

**Ammonia Combustion Technology Group Meeting  
November 7, 2023 1:00 pm EST - 3:00 pm EST**

Original Agenda:

1. Introductory remarks (1:00 pm EST)
2. RTX Presentation by Paul Papas (1:10 pm EST)
3. RTX Q&A (1:30 pm EST)
4. GTI Energy Presentation by John Vega (1:40 pm EST)
5. GTI Q&A (2:00 pm EST)
6. ANL Presentation by Sreenath Gupta (2:10 pm EST)
7. ANL Q&A (2:30 PM EST)
8. Open Discussion (2:40 PM EST)
9. Closing remarks (by 2:55 pm EST)

Meeting Notes:

RTX, Paul Papas

- UConn counterflow flame experiments for extinction strain rate
- High-pressure staged reactor rig
- Chemical reactor network modeling
- Future - UConn turbulent flame speed rig, RTRC high-pressure staged reactor

Q&A

- Max residence time in RTRC rig?
  - Higher than 20 or 30 msec
- Jackie Chen - have you looked at differences in extinction strain rate in twin flame vs single strained flame; are you going to look at tubular flames, curvature stretch?
  - Don't have plans to look at another configuration for curvature effects
  - Currently with counterflow just looking at twin configuration, and will look at non-premixed later
  - Main concern now is to look at gas-turbine-relevant conditions
- Thomas Sattelmayer - question on reactor modeling, concerns that mixing in model is far from reality of mixing; poor mixing could contribute to higher NO
  - Will look at sensitivity of time scale of second stage; need long residence time in first stage to reach equilibrium - front end needs much higher residence time than typical combustor
  - Will also do CFD in near future
- Robert Steele - question about PFR1 residence time

GTI Energy, John Vega & Georgia Tech, Wenting Sun

- IDT and NO cross sections of NH<sub>3</sub>/H<sub>2</sub> mixtures up to 20 bar
- Georgia Tech - Hencken burner, NH<sub>2</sub>/NH LIF
  - Higher pressure, higher temperature & higher residence time in rich stage help keep NO low
- CRAFT Tech turbulent premixed flame modeling
- Q&A
  - Paul Papas - for Wenting, how did he calibrate LIF to make quantitative
    - They are not quantitative, concentrations are proportional to LIF signal

- Clint Bedick - are LIF measurements at same axial location?
  - Yes, because species are only produced in narrow region of flame
- Mark Freeman - question about gas analyzer and sampling conditioning
  - CAI off-the-shelf analyzer, has different stacks, combination of chemiluminescence and FTIR measurement. Water in gas phase and no water knock out.
  - Intermediate species difficult to measure because they quench
- Jackie Chen - in models, are you considering wall temperature, ammonia slip
  - No wall effect (wall is adiabatic) so no ammonia slip in idealized model. Get mostly H<sub>2</sub> in second stage, not NH<sub>3</sub>. But in reality that would be likely.

Argonne National Lab, Sreenath Gupta

- Goal is to design scalable, low-cost, low-power, fuel preconditioning system
- CFD modeling of Purdue injector
- Q&A
  - Clint Bedick - are you considering lifetime of these catalysts?
    - Ni catalyst is cheapest and should last 40-50 years. Don't know durability of novel catalysts. Not much poisoning because you don't have carbon in the fuel stream.
  - Paul Glaser - Do catalysts ever see air, for instance during shut down or start up?
    - Don't expect the catalyst to see air
  - Rob Steele - how did you pick 80 bar?
    - Injection pressure should be greater than 60 bar (stationary GT combustor pressure). 80 bar is sufficiently above that pressure.
    - Paul Glaser - trend is towards increasing pressure ratio but would also want it suitable to other gas turbines at lower end of range
    - Clint Bedick - is it sensitive to pressure in the 80 bar range?
  - Bihter Padak - Any bench scale conversion data for your catalyst?
    - Those are proprietary.
  - Bihter Padak - how does the N<sub>2</sub> from cracking affect the combustor?
    - Actually could be beneficial for the combustor that Purdue is using.