

Bridging the Commercial Divide, NETL's Applied R&D to TCF Award

Data, methods, and tools to unlock unconventional REE & critical mineral resources

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Geo-data Science to Unlock Unconventional Rare Earth Element and Critical Mineral Domestic Potential



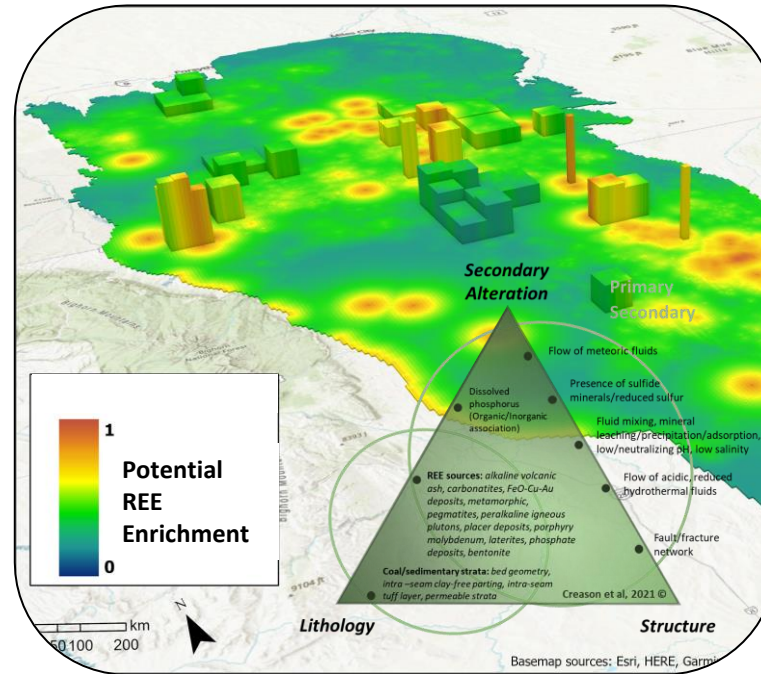
7 years, 12 peer-reviewed data products to establish & quantify URC potential

Systematic Methods & Data to Find & Quantify REE/CMs *in situ*



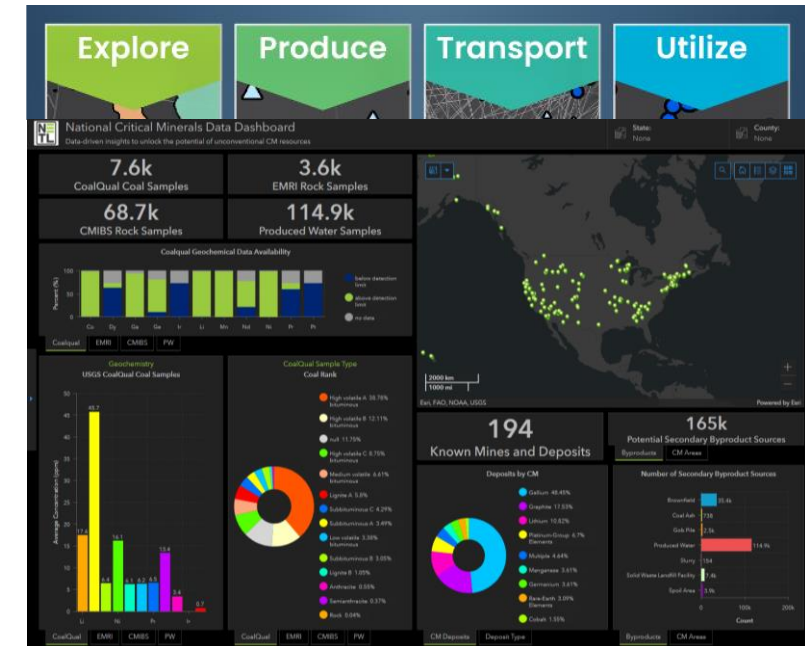
Montross, et al., 2022. On a unified core characterization methodology to support the systematic assessment of rare earth element and critical mineral bearing unconventional carbon ores and sedimentary strata. *Minerals*.

1st AI-Informed Unconventional Resource Assessment Method



Creason, et al., 2023. A Geo-Data Science Method for Assessing Unconventional Rare-Earth Occurrences in Sedimentary Systems. *Natural Resources Research*.

