

Application of Heat Transfer Enhancement (HTE) System for Improved Efficiency of Power Plant Condensers (FE0031561)

2021 Spring Research Meeting | 05.17.2021

Presented by

Dr. Noah Snyder, President & CEO of Interphase Materials



- **Purpose:** Demonstrate increased condenser efficiency and reduced continuous feed water treatment for coal-fired power plants
- **Approach:** Application of Interphase Material's heat transfer enhancement product ***THERMOPHASE***
- **Fossil Energy Objective 2.2:** Advance technologies to improve the efficiency, reliability, emissions, and performance of existing fossil-based power generation



Project Description

- **Driving question:** Can Interphase technology increase heat transfer and reduce fouling on large-scale heat exchangers?
- **2018 Status:** Bench-top validation in laboratory setting
- **2020 Status:** Demonstrated success across HVAC chillers, industrial heat exchangers, engine cooling, and a power plant condenser



2018

2020

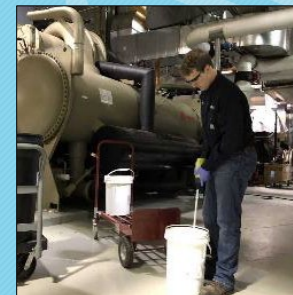
HTE System

THERMOPHASE

Chillers

PF HX

Condenser



“The condenser can make or break your efficiency and power goals”

- Condenser performance based on heat transfer from steam to cooling water
- A condenser that can maintain a better vacuum results in higher cycle efficiency and higher potential power output
- Condenser heat transfer often greatly hampered by fouling of heat transfer tubes

Current state of the art:



Chemical Treatment of Cooling Water



Mechanical Cleaning of Condenser



PLANT INPUT

- **Experimental Design**: from benchtop to field, incorporated feedback to make work relevant
- **Application Method**: balanced practicality, cost, and risk
- **Data Analysis**: both approach and success metrics for the condenser and skid
- **Risk**: mitigation and assessment throughout



