## Project Title: "U.S. Coal to Conductive Inks"

#### **DOE/NETL Virtual Project Review Meeting 26-28 April 2021**

U.S. DOE Grant DE-SC000118694

Award Grantee: Minus 100, LLC

Investigators: James Hnat, PhD (PI) & Kevin Kerns, President (PM)

#### **Contact Information**

<u>E-mail: jghnat@minus100.com</u>, Tel:610-331-1772

E-mail: kckerns@minus100.com, Tel: 570-212-3261

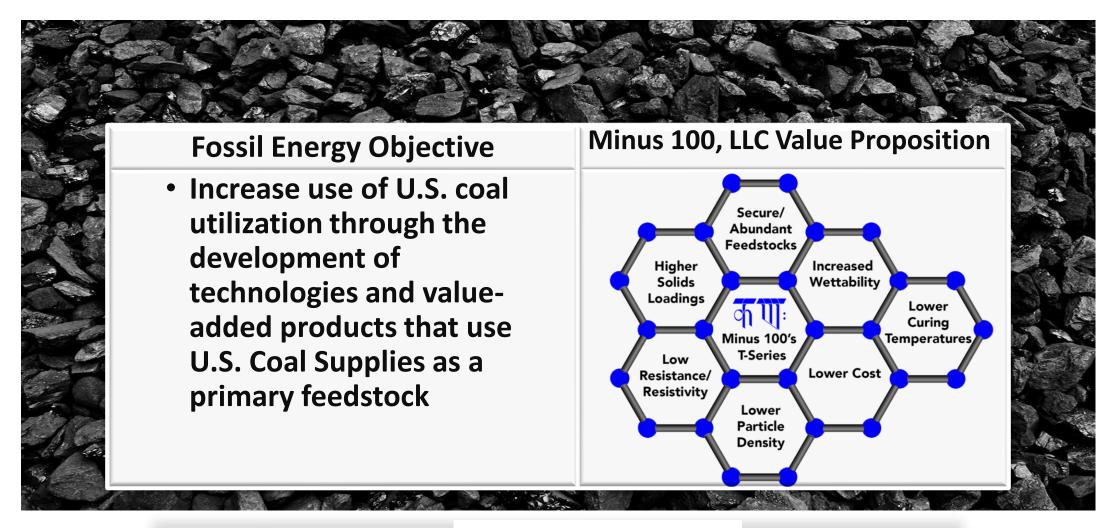
Minus 100, LLC <u>www.minus100.com</u>

1004 Lewis Lane

Clarks Summit, PA 18411-1125



# Fossil Energy Objective & Minus 100, LLC Value Proposition



### **Conductive Pigment Markets**

(Conductive Inks & Related Markets)

- Conductive Inks
  - Current Market (~ \$ 3.1 B/yr) Growing at 3.5% CAGR
  - Conductivity Enhancement Methods Under Evaluation
  - Lower Resistivity Leads to Electronic Printing Market Expansion
- Conductive Paints & Coatings
  - Significantly Larger Market (~ \$ 18.7 B/yr) Growing at 6.8% CAGR
  - Application Methods are Simpler
- Synthetic Graphite Manufacturing
  - Significantly Larger Market (~ \$ 18.3 B/yr) Growing at 5.2% CAGR
  - Precursor to Various Carbon Allotropes
    - Graphene, Carbon Nanotubes
  - Strategic Material with Limited U.S. Manufacturing Capacity
- Underfloor Heating Market
  - (~\$6.3 B/yr) Growing at 4.5% CAGR



