

Project 2X to 2050

Accelerating the Clean Energy Transition Reliably and Affordably

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Director Research & Development

TMCES Workshop

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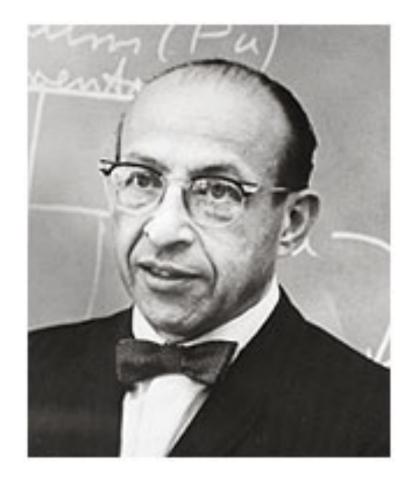


EPRI: Leading Collaborative Energy R&D Around the World



EPRI advances energy technologies and informs decision-making through ~\$420M in collaborative annual research involving nearly 400 entities in ~40 countries - spanning the generation, delivery, and use of electricity.

Our Role



Chauncey Starr *EPRI Founder*

"You can't wipe out society and make a whole new society. You have to deal with the society that exists. But you have to figure out how you're going to change it to something that's better."

Our Global Challenge

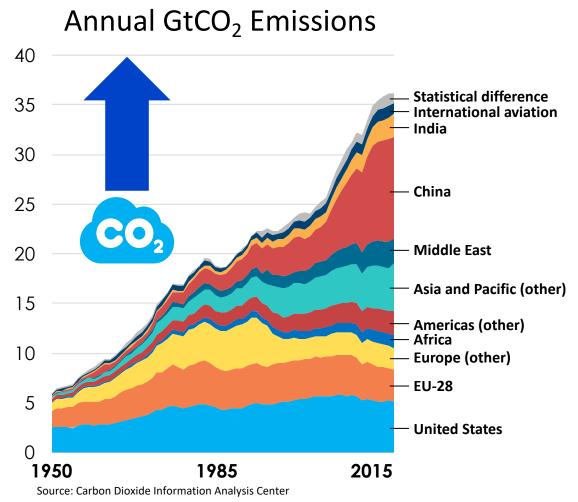
- Affordable
- Reliable
- Safe, and
- Clean Energy

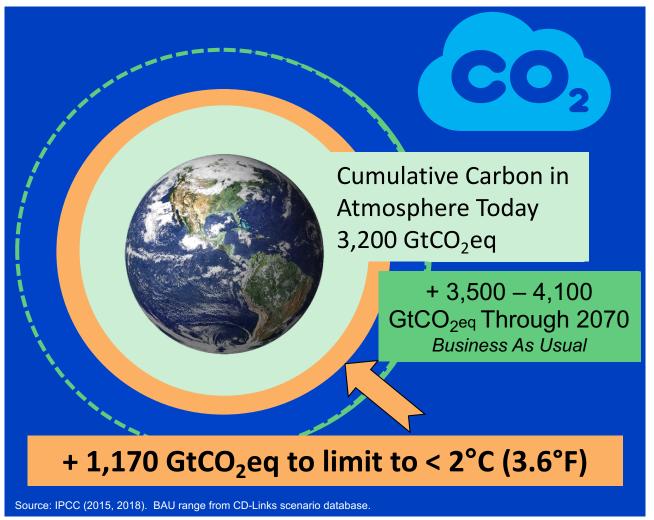


While Also Improving the Quality of Life for Everyone



Less Carbon



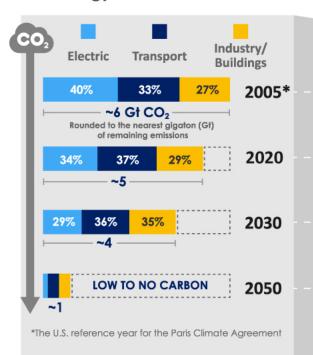


PROJECT 2X TO 2050

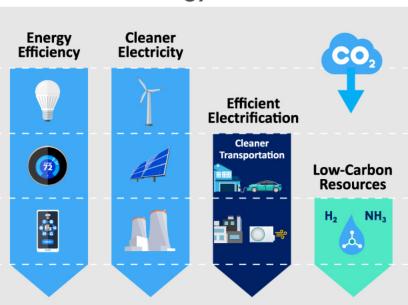
Accelerating Carbon Reduction
Across the Economy • • •