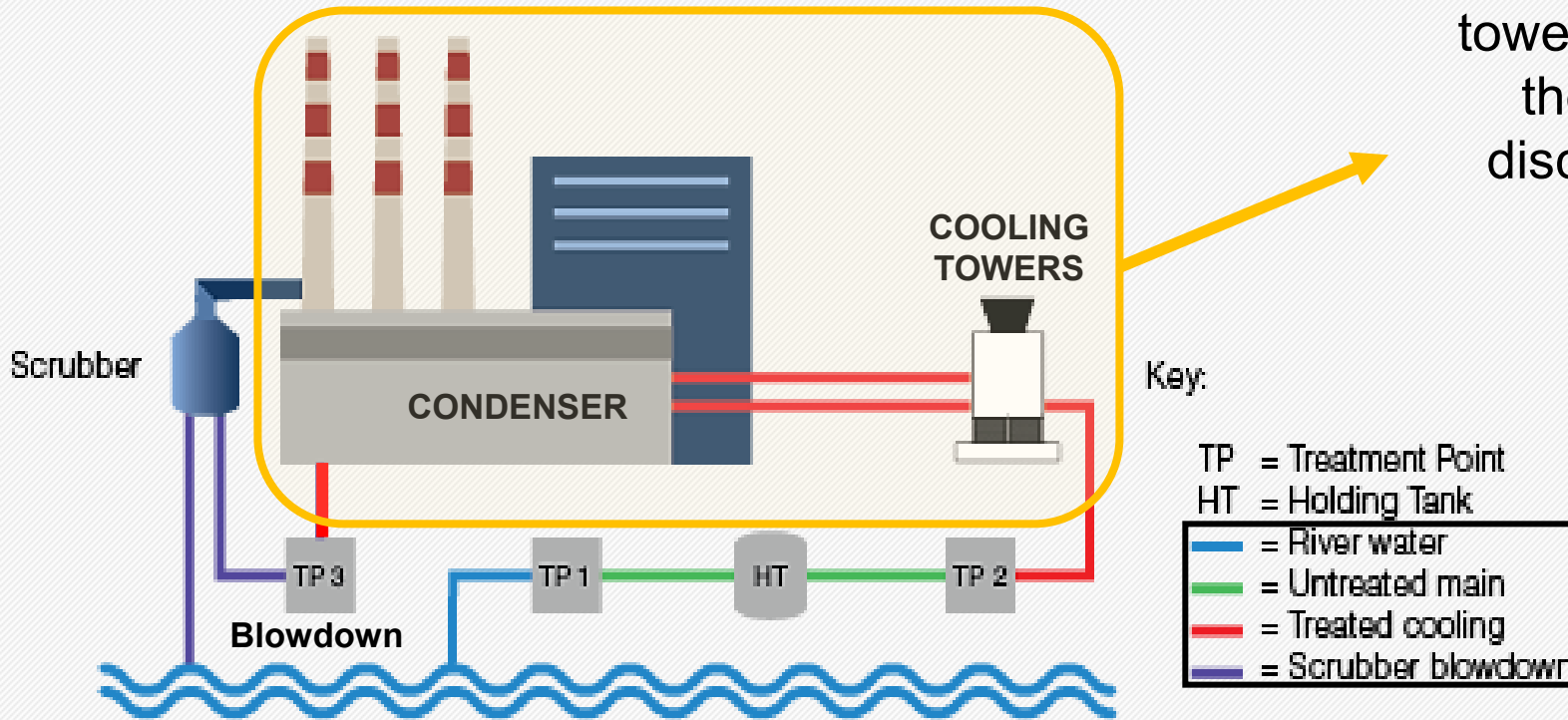
CHALLENGES

- **COVID-19 Pandemic**: project progress delayed by site access limitations
- **Scale-Up**: Power plant system over 100 times larger than any system previously treated; technical scale-up and application logistics posed significant challenges

Objectives:

- 1) Improve heat transfer properties and therefore efficiency of the condenser.
- 2) Reduce the use of continuous feed water treatment technologies.
- 3) Decrease fouling on critical cooling systems, such as cooling towers and the condenser.

Key Results	Completion
Demonstrate increase in heat transfer coefficient in laboratory testing	Successful in 2018
Decrease in dry weight of cooling tower fouling in field rig testing	Successful in both 2018 and 2019
Evaluate economic and environmental impact of condenser application, including backpressure and heat rate	(Ongoing) Began September 2020

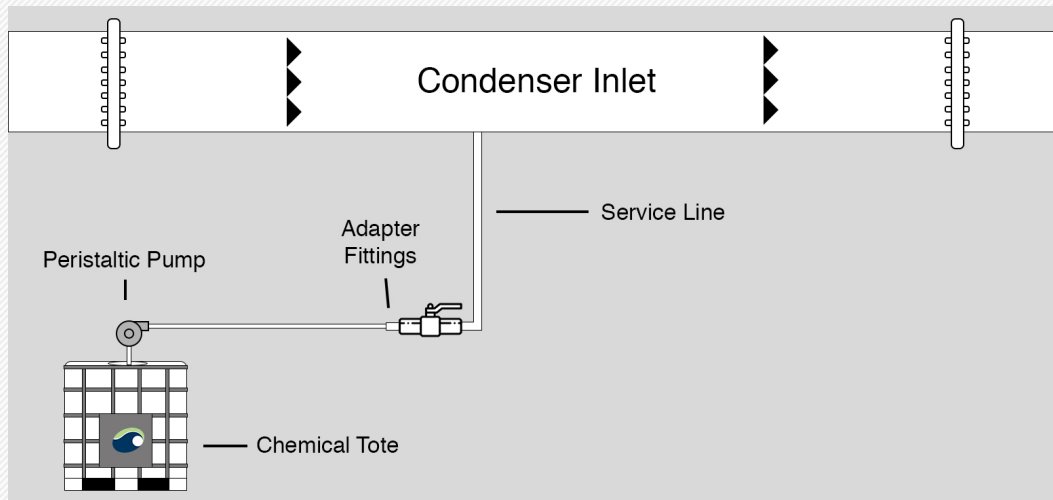


Fall 2020: Condenser and cooling tower application is occurring in the **Treated cooling** loop, discharging primarily through **Scrubber blowdown**

