

# Reduced Cost Bond Layers for Multi-Layer Thermal/Environmental Barrier Coatings



**AUBURN**

**UNIVERSITY**

**SAMUEL GINN  
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

Jeffrey W. Fergus

2016 Crosscutting Research Review  
Pittsburgh, PA  
19 April 2016

# Participants

- Auburn University
  - Jeff Fergus
  - Students
    - Graduate: Honglong (Henry) Wang, Wenzhou Deng, Xingxing Zhang
    - Undergraduate: Emily Tarwater, Kai Roebbecke
  - Visiting scholars
    - Ahmet Bakal, Sudip Dasgupta
- Plasma Processes LLC
  - Kyle Murphree
  - Tim McKechnie

# Introduction

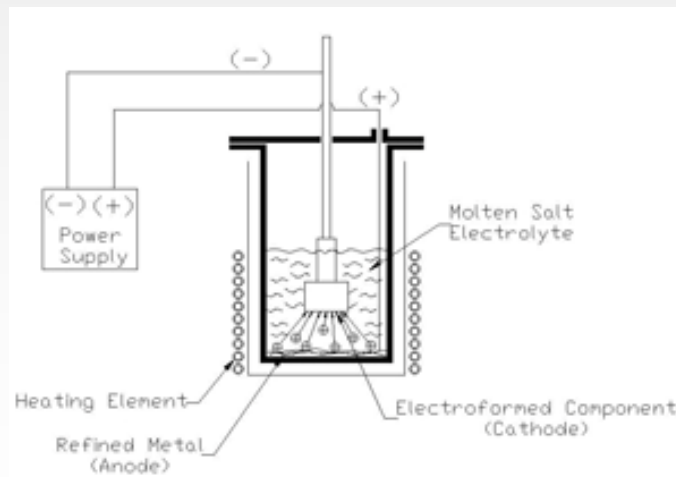
- Thermal barrier coatings (TBCs) to increase operating temperature of gas turbine engines
- Ca-Mg-Al-Si oxides (CMAS) injected into engine degrade TBCs
- Pyrochlore oxides offer potential for improved resistance to CMAS corrosion and reduced thermal conductivity

# Original Approach

- Coating development
  - Evaluate need for Ni coating
  - Optimize Hf/Ir for YSZ
  - Feasibility Hf/Ir for pyrochlore
  - YSZ + pyrochlore
- Coating materials
  - Stability of pyrochlore in CMAS
    - $\text{Gd}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ ,  $\text{Sm}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ , mixed
  - Accelerate with high temperature exposures

# Bond coat system

- Collaboration with Plasma Processes LLC
- Alternative bond coat layers
- YSZ / zirconate coatings

