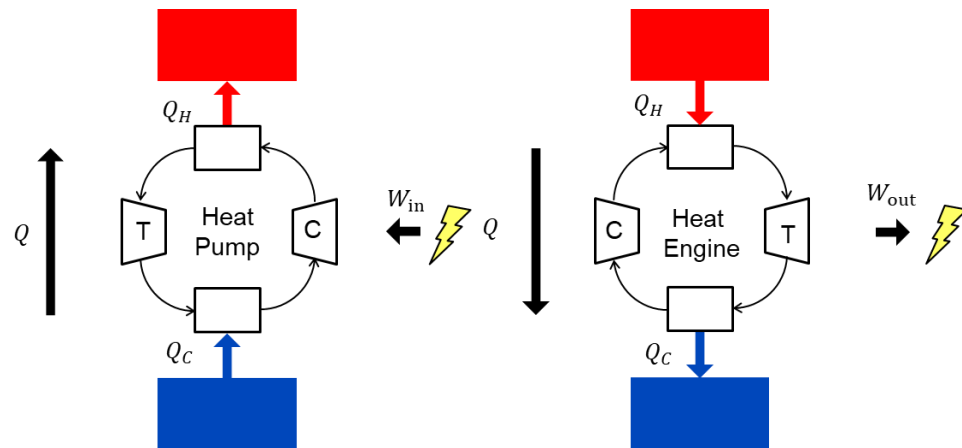


Integration of Pumped Heat Energy Storage with a Fossil-Fired Power Plant

Award No. DE-FE0032031
AOI 1B, Phase 1 Feasibility Study

DOE:	\$ 199,875
Non-DOE:	\$ 50,125
Total:	\$ 250,000



Southwest Research Institute
San Antonio, TX

Prime recipient
Natalie Smith, Ph.D. (PI)
Tim Allison, Ph.D.
Aaron McClung, Ph.D.



Malta Inc.
Cambridge, MA

Sub-recipient
Ben Bollinger, Ph.D.
Bao Truong, Ph.D.
Melissa DeValles



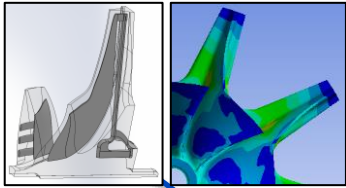
Luminant Generation Company LLC
Texas

Sub-recipient
Matt Ballew



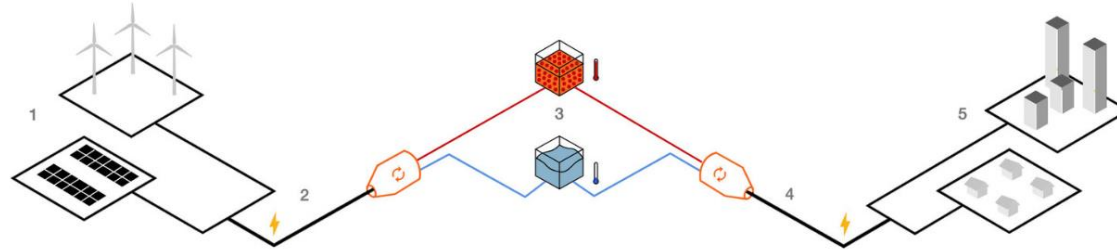
Applied R&D Institution

Benefiting government, industry and the public through innovative science and technology