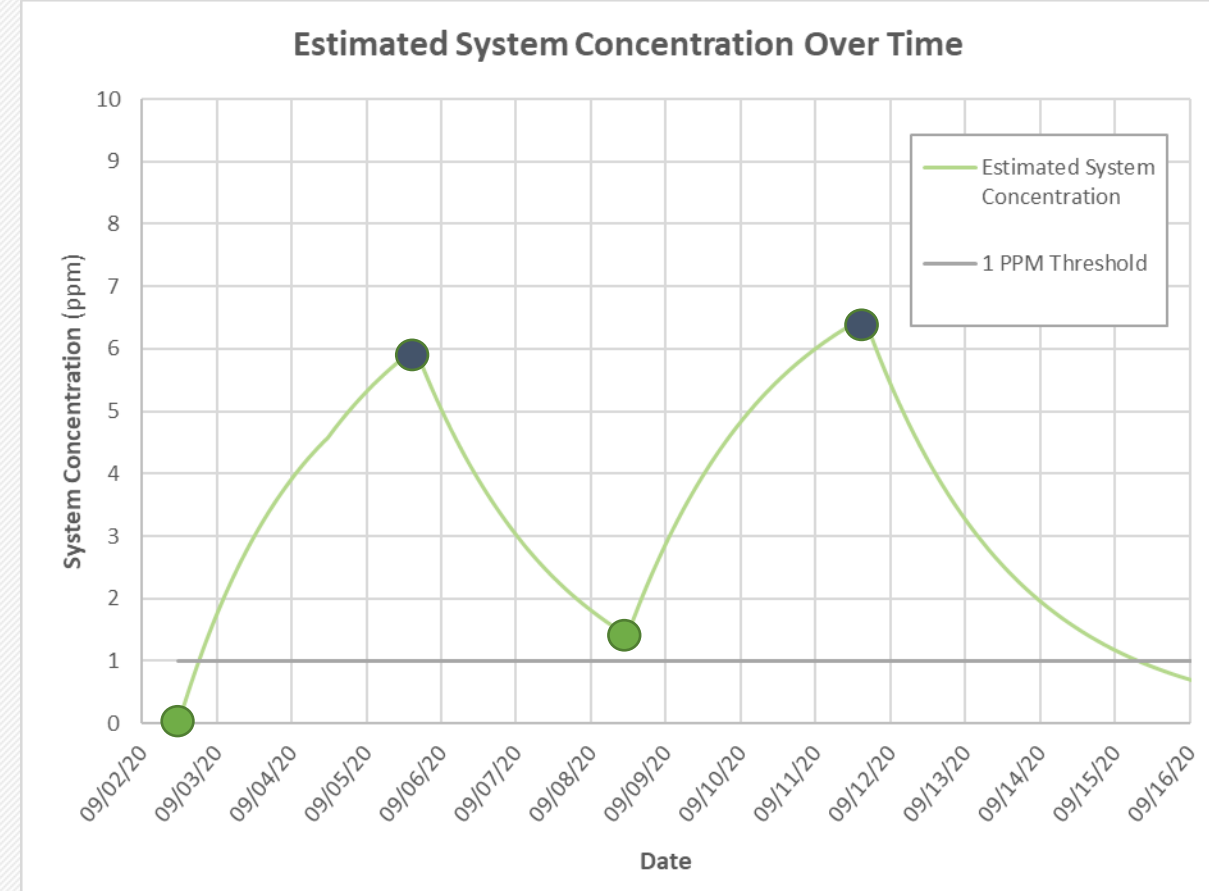
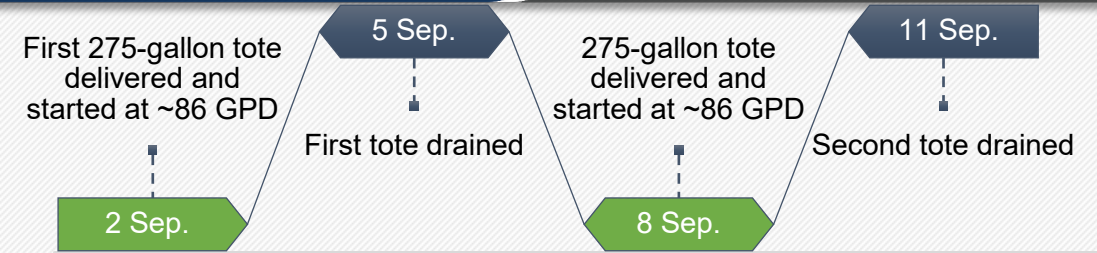


THERMOPHASE Application Review

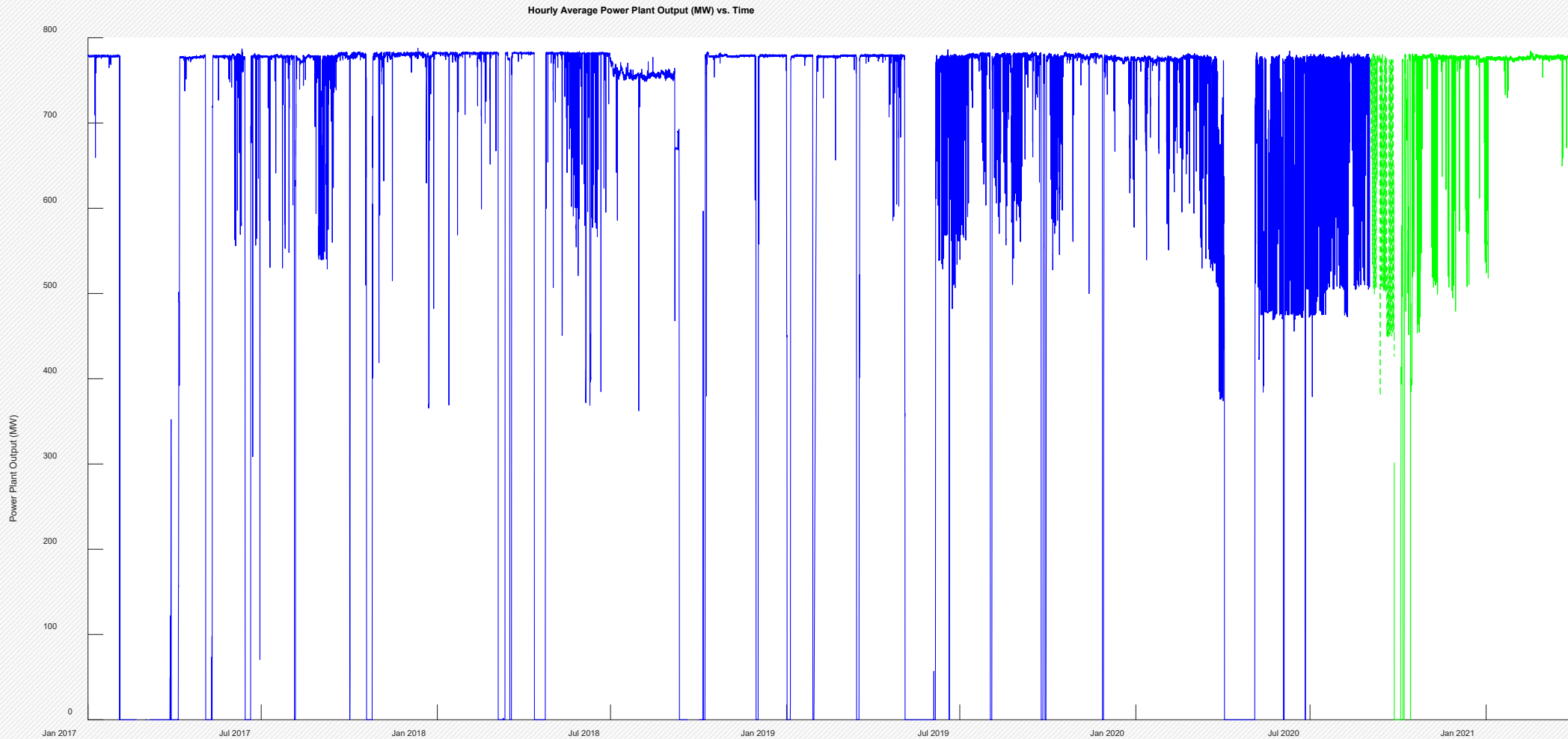
- Chemical tote connected to service line prior to condenser water box
- Material injected via peristaltic pump at 86 GPD
- Two treatments conducted over one week each