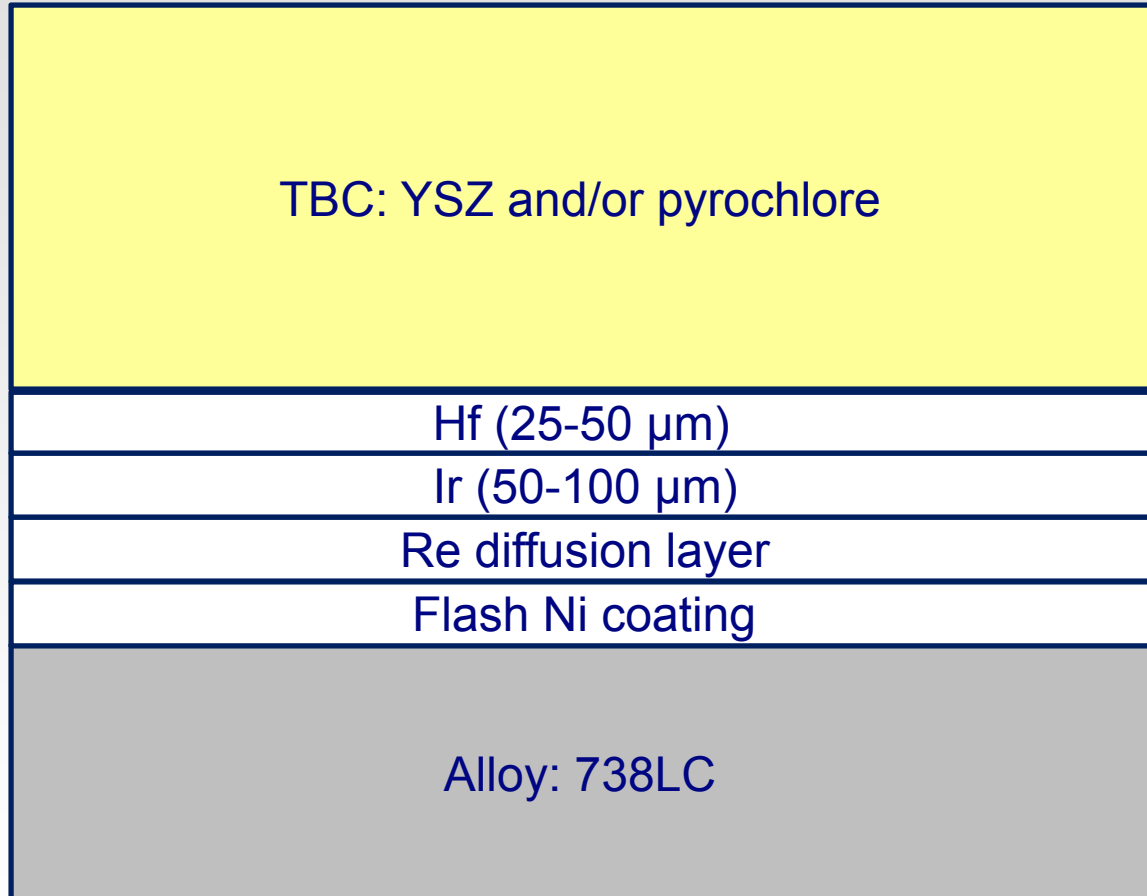


<http://www.plasmapros.com/>

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# Thermal barrier coating system



