

# Advanced Hydrogen Compressor for Hydrogen Storage Integrated with a Powerplant

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# Advanced Hydrogen Compressor for Hydrogen Storage Integrated with a Powerplant

DE-FE0032033



**Siemens Energy**



**PI: Kirk Lupkes**



**Sub-Recipients: none**



**Location: Redmond, WA**

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**DOE: \$500,000**

**Non-DOE: \$328,854**

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**Total: \$828,854**

## Objectives

- Design, manufacture and test an advanced compressor stage suitable for hydrogen compression service.
- Compressor performance (head rise, efficiency, range, etc) will be measured using industry standard testing protocols to evaluate the performance of the stage relative to conventional commercially available centrifugal compressors.
- Develop cost savings estimates as a result of utilization of the advanced compressor stage in commercial embodiments suitable for hydrogen generation and storage systems.

## Relevance and Outcomes/Impact

- The compression of hydrogen to enable cost effective storage and/or transport (via high pressure pipeline) is a critical and often overlooked element of the hydrogen economy. Technologies to reduce acquisition and operating costs are critical to the cost effective operation of hydrogen generation and storage systems.

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## Motivation for Development of Advanced Hydrogen Compression Technology

- A polymer electrolyte membrane (PEM) system, such as the Siemens Silyzer, can produce hydrogen with an efficiency of 75% based on HHV. Lower hydrogen discharge pressures result in higher conversion efficiencies but require more pressure ratio from the compressor.
- Local storage (or pipeline transport) of large quantities of hydrogen is required when a hydrogen production system is coupled with a powerplant and generally requires the hydrogen to be compressed to ~80 bar (1160 psi)
- A compressor is required to compresses the hydrogen from the low pressure at the production point to the pressure required for storage or transport.
- Multi-stage centrifugal turbocompressor are well suited to compressing large volumes of gas, but hydrogen presents several unique challenges that contribute to higher capital cost than many other gases:
  - Low head rise per stage due to the low mole weight of hydrogen, resulting in compressors with many stages, multiple pressure casings and drive systems and a large footprint
  - High cost and/or stress limited materials due to hydrogen embrittlement

**The Siemens Energy Advanced Hydrogen Compressor utilizes a unique turbomachinery configuration to significantly increase head rise per stage and enable the use of lower cost hydrogen compatible materials.**

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**Compression costs for hydrogen are major CAPEX and OPEX contributors to overall hydrogen based energy storage systems.**

**Advanced technologies to address the compression requirements for hydrogen storage systems are important to improving the overall cost effectiveness of commercial viability of the hydrogen economy.**

# Contact



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**Kirk Lupkes**

Engineering Manager

SE GP | PR TI PTS

11900 Northeast 1<sup>st</sup> Street

Suite 300

Bellevue, WA 98005

Mobile: 425-229-0169

[Kirk.Lupkes@siemens-energy.com](mailto:Kirk.Lupkes@siemens-energy.com)

[siemens-energy.com](https://www.siemens-energy.com)

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