





---

# NETL Life Cycle Inventory Data

## Process Documentation File

---

### Adjustable Process Parameters:

Annual Mine Production	<i>Estimated amount of PRB sub-bituminous coal produced by mine over a single year</i>
Mine Lifetime	<i>Assumed life of the study period, same as lifetime of plant in LC Stage #3</i>
Dragline Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single dragline, in years</i>
Shovel Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single shovel, in years</i>
Loader Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single loader, in years</i>
Conveyor Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single conveyor, in years</i>
Drill Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single drill, in years</i>
Crusher Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single crusher, in years</i>
Silo Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single silo, in years</i>
Truck Lifetime	<i>Expected lifetime of a single truck, in years</i>
Number of Draglines	<i>Estimated number of draglines required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Shovels	<i>Estimated number of shovels required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Loaders	<i>Estimated number of loaders required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Conveyors	<i>Estimated number of conveyors required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Drills	<i>Estimated number of drills required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Crushers	<i>Estimated number of crushers required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Silos	<i>Estimated number of silos required at one time at the mine</i>
Number of Trucks	<i>Estimated number of trucks required at one time at the mine</i>



---

# NETL Life Cycle Inventory Data

## Process Documentation File

---

### Tracked Input Flows:

Dragline, 8,200 Ton [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single dragline needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*

Electric Shovel, 120 Tons Payload [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single shovel needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*

Track Loader, 239 HP [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single loader needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*

Steel Cord Conveyor System, 72 In [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single conveyor needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*

Blasthole Drill, 250,000 lbs [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single drill needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*

Coal Crusher, 254,000 lbs [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single crusher needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*

Steel Coal-Loading Silo, 12000 Tons, PRB [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single silo needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal*



---

# NETL Life Cycle Inventory Data

## Process Documentation File

---

Mining Truck, 623690 kg [Installation]

*Total fraction of a single truck needed over the life of the mine, including replacements, per 1 kg coal produced*

### Tracked Output Flows:

PRB Coal Surface Mine per kg Coal Produced  
[Installation]

*Construction of a single surface coal mine used to produce PRB sub-bituminous coal under LC Stage #1, per kg coal produced over the study period (reference flow)*

---

## Section II: Process Description

---

### Associated Documentation

This unit process is composed of this document and the data sheet (DS) *DS\_Stage1\_C\_Assembly\_PRB\_Coal\_Surface\_Mine\_2010.01.xls*, which provides additional details regarding relevant calculations, data quality, and references.

### Goal and Scope

This unit process assembles the types and pieces of equipment required for the construction of a surface coal mine used to extract and produce Powder River Basin (PRB) sub-bituminous coal under Life Cycle (LC) Stage #1. The coal produced is transported by rail (LC Stage #2) to an energy conversion facility (LC Stage #3) over a 30 year study period, as described below and outlined in **Figure 1**. Draglines, shovels, loaders, a conveyor system, drills, crushers, silos, and trucks are the included input flows for the assemblies of a single PRB coal surface mine. This assembly process sums the necessary equipment for construction of the surface mine by using the expected equipment lifetimes in comparison to the 30 year study period. Inputs calculated in this way are scaled to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal.

Construction data, including the mass of raw materials required to construct a single piece of each type of equipment, are calculated in separate unit processes. Therefore, the following unit processes are considered to be embedded in this assembly unit process: *DF\_Stage1\_C\_Dragline\_8200ton\_2010.01.doc*, *DF\_Stage1\_C\_Electric\_Shovel\_120\_Tons\_Payload\_2010.01.doc*, *DF\_Stage1\_C\_Track\_Loader\_239\_HP\_2010.01.doc*, *DF\_Stage1\_C\_Steel\_Cord\_Conveyor\_System\_72in\_2010.01.doc*, *DF\_Stage1\_C\_Blasthole\_Drill\_250000lb\_2010.01.doc*,

DF\_Stage1\_C\_Coal\_Crusher\_254000lb\_2010.01.doc, DF\_Stage1\_C\_Steel\_Coal>Loading\_Silo\_PRB\_2010.01.doc, and DF\_Stage1\_C\_Mining\_Truck\_623690kg\_2010.01.doc. For a discussion of environmental emissions associated with the manufacture of raw materials used in the construction of PRB coal surface mine components, as well as other pertinent information, please refer to these separate unit processes.