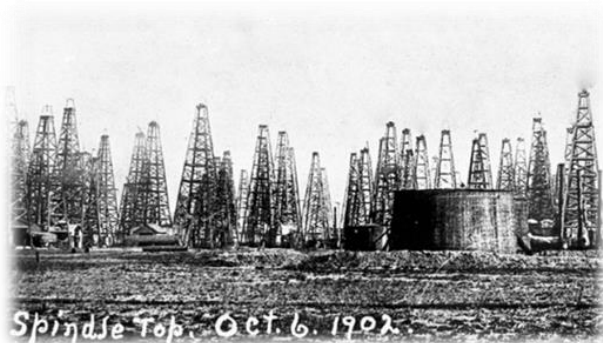
Big data computing to enable supply chains & mine waste beneficiation



Yesenchak, et al, *National Critical Minerals Data Dashboard*, 3/21/2023, [DOI 10.18141/1962402](https://doi.org/10.18141/1962402)
 Justman, et al. 2022. A database and framework for carbon ore resources and associated supply chain data. *Data in Brief*.

Critical Mineral Occurrences are Not Random...

Mineral resources come from geologic media...



Economic deposits are not random...

Systematic*, geologic-driven methods improve predictability...



To unlock domestic REE & CM potential, requires data & knowledge informed predictions

*The "dry hole" metric for oil/gas wells went from 40% in the 1960s to about 10% in 2010 – [EIA](#)



Finding the "needles" in the proverbial "haystack"

NETL is developing the URC method to identify domestic deposits and unlock the economic REE/CM supply from unconventional systems

For prediction and ID of high concentration deposits

1st approach for assessing REE/CMs in unconventional sediments

Using a big-data, ML enabled geoscience approach

URC Assessment Method Development

Research Objective

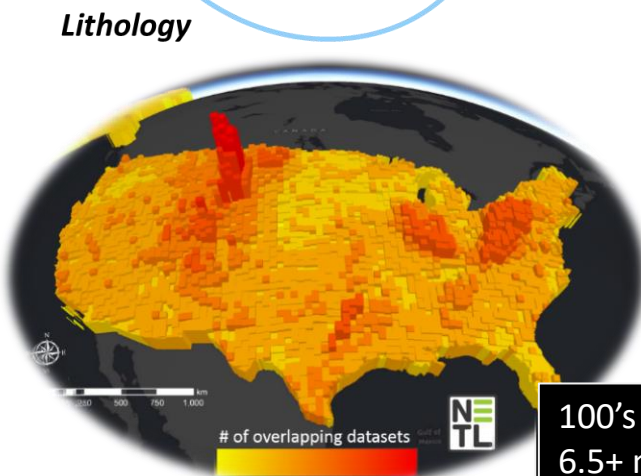
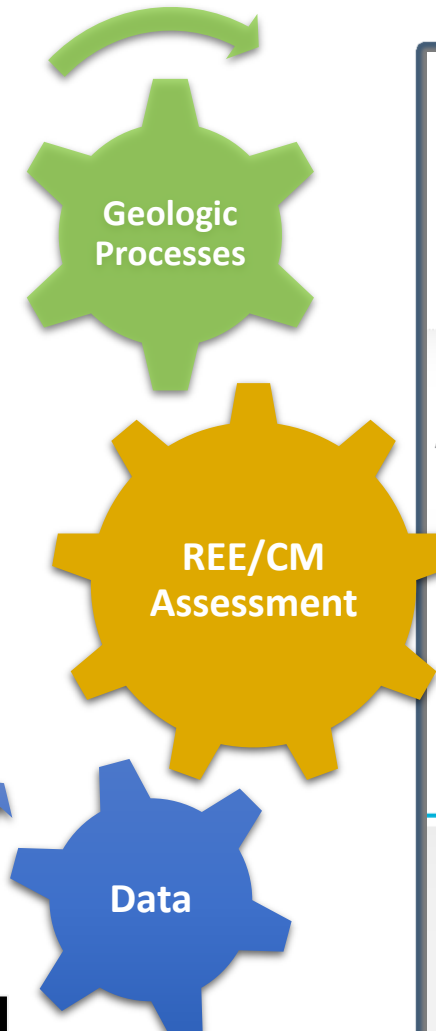
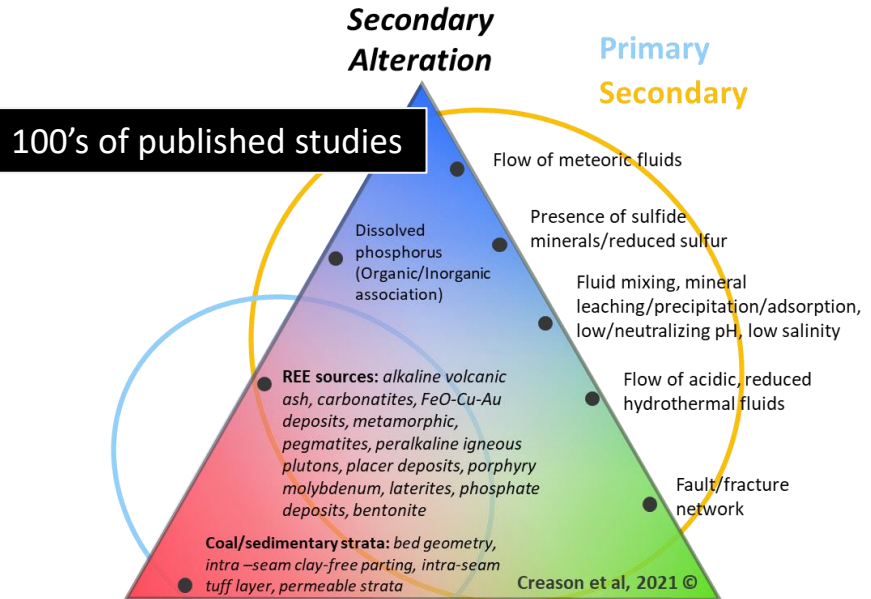
Develop an assessment methodology for systematically predicting **Unconventional Rare-earth and Critical mineral (URC)** occurrences in sedimentary strata ...



