Progress in NAKOSO 250 MW Air-Blown IGCC Demonstration Project

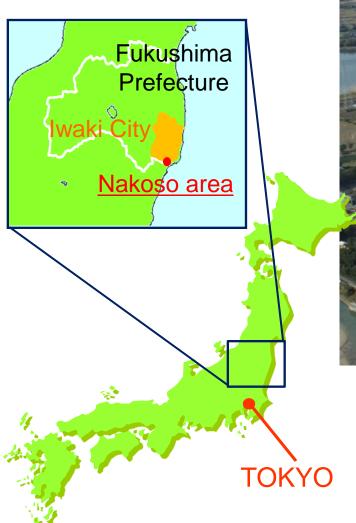
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October 24, 2013



Makoto Nunokawa Joban Joint Power Co., Ltd.

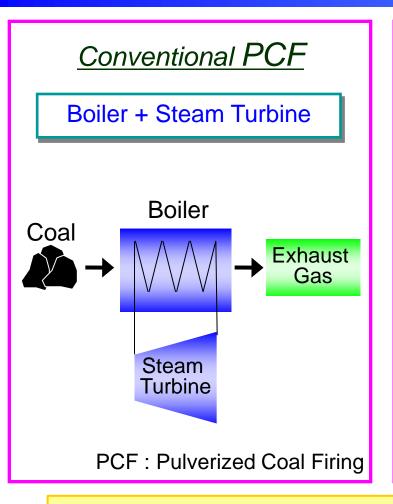
Location of NAKOSO IGCC Demonstration Plant

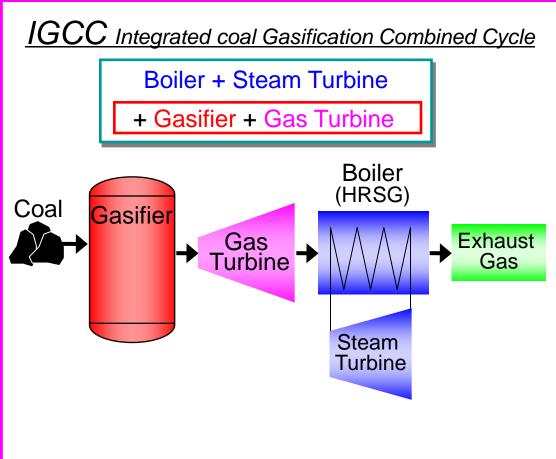




Located on the Nakoso Power Station of Joban Joint Power Co., Ltd.

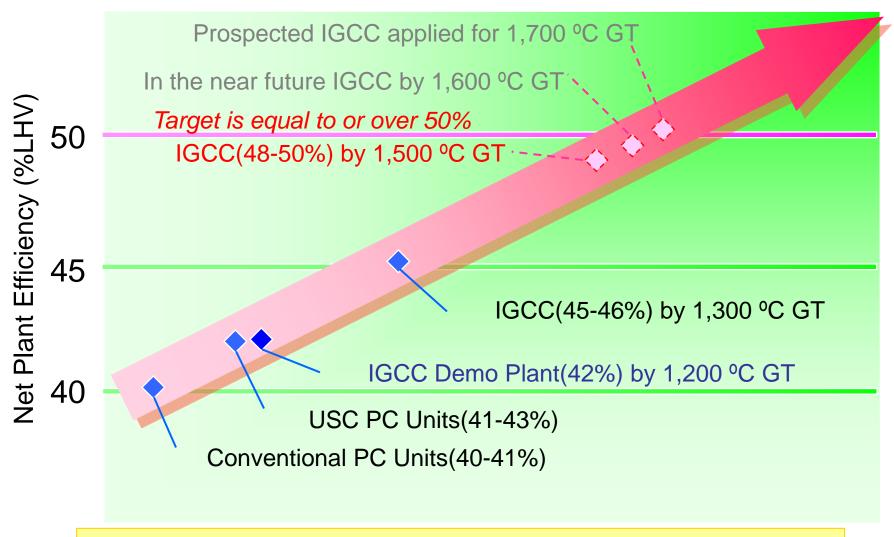
System Feature of IGCC





IGCC is a new power generation system aiming at higher efficiency than conventional coal-fired systems by integrated coal gasification with combined cycle power generation technology.