# Carbon-Based Conductive Ink Applications

(Ref Henkel Web Page)

| Sheet Resistivity<br>(ohm/sq/mil) | Printing Method   | Potential Application                                |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 1,000,000 ± 15%                   | Screen-printing, thermoset, rigid carbon ink,<br>blending for specific resistance targets | Printed resistors, heaters, potentiometers, friction |
| 100,000 ± 15%                     | Screen-printing, thermoset, rigid carbon ink,<br>blending for specific resistance targets | Printed resistors, heaters, potentiometers, friction |
| 10,000 ± 15%                      | Screen-printing, thermoset, rigid carbon ink,<br>blending for specific resistance targets | Printed resistors, heaters, potentiometers, friction |
| 1,000 ± 15%                       | Screen-printing, thermoset, rigid carbon ink,<br>blending for specific resistance targets | Printed resistors, heaters, potentiometers, friction |
| 100 ± 15%                         | Screen-printing, thermoset, rigid carbon ink,<br>blending for specific resistance targets | Printed resistors, heaters, potentiometers. friction |
| < 40                              | Flexographic, Gravure, Screen, Digital  | Printed resistors, heaters, potentiometers, friction |
| 1                                 | Flexographic, Gravure, Screen, Digital  | RFID Applications                                    |



#### Position of Minus 100 in the Printing Value Chain

# Minus 100, LLC Position in the Conductive Ink Value Chain



Typically Mined
Materials,
Domestic Raw Material
Supply
Eliminates Reliance on
Uncertain Global
Conditions

Pigments/Suspensions
Base Vehicles &
Additives
(e.g., Binders, Coatings,
Preservatives,
Dispersants, Curing
Agents)

Formulates Inks in Accordance with Printing Method Utilized and Substrate to be Utilized Paper & Cardboard Plastic & Metals

Lithographic Printing Flexographic Printing Gravure Printing Screen Printing Inkjet Ink Printing

# Important Electrically Conductive Pigment and Ink Properties

#### **Pigment Properties**

- Powder Resistivity (ohm-cm)
- Particle Size (μm)
- Surface Area (m2/g)
- Density (g/cc)

#### **Ink Properties**

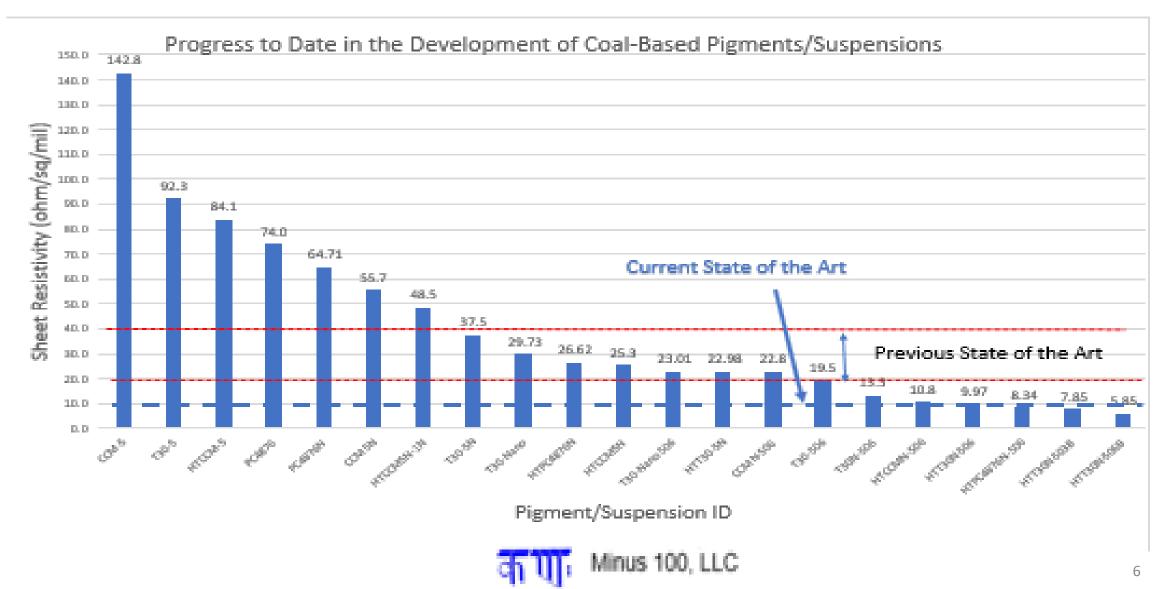
Sheet/Volume Resistivity (ohm/sq), (ohm/sq/mil)