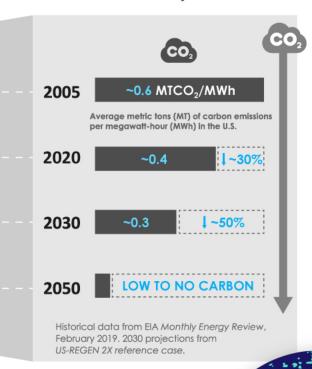
U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions



The Carbon Reduction Technology Timeline



Cleaner Electricity Generation



Next Steps: Expanding Low-Carbon R&D

The Path to 2030: Accelerating Demonstration and Deployment

20% of vehicle miles traveled are EVs (2-4 hours)

Accelerating Electric Vehicle (EV)
Adoption and Grid Modernization

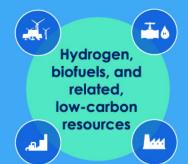
Renewable/EV-Ready Integrated Grid

EV Charging Infrastructure and Customer Behavior

30 GW of Grid Flexibility, Including Energy Storage

Fleet Electrification

The Path to 2050: Creating Affordable, Low-Carbon Options



Advancing Low-Carbon

Resources

Advance

Advanced Renewables and Nuclear Generation

ddd H

Hydrogen Gas Turbines and Thermal Power Plants

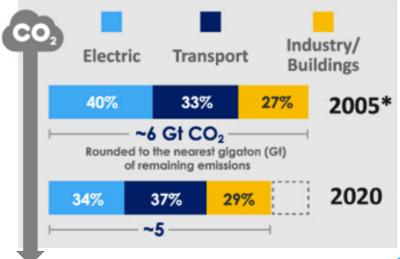


Hydrogen Blending in Pipeline

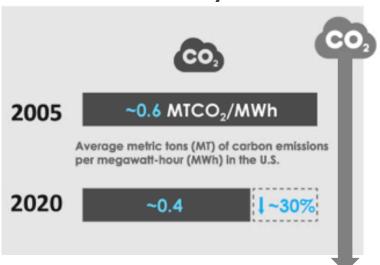


Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage

U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions

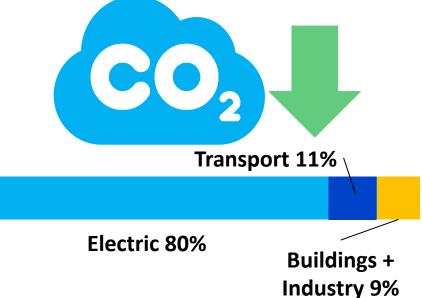


Cleaner Electricity Generation



While Global CO₂ Emissions Rose Since 2005,

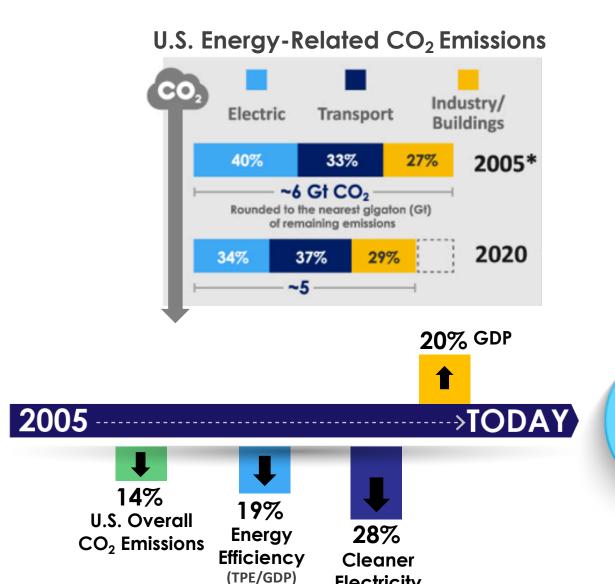
36 Nations Have Reduced Emissions



The US accounted for 44% of Global CO₂ Reductions.

