Coal-Based SECA Program - FuelCell Energy Inc.

11th Annual SECA Workshop Pittsburgh, PA July 27-29, 2010

Hossein Ghezel-Ayagh, FuelCell Energy, Inc. Brian Borglum, Versa Power Systems





Presentation Outline

- Introduction
 - FCE SECA program team members
- SECA Coal-Based SOFC Program Outline
- Progress in SOFC Technology
- Stack Development
 - Metric Tests
- Module Demonstration Unit Development
- Baseline System Design and Cost Analyses
 - Integrated Gasification Fuel Cell (IGFC) System Configuration
 - Baseline Power Plant Cost Estimate
- Conclusions





FuelCell Energy (FCE)

- Premier developer of fuel cell technology for stationary power applications
- Headquarters in Danbury, CT (USA), with 65,000 ft² manufacturing facility in Torrington, CT (USA)
- Delivering Direct FuelCell power plants to commercial, industrial and utility customers
- Developing large-scale coal-based power plants as well as natural gas distributed generation (DG) systems utilizing planar SOFC
- Established commercial relationships with major distributors in the Americas, Europe, and Asia



Torrington, CT - Manufacturing Facility



MW-Class Fuel Cell Products





SECA Coal-Based Systems Program

Program Objectives

Development of large scale (>100 MWe) coal-based SOFC systems with:

- > At least 50% electrical efficiency from coal (higher heating value)
- > Performance to meet DOE specified metrics for power output, degradation, availability, and reliability
- > Fuel cell power island factory cost <\$400/kW (2002 USD)
- > More than 90% of carbon capture from coal syngas as CO₂, for sequestration
- Reduced water consumption as compared to the existing coal power plant technologies

Program Status

- * FCE team successfully completed Phase I of the Coal Based SECA Program in December 2008.
- * Phase II work is focused on further development of cost-effective, multi-MW size SOFC power plant system to operate on coal syngas fuel, with near zero emissions.



Phase II SECA Coal-Based Program Team

The FCE team is comprised of diverse organizations with expertise in key functional areas:

FuelCell Energy Inc. (FCE), Danbury, CT

Manufacturing and commercialization of fuel cell power plant systems in sizes ranging from 300kW to Multi-MW.



Versa Power Systems Inc. (VPS), Littleton, CO

Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOFC) development and manufacturing technologies.



Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL), Richland, WA

> SOFC cell and stack computational modeling.



WorleyParsons Inc. (WP), Reading, PA

Design of the power plant, including: integration with gasifier and syngas clean-up technologies, system level costing, and system performance analysis.

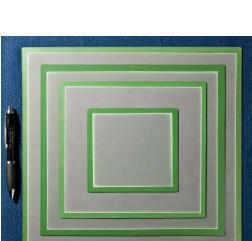




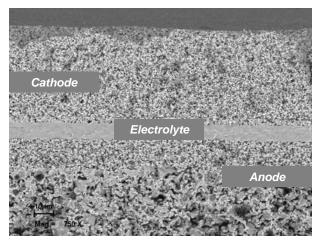


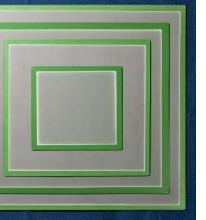
VPS Planar SOFC Cell and Stack Technology

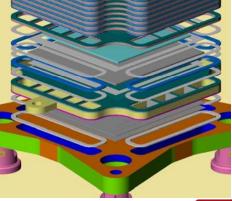
- Anode supported cells (up to 33 x 33 cm²)
- Capable of operating from 650°C to 800°C
- Ferritic stainless steel sheet metal interconnect
- Cross-flow gas delivery with manifolds integrated into the interconnect but not through the cell
- Compressible ceramic gasket seals
- Standardized stack blocks configurable into stack towers for various power applications















Presentation Outline

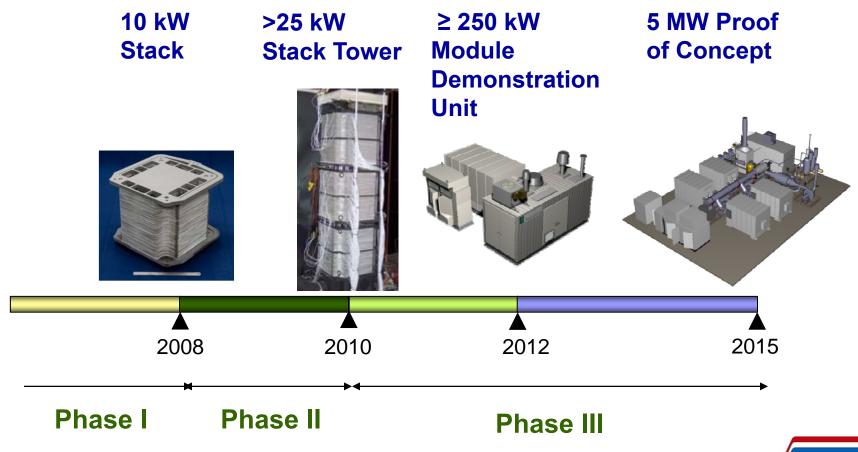
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SECA Coal Based Program Plan for IGFC Development

• FCE is currently engaged in development of stack tower and SOFC power module configurations suitable for large scale coal based power plants.



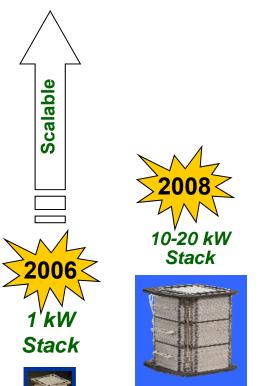




SECA SOFC Development Path



Develop SOFC stack technology that meets the performance & cost objectives, is scalable, and is used as the building block for assembling stack towers and large-scale power modules.







SOFC Stack Module



Modular



MW-scale Proofof-Concept Plant

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Cell Development Objectives

Performance:

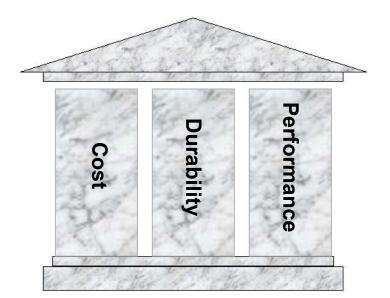
- > High performance over a wide operating window
- > Capability for in-stack reforming (DIR)
- > Accommodation of load following

Durability:

- > Degradation rate of less than 0.2% per 1000 hours over a wide operating window (temperature, fuel utilization and current density)
- > Robustness for thermal cycles and rapid load transients

Cost:

- > Scalability to facilitate large stack and power module
- > Reduction of materials usage
- > Improvements in cell fabrication process technology







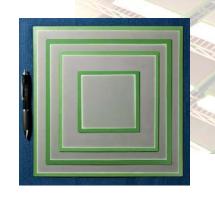
Recent Achievements in Cell Fabrication Process