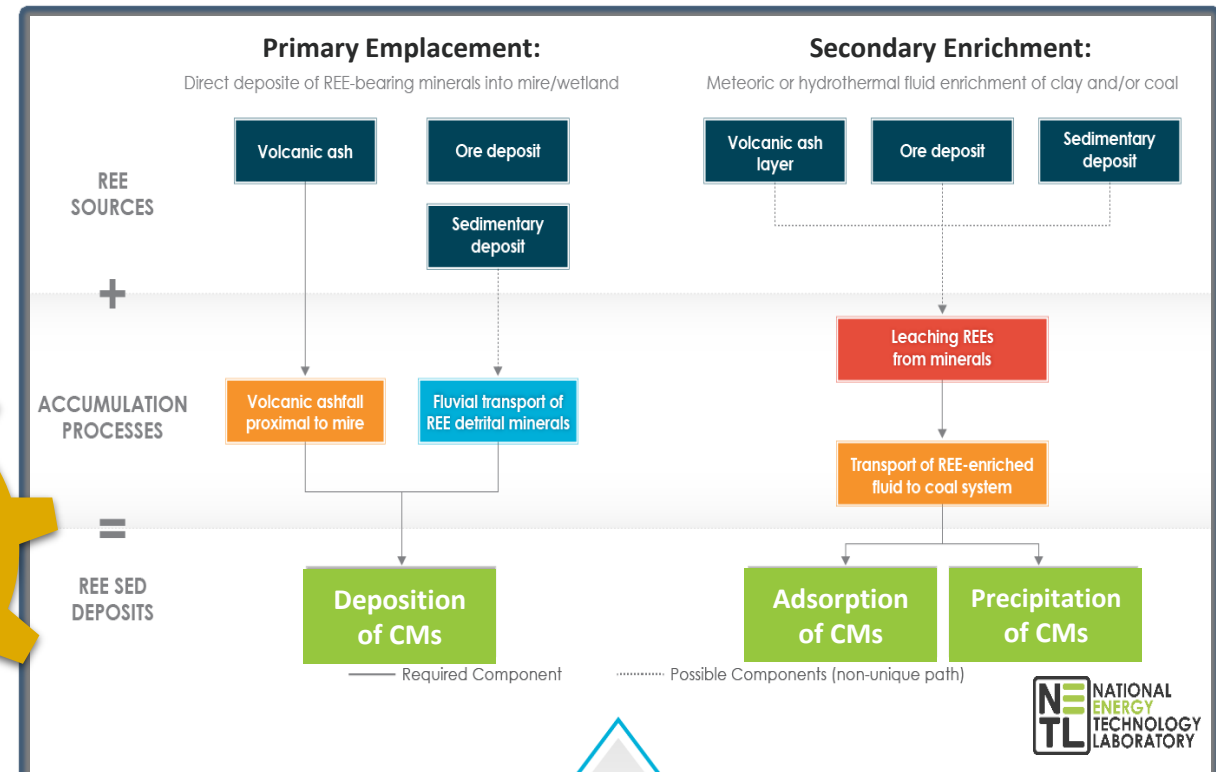
<https://www.explorenature.org/center-event/x-marks-spot-irvine-scavenger-hunt/>

