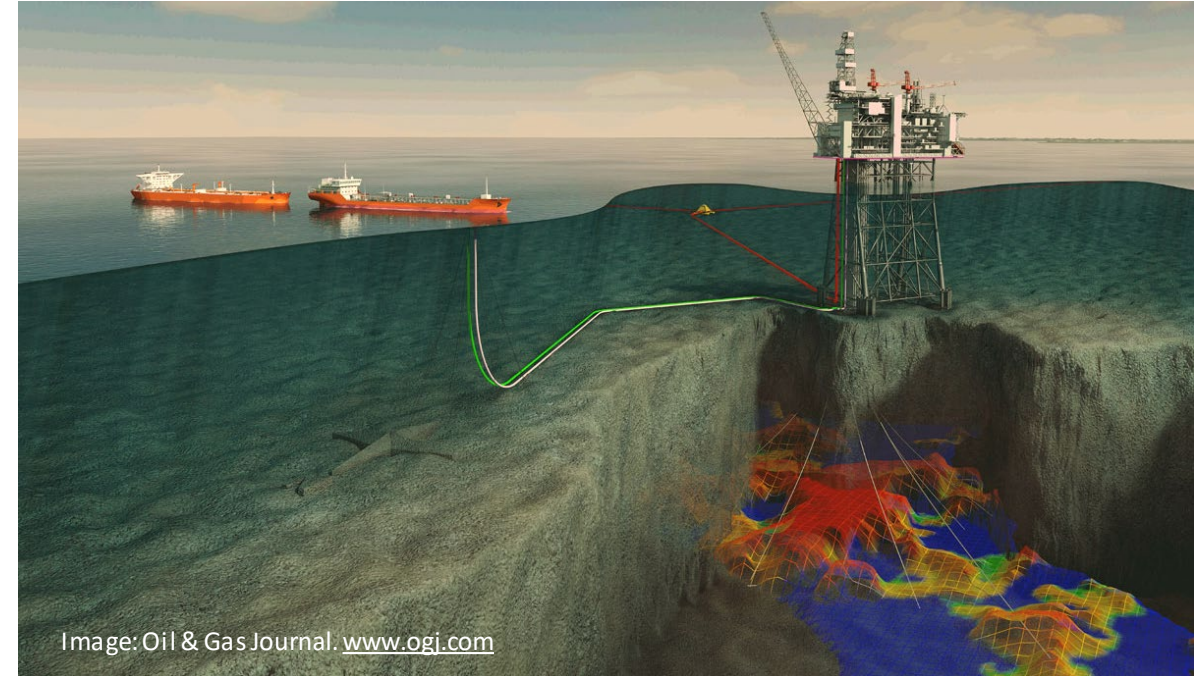
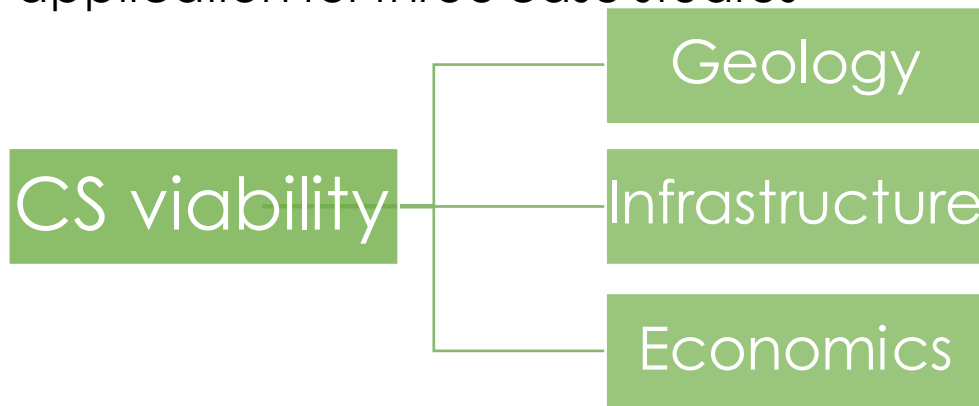


Integrating Geologic & Techno-Economic assessments of saline systems for reuse potential

Identifying resources in the deepwater and ultra-deepwater Gulf of Mexico

Building an **analytical workflow** using **big data-driven models** to identify **optimal** and **cost-effective reservoirs, subsurface conditions, and infrastructure** for reuse

- NETL's **Offshore CO₂ Saline Storage Calculator**, the **Offshore Cost Model**, and the **Offshore Risk Modeling Suite**
- Demonstrate & validate the application for three case studies



Values Delivered:

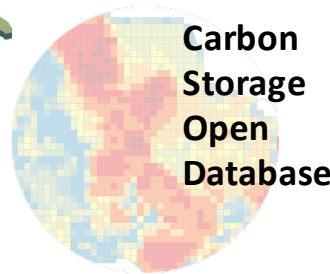
Identify safe, economically-viable opportunities for carbon storage, co-saline storage, geothermal, and beneficiation for renewable applications supporting regulators, industry, and research

What's next: EDX4CCS



EDX4CCS

- **Data**, Integration, generation, and deployment to feed SMART, NRAP, and regulatory models
- **Tools**, Develop or integrate the deployment of tools for data interaction and visualization, decision-support such as for pipelines, regulatory permitting, resource characterization, data visualization, and more
- **Core CCS EDX DisCO₂ver platform**, Broader community virtualized data computing platform, and central EDX CCS data and tool hub



Data & Tools

Bean, A., Romeo, L., Justman, D., DiGiulio, J., Miller, R., Cameron, E., and Rose, K, Petrophysical Well Log Interpretation Dataset, 2020-03-05, <https://edx.netl.doe.gov/dataset/petrophysical-well-log-interpretation-dataset>, DOI: 10.18141/1560053

Mark-Moser, M. Subsurface Trend Analysis domains for the northern Gulf of Mexico, 3/25/2020, <https://edx.netl.doe.gov/dataset/subsurface-trend-analysis-domains-for-the-northern-gulf-of-mexico>, DOI: 10.18141/1606228

Romeo, L., Wingo, P., Barkhurst, A., Thomas, R., Rose, K. 2020. Offshore CO₂ Saline Storage Calculator, <https://edx.netl.doe.gov/dataset/offshore-co2-saline-storage-calculator>, DOI: 10.18141/1607787

Relevant Publications

Cameron, E., Thomas, R., Bauer, J., Bean, A., DiGiulio, J., Disenhof, C., Galer, S., Jones, K., Mark-Moser, M., Miller, R., Romeo, L., Rose, K. Estimating Carbon Storage Resources in Offshore Geologic Environments, NETL-TRS14-2018, NETL Technical Report Series, U.S. Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory: Albany, OR, 2018, p 32. DOI: 10.18141/1464460.

Goodman, A., Sanguinito, S. and Levine, J.S., 2016. Prospective CO₂ saline resource estimation methodology: Refinement of existing US-DOE-NETL methods based on data availability. *International Journal of Greenhouse Gas Control*, 54, pp.242-249.

Romeo, L., Thomas, R., Mark-Moser, M., Bean, A., Bauer, J. and Rose, K., 2022. Data-driven offshore CO₂ saline storage assessment methodology. *International Journal of Greenhouse Gas Control*, 119, p.103736.

Rose, K.K., Bauer, J.R. and Mark-Moser, M., 2020. A systematic, science-driven approach for predicting subsurface properties. *Interpretation*, 8(1), pp.T167-T181.

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