Evolving Robust and Reconfigurable Multi-Objective Controllers for Advanced Power Systems

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Motivation: Energy Systems

- Where are we?
 - Advanced energy systems becoming more interconnected
 - Computation pushed further down the pipe
 - More powerful, cheaper, smaller devices

- Where are we going?
 - Hybrid systems
 - Competing objectives
 - Smart sensors, actuators



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Motivation: Energy Systems

- Where are we?
 - Difficult to model
 - Distributed decision making
 - Need Scaling

- Where are we going?
 - Even more difficult to model
 - Even more distributed decision making
 - Even more scaling



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Motivation: Energy Systems

- We need to account for?
 - Model inaccuracies (or lack of models)
 - Thousands of actors (sensors, controllers, users)
 - Failing components
 - Competing objectives
 - Dynamic and stochastic environments



- And still control systems to result in safe, efficient operation





Outline

- Motivation: multiagent, multi-objective control in complex systems
- Roadmap & objectives
- Key Milestones for last year
 - M 1: Develop abstract simulator
 - M 4: Develop multi-objective controller

• Summary & Project Status

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Project Milestones

Milestone Number	Milestone Title	Planned Completion Date	Actual Completion Date
1	Develop an abstract simulator for advanced power systems	June 2014	June 2014 🗸 Ongoing
2	Develop bio-mimetic control algorithm for advanced power systems	Sept. 2014	Sept. 2014 🗸
3	Develop system metrics to measure tradeoffs of plant objectives	March 2015	March 2015 🗸
4	Develop multi-objective control algorithm for advanced power systems	Sept. 2015	Sept. 2015 🗸
5	Develop robust controller for advanced power system	June 2016	September 2016
6	Develop reconfigurable, multi-objective controller for advanced power system	Sept. 2016	September 2017

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Milestone 1: Abstract Simulator

- Use data from real HyPer runs to train abstract simulator
 - Neural network maps current plant state and control actions to next plant state
 - Can use neural network to make a time domain simulator of the plant
- Are we claiming you can replace high-fidelity simulator ???
 ABSOLUTELY NOT

Claim: You can approximate high-fidelity simulator in parts of state space to develop policies.

You can then tune policies on high-fidelity simulator and test in hardware

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Training 1.0

- We have labeled data
- Backpropagation!



• What can possibly go wrong???



Results: Backpropagation (BP)



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Results: Backpropagation 1-time step



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What is going on?

- Backpropagation inadequate
 - 1-time step training is good
 - Error propagates through time

• Solution: Evolutionary Algorithm with "bigger picture" view



Training 2.0

- Backpropagation inadequate
 - 1-time step training is good
 - Error propagates through time

- Solution: Evolutionary Algorithms
 - Key: Fitness metric



Weakness based search

$$w = \frac{1}{t_o} \sum_{i=1}^{k} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{t_o} |t_i - y_i| \right)^2$$

- Weakness metric (anti-fitness)
- 25,000 generations
- Population size: 100

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Weakness based search

$$w = \frac{1}{t_o} \sum_{i=1}^{k} \left(\sum_{t=1}^{t_o} |t_i - y_i| \right)^2$$

• Error at each point



Weakness based search
$$w = rac{1}{t_o} \sum_{i}^k \Big(\sum_{t=1}^{t_o} |t_i - y_i|\Big)^2$$

• Total time steps

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Weakness based search

$$w = \frac{1}{t_o} \sum_{i}^{k} \left(\sum_{t=1}^{t_o} |t_i - y_i| \right)^2$$

• Aggregate L1 norm of error for each sensor



Weakness based search



- L2 norm of time aggregate error distribution
- Error distribution is important



Results: Weakness-based neuro-evolution



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What happened?

• Improved performance tremendously

• But: Solutions are sensitive to starting point



Training 3.0

- Use Novelty
 - Use sparcity of error vector
 - Average k-neighbor distance



So ...

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Results: Adding Novelty-based Neuro-evolution



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Results: Error histograms



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Key Issue in many Real World Problems

• You have one than one objective

• How do you trade-off one for the other



Key Issue in many Real World Problems





Key Points

- "Seeing" the performance is easy with two objectives
- With higher than three objectives, it is very difficult
- Linear combination misses entire areas of search space
 - Suboptimal
 - Poor trade-offs
- Population based searches are slow. Very, very slow



PaCcET Result



Multi-Objective Control

- Sample control policies
 - Maximize fuel cell inlet temperature accuracy
 - Maximize turbine speed tracking accuracy



Empirical Attainment Function



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Endpoint Profile Locations



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Endpoint Profiles



Tradeoff Profile Locations



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Tradeoff Profiles



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What do Results mean?

- Orange policy:
 - moderate match of the desired turbine profile and target fuel cell temperature
 - It does not optimize either objective of the plant, it does well at finding a middle ground between the policies which only consider one plant objective

- These are not tradeoffs that are obvious with linear combination



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Publications

1. Neuroevolution of a Hybrid Power Plant Simulator.

S. Khadka, K. Tumer, M. Colby, D. Tucker, P. Pezzini, K.M. Bryden. In Proceedings of Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference (GECCO) 2016, Denver, CO. July 2016.

1. Multi-objective Neuro-evolutionary Control for a Fuel Cell Turbine Hybrid Energy System.

M. Colby, L Yliniemi, P. Pezzini, D. Tucker, K.M. Bryden, K. Tumer. In Proceedings of Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference (GECCO) 2016, Denver, CO. July 2016.



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MS, 2015

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