- Is based off known **mechanisms** that result in accumulation of REE/CMs in sedimentary strata
- Can be used to identify **areas** with **higher REE/CM prospectivity**
- Can be used to constrain whether REE/CM concentrations and volumes indicate **viability of commercial extraction**

Geologic Processes + Data Underpin URC Method



100's spatial datasets
6.5+ million records



SIMPLIFICATION OF THE GEOLOGIC COMPONENTS ASSESSED IN THE REE-SED METHOD

Each unique pathway involves a source of REE and an accumulation process to result in an REE sedimentary deposit.

Multiple datasets are used to represent each of these components in an assessment.

R&D partnership validates resource & accelerates future exploration/development

NETL needed “real world” data for development & validation of its unconventional REE/CM assessment model & tools

Ramaco provided strategic cores/samples from Brook Mine site through a CRADA

Cores were used to complete 1st systematic vertical analysis of continuous rock cores for REEs

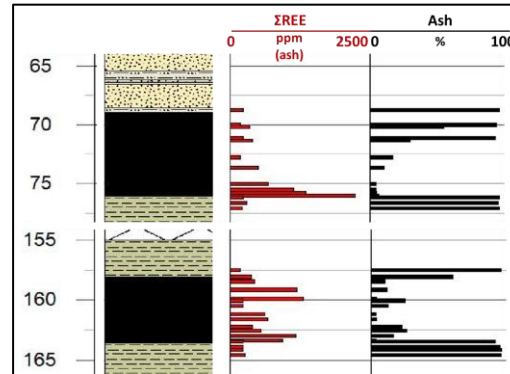


Characterization method is 1st of its kind for REE/CM in unconventional ores

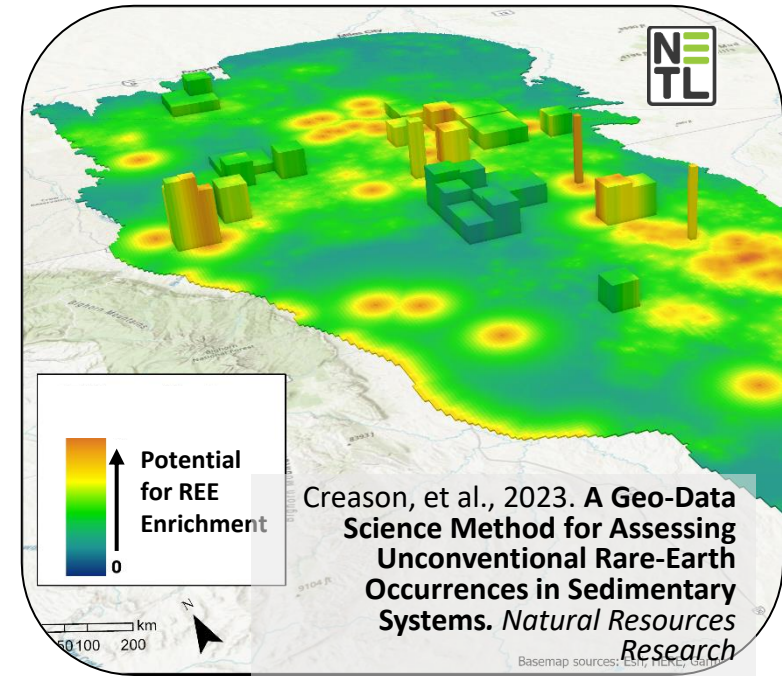
Montross, et al., 2022. On a unified core characterization methodology to support the systematic assessment of rare earth element and critical mineral bearing unconventional carbon ores and sedimentary strata, *Minerals*

Corroborated with additional cores & analyses

Result: Discovery of world-class accumulation zones enriched in middle & heavy REE



Result: World’s 1st peer-reviewed artificial intelligence-informed unconventional REE/CM resource assessment model



Prediction of REE resource potential for north-central Powder River Basin, including Brook Mine site. Gridded cells = locations with validation data

Basic Science R&D

Increases the knowledge base of a field of research while applied science uses that knowledge to solve specific problems.