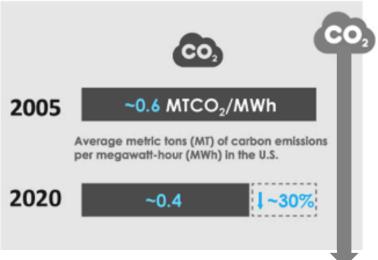
The Electric Sector accounted for 80% of US CO₂ Reductions



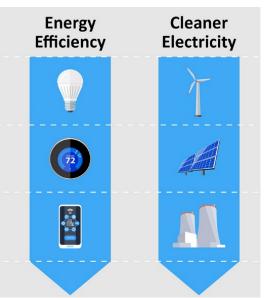


Electricity (MT CO₂/MWh)

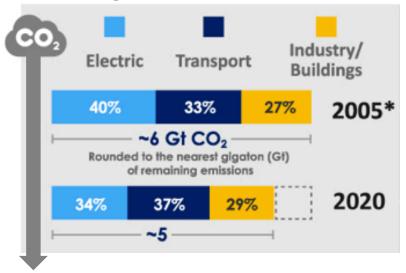
Cleaner Electricity Generation



Essentially no increase in real electric price



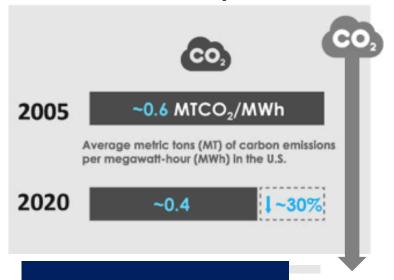
U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions



2005 -----TODAY

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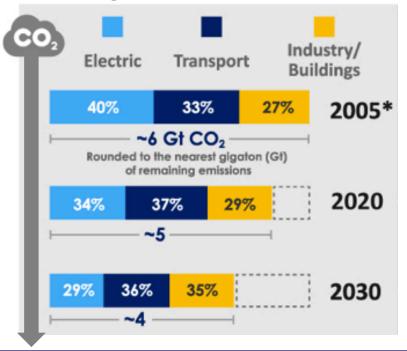
Cleaner Electricity Generation



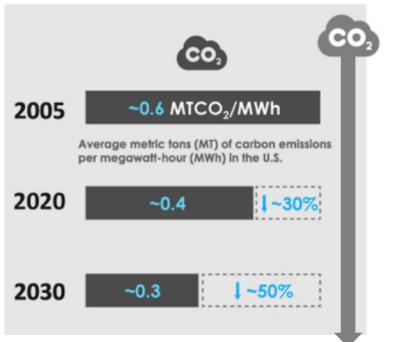
How will we achieve 2X in 2030?