Energy Storage Developer

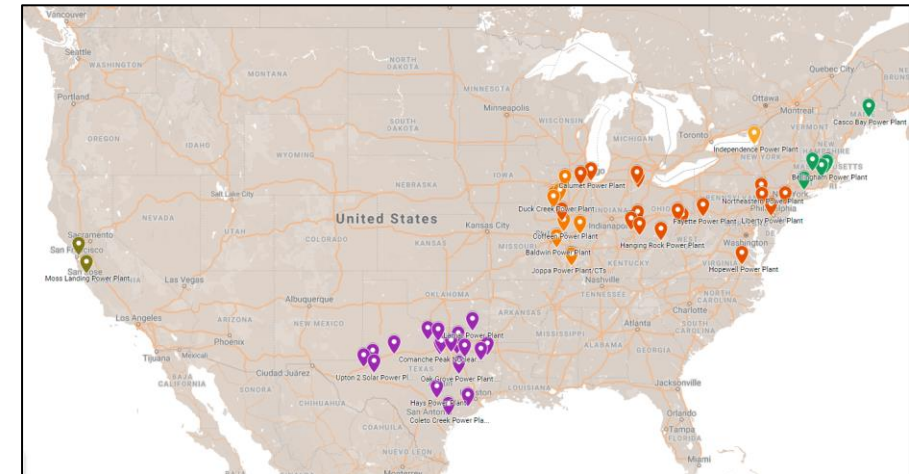
Meet the Future of Energy Storage



Fossil Asset Owner

Powered by people generating safe, reliable, and cleaner electricity for today.

~39,000 MW of generation across 12 states, powered by a diverse portfolio of natural gas, nuclear, coal, and solar facilities





Pumped Heat Energy Storage (MPHES)

Cycle:

Simple recuperated
Air as the working fluid

Hardware:

Two separate drivetrains
Heat exchangers shared between modes
Storage systems shared

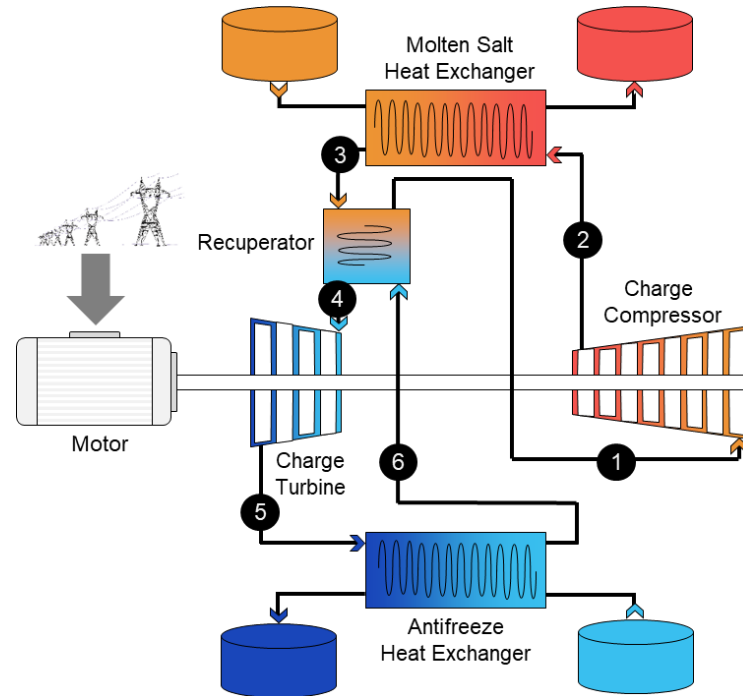
System:

Stand-alone system
Integrates electrically with fossil-energy
Thermal integration with waste heat possible

Performance :