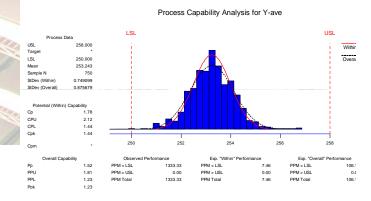






- Established fabrication process capabilities for large area cells
 - Cells up to 1000 cm² (33 x 33 cm²) in size were produced using TSC cell manufacturing process
- Developed and implemented the next generation of cell fabrication processes
 - Cell thickness was reduced by more than 40%
- Fabricated > 4000 cells (25 x 25 cm²)
 - > Production volume of 500 kW (annual) was established

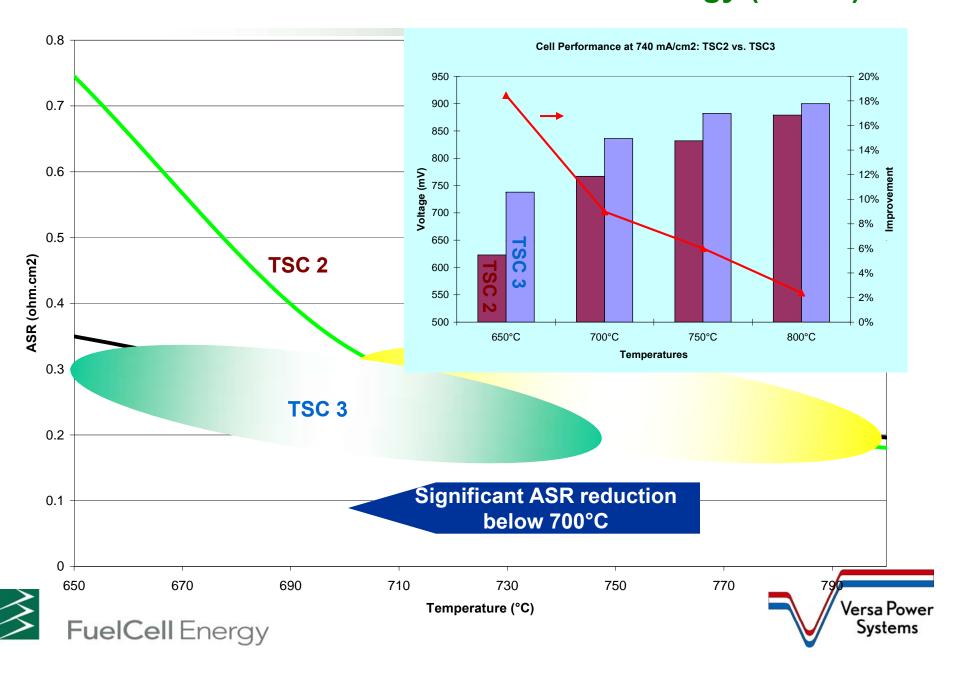




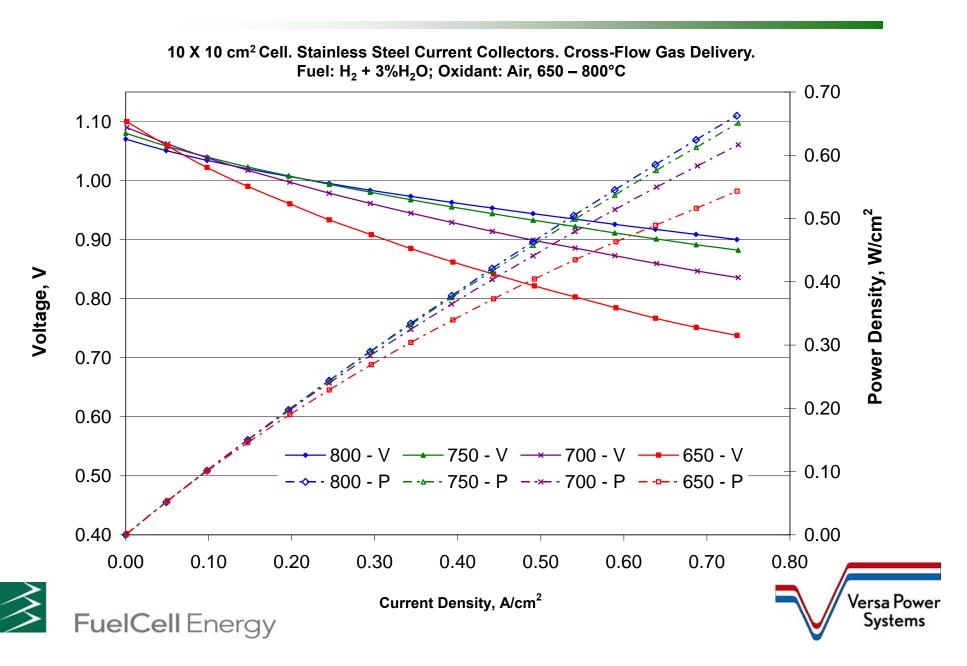


FuelCell Energy

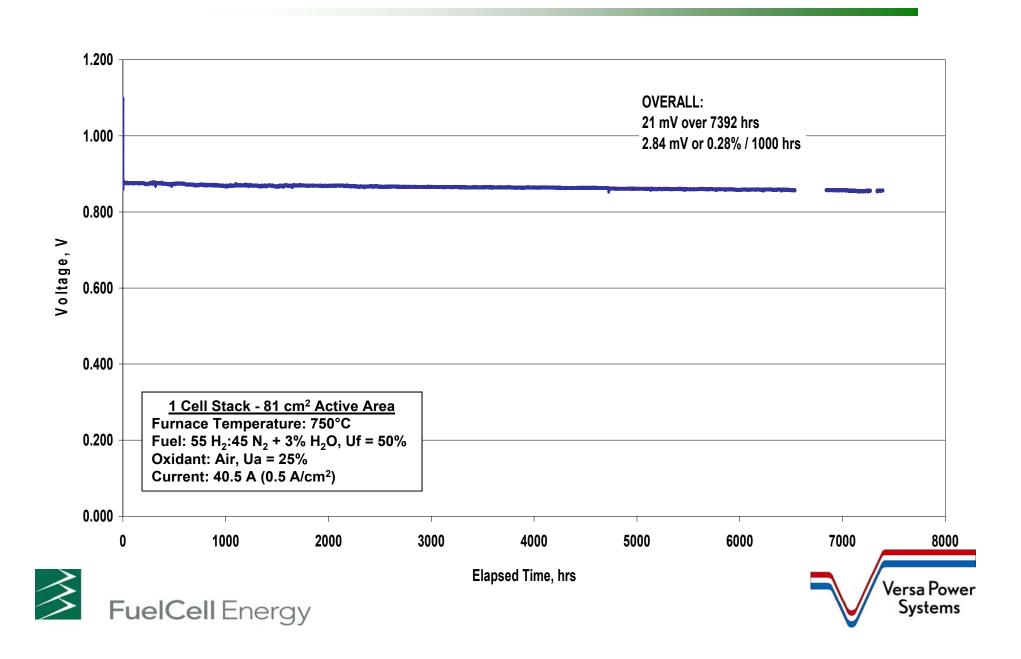
Third Generation of Cell Technology (TSC-3)