Visual diagram of injection method at condenser inlet port. Material circulated through cooling water loop.

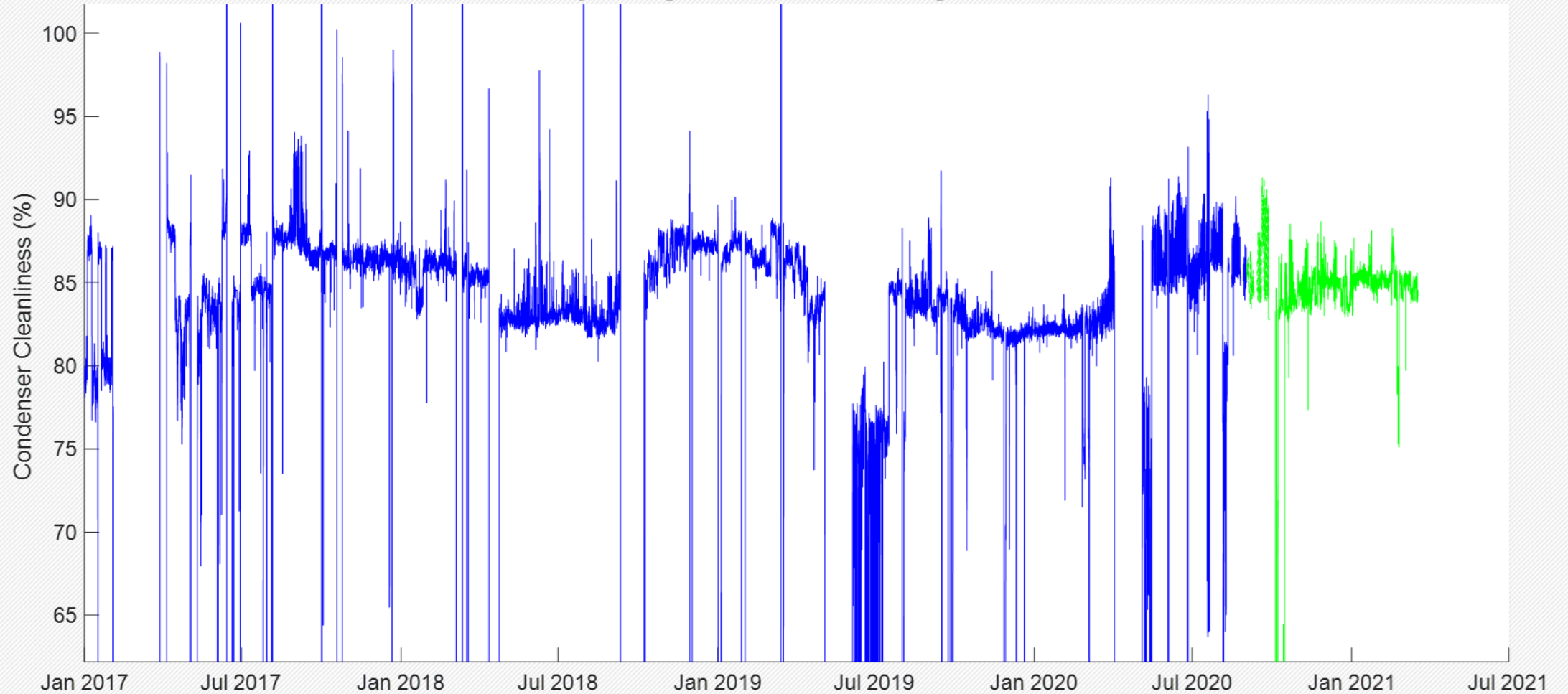


Historical Power Plant Operation



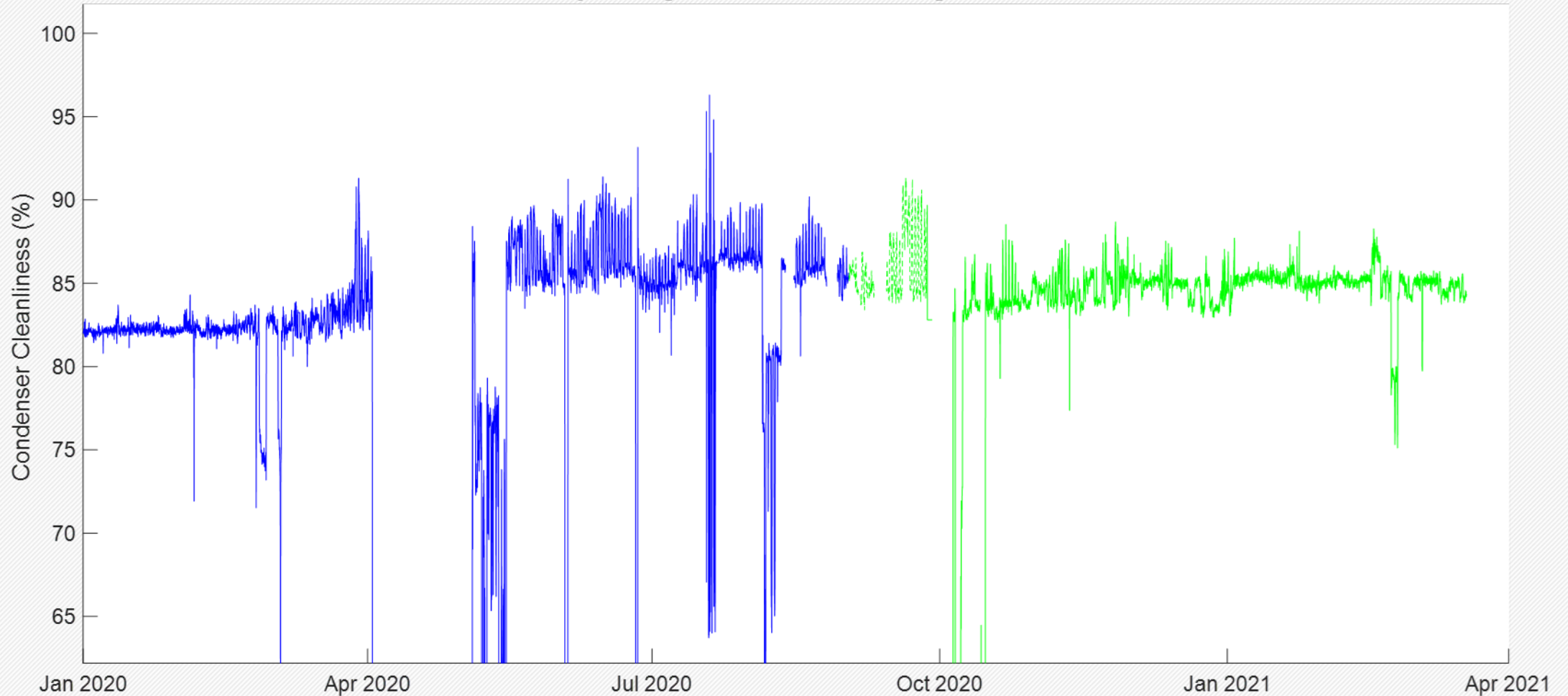
Historical Cleanliness Percentage

Hourly Average Cleanliness Percentage vs. Time

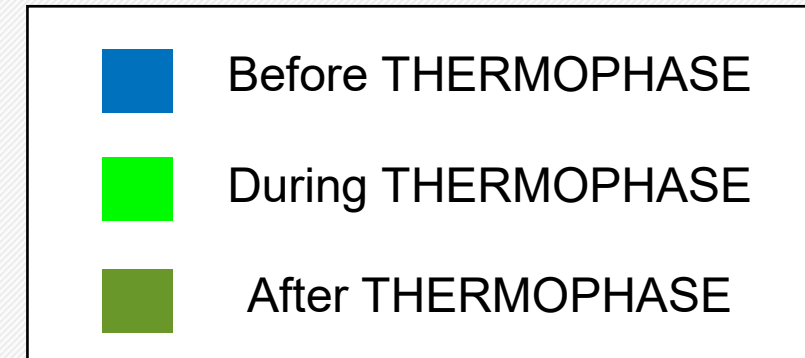
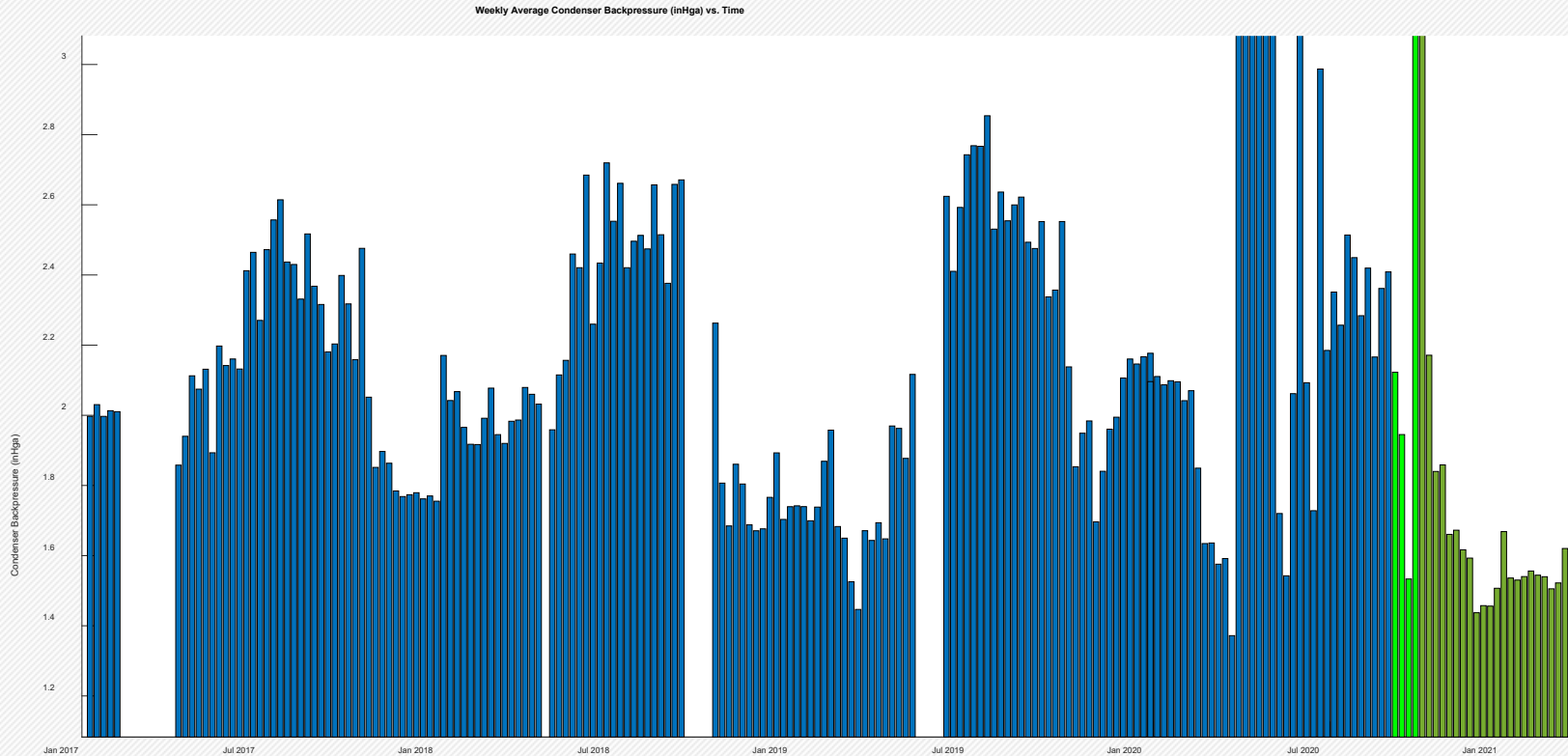


2020-2021 Cleanliness Percentage

Hourly Average Cleanliness Percentage vs. Time



Condenser Backpressure Following THERMOPHASE Treatment



Condenser Backpressure Summary		
Q1 2021	Variance vs. Q3 2020	Variance vs. Q1 2020
1.55 inHg	- 38% (2.48 inHg)	- 16% (1.85 inHg)

- The weekly average condenser backpressure continues to show a reduction following **THERMOPHASE** treatment in September 2020. The backpressure is reported when the plant is producing > 750MW.

Longview Power is scheduled to clean its main condenser for the first time in its ~ 10-year operation. This presents a unique opportunity to re-apply THERMOPHASE to a recently cleaned condenser.