2030

U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions



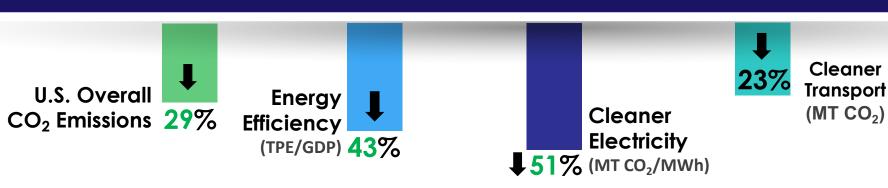
Cleaner Electricity Generation



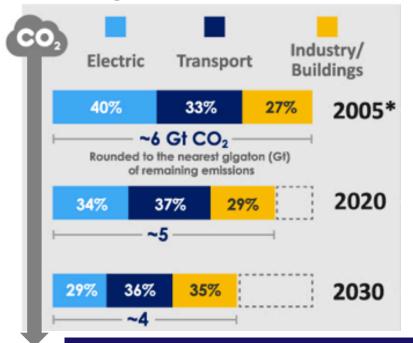


2005

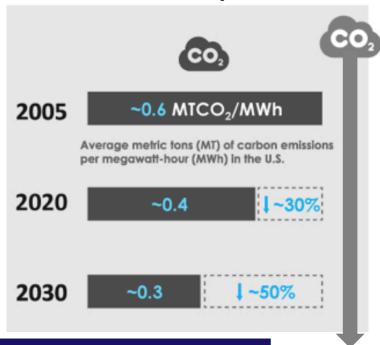
> 2030 > 20



U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions

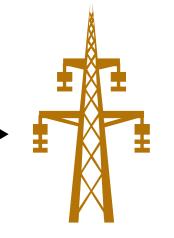


Cleaner Electricity Generation









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Gasoline Vehicles

Average Energy Bill: \$4,528/year

Average CO₂

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Emissions: 18 tCO₂/year



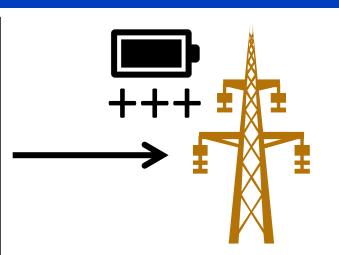
Electric Vehicles

Energy Bill: Average CO₂ 12 tCO₂/year 34% **Emissions:**

Average







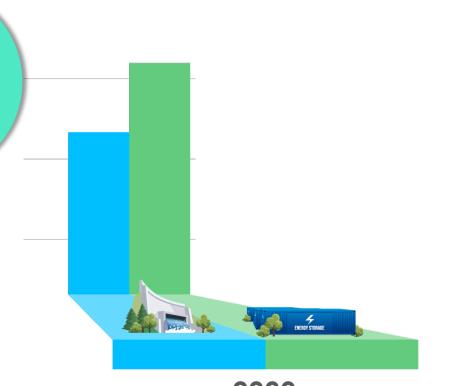
ELECTRIFICATION





30 GW of flexible Resources (2-4 hours)

Estimate of Storage
Capacity Needs Based
on Capacity and
Energy Value (GW)



2017

PUMPED HYDRO

GW

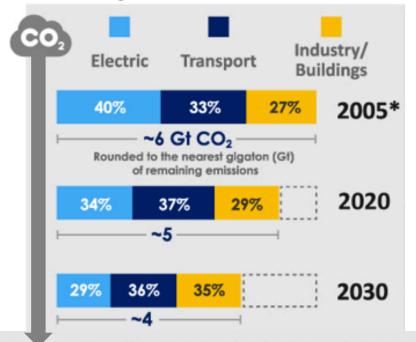
20

10

STORAGE

2030

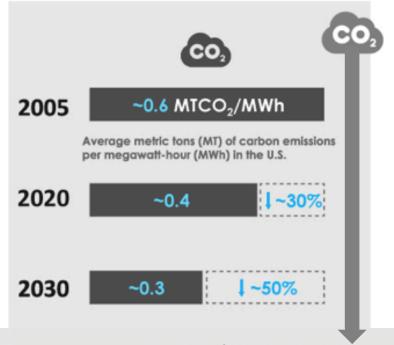
U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions



The Path to 2030: Accelerating Demonstration and Deployment

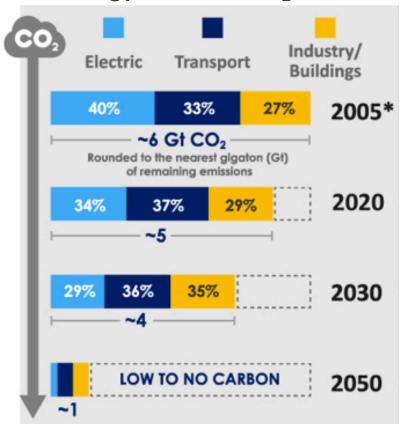


Cleaner Electricity Generation

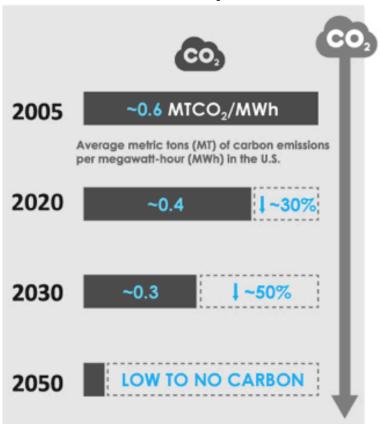




U.S. Energy-Related CO₂ Emissions

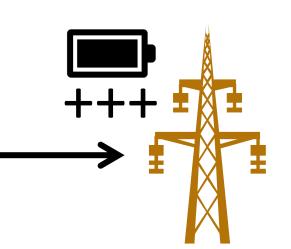


Cleaner Electricity Generation



The tools that have enabled reductions through 2030 will not be enough to achieve deep decarbonization by 2050.