Applied Science R&D

The discipline dealing with the art or science of applying scientific knowledge to practical problems

Actionable Science R&D

Defined as science delivered to a decision-maker that is timely...and meaningful—in terms of safety, economics, health, welfare, security, or any other values that matter to society.
-National Academies of Sciences

Commercial & Regulatory Applications

Lower

TRL maturation

Higher

From peer-reviewed & validated concepts...

BIL*

Field deployment & commercial adoption



DOE OTT Technology Commercialization Fund Award: Deploying a New Tool for Rapid Characterization & Quantification of REE/CM Resources *Using Advanced X-ray Fluorescence and Custom Machine-Learning Technologies*

Key Idea/Takeaway:

Deployment of a user friendly, commercial-ready, coupled system (ML-informed software + database) that enables rapid, surface to subsurface characterization & quantification of REE/CM in unconventional feedstocks



Prime Recipient: National Energy Technology Laboratory

PI: Kelly Rose

Co-PI: C. Gabe Creason

Key Participants: Ramaco Carbon & Weir International Inc.

DOE OTT TCF Funds: \$1,799,219

Partner Cost Share: \$960,000**

(**pledged amount is higher but only 50% will be logged)



ML/AI Tool for Rapid Characterization of REE/CM



Project Summary

What: Accelerating application and commercial utilization of an NETL-developed **technology** to rapidly characterize critical mineral occurrences within unconventional feedstocks

How:

Impact:

ML/AI Tool for Rapid Characterization of REE/CM



Project Summary

What: Accelerating application and commercial utilization of an NETL-developed **technology** to rapidly characterize critical mineral occurrences within unconventional feedstocks

How: Deploying a state-of-the-art machine-learning enhanced x-ray fluorescence (XRF) characterization system **that enables near real-time detection of unconventional critical mineral resources both at the surface and subsurface**

Impact:

ML/AI Tool for Rapid Characterization of REE/CM



Project Summary

What: Accelerating application and commercial utilization of an NETL-developed **technology** to rapidly characterize critical mineral occurrences within unconventional feedstocks

How: Deploying a state-of-the-art machine-learning enhanced x-ray fluorescence (XRF) characterization system **that enables near real-time detection of unconventional critical mineral resources both at the surface and subsurface**

Impact: Field-deployable system will characterize the mineralogical (chemical) form and distribution of the material's critical mineral content, **providing strategic information for extraction approaches and technologies**

Background & Motivation

- **Current approaches** for detecting the quantity and/or form of critical minerals (e.g., ICP-MS, LIBS, XRD) **are costly and time-intensive.**

