Central Appalachian Basin Unconventional (Coal/Organic Shale) Reservoir Small-Scale CO₂ Injection Test

Award Number: DE-FE0006827

Project Summary:
Researchers aimed to evaluate the long-term storage potential of carbon dioxide (CO₂) in coal seams and organic shales by injecting up to 20,000 metric tons of CO₂ into these unconventional reservoirs in central Appalachia. This project planned to design and implement characterization, injection, and monitoring activities to test the ability of coal and organic shale formations to store CO₂ economically and safely as well as to track the migration of CO₂ throughout the injection and post-injection phases. In addition, this research planned to test the injectivity of CO₂ into unmineable coal seams and the potential for enhanced coalbed methane recovery (ECBM) by stressing coals under continuous CO₂ injection for a period of one year.

Prime Performer:
Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University

Principal Investigator:
Dr. Michael Karmis

Project Duration:
10/1/2011 – 12/31/2017

Performer Location:
Blacksburg, Virginia

Field Sites:
Buchanan County, Virginia
Morgan County, Tennessee

Program:
Carbon Storage

Project Outcomes:
This project successfully completed two field projects: (1) a 510-ton scale “huff-and-puff” CO₂ injection into a legacy horizontal Chattanooga Shale in Morgan County, Tennessee; and (2) a 13,263-ton CO₂ injection into three legacy coalbed methane wells in Buchanan County, Virginia. Comprehensive geologic characterization and monitoring programs were developed for these sites. Storage was verified and monitored through monitoring techniques such as pressure, flowback, and microseismic monitoring. Unique reservoir monitoring and downhole tools were also designed and implemented to track CO₂.

Presentations, Papers, and Publications