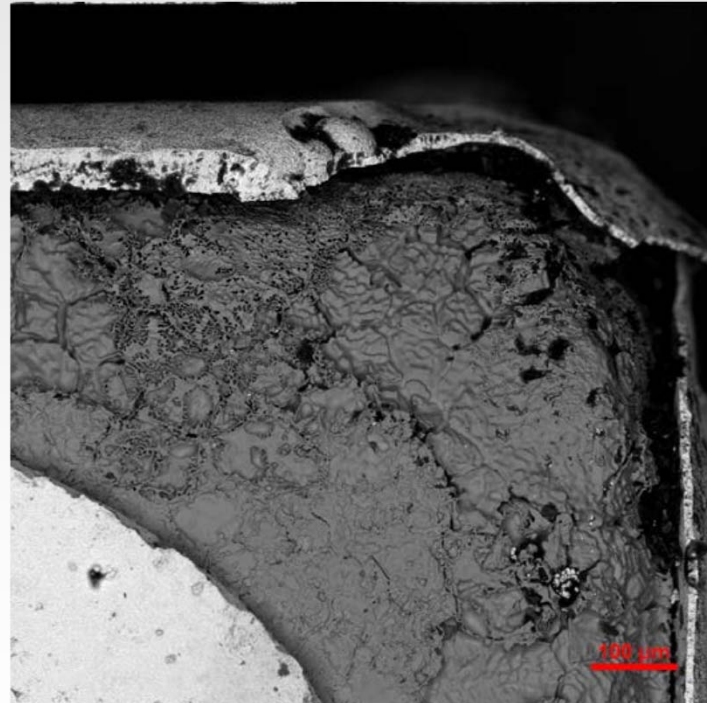
Plasma spray for  
YSZ / pyrochlore

Molten salt  
electrochemical  
deposition (El-  
Form®) for Re/Hf/Ir

# Iridium coatings on rectangular samples



Rectangular coatings for mechanical testing

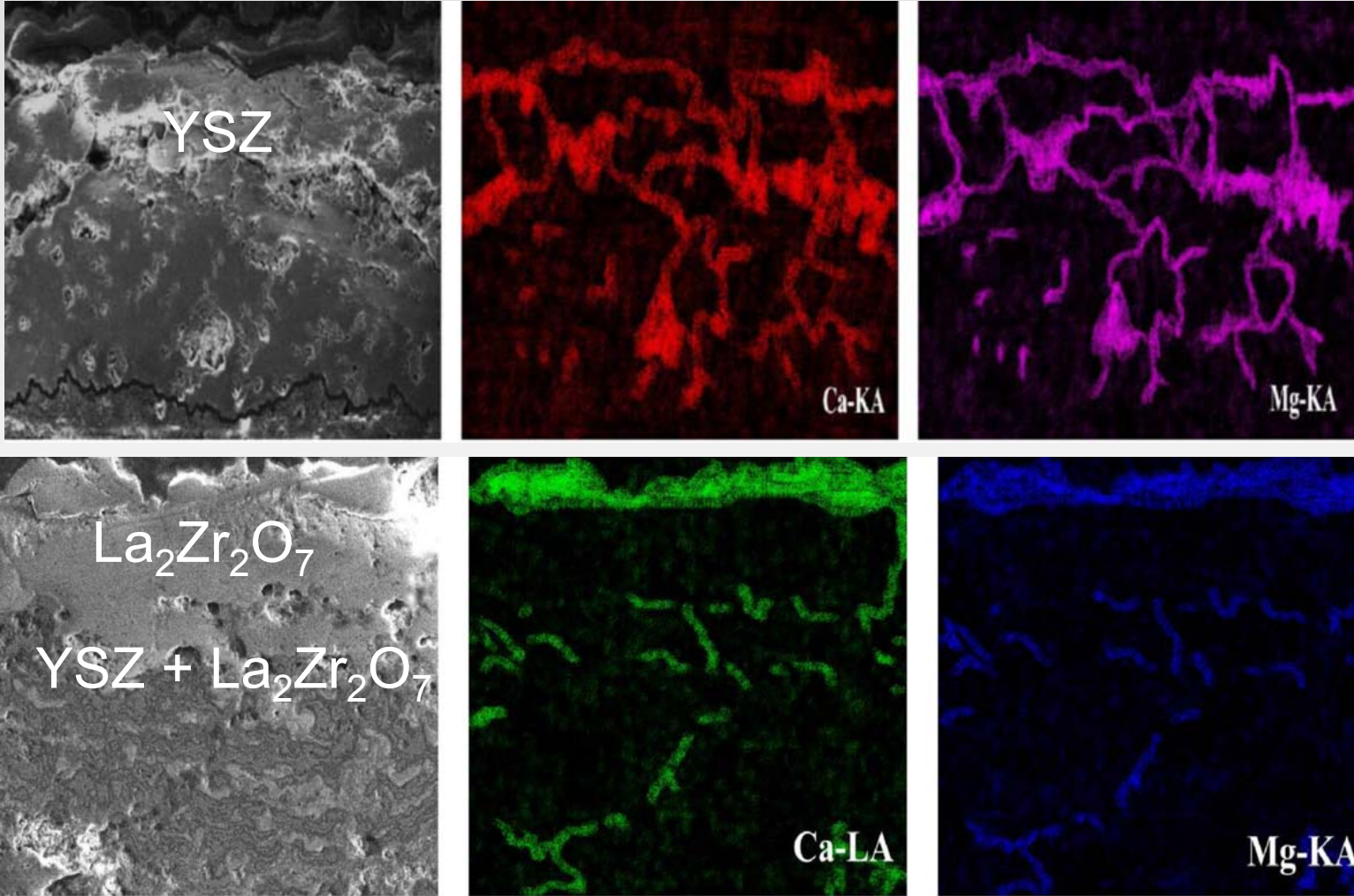


# Revised approach

- Plasma-sprayed materials to corroborate results from sintered ceramics
  - YSZ (400  $\mu\text{m}$ )
  - YSZ (225  $\mu\text{m}$ ) + AU  $\text{Gd}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$  synthesized (75  $\mu\text{m}$ )
  - YSZ (100  $\mu\text{m}$ ) + yttrium oxide (175  $\mu\text{m}$ )
  - YSZ (100  $\mu\text{m}$ ) + Sulzer Zr-Y oxide (175  $\mu\text{m}$ )



