Task 6 Development of a High Fidelity Proxy Model



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September 30, 2020



Agenda

Development of an Industrial Scale High Fidelity Proxy Model

- Motivation and Goal
- Overview of Approach and Deliverables
- Recap previous results
- Variation in multiple parameters during partial load operation
 - CFD and proxy model results
- Extension of proxy model transient applications
- Details of accomplishments with potential spillover affects into other industries.
- Proxy model uses in various industry and benefits of the technology.
- Path forward.





Escalante Tri-State Boiler 40% Full Load (left) and Full Load (right): Gas Temperature Predictions



Motivation & Goal

Motivation: Common practice to use Computational Fluid Dynamic (CFD) models for high fidelity information at a device scale level.

- Steep learning curve
- Large computational resources and time
- Difficult to quantify uncertainties in model predictions
- Difficult to disseminate modeling results
- Never deployed or used directly in the field







Motivation & Goal

- Goal: Develop a CFD based fast running high fidelity proxy model of an industrial scale boiler.
- Expertise in CFD not required
- Fast running almost real time
- Proxy model could be deployed on basic operating systems (desktop, laptop, tablet)
- Easy to use by engineers in the field
- Could be applied to multiple industrial areas







Approach and Deliverables

NATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY LABORATORY

Leverage the fidelity inherent in a CFD model and recent advances in artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) to develop a pr model from three dimensional CFD data.

Approach and Deliverables:

- Develop a CFD model of the NETL B6 combustion rig (completed
- Develop a proxy model of the NETL B6 combustion rig (complete
- Develop a CFD model of an industrial scale boiler (completed)
- Develop a proxy model of an industrial scale boiler over a single parameter of interest (completed)
- Develop a proxy model of an industrial scale boiler over multiple parameters of interest (completed)
- Conduct sensitivity analysis using proxy model to predict optimal performance (in-progress)
- Submit manuscript of the sensitivity analysis (in-progress)
 - Data Driven Proxy Model Development for a Tangentially Fired Coal Boiler under Partial Load Operation
- Develop a proxy model for transient applications (in-progress)



Tri-State 245 MW tangentially fired boiler. CFD prediction of temperature through the boiler



NETL Proxy Model: B6 Combustion Rig





NETL B6 combustion rig was used to investigate the effect of fuel interchangeability on combustion performance (Natural Gas w/wo Propane) ANSYS/Fluent CFD model of the combustor. 9 million cell geometries, steady-state, tracking 12 gas species.



CFD temperature prediction (left) and proxy model Prediction (right) both show excellent agreement experiments. Similar agreement with pressure, velocities and gas species.



NETL Proxy Model of an Industrial Scale Boile

- Partner with industry to ensure relevance of the proxy modeling effort.
 - CRADA with Tri-State Generation & Transmission
 - MOU with NTPC (commercial scale boiler in India)
 - Upper management discussions with ANSYS/Fluent to determine area of collaboration
 - Longview Power Plant Morgantown WV

Tri-State 245 MW tangentially fired boiler. CFD prediction of temperature through the boiler









10

NETL CFD Model of Tri-State Boiler

• CFD Model Fluent

- ~4M Computational Cells
- Steady-state DPM model
- Radiative Heat Transfer
- Moisture Release
- Pyrolysis/Devolatization
- Char Oxidation Model
- Gas-phase combustion
- Realizable k-epsilon
- Develop Proxy Model Under

Turndown Conditions

• Base (100% Load), 80%, 60%, 50% and 40%





<u>CFD Predictions vs Plant Data (Temperature</u> Super-heater/Re-heater Platen Temperature (°K) 1800 Economizer 1700 Platen 1600 1500 4001300 1200

1100

1000

Coal Feed Levels

1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700

Escalante Measurement







Fidelity of the NETL CFD Tri-State Model





Tri-State 245 MW tangentially fired boiler. CFD prediction of temperature through the boiler



Fidelity of the NETL CFD Tri-State Model



Super-heater/Re-heater Platen



Economizer Platen

Left particle concentration right velocity magnitude predicted by the NETL CFD model.

Super-heater/Re-heater Platen





Fidelity of the NETL CFD Tri-State Model



Effect of Coal Injection Levels



- In the top figures coal and primary air are evenly distributed between the top 2 injection layers. In the bottom figures coal and primary air are evenly distributed between all 5 injection layers.
- Injection of coal and primary air at the top 2 injection layers creates a "fire ball" which moves upward allowing more heat to be transferred to the internal super-heater/reheater platens.
 - The temperature at the bottom part of the boiler drops
 - Less Coal Ash is trapped in the bottom hopper region.
 - Higher temperatures around the burners

15



Simulation Matrix to Generate the NETL Proxy Model for Turndown



- Three out of 19 input parameters are modified in the Tri-State CFD simulations relevant to turn down operating conditions:
 - Coal flow rate (kg/s)
 - Pulverized air flow (kg/s)
 - Secondary air flow (kg/s)

Input Parameters	Minimum	Maximum
Coal flow rate (kg/s)	0.65	1.67
Pulverized air flow (kg/s)	2.32	3.80
Secondary air flow (kg/s)	2.91	6.53