- The 2021 re-application will occur at the main cooling tower sump:
 - Increases concentration during treatment
 - More practical for power plant applications
 - Reduced time on site
 - No chemical storage in plant
 - Easy re-application
 - Key metrics will be monitored throughout the application

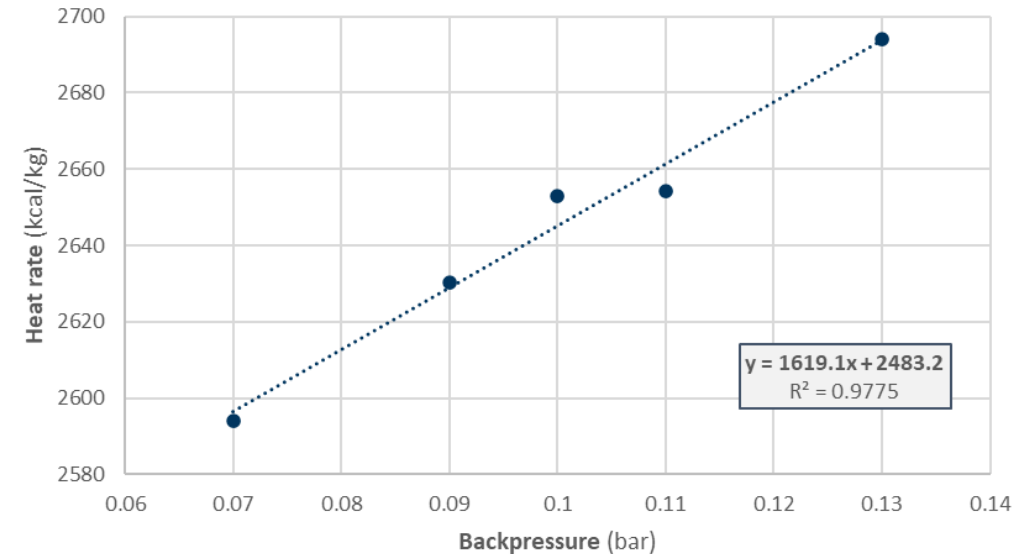
2021 Re-Application System



■ Market benefits:

- A ~3.6% reduction in backpressure reduces heat rate by 0.2%, saving estimated \$190k in fuel costs alone annually and 12,800 less tons CO₂ produced
- Across the fossil energy fleet of 1,800 natural gas and 400 coal plants nationwide, this translates to ~\$158M in reduced fossil energy consumption and ~7.6M less tons CO₂ produced
- Additionally, fouling protection on condenser tubes can reduce pressure increase over time
- Fouling protection on cooling towers could also:
 - Prevent loss of heat rejection abilities due to fouling
 - Extend useful life of fill before failure

Relationship Between Heat Rate and Condenser Backpressure



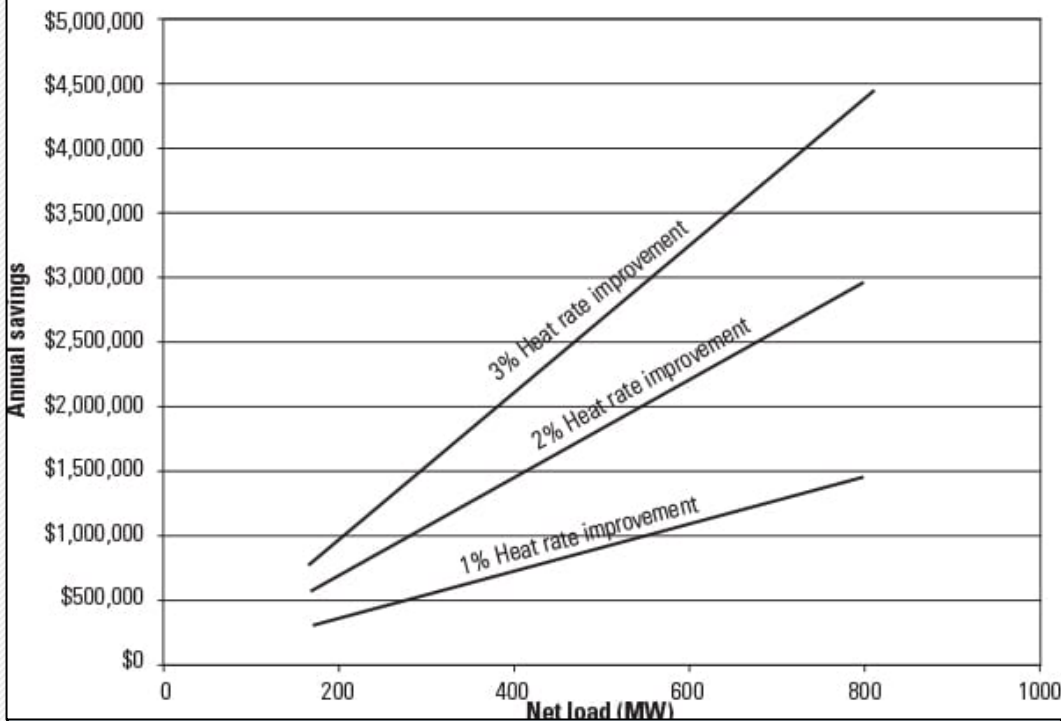
Sources:

Korellis, S. "Coal-Fired Power Plant Heat Rate improvement Options, Part 1". *Power Magazine*. 2014. <<https://www.powermag.com/coal-fired-power-plant-heat-rate-improvement-options-part-1/>>.