Thermal Efficiency Improvement



Thermal efficiency improves in cope with high temperature gas turbine combined cycle technology.

Development History of Air-blown IGCC in Japan

Shareholders of CCP are 10 major Utilities in Japan

Demonstration plant

Clean Coal Power R&D Co., Ltd. 1700t/d 250MW (2007-2012)

Pilot plant

IGC Research Association 200t/d Equivalent to 25MW (1991-1996)





Process development unit

CRIEPI-MHI 2t/d(1983-1995)



Confirmation test plant

MHI Nagasaki 24t/d (1998-2002)

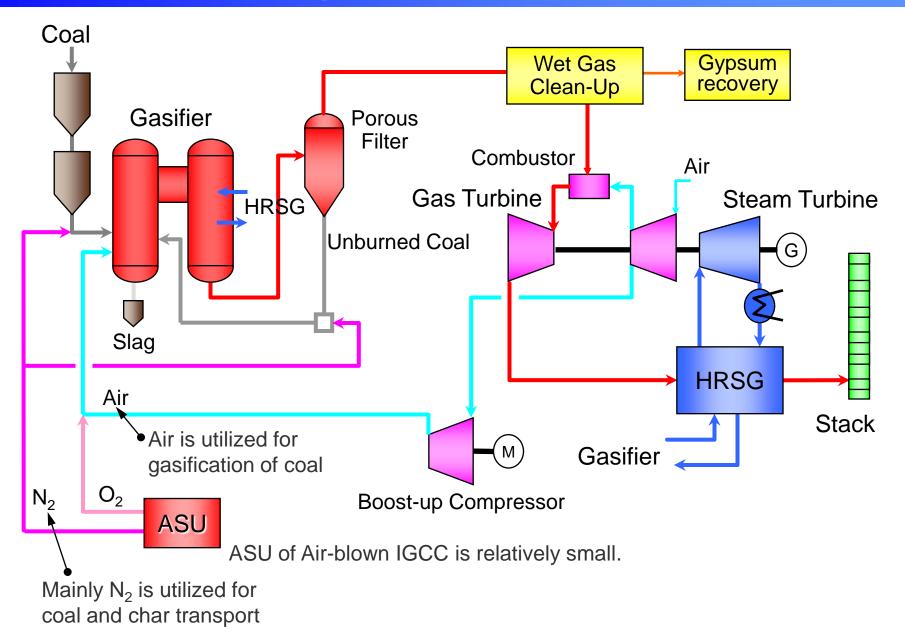


CRIEPI: Central Research Institute of Electric Power Industry

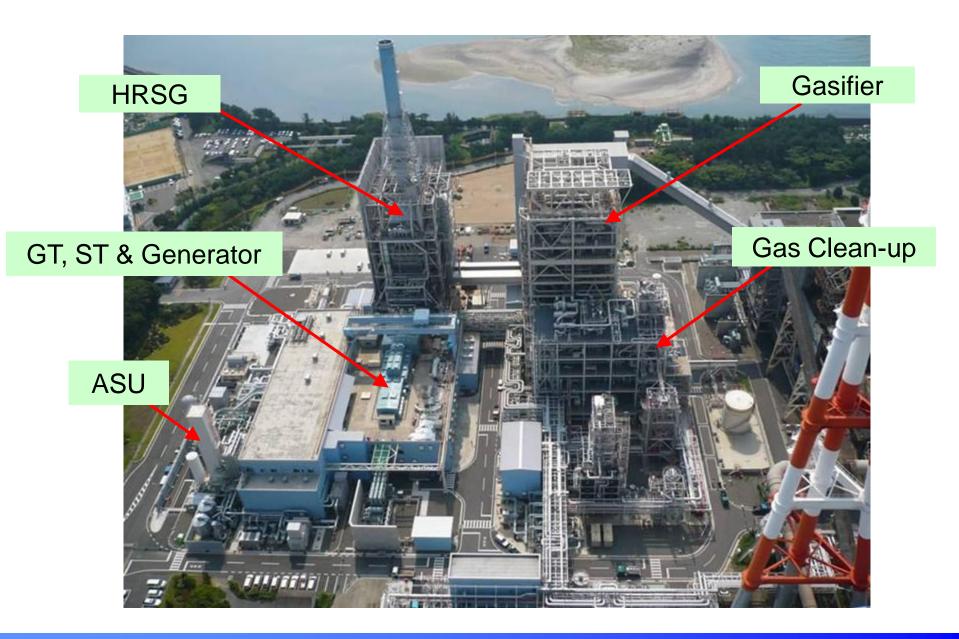
Demonstration Project Schedule

FY	'99	'00	'01	'02	'03	'04	'05	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12
Preparatory Verification Study			Clear	Coal	Powe	r R&D	Co	td						
Design of Demo Plant					ablish		00.,							
Environmental Impact Assessment														
Construction of Demo Plant														
Demo Plant Operation														

Schematic Diagram of NAKOSO IGCC Plant



Bird's-eye view of NAKOSO IGCC Plant



Specification of NAKOSO IGCC Demonstration Plant

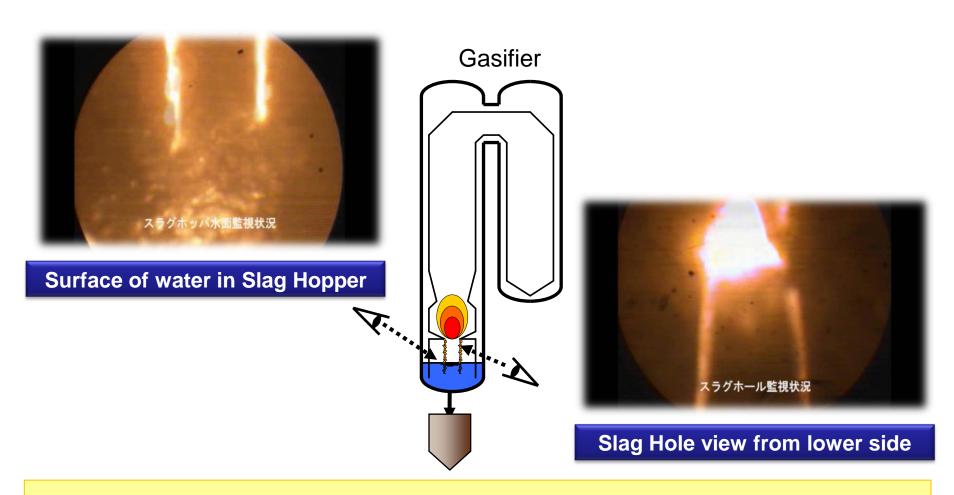
Capacity	250 MW gross					
Coal Consumption	approx. 1,700 metric t/day					
System	Gasifier	Air-blown & Dry Feed				
	Gas Treatment	Wet (MDEA) + Gypsum Recovery				