- Viscosity (Pa·s)
- Surface Tension (dyne/cm)
- Substrate Surface Energy & Surface Adhesion
- Curing/Drying Rate & Temperature
- Abrasion Resistance
- Flexibility
- Color/Transparency
- Toxicity

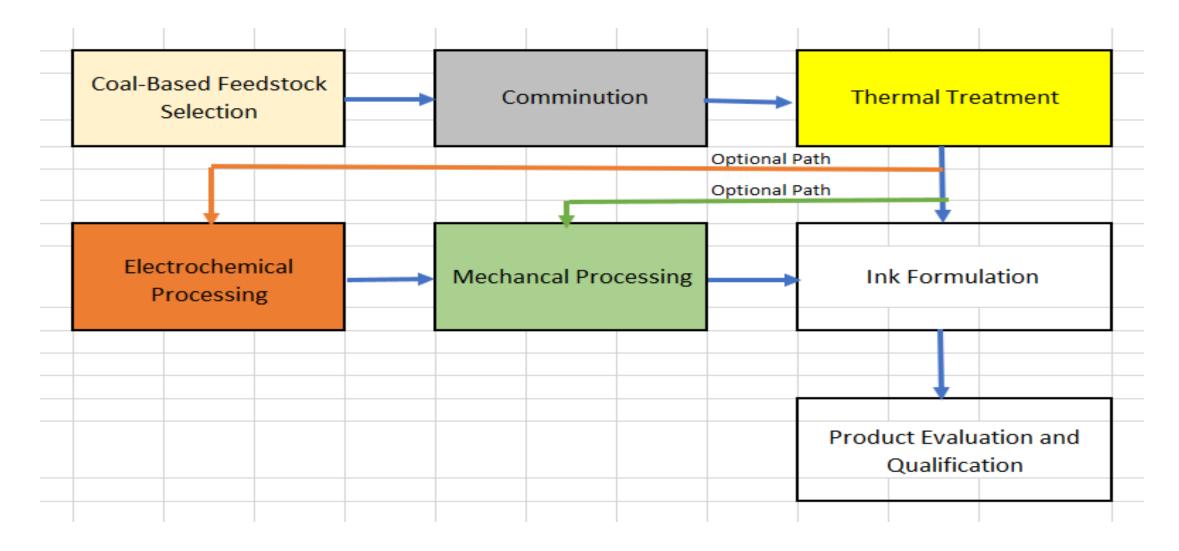


#### Technical Accomplishments to Date

(Water Based Ink Formulations)



### Technology/Product Development Approach



## **Proprietary Thermal Treatment Processes**

#### **Heat Treated Coal-Based Product**



#### **Research Findings**

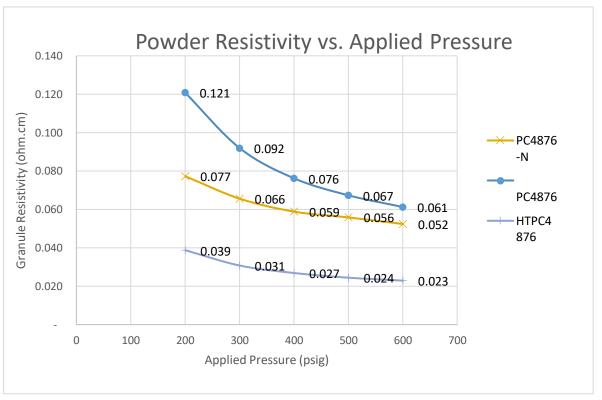
- Elevated temperatures enhance the electrical conductivity of coal-based feedstocks.
- Minus 100, LLC has developed a novel high temperature process for converting coal-based feedstocks into electrically conductive materials.
- This process is suitable for the production of synthetic graphite, a strategic material, from coal-based feedstocks
- Patent application restrictions preclude disclosure of details.