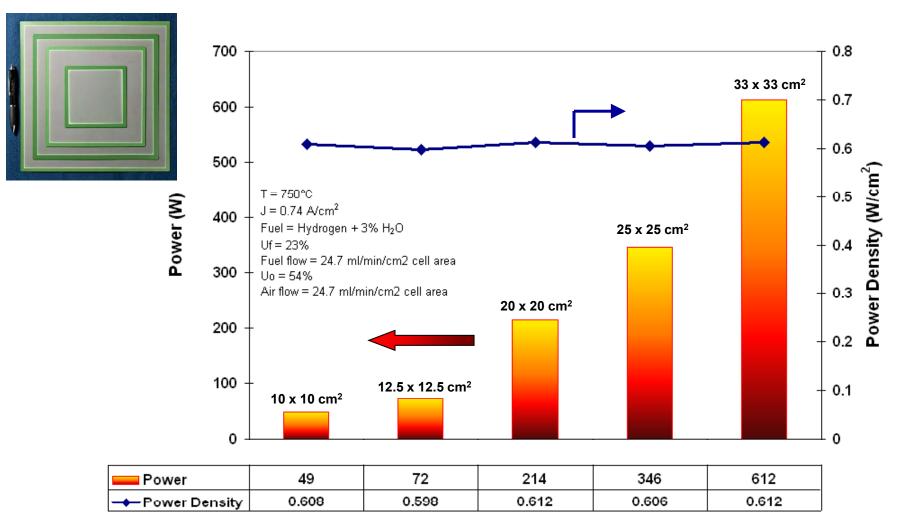
Single Cell Performance Enhancement



Single Cell Stability Achievements



Progress in Cell Scale-Up







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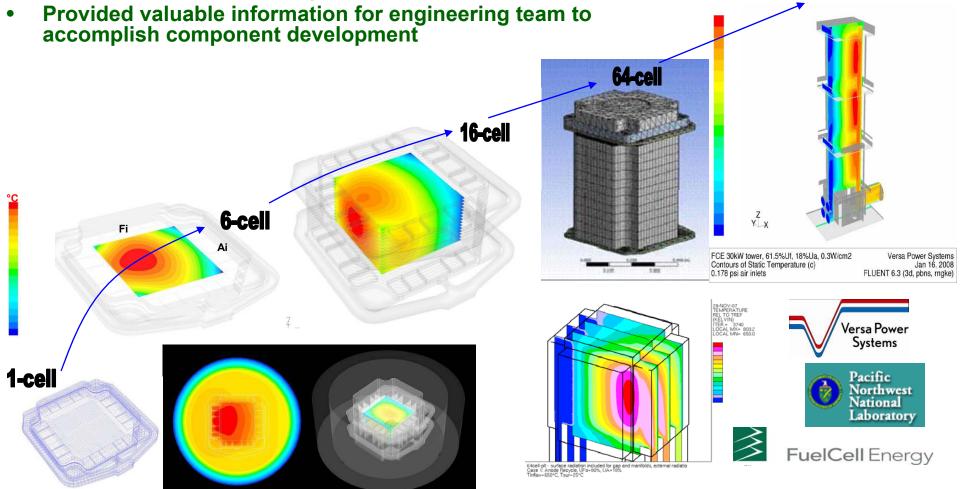
Stack Design Approach

Tower

 Utilized a model-driven design approach using both CFD and FEA to resolve thermo-mechanical challenges

 Followed a progressive modeling path from single cell, short stack, full size stack block, and finally to stack tower

Validated the models using component and stack test results



SOFC Stack Evolution



Stack Scale-up and Maufacturing Progression

Stack Size	Power (kW/stack)	Quantity	Total Power (kW)
6 cells	1	21	21
16 cells	2.5	18	45
64 cells	10	6	60
Total		45	126

Phase 1







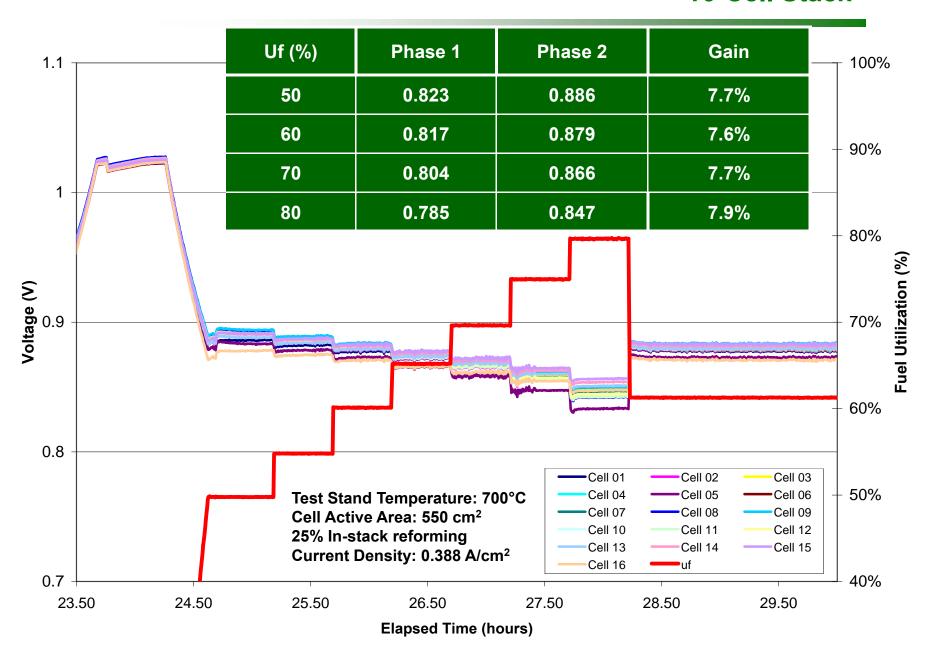
NOTICE
ONLY AUTHORIZED
PERSONS TO ENTER
THIS AREA

Phase 2

10 kW 64-cell

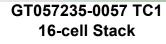
Stack Size	Power (kW/stack)	Quantity	Total Power (kW)	
16 cells	2.5	42	105	
32 cells	5	1	5	
92 cells	18	7	126	
120 cells	25	1	25	
Total		51	261	