	Gas Turbine	1200 °C class (50Hz)				
Efficiency (Target Values)	Gross	48% (LHV)	46% (HHV)			
	Net	42% (LHV)*	40.5% (HHV)			
Flue Gas Properties (Target Values)	SOx	8 ppm				
	NOx	5 ppm	(16%O ₂ basis)			
	Particulate	4 mg/m ³ N				
EPC	Mitsubishi Heavy Industries (MHI)					

^{*}While target net thermal efficiency is 48~50% in commercial IGCC plant applying 1500 °C class gas turbine, 1200 °C class gas turbine was adopted to reduce the capacity of plant for economy as a test plant.

Verification Items of Demonstration Test

Item	Goal
System Safety and Stability	Demonstrate safe shutdown when plant malfunctions, and safe handling of coal gas.
Reliability	Run continuously for at least 2,000 hours (equivalent to 3 summer months) to confirm reliability.
Coal Type Flexibility	Collect data while running coal types outside of the design specs. Data is to be used to support future commercial design.
High Efficiency	Achieve targeted thermal efficiency, to show that system delivers the high efficiency that is said to be IGCC's greatest advantage.
Durability	Run for long period, then conduct overhaul inspection to demonstrate durability.
Economy	Use operational performance as a basis for comprehensive evaluation of costs (construction costs, operating costs, maintenance costs etc.), and evaluate economic feasibility.