# Enhanced Conductivity of Bituminous Coal-Based Feedstocks via Thermal Treatment

# **Apparatus for Measuring Powder Resistivity**



#### Powder Resistivity versus Applied Pressure



## Ink Sheet Resistivity Measurements



Draw Down with a Mayer Rod



Measurement of Square Resistance



Measurement of Ink Film Thickness

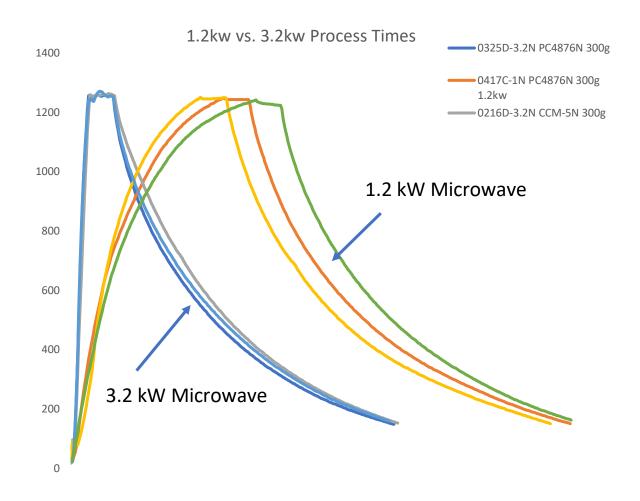


#### Microwave Processing of Coal-Based Pigments

Performance Comparison of 1.2 kW to 3.2 kW Microwave Furnaces

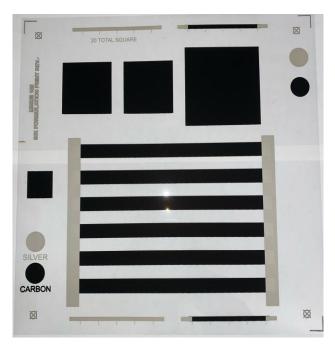


With the introduction of the 3.2 kW MW, we are observing not only reduced Process Times but Increased Product Yield. In addition, the 3.2 kW MW offers the ability to process at higher temperatures.

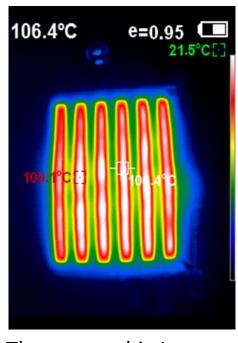


#### Resistive Heating Element Application

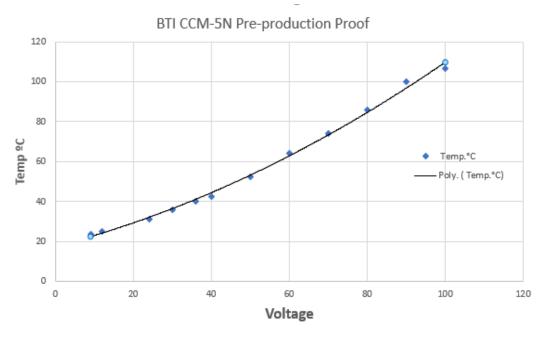
#### Coal-Based Heating Element Laboratory Pre-Production Proof



Screen Printed Proof Utilizing
CCM-5N Pigment From Minus
100 LLC. In a Commercial
Grade Screen Ink.
Printed By Butler Technologies