Stack Performance Enhancement 16-Cell Stack

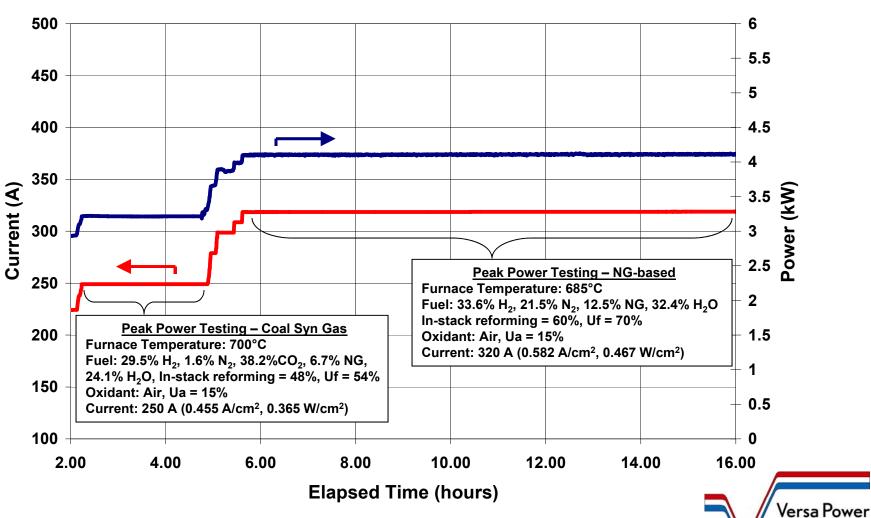


Stack Peak Power Achievement

Systems



Cell Active Area: 550 cm²

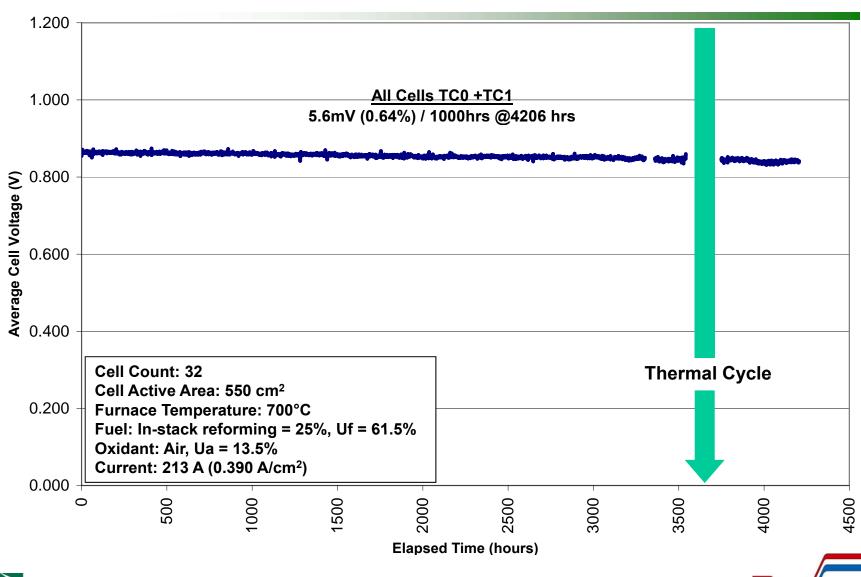




Stack Endurance Achievement

Versa Power

Systems

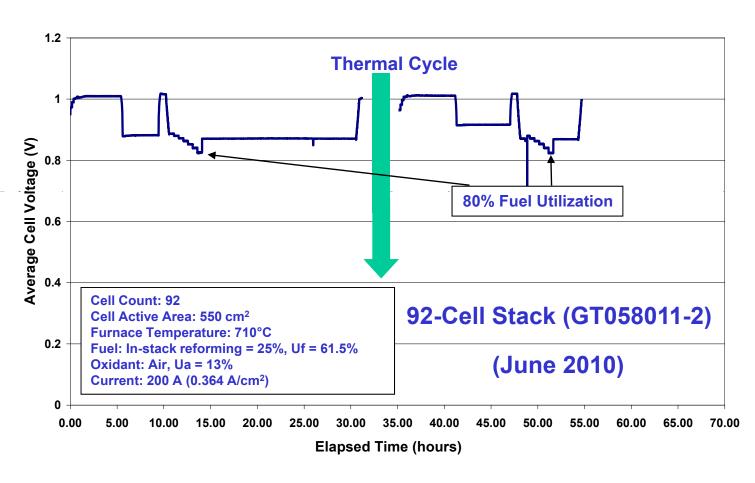




Stack Scale-Up Status (Phase II) 92-Cell Stack (GT058011-1)



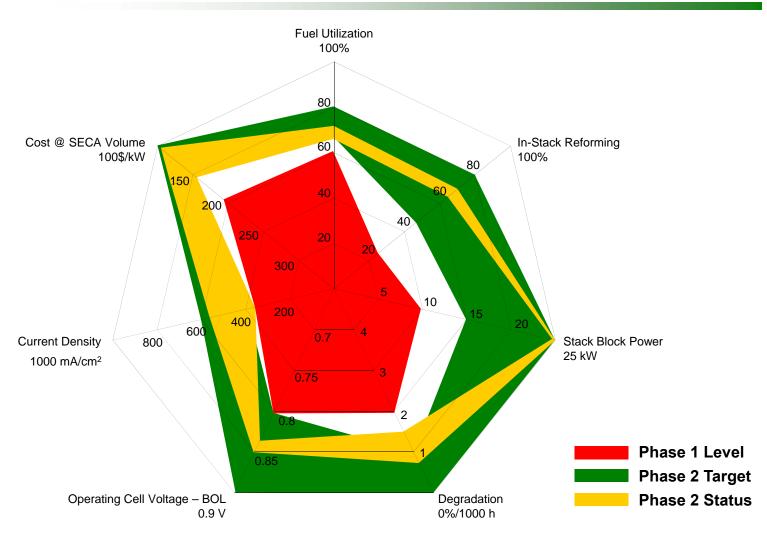
Cell Size	25 x 25 cm
Active Area	550 cm ²
Number of Cells	92







Stack Development Status

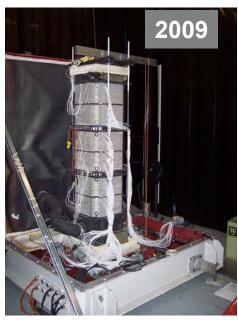






Stack Tower Testing

3 x 64-cell stacks



SO-30-1 Tower Assembly

2 x 92-cell stacks



SO-30-3 Tower Assembly

- Thermally self-sustaining test environment (gas preheated only)
- Provisions for simulated anode gas representative of both syngas and natural gas fueled systems
- Providing valuable lessons for future larger stack module designs