Stable Slag Flow from Bottom of the Gasifier



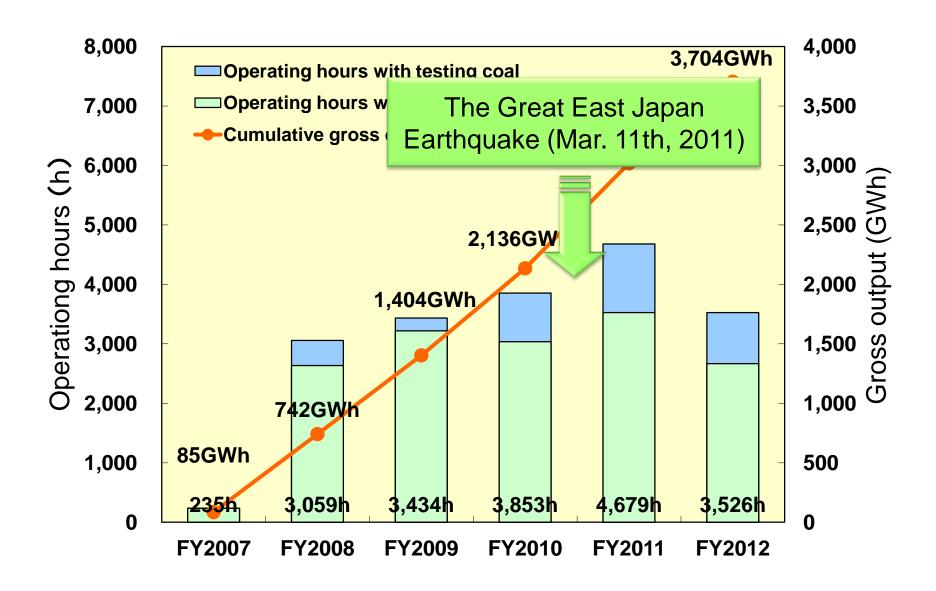
The two stream of molten slag from the bottom of the gasifier is constant, which means that the gasifier is operating in a very stable condition. This image is always monitored in the main control room.

Results of Plant Performance Test

	Design Values	Results	
Atmospheric Temperature	15 °C	13.1 ºC	
Gross Output	250 MW	250 MW	
Gas Turbine Output	128.9 MW	124.4 MW	
Steam Turbine Output	121.1 MW	125.8 MW	
Net Efficiency (LHV)	42%	42.9%*	
Syngas LHV	4.8 MJ/m ³ _N	5.2 MJ/m ³ _N	
Composition CO	28.0%	30.5%	
CO ₂	3.8%	2.8%	
H_2	10.4%	10.5%	
CH₄	0.3%	0.7%	
N ₂ etc.	57.5%	55.5%	
Environmental Performance	<target></target>		
(16%O ₂ Corrected) SOx	8 ppm	1.0 ppm	
NOx	5 ppm	3.4 ppm	
Particulate	4 mg/m ³ _N	<0.1 mg/m ³ _N	

*Correction value at 15 °C

Operating Hours and Cumulative Gross Output



Earthquake Situation

- On March 11th, 2011, a magnitude 9.0 earthquake occurred off northeastern Japan. The plant operating at 225MW shut down safely.
- Following tsunami rushed toward the plant and almost all equipments on the first floor were submerged by seawater and covered by a large amount of mud.

Time	Situation
2:46 p.m.	 The earthquake occurred. Plant operation was stopped by increased vibration of gas turbine bearing #2. Station blackout occurred.
3:30 p.m.	 The first tsunami wave arrived. All facilities were flooded between 1 to 2 meters above the ground. The second and the third tsunami wave arrived afterward.
3:35 p.m.	- Emergency power was restored.