# Reaction with CMAS

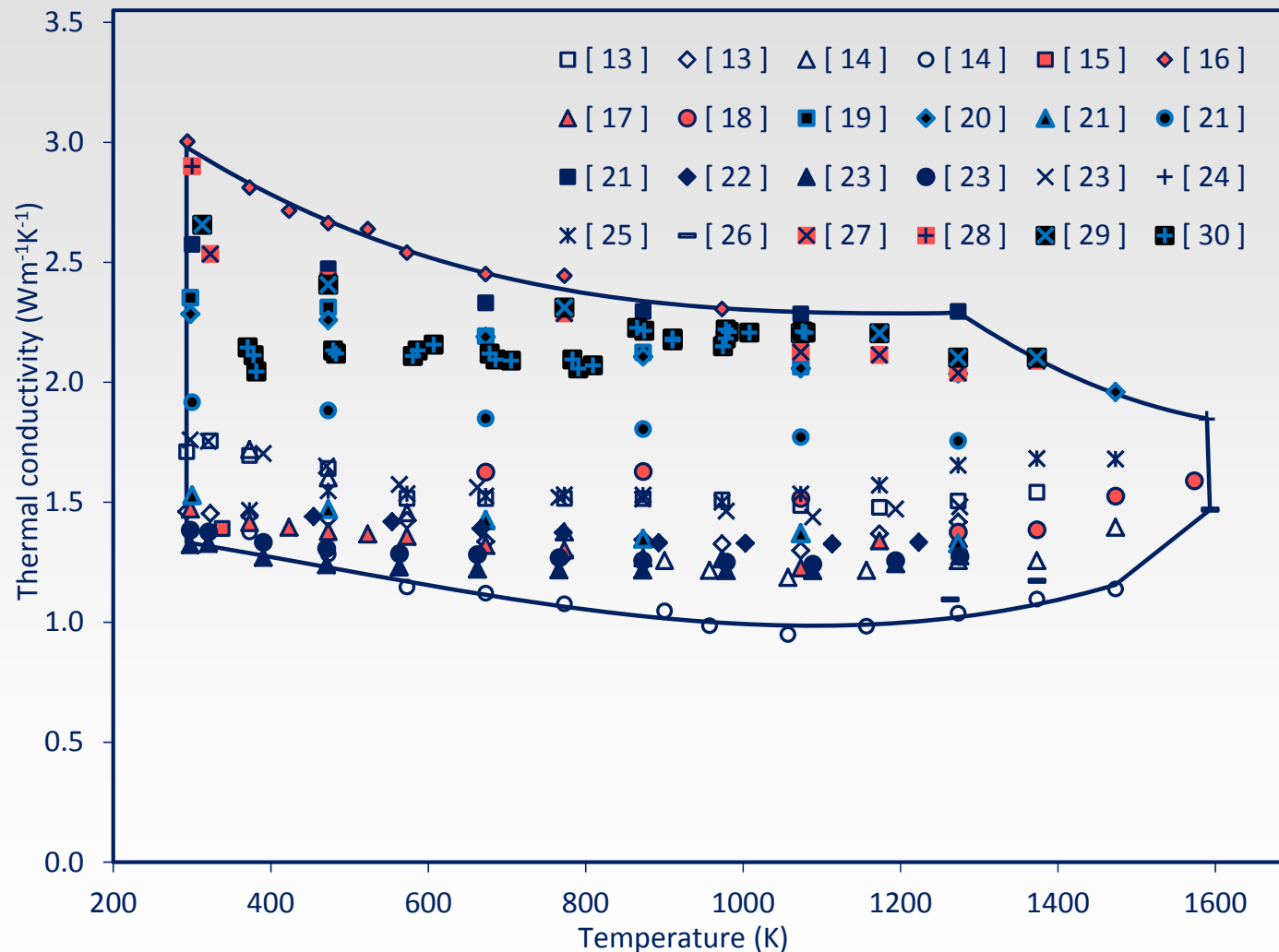


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C.S. Ramachandran *et al.*,  
*Ceram. Int.* **39**, 1413 (2013)

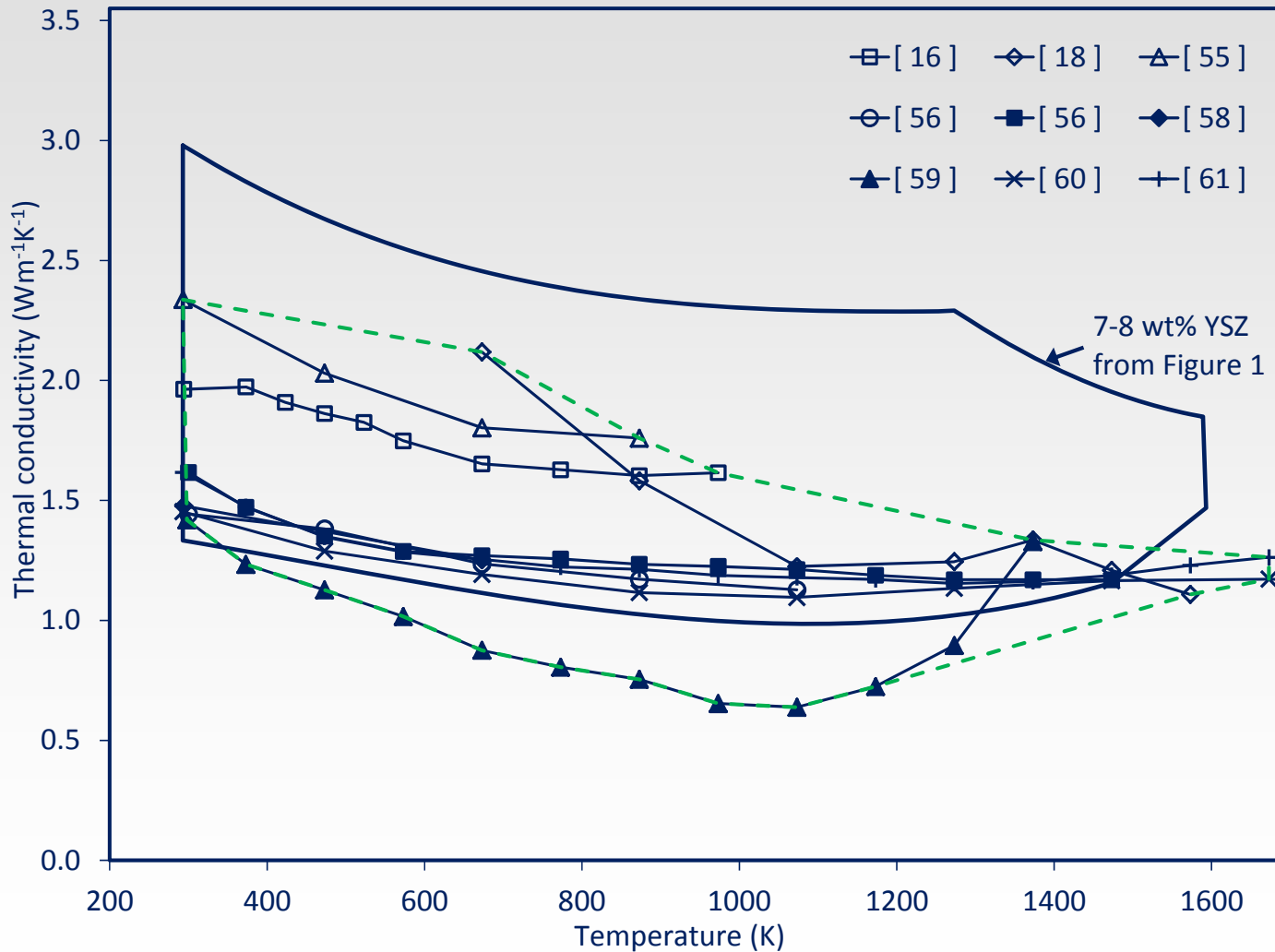
# Thermal conductivity of zirconia with 7-8% yttria