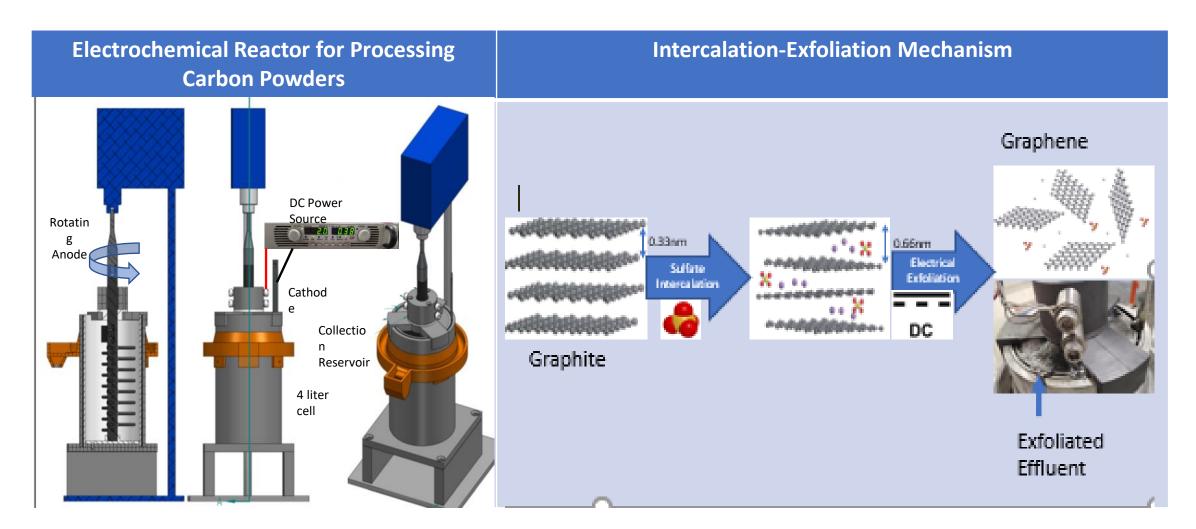


Thermographic Image of Pre-Production Proof Heating Assembly



Thermoprofile of Pre-Production Proof Heating Element Assembly

### Electrochemical Processing of Coal-Based Pigments





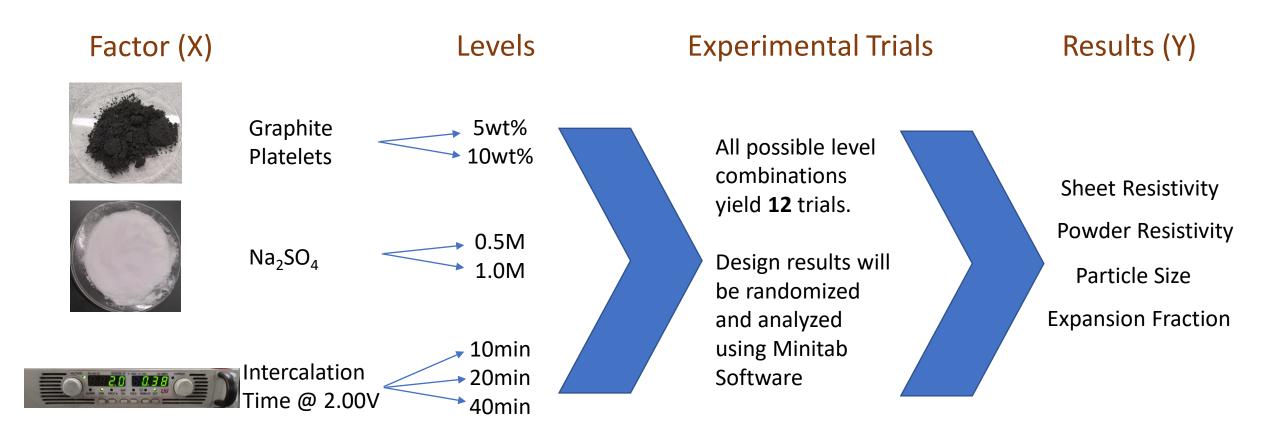
# Hybrid Metal/Coal-Based Pigment Development