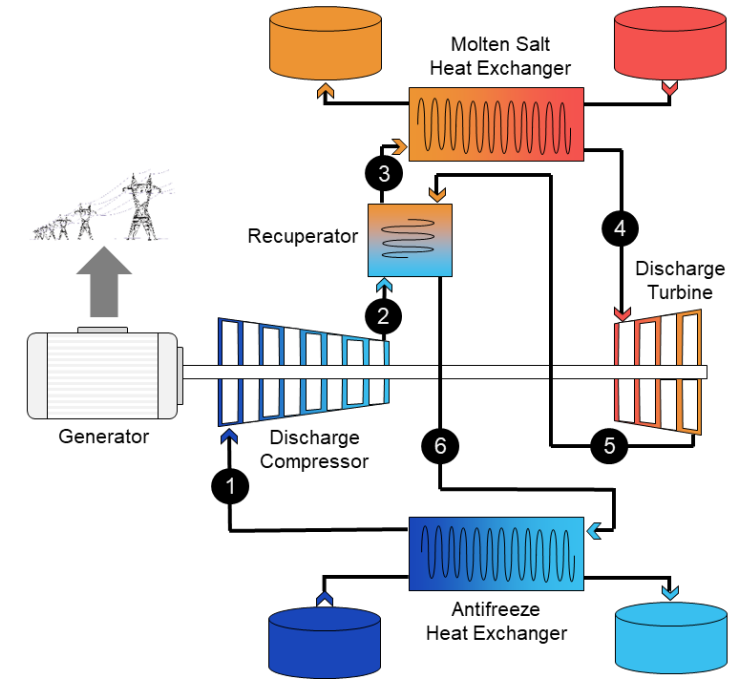
High round trip efficiency (60-65%)
Long lifespan (30+ years)
100 MW system
Long-duration (10+ hours)
Scalable to integrate with assets across a portfolio

Charge Mode



Molten Salt at 565°C

Discharge Mode



Antifreeze at -60°C

MALTA Pumped Heat Energy Storage (MPHES)

Synergy with Fossil:

Uses hardware components, workforce personnel, and skillsets similar to those used by fossil EGUs

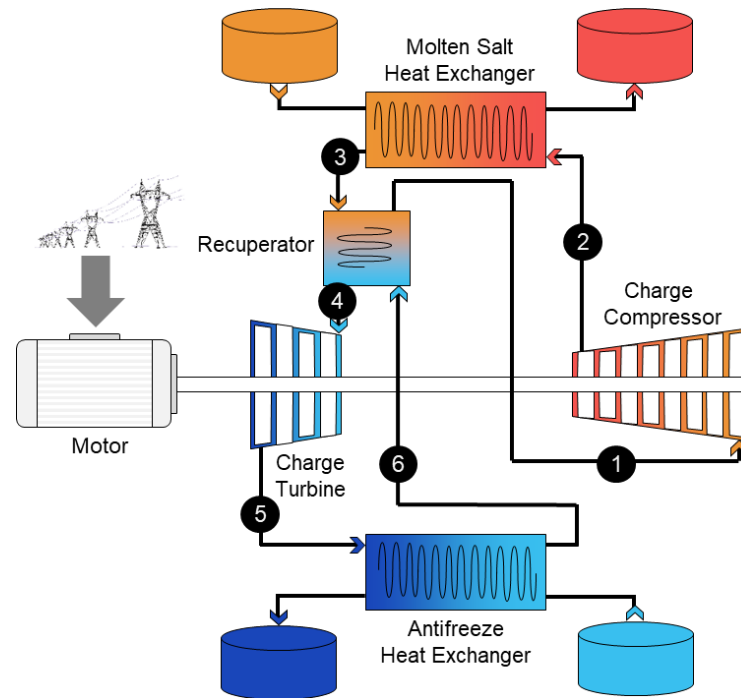
TRL & Development:

System leverages commercially available hardware

Laboratory-scale demonstration of a PHEs system investigating control strategies and first implementation challenges of the technology (DE-AR0001018)