Range of thermal conductivities due to variations in morphology and microstructure

J. Fergus. *Met. Mater. Trans E* 1, 118 (2014).

# Thermal conductivity of $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$



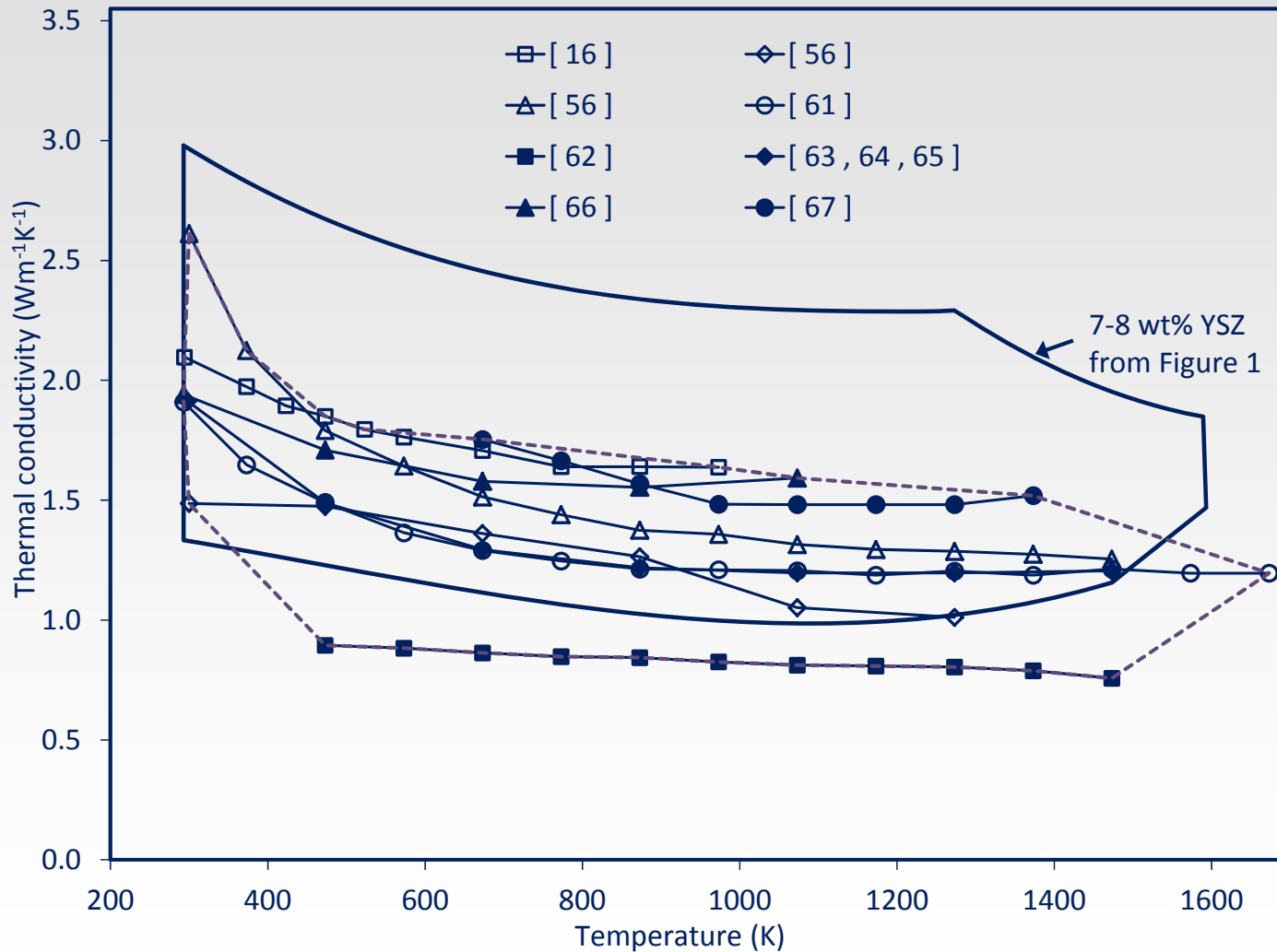
$\kappa$  of  $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$   
in lower range  
of YSZ

