

Supercritical CO₂-Based Long-Duration Electrical Energy Storage

Echogen overview

- Founded in 2007
- Mission: To develop and commercialize a better exhaust and waste heat recovery power system using CO₂ as the working fluid





sCO₂ power cycle commercial activity

- Key partnerships Siemens (Oil & Gas), GE (Marine)
- First commercial article (EPS100 7.5 MWe) designed and built by Echogen, tested at Siemens
- First commercial sale (EPS120 9.5 MWe) announced in March 2019 by Siemens to TransCanada



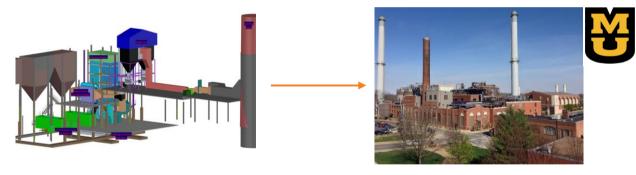






Ongoing Echogen projects

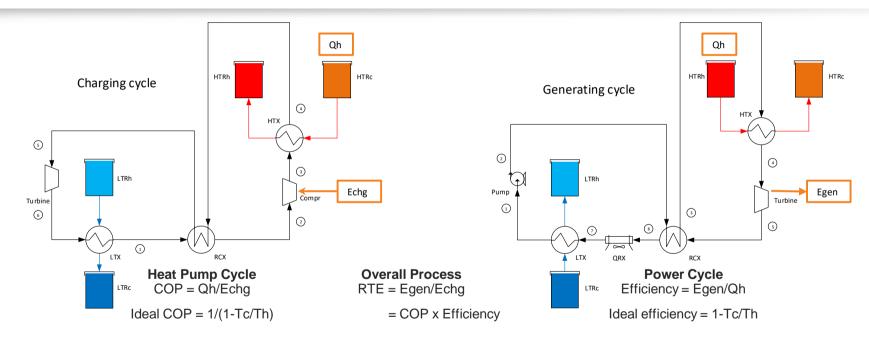
- Leading multiple DOE- and industry-funded projects in:
 - Nuclear Micro-reactor power plant, others
 - Fossil 10 MWe indirectly-fired power plant (FE)



- Solar thermochemical energy storage (SETO)
- Energy Storage (ARPA-E)
- Thermal power plant integration with ETES (Coal FIRST)
- Large-scale (100 MWe+) CO₂ compressor technology development (SETO)



ETES (or TEES, or PTES, or Carnot Battery) storage



Ideal cycle RTE = $COP_{Carnot} \times \eta_{Carnot} = 100\%$

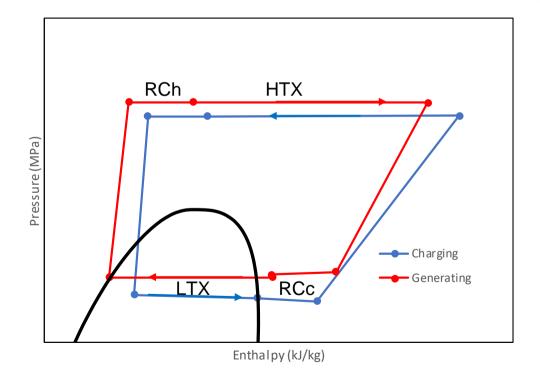
Non-ideal processes result in RTE ~60%, even at modest temperature ratio





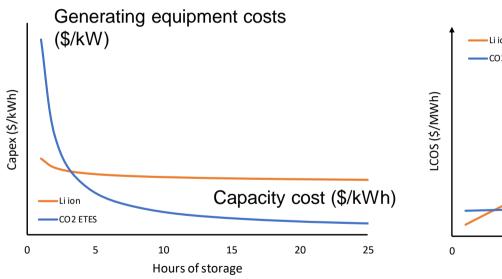
HTX heat transfer is supercritical - sensible enthalpy transfer interaction with HTR

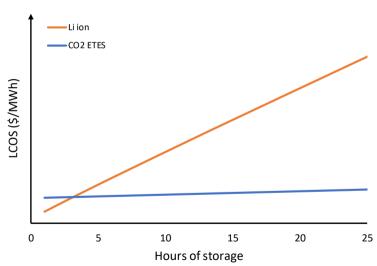
LTX is subcritical – condensation and evaporation - ~ constant temperature interaction with LTR





Longer Duration = Lower Capex/kWh = Lower LCOS





Lower Capex => Lower LCOS



ETES lab-scale system



ARPA-E funded project

~200 kWth system, including both charging and generating cycles

Focused on reservoir and heat exchanger development and TEA

Operation and controls development





Services:

Arbitrage – Yes (if economics support)

RES smoothing – "
Peak capacity – "
Seasonal storage – No

Technical requirements

Round trip efficiency as high as possible - \$ vs RTE trade

Low thermal loss – Small ΔT to environment

Modularity and scalability – Yes – 10-100 MWe blocks

Cycling capacity => small degradation during lifetime – Typical power plant

Compactness and affordability of storage medium - Very

Low CAPEX for energy conversion system – Yes at longer durations

High flexibility during charging phase – TBD

Compatibility for retrofitting existing plant – Yes

Compatibility with district heating and cooling – Yes

Safety and chemical hazard – Excellent