### Boundary and Description

**Figure 1** provides an overview of the boundary of this unit process. The total annual production of the representative PRB coal surface mine was taken from the average of the top four producing surface mines in the Powder River Basin during 2008, North Antelope-Rochelle, Black Thunder, Jacobs Ranch, and Cordero Rojo (NMA 2009). This average, 60,804,057,198.5 kg/year, was multiplied by the length of the study period (default value of 30 years) for a total of 1,824,121,715,955 kg over the life of the mine.

Data for the bucket capacity, PRB coal density, and PRB coal seam thickness near the representative mine site were used to determine the amount of overburden needed to be moved by a single dragline annually (Miners Midweek 2006, Bucyrus 2008a, McCartney and Williams 2009, EPA 2004). The total amount of overburden removed by draglines was divided by the removal capacity of a single dragline for an estimate of 3 draglines required to be in operation at the mine site at one time. An individual dragline was assumed to have a life expectancy of 30 years, or one study period.

The number of electric shovels required at the mine site was calculated by using specifications for the number of shovels in use at Black Thunder Mine (Thunder Basin 2009) and Cordero Rojo (Mining Tech 2009), and the amount of coal extracted annually at those mines (NMA 2009). The average amount of coal mined per shovel, per year was 6,378,470,888 kg/shovel/year. The average amount of PRB coal mined per year at the representative mine (NMA 2009) was divided by this amount for a total of 10 shovels in operation at the mine. Once again, the life expectancy of a single shovel was assumed to be 30 years.

For the track loader, it was assumed that 10 pieces were required at the mine. Each loader was assumed to have a 30 year life expectancy. Specifications for a Goodyear conveyor belt stated that their belts could be expected to last 20 years (Goodyear 2009), so that was assumed to be the lifetime of the entire conveyor system. The conveyor system itself was sized from specifications for a system in use at a PRB mine, so it was assumed that there would only be a single conveyor system constructed.

The SME Mining Engineering Handbook stated that three rotary drills were required during cast blasting of overburden, so it was assumed that the study mine would also require three pieces (SMME 1992). Each of the drills is assumed to have a 30 year lifetime. Manufacturer specifications gave a capacity of 10,000 short tons of coal per hour for a Gundlach coal crusher (Gundlach 2009). This

value was converted to kg coal/year, and then the estimated annual mine production was divided by the total, which came out to be a single crusher. This single crusher was assumed to be the only one required to crush coal at the mine, and was also assumed to have a 30 year life expectancy.

BNSF publications listed the number of coal loading silos in use at each of the 4 PRB mines used to determine the coal production rate of the study mine (BNSF 2009). Records for 3 of the 4 stated that some additional slot storage capacity was unaccounted for in the number of silos, and this was taken into account when calculating the number of silos at the study mine. The number of silos averaged out to 5.5, so this number was rounded up to 6 total silos to account for additional slot storage capacity. Each of the silos was assumed to last the entire length of the 30 year study period.

The final type of equipment in use at the PRB coal surface mine was mining trucks. Each truck has a hauling capacity of 345,000 kg (Caterpillar 2003). The estimated mine production per year was converted to kg/hour. It was assumed that each truck could make 2 round trips from being loaded to a coal stockpile location each hour. The mine production (in kg/hour) was divided by an individual truck's haul capacity, and then divided by two trips/hour, for a total of 10 trucks at the mine. The trucks were assumed to have a life expectancy of 10 years.

For each type of equipment, the replacement rate was calculated by dividing the mine lifetime (default value of 30 years) by the expected lifetime of that type of equipment. This resulted in replacement rates of 1.0 pieces/study-period for the draglines, shovels, loaders, drills, crushers, and silos; 1.5 pieces for the conveyor system, and 3.0 pieces for the trucks. The final calculation was to multiply the number of each type of equipment required by the replacement rate for the same type of equipment, then divide that value by the estimated total production of the mine over the duration of the study period. These values, in pcs/kg coal produced, are for the fraction of a single piece of each type of equipment required over the life of the study to produce 1 kg of PRB sub-bituminous coal.

The annual mine production adjustable parameter is the total amount of PRB sub-bituminous coal estimated to be produced at the mine over the life of the mine. This parameter was based on the average yearly production of the top four producing PRB surface mines in 2008. This variable can be adjusted to reflect a larger or smaller scale surface mine.

The mine lifetime adjustable parameter indicates the temporal boundary of the study. In this case, the default value is 30 years, which can be adjusted to reflect a longer or shorter study period based on mine life expectancy.