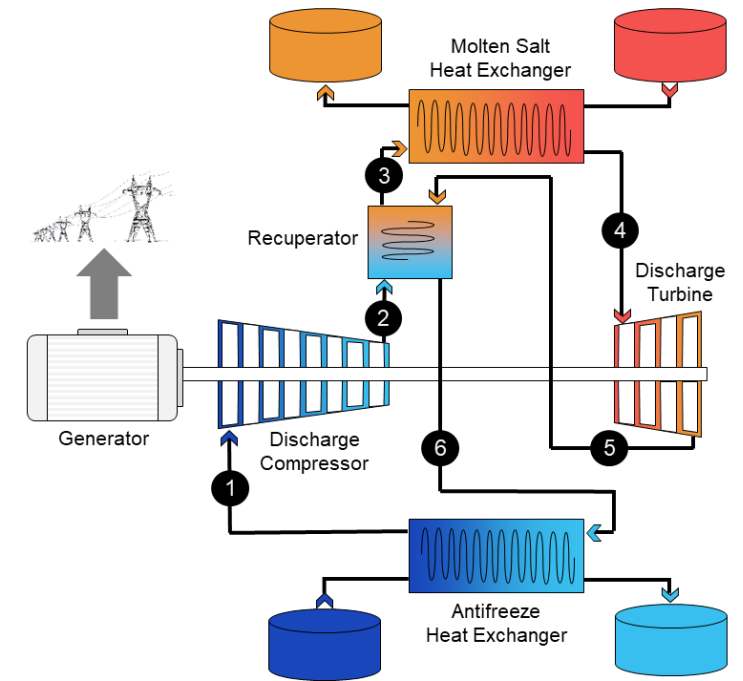
Nearly prototype technology readiness level (TRL-5), with near-term pilot demonstration

Charge Mode



Molten Salt at 565°C

Discharge Mode

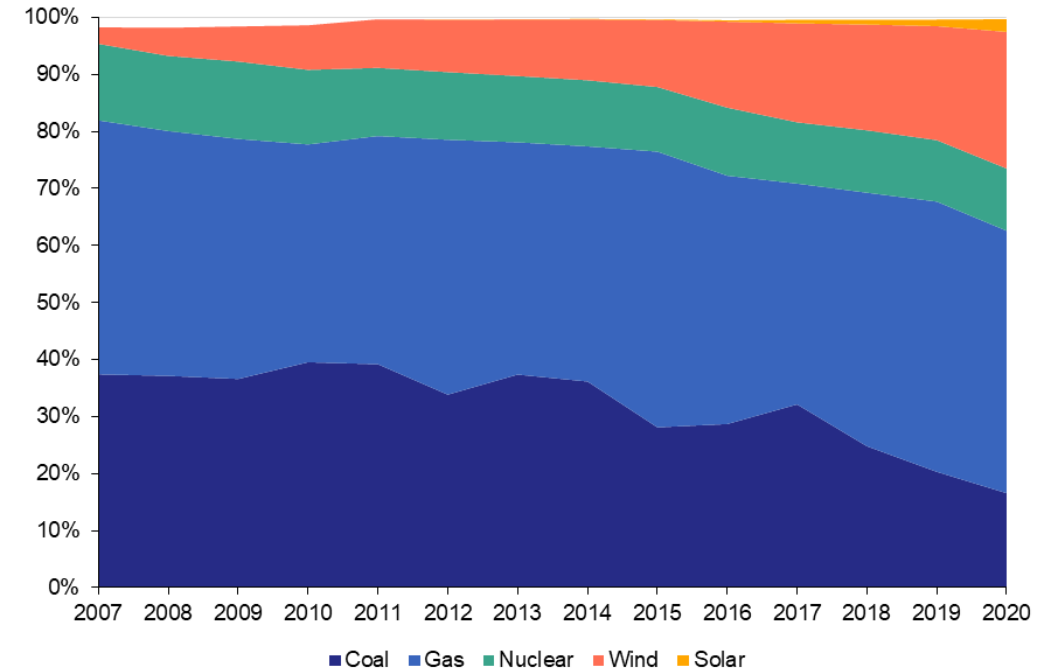


Antifreeze at -60°C

Integration with Luminant Fossil EGU in ERCOT

ERCOT

- Beginning to see a significant shift in the generation mix, as of August 2020,
 - VRE makes up 26% of the ERCOT generation mix
 - Wind energy has seen continued growth
 - Solar energy has grown to a non-zero contribution
- Market with high wind penetration
 - In 2019, ramps due to wind were experienced at 12% total generation in one hour