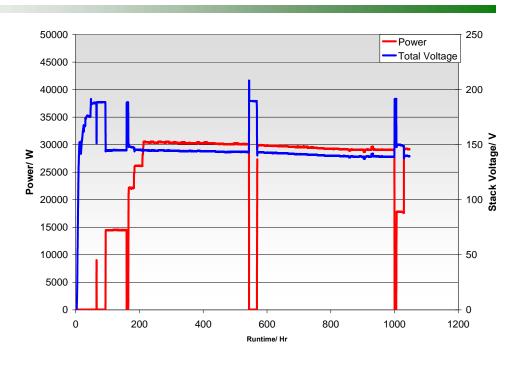




Stack Tower (SO-30-3) Test







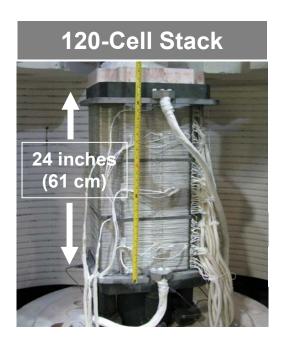
- Demonstration of stack tower operation in a simulated power plant environment, using 2x92-cell stack blocks.
- A Power Rating of 30 kW was established during the operation.

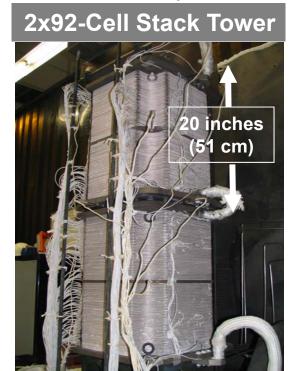


Next Steps – Metric Tests

SECA Phase II Metric Test Minimum Requirements:

- Stack power rating ≥25 kW
- Degradation rate < 2%/1000 hrs
- Endurance tests: 1,500h in Phase II plus 3,500h in Phase III (5000h total)





Versa Power

Systems

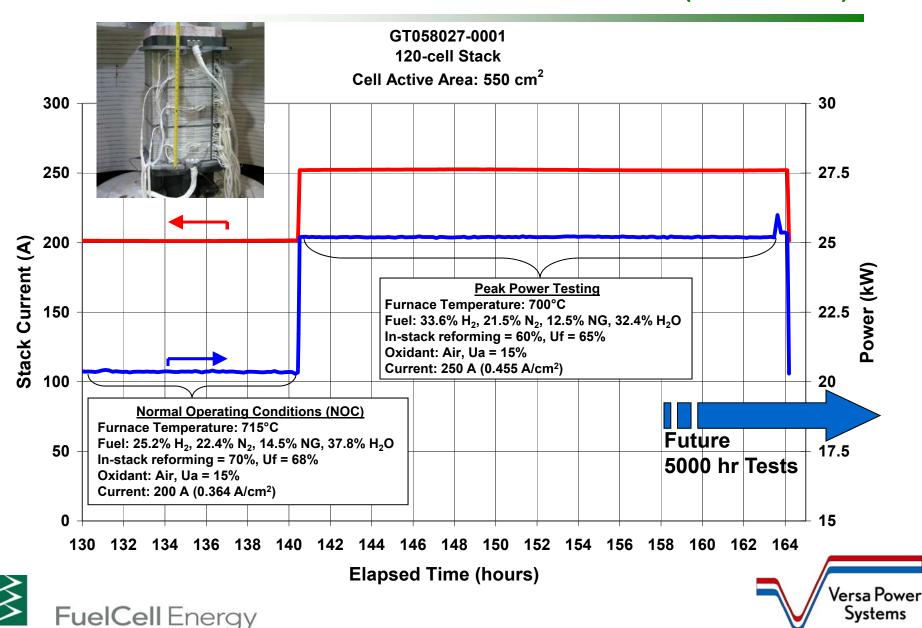
Two pronged approach:

A 120-cell stack block at VPS and a 2x92-cell stack tower at FCE

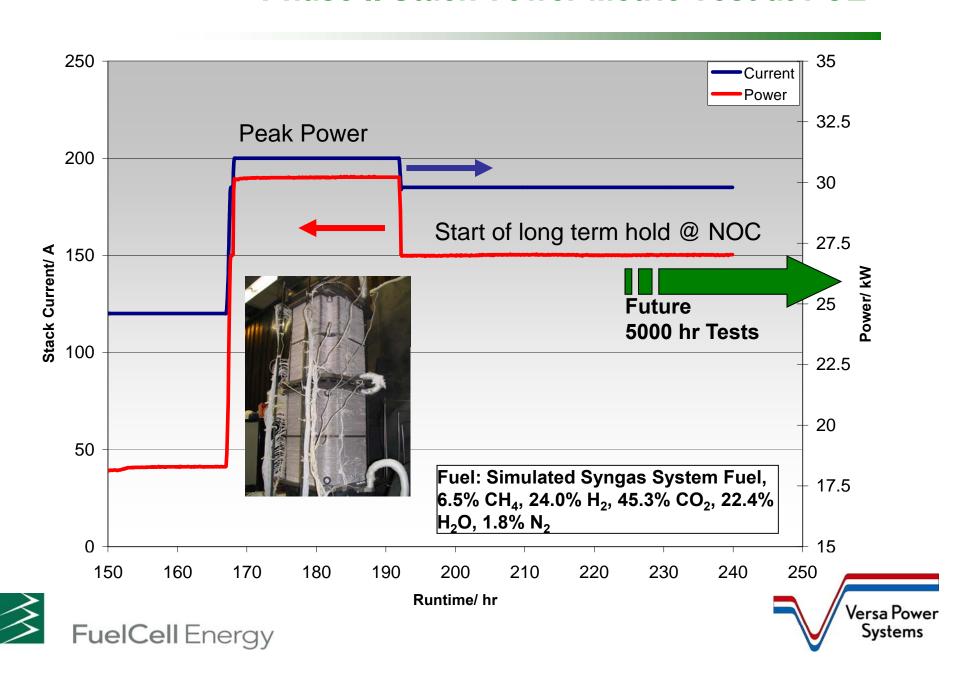




Initial Performance (June 2010) 120-Cell Stack (GT058027-1)