NETL Proxy Model: Data Partitioning



		Training & Calibration	Validation	Blind		
Total CFD Runs provided = 32		1	24	23		
	Z	3	6	11		
CFD Runs for:	DED	8	20	16		
Training & Calibration = 14	LUL	9				
Validation $= 3$	NCI	12	×.			
Blind = 3	BE] TR∕	13				
	ST I	19				
	MU	26	Den	onstration of the results		
Total CFD Runs not used		28	fron	n Sample Training CFD Runs		
during this stage of the Proxy		2				
Modeling = 12		7				
		22				
CFD Runs = 4, 5, 10, 14, 15, $17, 19, 21, 25, 20, 21, 22$		27				
17, 18, 21, 25, 50, 51, 52		29				
		14	3	3		
ENERGY						

Temperature - Simulation Run 12







Temperature - Error Histogram





		Percent Ranges	Number of Cells	Perc. Cells			
		< 10%	4,622,438	97.349%			
00-		10% - 20%	99,155	2.088%	Percent Ranges	Number of Cells	Perc. Cells
		20% - 30%	17,248	0.363%	< 2%	3,733,161	78.621%
00-		30% - 40%	4,830	0.102%	2% - 4%	563,718	11.872%
		40% - 50%	1,800	0.038%	4% - 6%	184,504	3.886%
00-		50% - 60%	912	0.019%	6% - 8%	90,013	1.896%
00-		60% - 70%	660	0.014%	8% - 10%	51,042	1.075%
		70% - 80%	422	0.009%	> 10%	125,890	2.651%
00-		80% - 90%	329	0.007%		· · · ·	
		> 90%	534	0.011%			
0	0.05 <u>0.</u>	rror (Å	raction	$\mathbf{\hat{j}}$).25	_	







0.15

0.2

Oxygen (Load 60%) Error Histogram



50000-)-					Total Number of Cells = $4,035,275$				
0000-										
50000-							Number of	Cells	Perc. Cells	
0000-						< 10%	4,034	1,585	99.98%	
0000-						10% - 20 %		690	0.02%	
0000-						20% - 30 %		-	0.00%	
000-						30% - 40 %		_	0.00%	
						40% - 50 %		-	0.00%	
000-						50% - 60 %		-	0.00%	
000-						60% - 70 %		-	0.00%	
000-						70% - 80 %		-	0.00%	
000-						80% - 90 %		-	0.00%	
000						> 90%		-	0.00%	
000-										

Similar error magnitude and histograms for pressure, gas velocities, gas species



Fidelity of the NETL Proxy Tri-State Model



Temperature

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Fidelity of the NETL Proxy Tri-State Model





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Extensions of NETL's Proxy Model for Transient Application



- Novel machine learning hybrid algorithms built in Google's TensorFlow framework were developed and joined to NETL's MFiX CFD software to improve computational speed and maintain accuracy.
- Accomplishments:
 - Replaced the stiff chemistry solver in MFiX with a machine learned hybrid algorithm that maintains thermochemical accuracy within the flow field and improves chemical solver time (up to 300x over serial LSODA, and 35x over parallel LSODA).
 - C3M 19.1 released in June with support for MLA-STEV solver.
 - Developed a Machine Learning DNN LEQ solver that can outperform state of the art traditional LEQ solvers in both accuracy and time to solution.
- Impact:
 - Allows reduction in chemistry, simulation and project time which reduces cost, time, power consumption and improves productivity.
 - Exceptional scaling using GPUs as problem size increases.
 - Achieved Technology Transfer through public release of C3M.
- Research Partners:
 - Nvidia, Intel, IBM, Microway







Owoyele, O., Buchheit, K, Jordan, T., VanEssendelft, D., Accelerating Computational Fluid Dynamics Using TensorFlow, 2018 NETL Workshop On Multiphase Flow Science, 2018 TensorFlow, the TensorFlow logo and any related marks are trademarks of Google Inc. NETL is not affiliated with Google Inc.



Industrial Extensions of NETL's Proxy Model

- NETL's proxy model approach in a data driven general approach able to take any steady-state data and reproduce the data over multiple parameters of interest.
 - Geometry independent, scale independent, runs in near real-time, runs on any basic compute hardware
- Additional uses of the proxy model.
 - Operational improvements, diagnostics, prognostics, digital twins, cyber security, virtual sensing, cyber-physical modeling and increased fidelity for process level models
 - Parameter sensitivity analysis, CFD uncertainty quantification, device scale optimization





Path Forward for NETL's Proxy Model

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NETL Products and Accomplishments

- An open-source version of MFiX has been developed MFIX-AI which couples MFiX with Google's TensorFlow accelerated CFD simulations using AI and ML and to allow collaborative research in the area of CFD and AL/ML (e.g., proxy model development)
- High fidelity CFD model of an industrial scale boiler under turndown conditions
- High fidelity proxy model of an industrial scale boiler
- Yong Liu, Mehrdad Shahnam and Chris Guenther, "CFD Simulations of Propane/Natural Gas Blended Fuels Combustion in Gas Turbine," AICHE Annual Meeting, 192d, November 10-15, 2019, Orlando, FL
- Shahab D. Mohaghegh, Mehrdad Shahnam, Ayodeji Aboaba, Yvon Martinez, Chris Guenther, Yong Liu, Anthony Morrow, and Ashley Konya, "Data-Driven Smart Proxy for Computational Fluid Mechanics," Multiphase Flow Science Workshop, Aug 6-8, 2019, Morgantown WV
- Aboaba, A.; Martinez, Y.; Mohaghegh, S.; Shahnam, M.; Guenther, C.; Liu, Y., Smart Proxy Modeling Application of Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning in Computational Fluid Dynamics, <u>https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1642460</u>, DOI 10.2172/1642460





Thank You