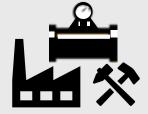


ELECTRIFICATION



What does the next phase of decarbonization look like? How will we electrify 'hard to electrify' places?





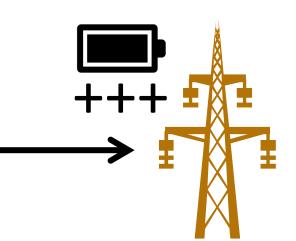




Shipping & Heavy-Duty
Transportation

Oil & Gas Steel High Grade Heat **Chemical Production**

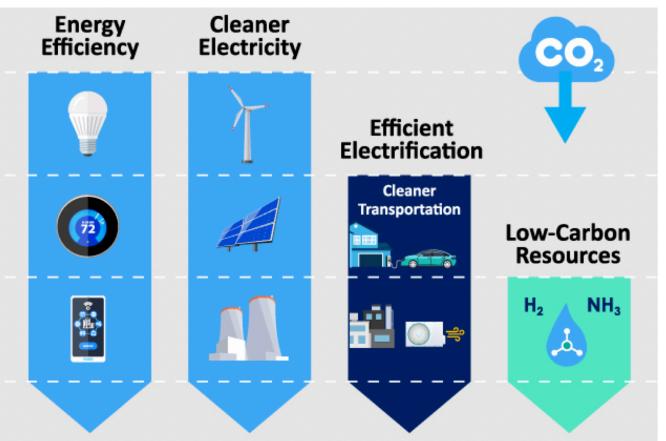


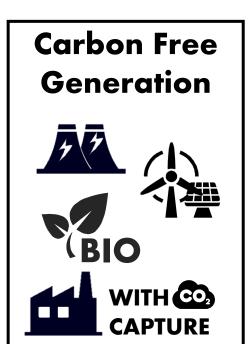


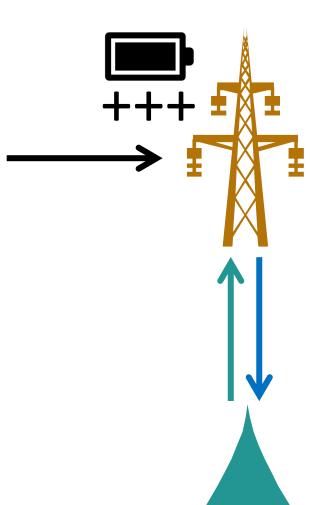




Low-Carbon Resources







ELECTRIFICATION



INDIRECT ELECTRIFICATION



LOW CARBON FUELS

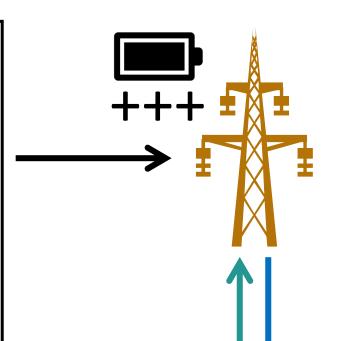




Carrier Production Technologies

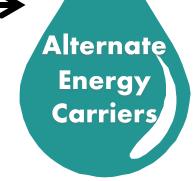






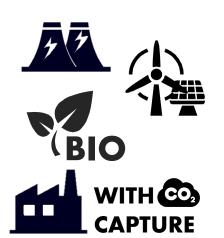


INDIRECT ELECTRIFICATION



LOW CARBON FUELS

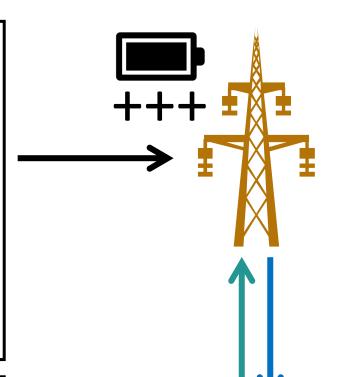




Carrier Production Technologies

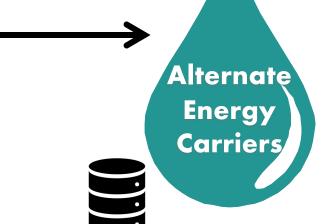








INDIRECT ELECTRIFICATION



LOW CARBON FUELS



Need Focused R&D Pathway



DECARBONIZING
THE POWER
SUPPLY







INDIRECT ELECTRIFICATION

Carrier Production Technologies



Reformation or Gasification w/

Alternate Energy Carriers

LOW CARBON FUELS

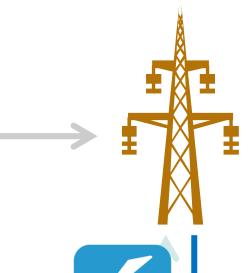




Carrier Production Technologies

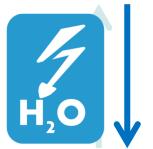






ELECTRIFICATION