Phase II Stack Tower Metric Test at FCE



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SOFC Module Evolution

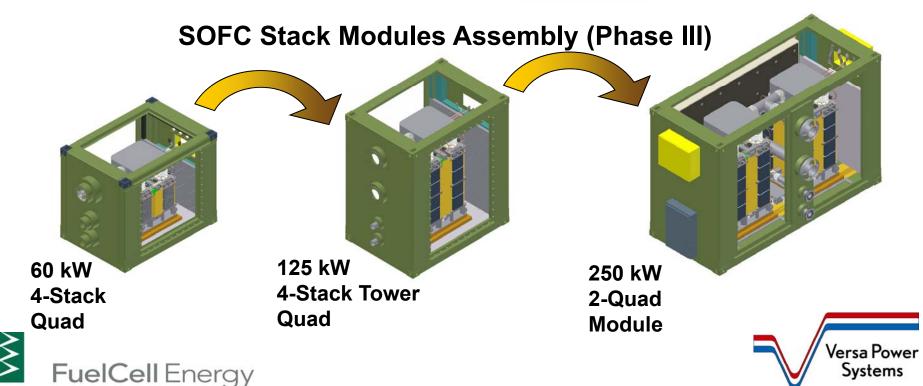




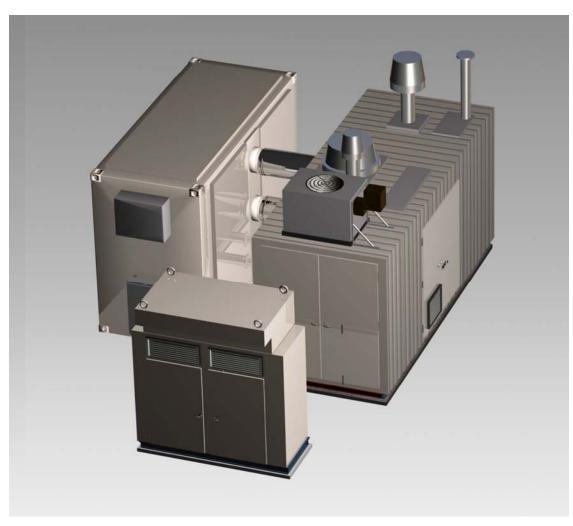




30 kW 2-Stack Tower



250kW SOFC Power Plant







MW-Class SOFC Module Design







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Improved Coal-Based SOFC System with Catalytic Gasification

POWER GENERATION SUMMARY	kW	% Q input	% MW gross
Fuel Gas Expandors Gross Power @ 20 kV	49,750	7.04%	10.96%
Fuel Cell Inverter AC Gross Power @ 20 kV	362,134	51.28%	79.78%
WGCU Off Gas Expander Gross Power @ 20 kV	7,024	0.99%	1.55%
Steam Turbine Gross Power at Generator Terminals @ 20 kV,	35,019	4.96%	7.71%
Total Gross Power Generation @ 20 kV	453,927	64.27%	100.00%
Total Auxiliary Load	39,342	5.57%	8.67%
Net Power Output at 345 kV	414,585	58.70%	91.33%
Net Efficiency Excluding CO ₂ Compression & Thermal Input			
Coal feed, lb/h	202,980		
Coal HHV (AF), Btu/lb	11,872		
	706,255	100.00%	155.59%
Coal Thermal Input, kWth	700,200		

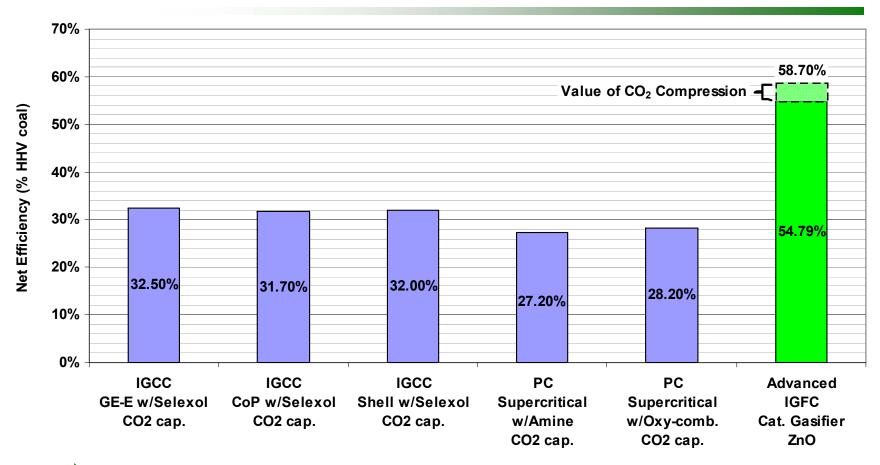
Combined with high methane producing gasification, coal based atmospheric-pressure SOFC systems are capable of achieving ~ 59% efficiency and 99+% carbon capture.







Baseline SOFC Power Plant Electrical Efficiency vs. Competing Technologies



Baseline coal based SOFC system is >22 percentage points more efficient than IGCCs and Pulverized Coal (PC) Steam plants.

References for Competing Technologies:

- * Cost and Performance Baseline for Fossil Energy Plants, Volume 1 Bituminous Coal and Natural Gas to Electricity, DOE/NETL-2007/1281, Revision 1, August 2007
- ** Pulverized Coal Oxycombustion Power Plants, Volume 1 Bituminous Coal to Electricity, DOE/NETL-2007/1291, Final Report, August 2007



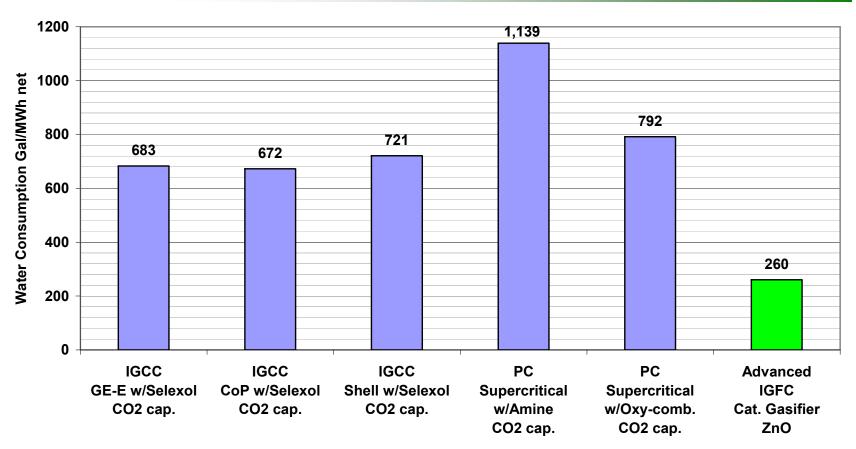


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Baseline SOFC Power Plant Water Consumption vs. Competing Technologies





Baseline coal based SOFC system requires significantly less water than IGCCs and Pulverized Coal (PC) Steam Turbine Power Plants.