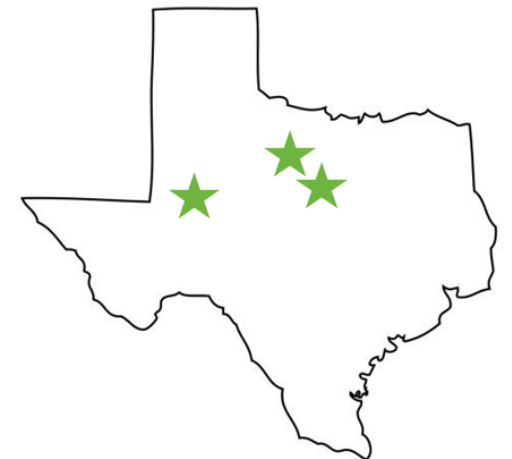
Luminant Site Selection

Three potential gas-fired power plants were identified during the proposal phase

- Two combined cycle natural gas plants with negative pricing at night
- A simple cycle peaker located near a variety of other assets

All based in North or West Texas where wind energy contributes to grid disturbances throughout the year

Site selection on-going as first major project task



Demonstrate the potential benefits of integrating MPHES with a gas-fired plant

Improved operational performance:

Enable gas plants to run with reduced cycling

XX.XX %



Increased economic performance:

Enable gas plants to better respond to grid disturbances

XX.XX %



Improved environmental performance:

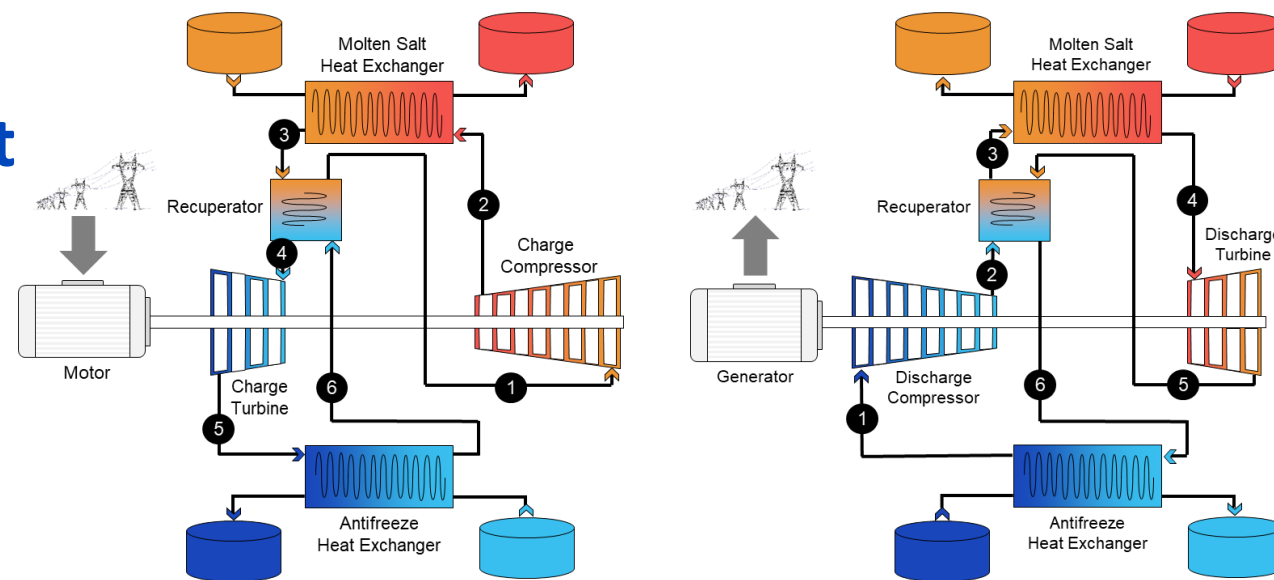
Allow asset owners to better monitor emissions usage

XX.XX %



Integration of Pumped Heat Energy Storage with a Fossil-Fired Power Plant

Award No. DE-FE0032031



Natalie Smith, Ph.D. (PI)
natalie.smith@swri.org



Ben Bollinger, Ph.D.
benjamin.bollinger@maltainc.com



Matt Ballew