Tsunami Rushed Toward the IGCC Plant



Tsunami situation (just coming)

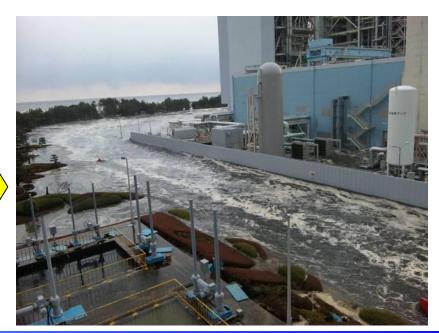


Plant premises









Tsunami situation (just coming)



Post-tsunami Situation



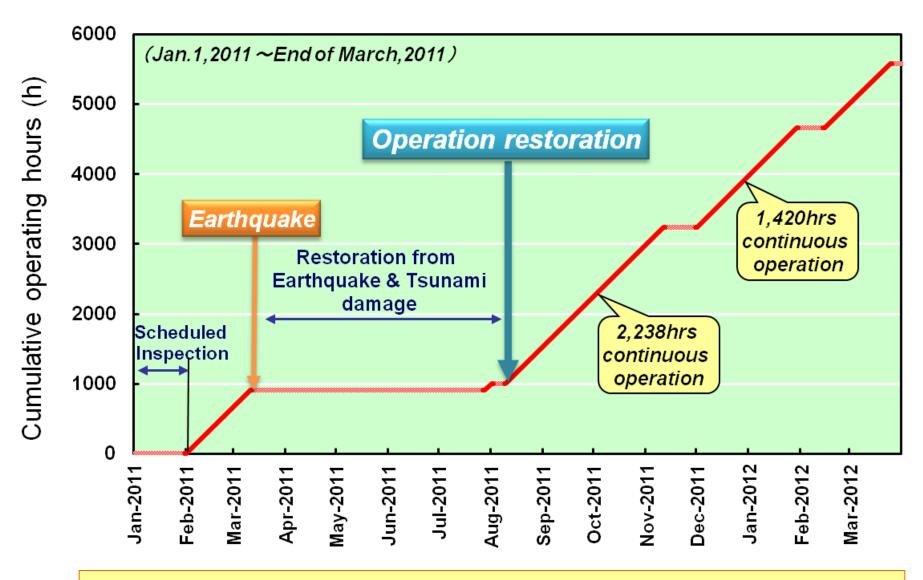
Plant premises







Operation of NAKOSO IGCC after the Earthquake



After the restoration, NAKOSO IGCC realized high availability.

Status of Targets and Achievements

	Targets	Results	Status of Achievement
Safe and Stable Operation	250 MW	250 MW	Achieved
Long Term Continuous Operation	>2,000 hrs	2,238 hrs	Achieved
Net Thermal Efficiency	>42% (LHV basis)	42.9%	Achieved
Carbon Conversion Rate	>99.9%	>99.9%	Achieved
Environmental Performance	SOx <8 ppm NOx <5 ppm Dust <4 mg/m³ _N	1.0 ppm 3.4 ppm <0.1 mg/m³ _N	Achieved
Coals	Bituminous (B) Sub-bituminous (SB)	Chinese (B) USA (B, SB) Indonesian (B, 2SB) Colombian (B) Russian (B) Canadian (B)	Achieved
Start-up Time	<18 hrs	15 hrs	Achieved
Minimum Load	50%	36%	Achieved
Load Change Rate	3%/min	3%/min	Achieved
Durability, Reliability and Maintainability	Evaluate during 5,000 hrs test	5,013 hrs in one year, No serious damage	Same as conventional PCF
Economy estimation	Less than or equal to PCF power generation cost	Construction cost and operation cost was estimated.	Could be compatible with PCF

Conclusion

The Air-blown IGCC investigated in Japan was demonstrated the performance and functionality with NAKOSO Demonstration Plant since 2007.

Reliability was confirmed by 18,788 hours of accumulated operation with 3,704GWh power supply, and the resulting net thermal efficiency was achieved to 42.9% at LHV basis.

The demonstration project was finished in March 2013, and the NAKOSO IGCC plant is operated commercially by Joban Joint Power Company as high efficiency power generating station.