|  | RD24456H     | RD24456E     | RD24456G          | RD24456A     | RD24456C     | RD24456E     |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Sample Property                          |              | ECR          |                   | ECR          |              | ECR          |
| Sample ID                                | HTCCMN-5     | HTCCMN-5E    | HTT30N-5          | HTT30N-5E    | HTPC4876E    | HTCCMN-5E    |
| % Carbon                                 | 100.00       | 99.86        | 99.91             | 99.90        | 99.92        | 99.86        |
| % Moisture                               | 0.02         | 0.00         | 0.01              | 0.01         | 0.01         | 0.00         |
| % Sulfur                                 | 0.0044       | 0.0085       | 0.0036            | 0.0077       | 0.0040       | 0.0085       |
| Electrical Resistivity (Ω*cm)            | 0.1091       | 0.1203       | 0.0672            | 0.0819       | 0.0476       | 0.1203       |
| True Density (g/cc)                      | 2.17         | 2.16         | 2.17              | 2.16         | 2.21         | 2.16         |
| Surface Area (m²/g)                      | 9.68         | 8.87         | 15.84             | 13.55        | 4.13         | 8.87         |
| Microtrac (μm)                           |              |              |                   |              |              |              |
| MT10 (μm)                                | 1.616        | 1.6          | 2.339             | 1.562        | 1.901        | 1.6          |
| MT50 (μm)                                | 5.83         | 5.92         | 6.82              | 5.75         | 13.23        | 5.92         |
| MT90 (μm)                                | 12.89        | 14.55        | 19.71             | 15.88        | 44.64        | 14.55        |
| MTMV (μm)                                | 6.93         | 7.37         | 9.92              | 8.06         | 19.44        | 7.37         |
| MTSTD (μm)                               | 4.13         | 4.6          | 5.73              | 4.95         | 17.52        | 4.6          |
| XRD Analysis                             |              |              |                   |              |              |              |
| Identified Phase                         | Graphite(2H) | Graphite(2H) | Graphite(2H & 3R) | Graphite(2H) | Graphite(2H) | Graphite(2H) |
| 002 2-Theta                              | 26.453°      | 26.443°      | 26.391°           | 26.427°      | 26.409°      | 26.443°      |
| D-Spacing                                | 3.3667Å      | 3.3679Å      | 3.3745Å           | 3.3699Å      | 3.3722Å      | 3.3679Å      |
| Crystallinity                            | 100%         | 100%         | 100%              | 100%         | 100%         | 100%         |
| L. Crystallite size(100→110)             | 101.74Å      | 52.43Å       | 108.13Å           | 107.56Å      | 172.30Å      | 52.43Å       |
| L <sub>c</sub> Crystallite Size(002→004) | 203.08Å      | 218.00Å      | 162.22Å           | 153.53Å      | 237.00Å      | 218.00Å      |



### Additive Enhancement for Coal-Based Pigments

Experimental Design (DOE) for the Production of Graphite/Graphene Platelets



### Hybrid Metal/Coal-Based Pigment Development

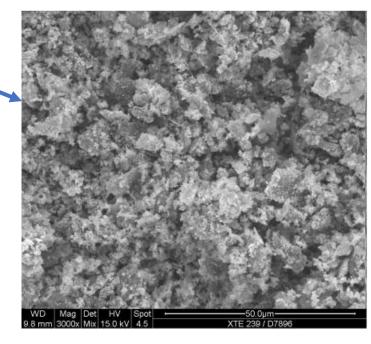
#### Metallization of Coal-Based Pigments via Electroless Nickel (EN) Plating



| Property / Level of alloy           | High <sup>a</sup> | Mid <sup>a</sup> | Mid-Low <sup>a</sup> | Low <sup>a</sup> |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| % Phosphorous                       | 10 - 13           | 7 - 9            | 4 - 6                | 1 - 3            |
| Electrical resistivity <sup>h</sup> | 75 - 110          | 40 - 70          | 15 - 45              | 10 - 30          |

$$2Ni^{2+} + 8H_2PO^{-}_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow 2Ni_0$$
 (s)  $+ 6H_2PO^{-}_3 + 2H^+ + 2P$  (s)  $+ 3H_2$  (g)

- Stage I
- 5µm coal based conductive particles were successfully coated with nickel alloy.
- Goal to lower ink weight and cost compared to silver.
- · Successfully coated agglomerate free
- Stage II
- To date, commercially available chemistry coatings have not achieved published resistivity targets (15-45 μohm-cm).
- Working with two reputable plating companies to increase coating conductivity.
- Investigating phosphorus content of coatings.
- Pursuing surface analysis and oxidation inhibition of coatings.