Background & Motivation

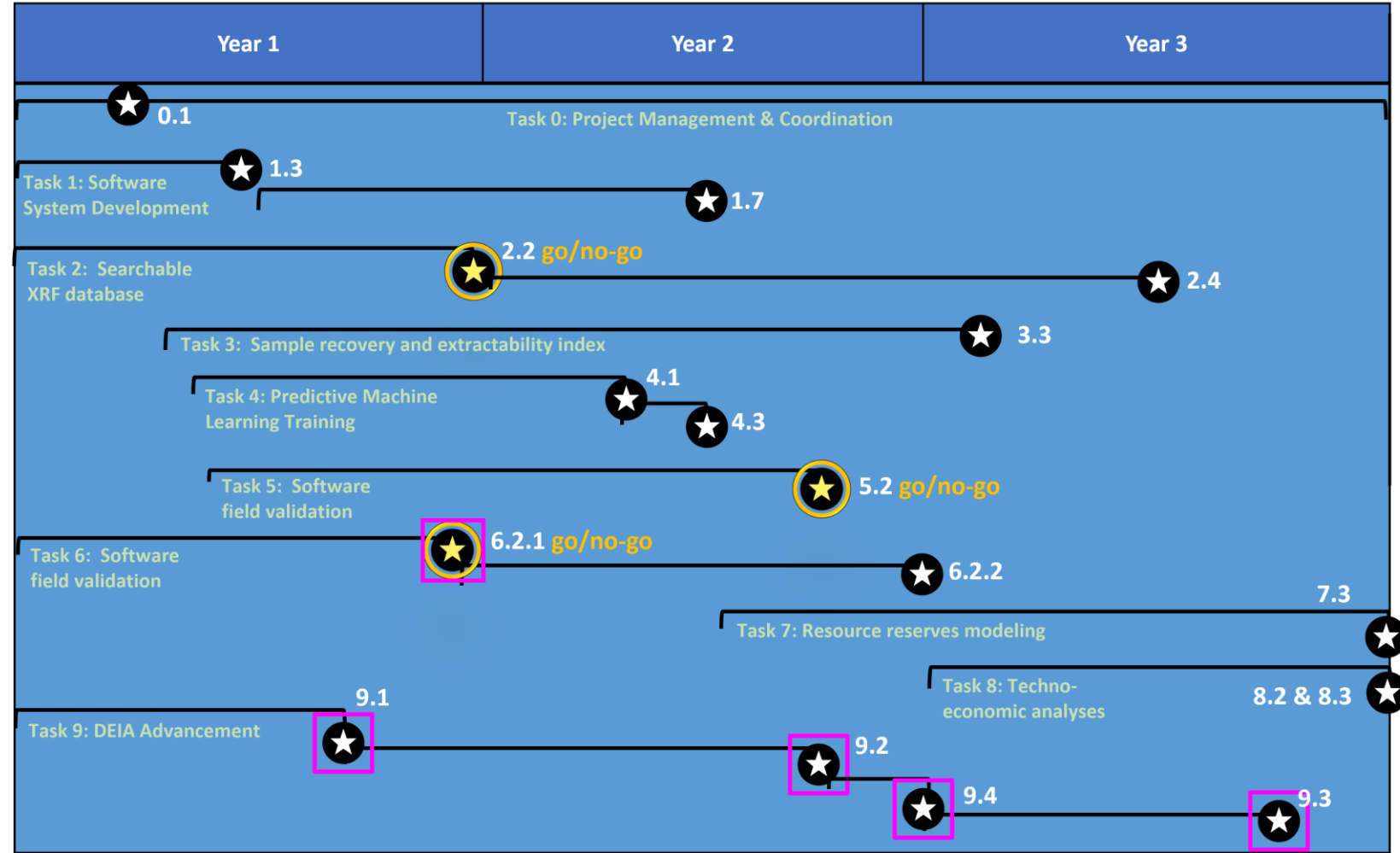
- **Current approaches** for detecting the quantity and/or form of critical minerals (e.g., ICP-MS, LIBS, XRD) are **costly and time-intensive**.
- Handheld **x-ray fluorescence is a quick**, non-destructive method to characterize elemental composition, **but challenges with interference and sensitivity** limit its applicability for resource characterization.

- **Current approaches** for detecting the quantity and/or form of critical minerals (e.g., ICP-MS, LIBS, XRD) are **costly and time-intensive**.
- Handheld **x-ray fluorescence** is a **quick**, non-destructive method to characterize elemental composition, **but challenges with interference and sensitivity** limit its applicability for resource characterization.
- This project will **leverage 7+ years of FECM/NETL-RIC applied R&D to enable rapid and cost-effective detection** of critical minerals from unconventional sources.
 - This technology will **enable commercial stakeholders to make timely, inexpensive assessments of potential resources**, reducing the need to collect, pay, and wait for ICP-MS sample analyses.