Takeover from CCP to Joban Joint Power Co.



Before March 31st, 2013

NAKOSO IGCC plant was owned and operated by Clean Coal Power R&D Company as a demonstration test plant.

The demonstration test was carried out for five and a half years, and was completed successfully.

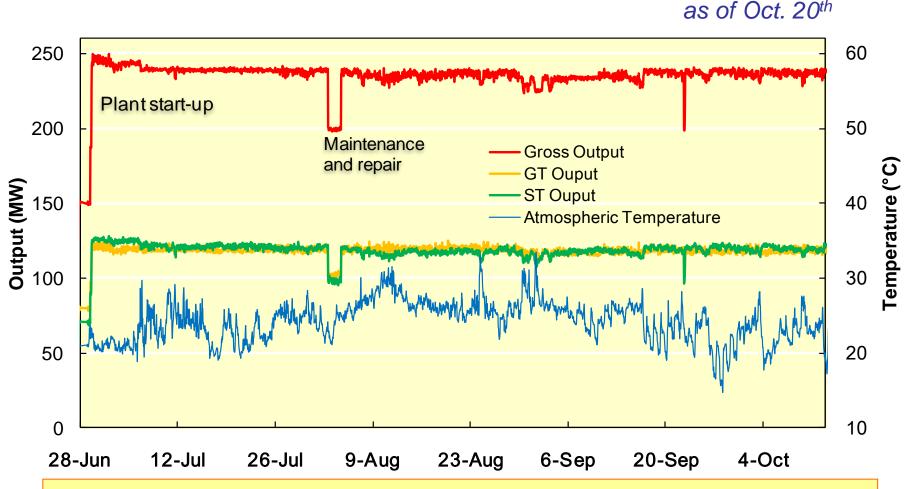




After April 1st, 2013

NAKOSO IGCC plant is owned and operated by Joban Joint Power Company as a commercial plant. After three month's inspection and repair work for commercial use, it has been operated continuously at rated load since June 28th, 2013.

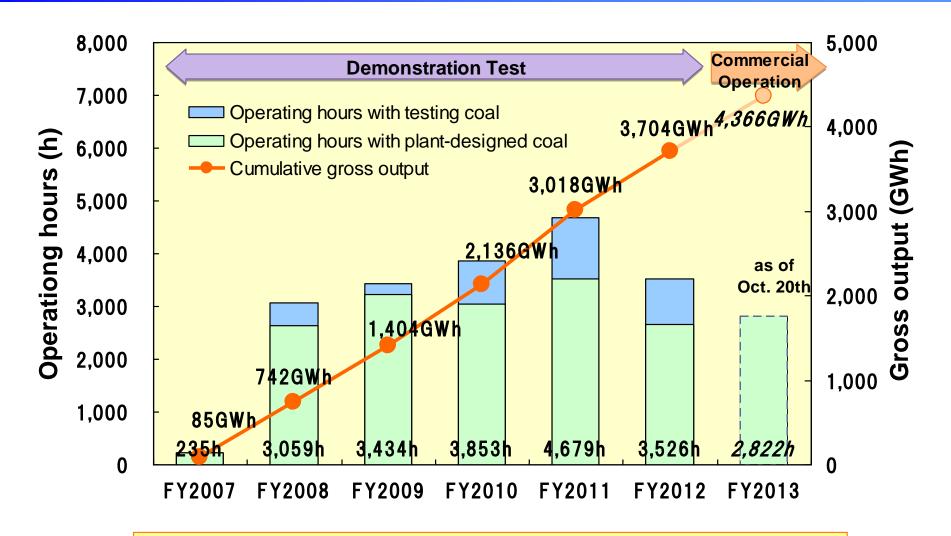
Operation Result after Commercial Use



NAKOSO IGCC Plant has been operated in good condition at rated power since June 28th, 2013 as a commercial plant.

Continuous operation hours has exceeded 2,750hrs.

Operation Result after Commercial Use



It will pursue a further progress in high efficiency coal power generation technology with the Air-blown IGCC.