References for Competing Technologies:

- * Cost and Performance Baseline for Fossil Energy Plants, Volume 1 Bituminous Coal and Natural Gas to Electricity, DOE/NETL-2007/1281, Revision 1, August 2007
- ** Pulverized Coal Oxycombustion Power Plants, Volume 1 Bituminous Coal to Electricity, DOE/NETL-2007/1291, Final Report, August 2007



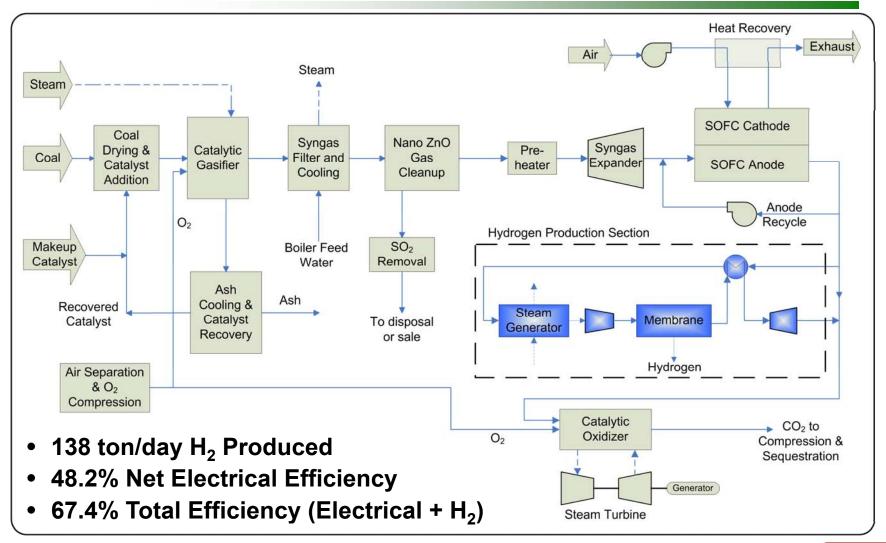


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H2 Co-Generation System Concept





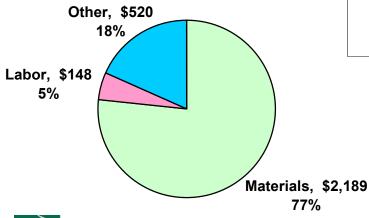




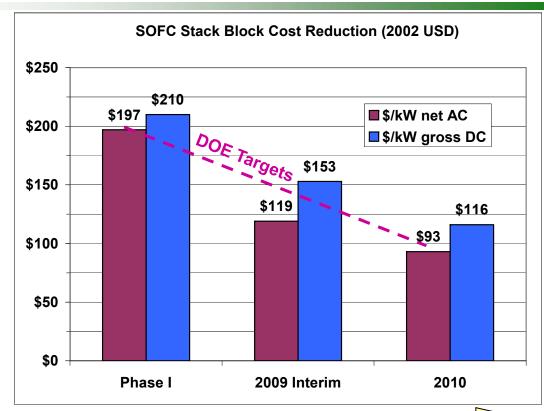
Stack Cost Reduction

96-cell Stack: \$2,857 (2002 USD)





FuelCell Energy



Thin Cell Development

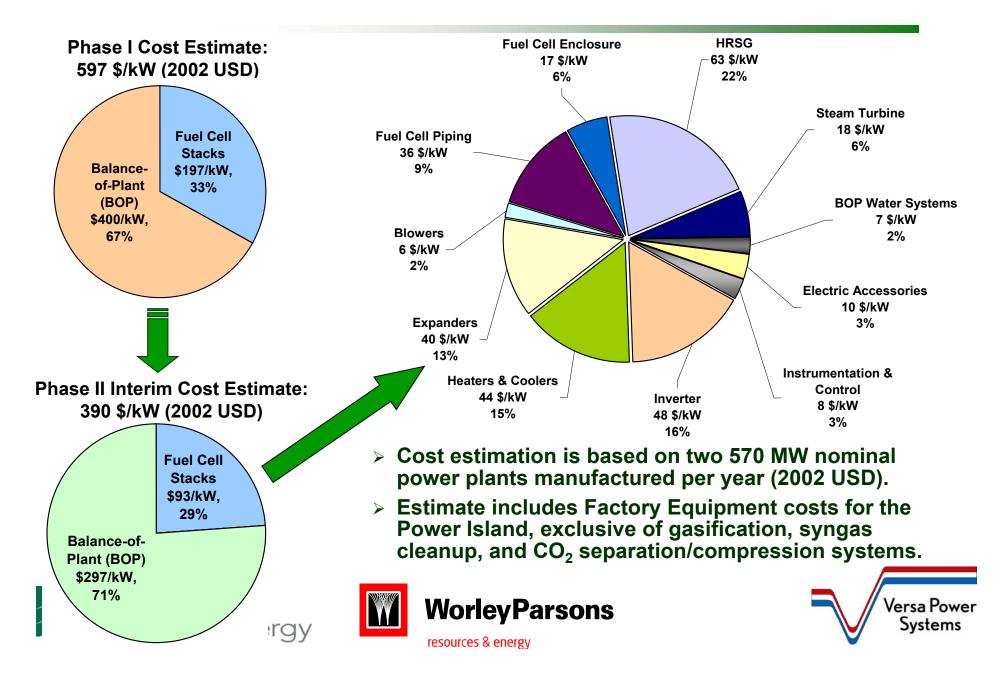
Stack Materials Reduction

Stack Block Scale Up

Power Density Improvements

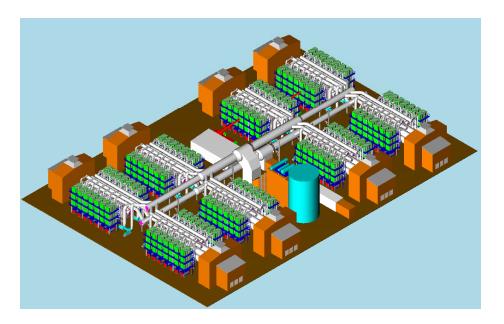


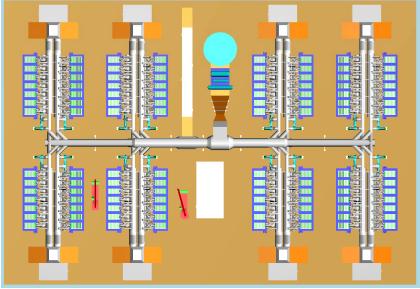
Factory Equipment Cost Estimate



Baseline SOFC Power Island

- SOFC power island includes:
 - > 8 Sections of 42 fuel cell stack modules
 - > Steam turbine
 - > Two syngas expanders



