

AIR2CO₂: Advanced Integrated Reticular
Sorbent-Coated System to Capture CO₂ from
the Atmosphere

DEFE0031956

Dr. David Moore

Technology Manager, Materials Physics & Chemistry

GE Research

U.S. Department of Energy

National Energy Technology Laboratory

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Program Overview

\$1 MM program (20% cost share)

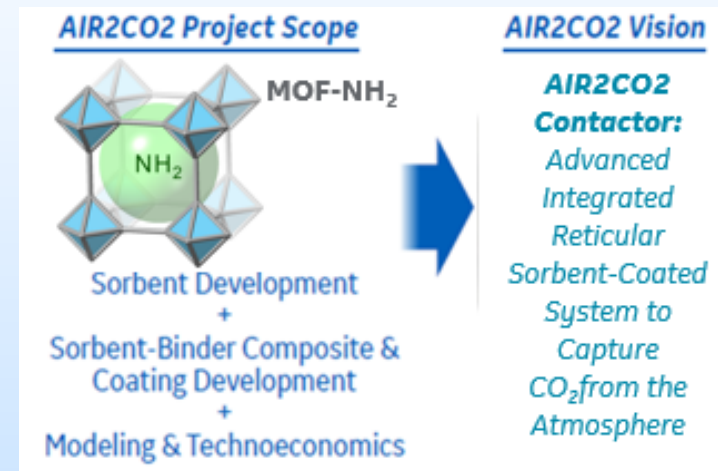
15-month program: 10/1/2020 to 12/31/2021

Project Participants:

- GE Research
- University of California, Berkeley

Overall Project Objectives:

Demonstrate AIR2CO2 material system that integrates pioneering metal-organic framework (MOF) sorbents and sorbent-binder composite coatings to capture and release atmospheric CO₂.



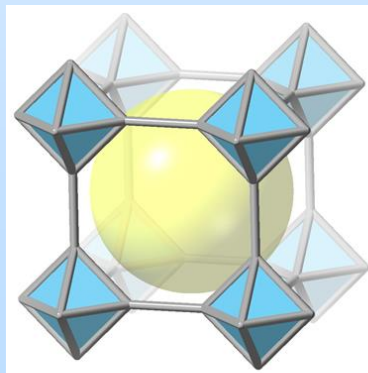
Technology Background

Two contactors operate in alternating adsorption and desorption modes to continuously remove CO₂ from air. Technical/economic advantages include:

- high amine loading of MOFs (3.3 gmol/kg)
- high thermal stability inherent to MOFs
- MOFs can be designed to exhibit high hydrolytic stability
- High CO₂ capacity, fast sorption kinetics, and novel contactor designs would reduce energy requirements by 60-70% vs state of the art DAC systems (liquid solvent & solid sorbents)

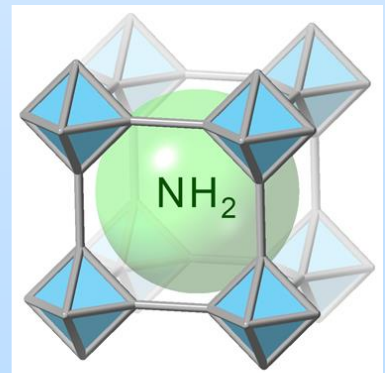
Metal Salt
+
Organic Linker

Crystallization

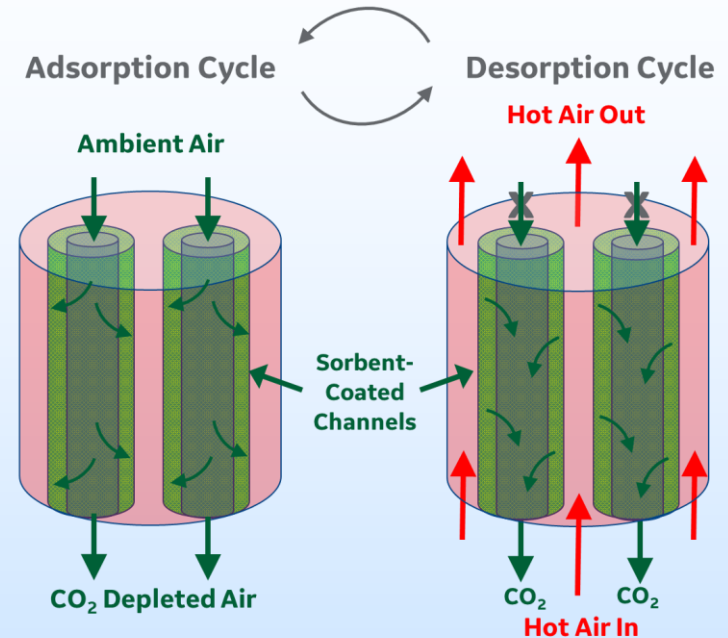


MOF

Amination



MOF-NH₂



Technical Approach/Project Scope

Experimental design and work plan

Develop a sorbent-binder formulation that provides an adherent, thermally-stable coating to efficiently capture CO₂ from a simulated air stream under DAC relevant conditions.