ENERGY CARRIER PRODUCTION



LOW CARBON FUELS

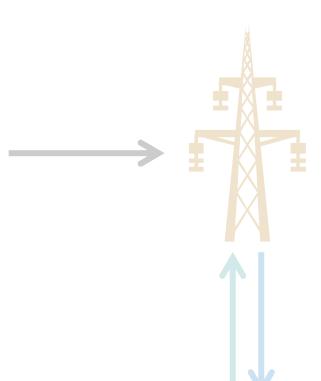




Carrier Production Technologies







ELECTRIFICATION



INDIRECT NATURAL GAS ELECTRIFICATIPELINE

Alternate Energy Carriers

LOW CARBON FUELS

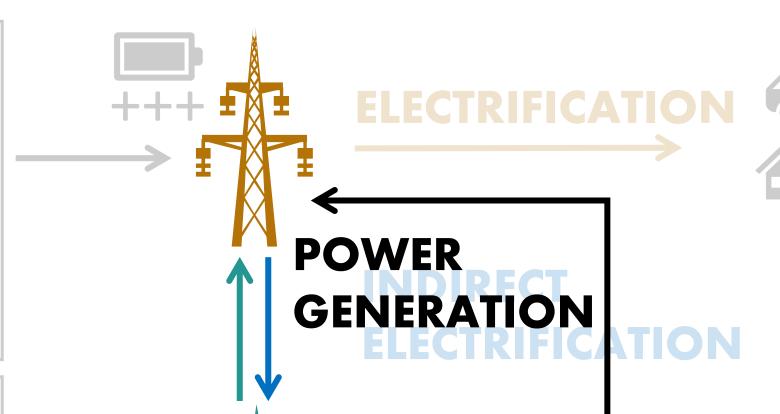




Carrier **Production Technologies**

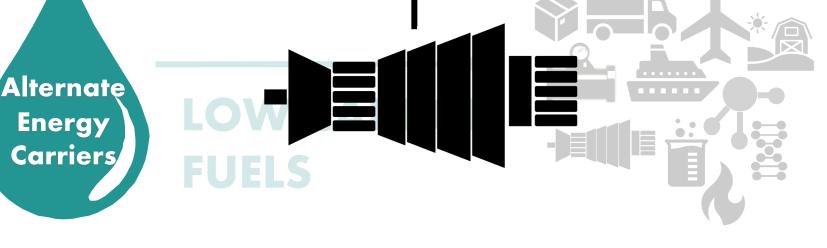






Energy

Carriers

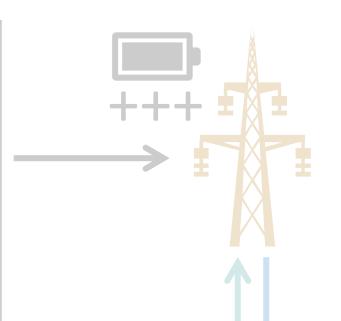




Carrier Production Technologies











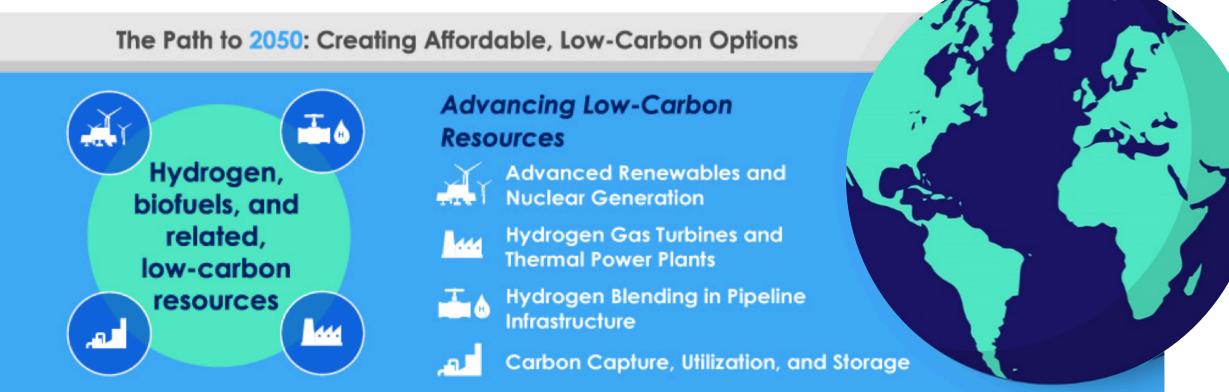
END USE APPLICATIONS

Alternate Energy Carriers

LOW CARBON FUELS



The Pathway to 2050



Technical and Implementation Challenges to Overcome

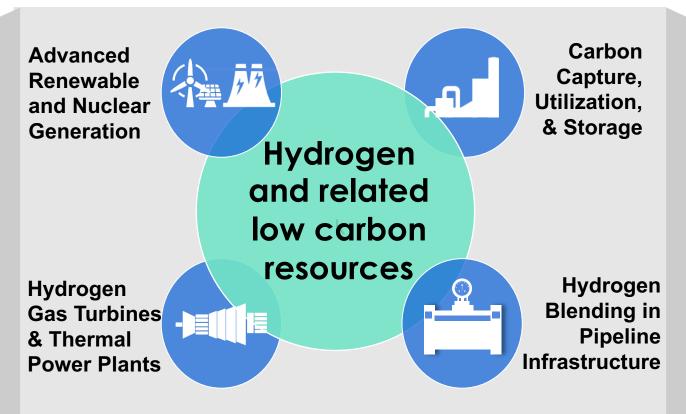


Low-Carbon Resources Initiative



The Low-Carbon Resources Initiative (LCRI) is a five-year, focused R&D commitment to develop the pathways to advance low-carbon technologies for large-scale deployment. This initiative is jointly led by EPRI and GTI. The goal of the initiative is to enable a risk-informed understanding of options and technologies enabling significant economy-wide decarbonization through global partnerships and demonstrations, applied engineering developments, and technology acceleration of the most promising options.

Enable infrastructure for future low-carbon fuel options **Electrify sectors** such as bulk transportation, large industries, and heating networks in cold climates. **Create** clean power utilizing combustion turbines **Provide** cleaner, safer environment for society





Individual commitment
to environmental,
social, and governance
(ESG) efforts
Increase optionality of
low-carbon solutions
Leverage investments
across relevant sectors
Identify approaches to
mitigate stranded
assets

Closing thoughts

- Path to 2030 is clear must continue to make great progress on cleaner generation and smarter grid with more emphasis on
 - Electrification of transportation sector
 - Energy storage as a grid asset for enhancing flexibility
 - Transmission build out to access and deliver clean electricity
- Path 2030 to 2050 very important, but less clear and will require low carbon technologies to advance for large scale deployment
 - Technology R&D is vital for affordability and reliability and optionality
 - Not 100% renewables must have other viable technologies too
 - Gas, Hydrogen, Carbon Capture & Storage & Nuclear will all play roles
 - The time to act is now to get ready for beyond 2030 Deeper Decarbonization



Together...Shaping the Future of Electricity

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