J. Fergus. *Met. Mater. Trans E* 1, 118 (2014).

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# Thermal conductivity of $\text{Sm}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$



$\kappa$  of  $\text{Sm}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$   
in lower range  
of YSZ

J. Fergus. *Met. Mater. Trans E* 1, 118 (2014).



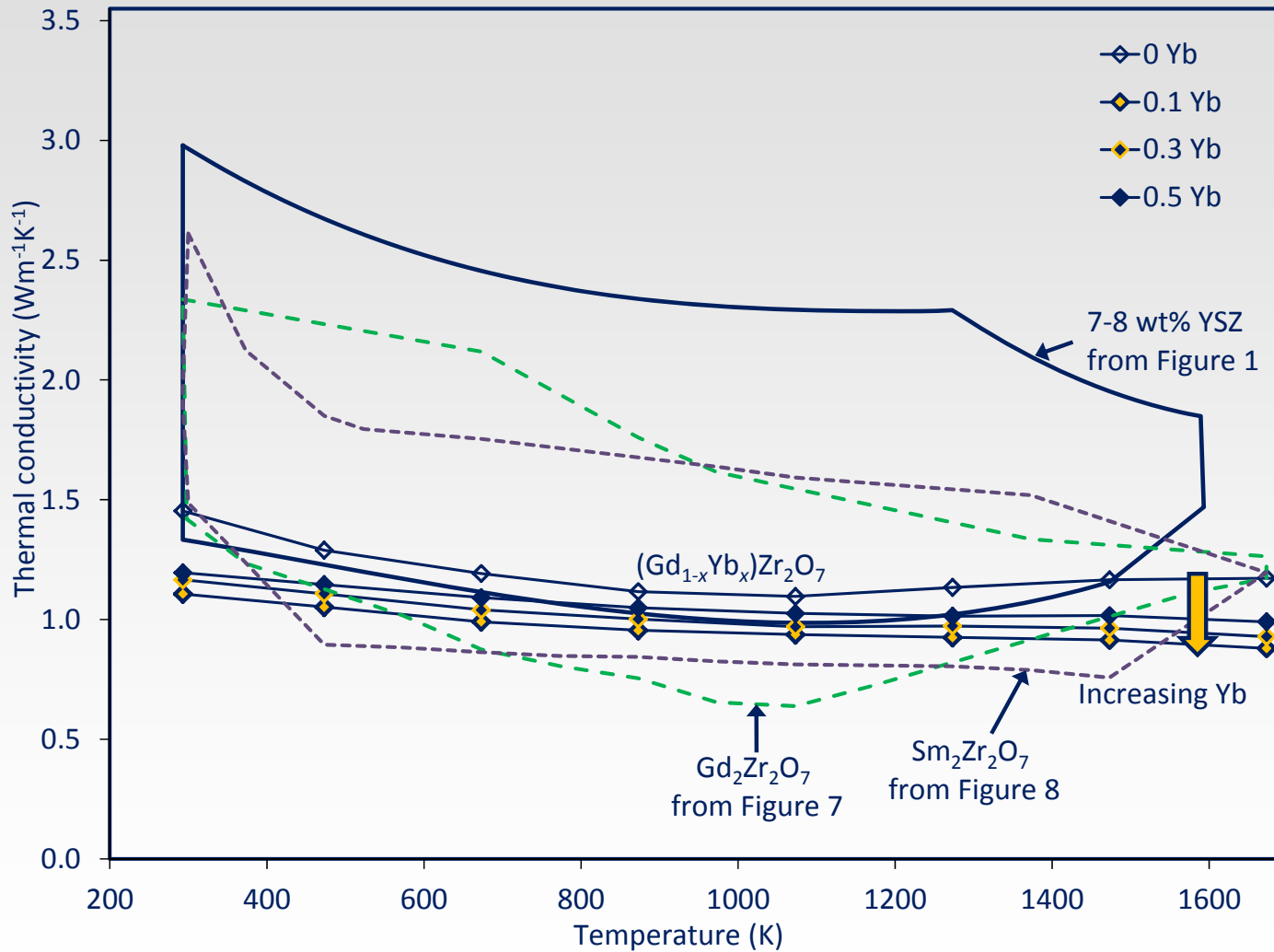
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# Ytterbium-doping