Project Outline, Key Tasks

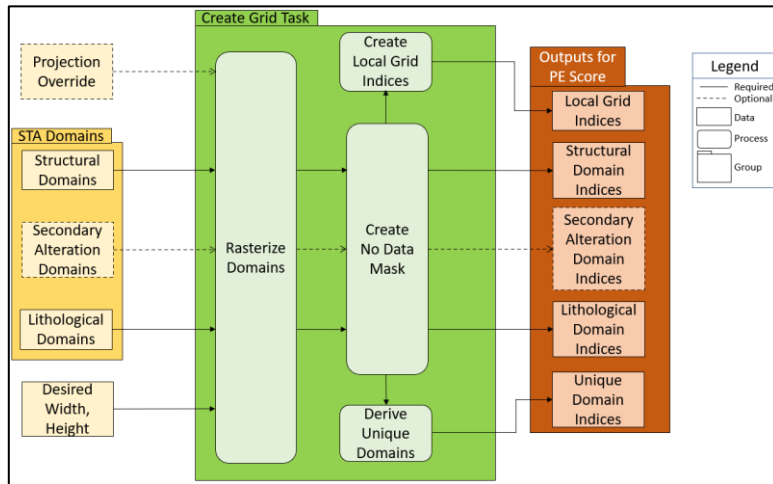
1. **Software** development, beta demonstration
2. Validation **database** (element-mineral assemblage).
3. Sample **extractability index** dataset
4. **ML training & testing** for REE form prediction
5. Software **field demonstration**
6. **Downhole XRF** field deployment & testing
7. Resource **reserve modeling** (contrast lab to field/tool)
8. **Techno-economic analysis** of tool commercial potential
9. **DEIA** engagements

Project Tasks & Milestones



Software Development

- Modifying existing URC resource assessment tool code for multi-scale analyses
- Incorporating data pre-processing capabilities, additional machine learning capabilities
- Creating unified graphical user interface



Create Grid

Inputs

Structural Domains: *P:/02_DataWorking/REE/PR*

Lithological Domains: *P:/02_DataWorking/REE/PR*

2nd Alt. Domains: *None*

Projection Override

From File: *None*

Grid Cell Dimensions

Width:

Height:

Outputs

Output Directory: *...Users/markmosm/Desktop/ur*

Lithological Index: *ld_inds.tif*

Local Grid Index: *lg_inds.tif*

2nd Alt. Index: *sa_inds.tif*

Structural Index: *sd_inds.tif*

Unique Index: *ud_inds.tif*

Results Preview

Preview Run Log

PE Scoring Results

- DA_Eo_sum_DR
- DA_FI_sum_DR
- DA_HA_sum_DR
- DA_HP_sum_DR
- DA_MA_sum_DR
- DA_MP_sum_DR
- DS_Eo_Structured
- DS_Eo_Unstructured
- DS_FI_Structured
- DS_FI_Unstructured
- DS_HA_Structured
- DS_HA_Unstructured
- DS_HP_Structured
- DS_HP_Unstructured
- DS_MA_Structured
- DS_MA_Unstructured
- DS_MP_Structured
- DS_MP_Unstructured
- PE_Eo
- PE_FI
- PE_HA
- PE_HP
- PE_MA
- PE_MP
- PE_max

0.0 1.0

PE Score

Inputs

Source File: *...taWorking/REE/Database/11-1-19/REE_EnrichmentDatabase_PRR_DA_0*

Clipping Layer: *None*

Index inputs will be taken from results of Create Grid

Outputs

Output Directory: *...mosm/Desktop/urc_assessment_method_2/urc_assessment_method_2*

Only Calculate Score for *DA*

Save Intermediate Rasters: *None*

Skip Calculations

NETL Current Activities

Database Development

- Developing database schema and architecture to support machine-learning tasks
- Characterizing element-mineral assemblages (pXRF, LIBS, ICP-MS, XRD)
- Lithologic characterization, geophysical measurements