The equipment lifetime adjustable parameters give the estimated or assumed life expectancy of a single piece of a given type of equipment. The default values for the draglines, shovels, loaders, drills, crusher, and silo were all assumed to be 30 years. The conveyor system was assumed to have a lifetime of 20 years, based

on manufacturer specifications for the belt. The mining trucks were assumed to have a default lifetime of 10 years. Each of these values was assumed, and can be adjusted to reflect longer or shorter equipment life expectancies.

The final group of adjustable parameters was for the number of each type of equipment required to be in operation at the mine at any given point in time. The default number of track loaders and conveyor systems were assumed values. The number of other pieces of equipment was based on equipment capacity, mine size, and the mine production rate. The number of any type of equipment can be adjusted to reflect assumptions reflecting larger or smaller scale mine operations.

Relevant properties of a single PRB coal surface mine used for the calculation of input and output flows for this unit process are shown in **Table 1**. **Table 2** provides a summary of modeled input and output flows. Additional details showing calculation methods for input and output flows, and other relevant information, are contained in the associated DS.

Figure 1: Unit Process Scope and Boundary

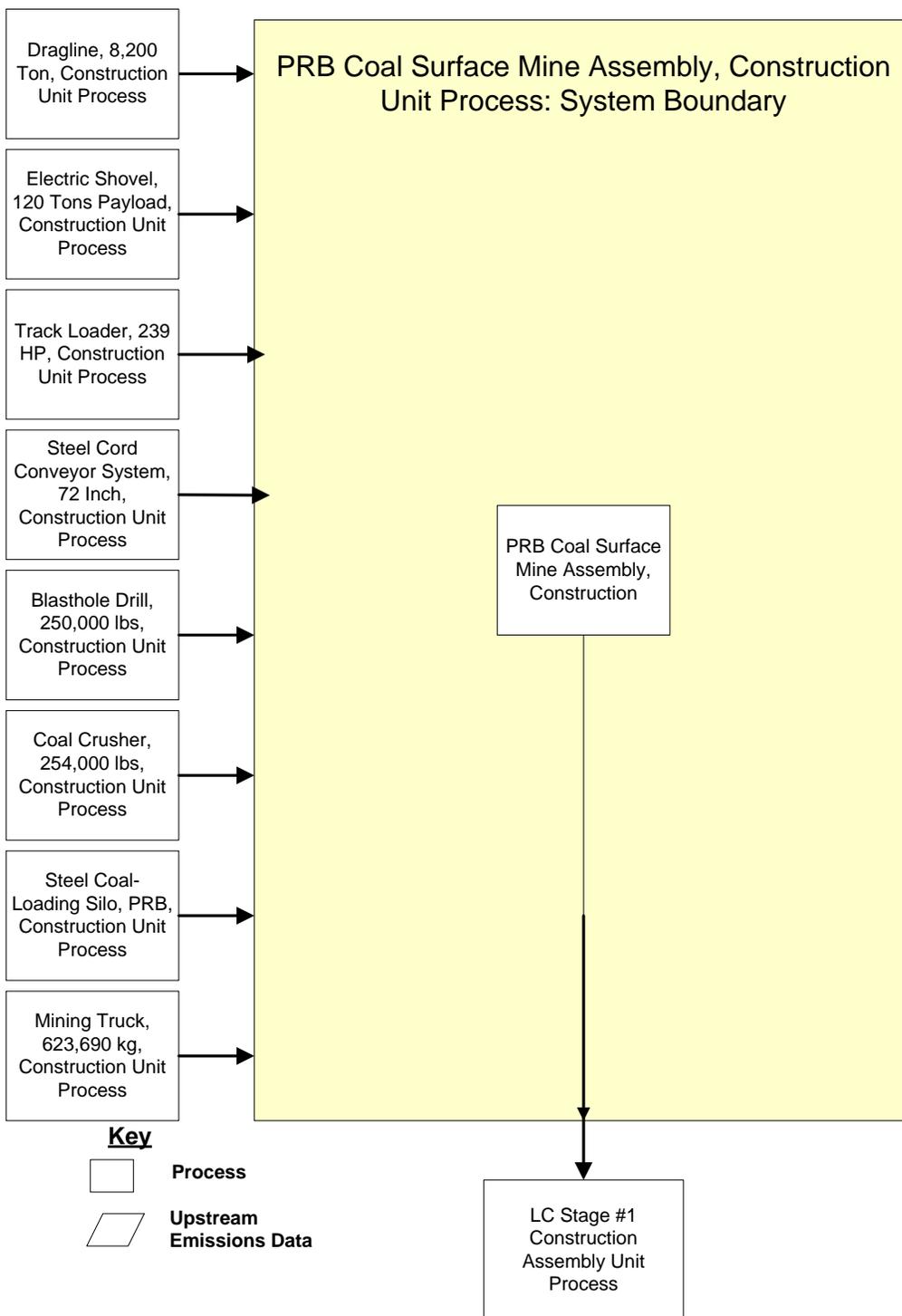


Table 1: Properties of a Single PRB Coal Surface Mine

Construction and Life Expectancy Properties		
Property	Value	Units
Annual mine production	60,804,057,199	kg/yr
Mine lifetime (study period)	30	years
Total amount of PRB coal produced over mine lifetime	1,824,121,715,955	kg
Dragline lifetime	30	years
Shovel lifetime	30	years
Loader lifetime	30	years
Conveyor lifetime	20	years
Drill lifetime	30	years
Crusher lifetime	30	years
Silo lifetime	30	years
Truck lifetime	10	years
Number of draglines	3	draglines
Number of shovels	10	shovels
Number of loaders	10	loaders
Number of conveyors	1	conveyors
Number of drills	3	drills
Number of crushers	1	crushers
Number of silos	6	silos
Number of trucks	11	trucks
Dragline replacement rate	1.0	draglines