Bhoi, R. et al. "Effect of Condenser Backpressure on Power Plant Heat Rate and Thermal Efficiency". *IJSRD*, 3(03). 2015. ISSN: 2321-0613.

Market size and energy prices from U.S. Energy Information Administration

Coal Power Plant Annual Cost Savings Given Power Output and Heat Rate Change

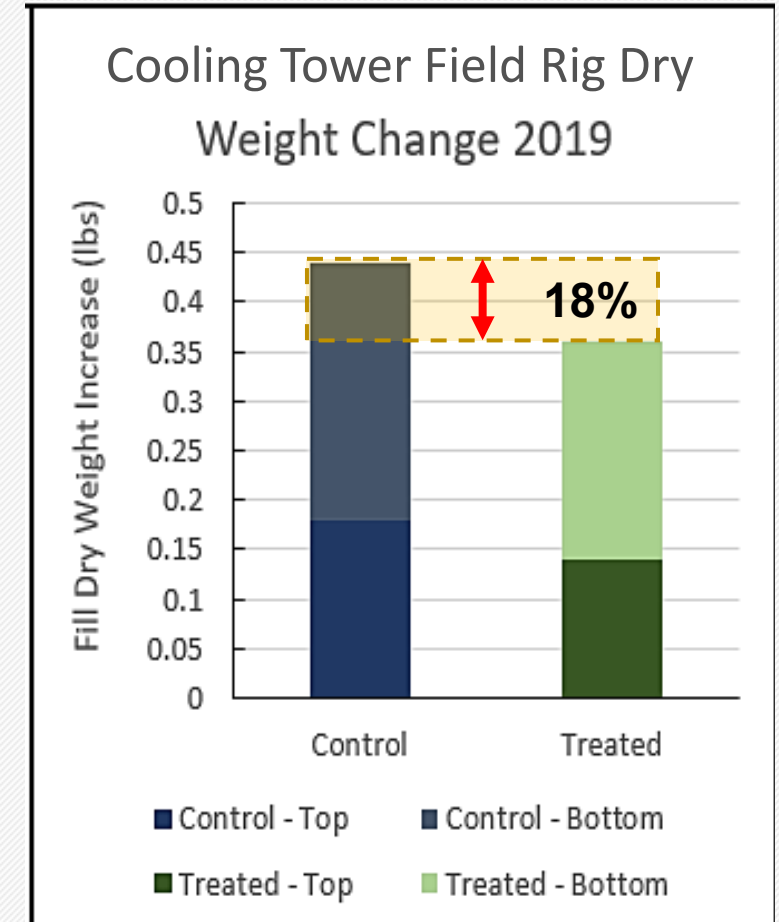


Given an energy cost of \$2.50/MMBtu; figure reproduced from Power Magazine courtesy of EPRI

■ Technology-to-market plan:

- Integrate with existing industry partners such as condenser cleaning service providers to apply technology post-cleaning for optimal gains
- Study longevity of treatment and determine re-application schedule to fully quantify economic benefits to the fossil energy portfolio and beyond
- Perform additional research on cooling tower fouling prevention to optimize technology and quantify potential economic and environmental gains

- Small-scale cooling towers installed at water treatment station, circulating raw untreated water over the fouling season
- Towers treated with Interphase technology showed increased fouling resistance, accumulating 18% less dry weight fouling over the 2019 season
- At scale, this could translate to over 360 pounds less fouling annually on a typical power plant cooling tower
- Opportunity for further research and investigation



- Improvements to condenser heat exchange increases overall plant efficiency and lowers CO2 emissions, directly supporting FE strategic Goal 2.2
- Opportunity to translate technology to power plant condensers across the wider energy generation portfolio
- Opportunity to translate technology to other heat exchangers and thermal management systems within FE portfolio
- **Key Challenge & Next Steps:** integrate technology offering into existing industry frameworks by collaborating with key partners and funding additional demonstrations.

2.2 Advance technologies to improve the efficiency, reliability, emissions, and performance of existing fossil-based power generation

Thank You to our Great Partners!



This material is based upon work supported by the Department of Energy Award Number FE0031561.

- *This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof.*

- **Best Practices for Maximizing Condenser Efficiency**
- <https://www.powermag.com/best-practices-for-maximizing-condenser-efficiency/>

- **How Deficient Preventative Maintenance Impacts Power Plants**
- <https://www.goodway.com/hvac-blog/2017/12/how-poor-preventative-maintenance-measures-impact-power-plants/>

- **Effect of Condenser Backpressure on Power Plant Heat Rate and Thermal Efficiency**
- <http://www.ijserd.com/articles/IJSRDV3I30093.pdf>

- **Coal-Fired Power Plant Heat Rate Improvement Options, Part 1**
- <https://www.powermag.com/coal-fired-power-plant-heat-rate-improvement-options-part-1/>