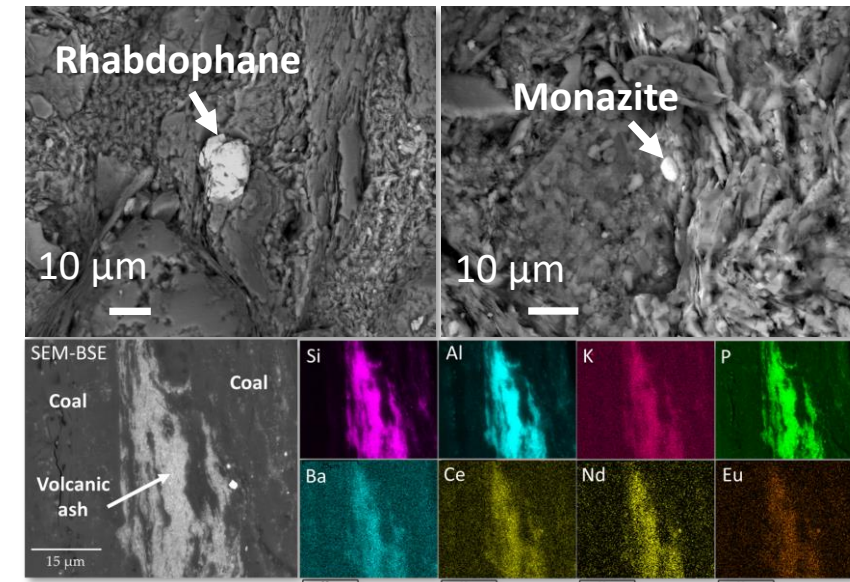
Core Characterization



Handheld XRF



Mineralogy

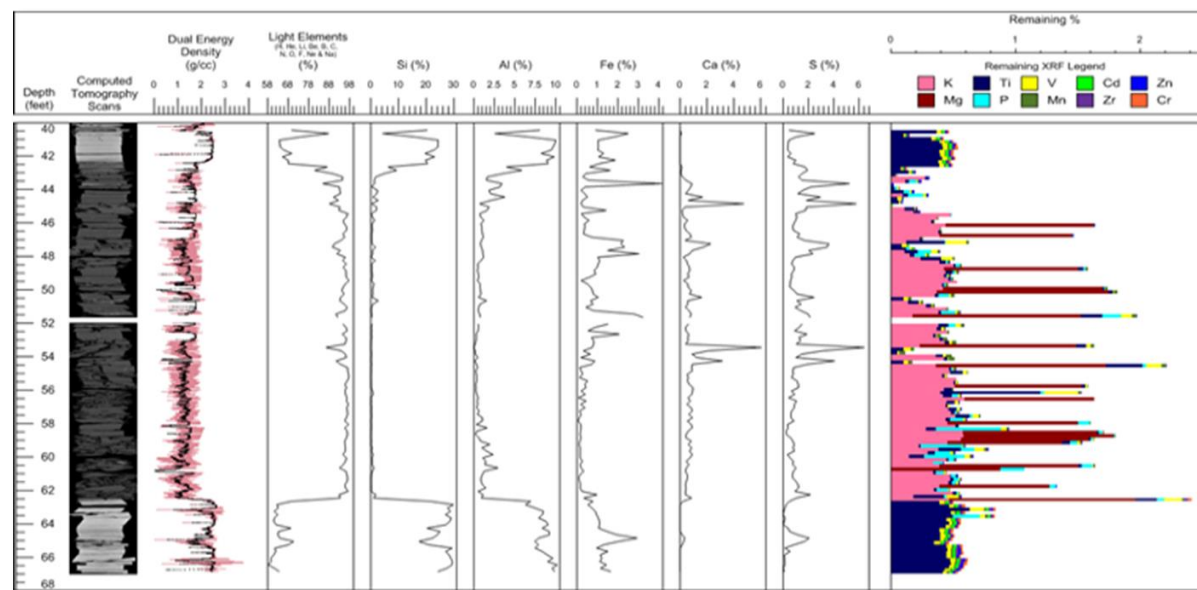


Next Steps

- Additional data collection, cleaning/processing through summer
- Testing and training of machine learning models

Downhole Deployment

Multi-Sensor Core Logging



- Demonstrating a **field-deployable system** for characterizing the phase and distribution of CM
- ML-informed software system **will support rapid, quantitative evaluation** and assessment of critical mineral potential in materials at the surface, and, where boreholes are available, from downhole scans as well
- Key outcome will be an inexpensive, portable, user-friendly software package **for characterizing CM in unconventional feedstocks**

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3. Creason, C. G., Montross, S. N., Justman, D., Mark-Moser, M., Thomas, R., Bean, A., Rose, K. **2021**. *Towards A Geo-Data Science Method for Assessing Rare Earth Elements and Critical Mineral Occurrences in Coal and Other Sedimentary Systems*; DOE/NETL-2021/2653; NETL Technical Report Series; U.S. Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory: Albany, OR, 2021; p 32. DOI: 10.2172/1809028
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9. Patrick Wingo, Devin Justman, C. Gabriel Creason, MacKenzie Mark-Moser, Scott N. Montross, Kelly Rose, URC Assessment Method, 3/29/2023, <https://edx.netl.doe.gov/dataset/urc-assessment-method> , DOI: 10.18141/1963714
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Thank you!

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