Shovel replacement rate	1.0	shovels
Loader replacement rate	1.0	loaders
Conveyor replacement rate	1.5	conveyors
Drill replacement rate	1.0	drills
Crusher replacement rate	1.0	crushers
Silo replacement rate	1.0	silos
Truck replacement rate	3.0	trucks

Table 2: Unit Process Input and Output Flows

Flow Name*	Value	Units (Per Reference Flow)
<b>Inputs</b>		
Dragline, 8,200 Ton [Installation]	1.645E-12	pcs
Electric Shovel, 120 Tons Payload [Installation]	5.482E-12	pcs
Track Loader, 239 HP [Installation]	5.482E-12	pcs
Steel Cord Conveyor System, 72 In [Installation]	8.223E-13	pcs
Blasthole Drill, 250,000 lbs [Installation]	1.645E-12	pcs
Coal Crusher, 254,000 lbs [Installation]	5.482E-13	pcs
Steel Coal-Loading Silos, 12000 Tons [Installation]	3.289E-12	pcs
Mining Truck, 623690 kg [Installation]	1.809E-11	pcs
<b>Outputs</b>		
PRB Coal Surface Mine per kg Coal Produced [Installation]	1	pcs/kg coal produced

\* **Bold face** clarifies that the value shown *does not* include upstream environmental flows. Upstream environmental flows were added during the modeling process using GaBi modeling software, as shown in Figure 1.

### Embedded Unit Processes

DF\_Stage1\_C\_Dragline\_8200ton\_2010.01.doc;  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Electric\_Shovel\_120\_Tons\_Payload\_2010.01.doc;  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Track\_Loader\_239\_HP\_2010.01.doc;  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Steel\_Cord\_Conveyor\_System\_72in\_2010.01.doc;  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Blasthole\_Drill\_250000lb\_2010.01.doc;  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Coal\_Crusher\_254000lb\_2010.01.doc;  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Steel\_Coal\_Loading\_Silo\_PRB\_2010.01.doc; and  
 DF\_Stage1\_C\_Mining\_Truck\_623690kg\_2010.01.doc

### References

BNSF 2009  
 BNSF Railway. 2009. *Guide to Coal Mines: Mines Served by BNSF Railway*. BNSF Railway.  
<http://www.bnsf.com/markets/coal/pdf/minerguide.pdf>  
 (Accessed December 18, 2009).

Bucyrus 2008  
 Bucyrus International. 2008. *Walking Draglines: The range*. Bucyrus International.  
<http://www.bucyrus.com/pdf/surface/Draglines%20Trifold%200105.pdf> (Accessed December 18, 2009).