Project schedule

- Manufacture 1 kg of benchmark sorbent
- Build AIR2CO2 lab-scale test apparatus
- Develop sorbent-binder composite coating
- Develop system and techno-economic models
- Integrate next generation sorbent-binder composite coating into contactor structure

Project success criteria

Demonstrate DAC performance with improved adsorption equilibrium loading, lower heat of desorption, and rapid sorption kinetics to enable a scalable, compact AIR2CO2 contactor design that reduces equipment size and pressure drop, and results in 60-70% lower energy requirements than current state-of-the-art solutions.

Team and Facilities

GE Research



Dr. David Moore
PI



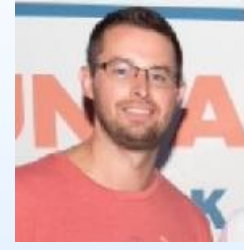
Dr. Vitali
Lissianski



Dr. Mark Doherty



Mr. Dan Erno

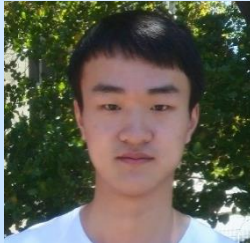


Mr. Mark Buckley

UC Berkeley



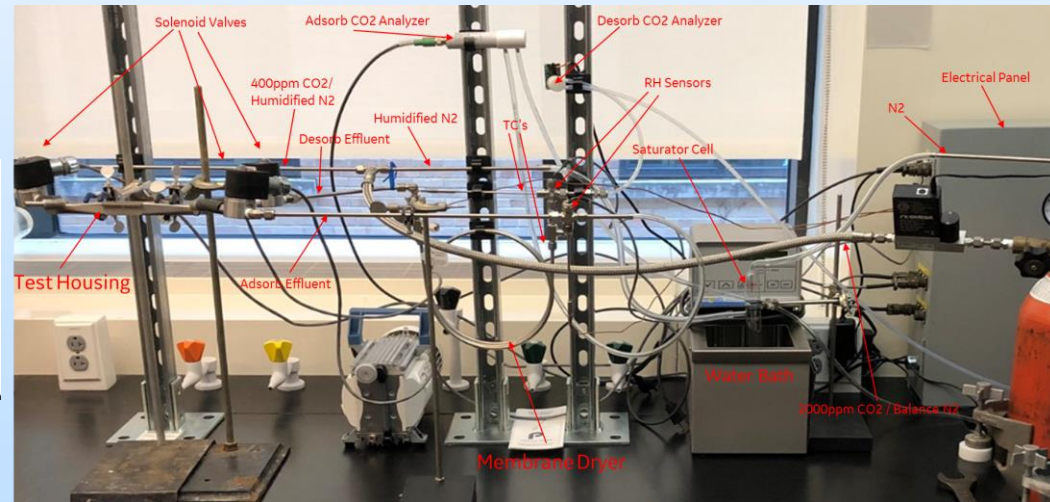
Prof. Omar Yahgi
Co-PI



Mr. Hao Lyu



Mr. Oscar Chen



AIR2CO2 Test Apparatus

Progress and Current Status of Project

Test Equipment:

AIR2CO₂ lab-scale test apparatus designed and assembled at GE Research for evaluation of MOF-binder composite formulations under DAC relevant conditions.

Significant accomplishments:

- 1 kg benchmark MOF successfully scaled
- Next generation, high capacity sorbent under development
- AIR2CO₂ lab-scale test apparatus commissioned
- Coating formulation and process development ongoing

Performance achieved so far:

Leading MOF-binder composite formulations exhibit only a ~20% decrease in sorption capacity versus the powdered sorbent. This is consistent with projected performance of the envisioned AIR2CO₂ contactor relative to the powdered MOF as outlined in the state point data table.

Opportunities for Collaboration

Synergistic effects of collaboration:

Integration of other high-capacity sorbents into novel contactor geometries would provide multiple pathways to advance the technology.

Potential areas for collaboration:

Sorbent manufacturing and scale-up

Multi-component sorption measurements and modeling

Artificial intelligence-guided molecular screening

Systems design and integration

End-user applications, including CO₂ sequestration and utilization (fertilization, food & beverage, sustainable aviation fuels)