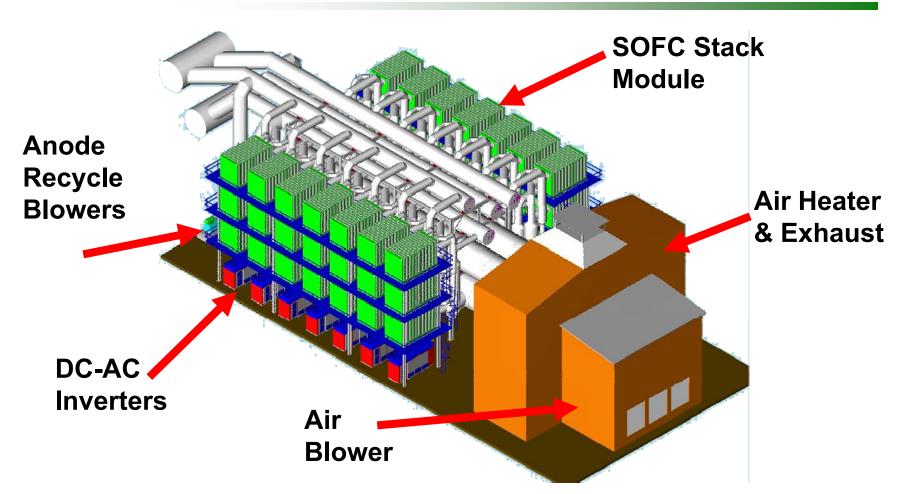








Layout of 42-Module SOFC Cluster



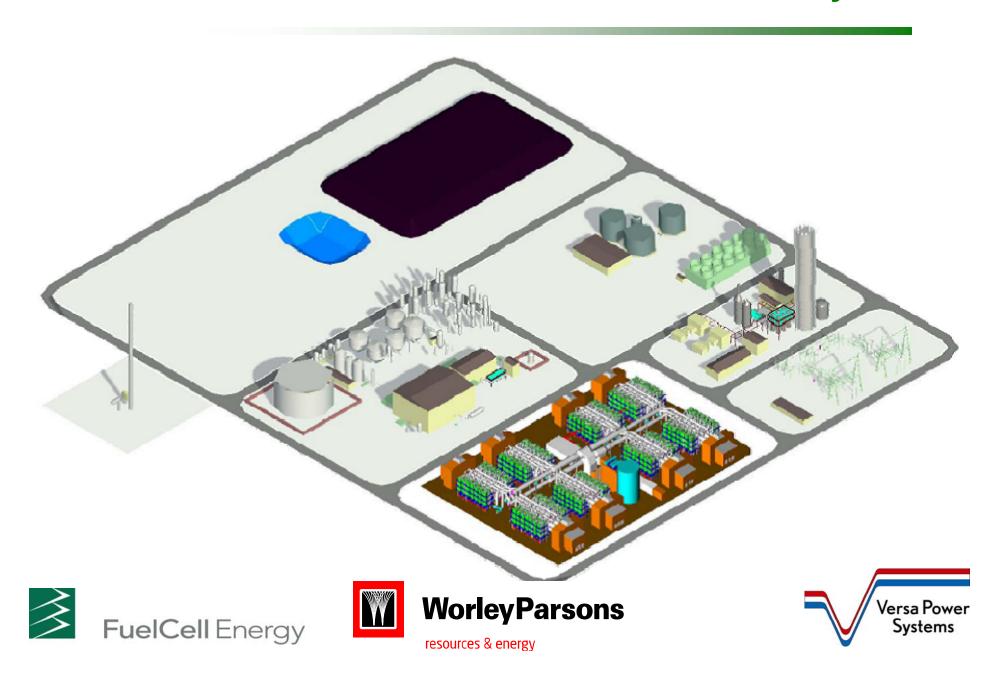
■ SOFC cluster design takes advantage of modularity of fuel cells.



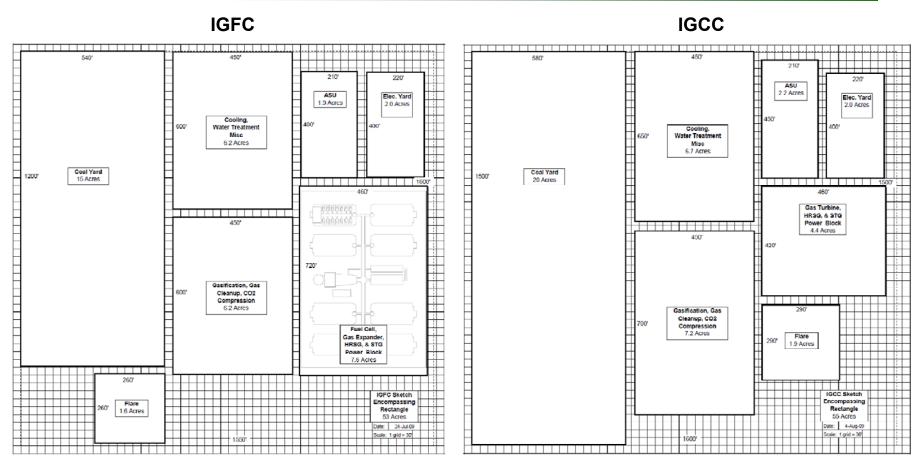




IGFC Site Layout



Representative Foot Print Comparison: IGFC & IGCC



 A similarly sized (MW) IGCC and IGFC will be comparable in real estate requirement.







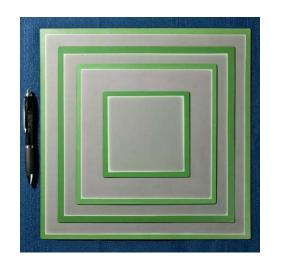
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Summary of Recent Achievements



- Demonstrated new TSC3 cell with ASR less than 0.35 ohm·cm² at 650°C and a degradation rate of less than 0.3% per 1000 h at 750°C (on-going test of over 7,000 h)
- Established cell manufacturing processes for the new baseline TSC3 cell with an active area of 550 cm² (25 x 25 cm²)
- Demonstrated performance and endurance improvements in scaled up stacks with TSC3 cells
- Developed a 92-cell stack block that produces 18 kW and has been successfully tested in a 2 x 92-cell stack tower
- Demonstrated 25 kW from a 120-cell stack

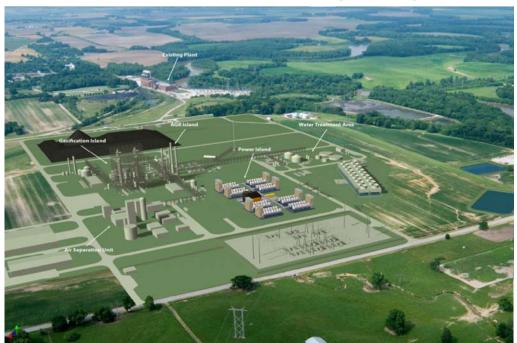






Summary of Recent Achievements

- Baseline Systems with Catalytic Gasifier were developed which could achieve electrical efficiency (HHV) of 59% and remove more than 99% carbon from syngas.
- Baseline 400-600MW power plant layout and Factory Cost Estimates were developed resulting in an interim cost estimate of \$390/kW (in 2002 dollars) for the SOFC power island.
- The developed IGFC system showed significantly lower water consumption as compared to IGCC and other coal fueled power plants.







Acknowledgements

- Support for FCE's SECA Coal Based Program provided by the US Department of Energy (DOE) through the co-operative agreement DE-FC26-04NT41837
- Support and guidance by the management team at NETL