- Caterpillar 2003      Caterpillar. 2003. *797B Mining Truck*. Caterpillar. <http://www.cat.com/cmms/images/C198751.pdf> (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- EPA 2004      EPA. 2004. *Evaluation of Impacts to Underground Sources of Drinking Water by Hydraulic Fracturing of Coalbed Methane Reservoirs, Attachment 5: The Powder River Basin*. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water. [http://www.epa.gov/OGWDW/uic/pdfs/cbmstudy\\_attach\\_uic\\_attach05\\_powder.pdf](http://www.epa.gov/OGWDW/uic/pdfs/cbmstudy_attach_uic_attach05_powder.pdf) (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- Gundlach 2009      Gundlach Equipment Corporation. 2009. *Gundlach Breakers*. Gundlach Equipment Corporation. [http://www.gundlachcrushers.com/PDF\\_download/BreakerBrochure.cfm](http://www.gundlachcrushers.com/PDF_download/BreakerBrochure.cfm) (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- McCartney and Williams 2009      McCartney, R.H., Williams, Jr., R.L. 2009. "Fuel Blending with PRB Coal". *Power Engineering*. [http://pepei.pennnet.com/display\\_article/355445/6/ARTCL/none/none/1/Fuel-Blending-with-PRB-Coal/](http://pepei.pennnet.com/display_article/355445/6/ARTCL/none/none/1/Fuel-Blending-with-PRB-Coal/) (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- Miners Midweek 2006      Miners Midweek. 2006. *Dragline is a step closer*. Media Monitors. <http://ensham.com.au/updated/pdf/00025560154.pdf> (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- Mining Tech 2009      Mining Technology.com. 2009. *Cordero Rojo Coal Mine, WY, USA*. Net Resources International. <http://www.mining-technology.com/projects/cordero/> (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- NMA 2009      National Mining Association. 2009. *2008 Coal Producer Survey*. National Mining Association. [http://www.nma.org/pdf/members/coal\\_producer\\_survey2008.pdf](http://www.nma.org/pdf/members/coal_producer_survey2008.pdf) (Accessed December 18, 2009).
- SMME 1992      Society for Mining, Metallurgy, and Exploration, Inc. 1992. *SME Mining Engineering Handbook, 2nd Edition, Volume 2*. Hartman, R.L. Society for Mining, Metallurgy, and Exploration, Inc. [http://books.google.com/books?id=DsSmPKEOWDcC&pg=PA1417&lpg=PA1417&dq=number+of+drills+cast+blasting&source=bl&ots=2Nx2t1dJkK&sig=fbJjLoiHnJrLR0rnag-RZMdQrXA&hl=en&ei=xwrvSt\\_zI5SolAffrpGABQ&sa=](http://books.google.com/books?id=DsSmPKEOWDcC&pg=PA1417&lpg=PA1417&dq=number+of+drills+cast+blasting&source=bl&ots=2Nx2t1dJkK&sig=fbJjLoiHnJrLR0rnag-RZMdQrXA&hl=en&ei=xwrvSt_zI5SolAffrpGABQ&sa=)

X&oi=book\_result&ct=result&resnum=2&ved=0CBIO6AEwAQ#v=onepage&q=number%20of%20drills%20cast%20blasting&f=false (Accessed December 18, 2009).

Thunder Basin 2009

Thunder Basin Coal Company. 2009. *Black Thunder Mine...Delivering Energy to America*. Arch Coal, Inc. <http://www.archcoal.com/aboutus/BT%20Brochure.pdf> (Accessed December 18, 2009).

---

### Section III: Document Control Information

---

**Date Created:** February 19, 2010

**Point of Contact:** Timothy Skone (NETL), [Timothy.Skone@NETL.DOE.GOV](mailto:Timothy.Skone@NETL.DOE.GOV)

**Revision History:**

Original/no revisions

**How to Cite This Document:** This document should be cited as:

NETL (2010). *NETL Life Cycle Inventory Data – Unit Process: PRB Coal Surface Mine Assembly, Construction*. U.S. Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory. Last Updated: February 2010 (version 01). [www.netl.doe.gov/energy-analyses](http://www.netl.doe.gov/energy-analyses) (<http://www.netl.doe.gov/energy-analyses>)

---

### Section IV: Disclaimer

---

Neither the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) National Energy Technology Laboratory (NETL) nor any person acting on behalf of these organizations:

- A. Makes any warranty or representation, express or implied, with respect to the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of the information contained in this document, or that the use of any information, apparatus, method, or process disclosed in this document may not infringe on privately owned rights; or
- B. Assumes any liability with this report as to its use, or damages resulting from the use of any information, apparatus, method, or process disclosed in this document.

Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by NETL. The views and opinions of the authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of NETL.