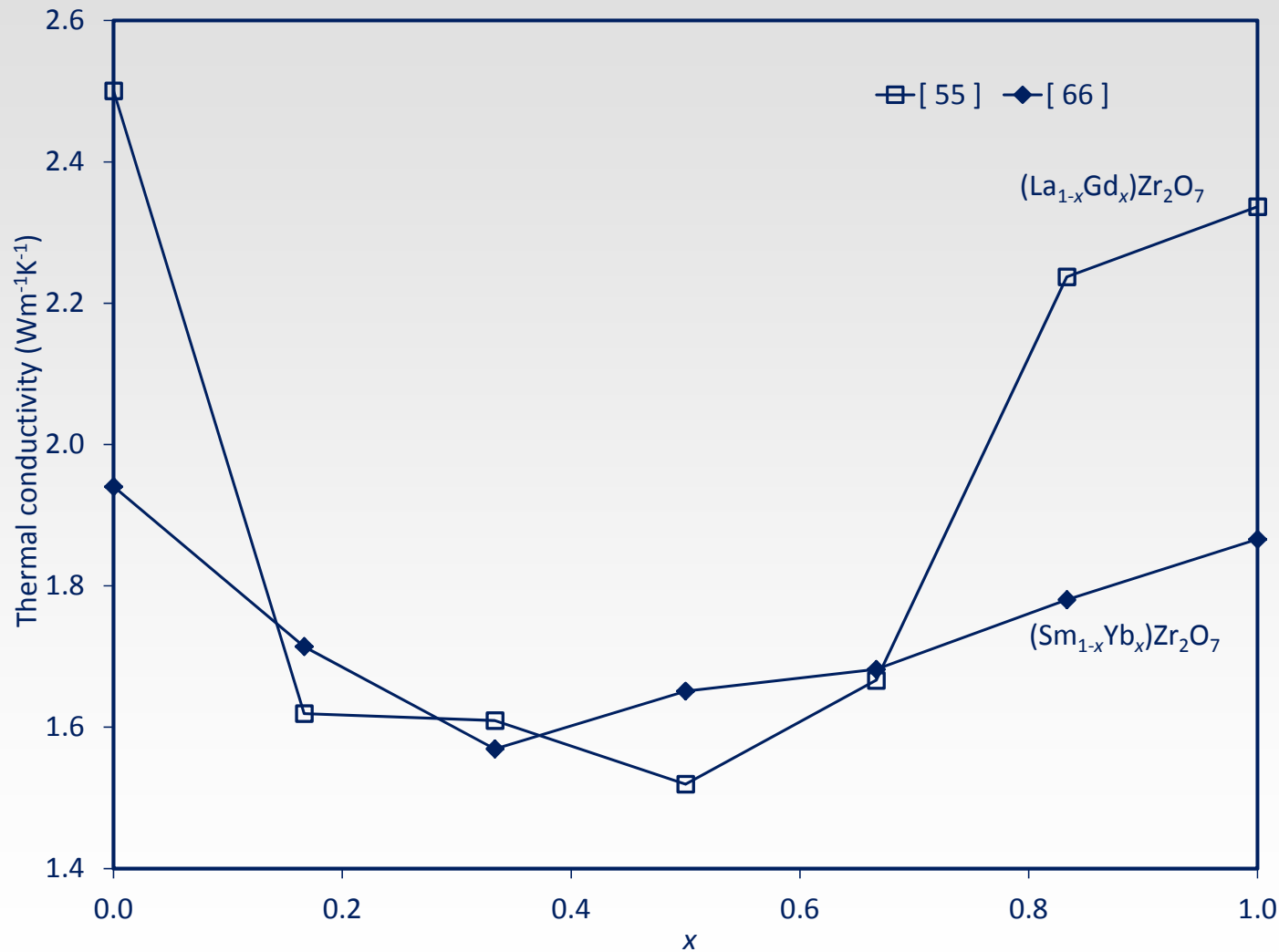
Doping can reduce  $\kappa$

J. Fergus. *Met. Mater. Trans E* 1, 118 (2014).

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# Thermal conductivity of mixed pyrochlores



Pyrochlore  
solid solutions  
have lower  $\kappa$

J. Fergus. *Met. Mater. Trans E* 1, 118 (2014).

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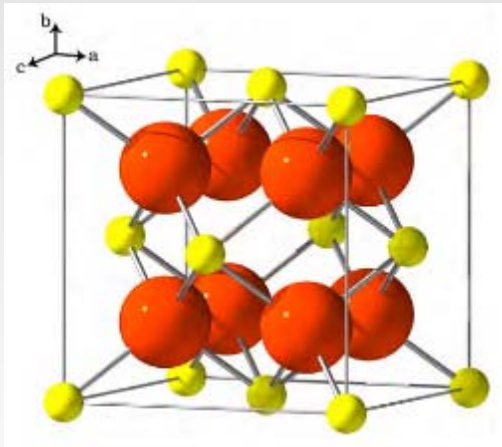
# Experimental

- Synthesis of pyrochlore
  - Co-precipitation
- CMAS exposure
  - Melt / solidify Ca-Mg-Al-Si oxide mixtures
  - Crush glass, apply to pyrochlore pellet
  - Expose to 1200-1500°C
- Characterization
  - XRD, SEM, optical microscopy