### **SWOT/SCOT Analysis**

#### Strengths

- Phase I Goal: < 1000 ohm/sq/mil Achieved</li>
- Phase II Goal: < 100 ohm/sq/mil Achieved</li>
- Internal Goal: < 10 ohm/sq/mil Achieved 6 ohm/sq/mil</li>
- Next Target: ≤ 1 ohm/sq/mil In Progress
- Lab-Scale heating element prototype developed
- Development of novel high temperature process for conductive/graphitic enhancement
- Use of nontoxic electrolytes in ECR

#### **O**pportunities

- Seeking underfloor heating commercialization partner
- New electronic circuit printing
- Collaborating with major ink manufacturers
- Conductive Paints and Coatings
- Synthetic Graphite Production
- Semiconductor Chemical Mechanical Planarization (CMP) Spillover

#### **C**hallenges

- Achieve ≤ 1 ohm/sq/mil with metallized pigment.
- HT Furnace construction materials
- Flue Gas Emissions
- Material handling of fine particles

#### **T**hreats

- Covid-19 Fallout (supply and co-development)
- Demand destruction

#### **Commercialization Activities**

- Accomplished Phase II Objective of ≤ 100 ohm/sq/mil with Water and Solvent-based Inks
- Major Ink Manufacturers are Evaluating Coal-Based Pigment & Ink Suspensions for Conductive Ink Applications
- Working Toward Qualification of our Pigments/Suspensions for Specific Commercial Applications
- Testing of Lab-scale Proto-type Heating Element Assemblies
- Working with Commercial Screen Printer to Scale-up Heating Element Assembly Designs
- Developing Lower Resistivity Pigments/Suspensions to Expand the Application Scope of our Coal-Based Pigments/Suspensions



### COMMERCIALIZATION EFFORTS (Cont'd)

- Discretionary Commercialization Assistance (DCA) provider: TechOpp Consulting, Inc. (TOC)
- Developing and executing commercialization strategy to enable expansion into commercial markets
  - To date, connected with Major Conductive ink Manufacturers, Paint/Coating Manufacturers and Electric Underfloor Heating Manufacturers/Distributors
- Identifying and pursuing Phase III opportunities within non-DOE federal programs (e.g., DoD)
- Instrumental in securing LOS from Key Industry Players for Phase IIA
- Networking with Top Level Scientists / Business Development Personnel of Large Companies
- Filling the "Gap" for Small Organizations

#### **Future Plans**

- 1. Initiate Phase IIA Project
- 2. Continue to Pursue electric Underfloor & Wall Heating Element Applications
  - Engaged with co-development commercial screen-printing partner to produce a protype.
- 3. Continue Electro-Chemical Research
  - Evaluate intercalation/exfoliation potential of selected coal-based pigments.
- 4. Complete Carbon-based Additive Research
  - Conductive Carbon Black
  - Graphite/Graphene Platelets
  - Carbon Nanotubes
- 5. Continue Hybrid Pigment Conductive Research
  - Metallization
- 6. Continue collaboration with major ink formulators to evaluate Minus 100, LLC conductive pigments.
- 7. Initiate lab-scale testing and evaluation of proprietary heating technology at elevated temperatures
- 8. Continue commercialization efforts with Tech-Opps.

### Acknowledgement & Disclaimer

**Acknowledgment:** "This material is based upon work supported by the U.S. Department of Energy Award Number DE-SC0018694"

Disclaimer: "This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof."

## **Questions & Answers**

