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Understanding Degradation Mechanisms of Aminopolymers Used in Direct Air Capture

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Program Overview

- Overall Project Objective
 - Identify fundamental mechanisms and elucidate key chemical and structural parameters that impact degradation of aminopolymer-based DAC adsorbent materials



- Timeline and Budget
 - Project start date: 10/01/20
 - Project end date: 09/30/23
 - DOE-BES funding: \$4.5M



Technology Background



Impact: Determining key degradation mechanisms can promote novel, rationally motivated improvement strategies for polymer modification, and better predictions of adsorbent lifetime will reduce uncertainty about direct air capture cost and economic viability

Technical Approach/Project Scope

Our approach uses a highly integrated combination of **spectroscopic characterization**, **kinetic analysis**, and **advanced quantum simulations** to generate fundamental knowledge about the **mechanisms** and **kinetics** of aminopolymer-based DAC adsorbent degradation



A fully successful project will (i) determine **key reaction mechanisms** for oxidative degradation and (ii) develop models that allow better **prediction of short- and long-term degradation** behavior

Team and Facilities



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Progress and Current Status of Project

Model material studies



- Multi-analytical spectroscopic approach (NMR, FTIR, mass spectrometry) to investigate oxidation product distribution and formation kinetics
- Developing methods to sample the reaction space of O₂ interaction with model compounds; compute reaction free energies, activation barriers, and NMR spectra
- Polymer mobility in model supports
 - Fluorescence measurements of PEI under pore confinement indicate dramatic change in mobility (right)
 - Examining polymer-support interactions with SSNMR to identify chemical environments for degraded materials

Fluorescence Spectra of PEI₈₀₀ doped with 1 wt.% Fluorophore



Opportunities for Collaboration

- Integration of project components
 - Synthesis and characterization with advanced quantum simulation and multiscale modeling
 - Characterization methods across team members coupled to simulation of spectroscopic fingerprints
 - Kinetic analysis connecting short-term accelerated behavior with long-term consequences
- Collaboration with industry provides context and model validation
 - Global Thermostat a leading practitioner of amine-based DAC
 - Project will develop models for predicting adsorbent lifetime, to be validated against quasi-accelerated aging experiments
- Looking forward...
 - Development and scale-up of next generation adsorbent materials and other degradation mitigation strategies





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