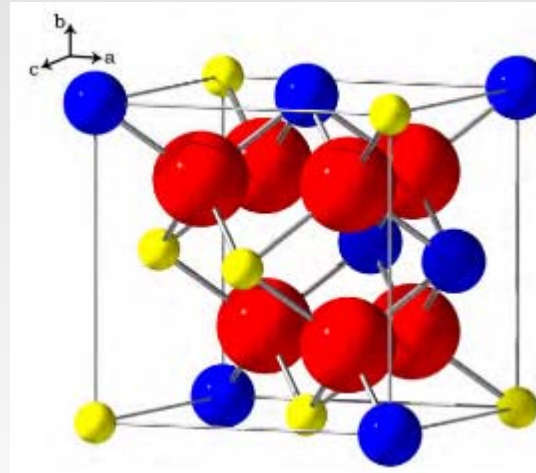
CMAS Composition		
Oxide	Percentage	
	1	2
CaO	33	29
MgO	9	8
AlO <sub>1.5</sub>	13	23
SiO <sub>2</sub>	45	40

# Crystal Structure

## Cubic Fluorite



## Pyrochlore



Ordering of  
Ln / Zr

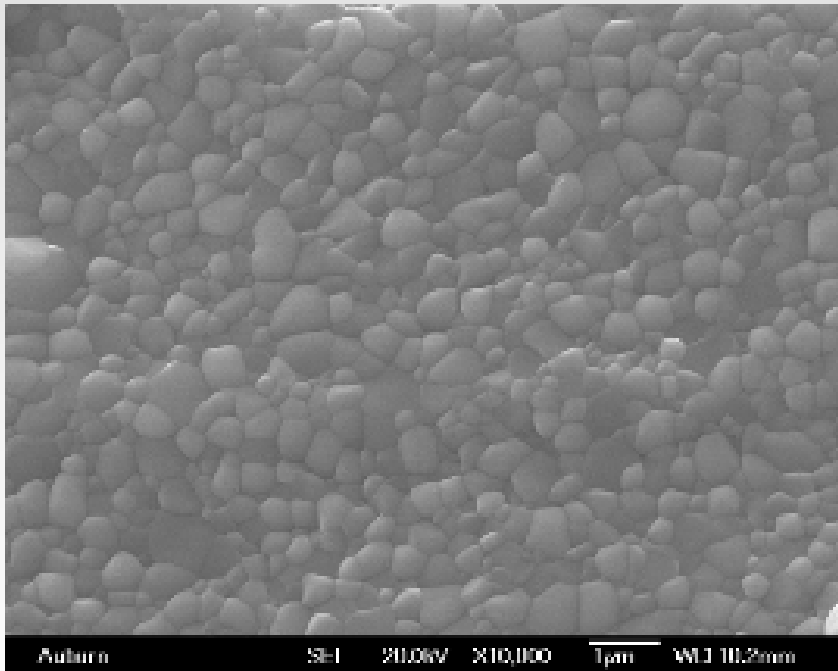
A.R. Cleave (2006)

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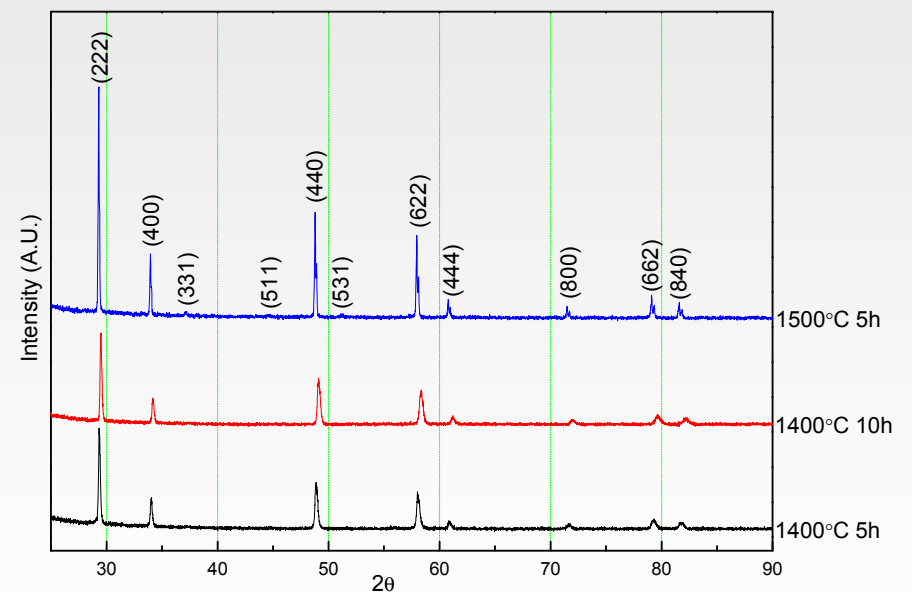
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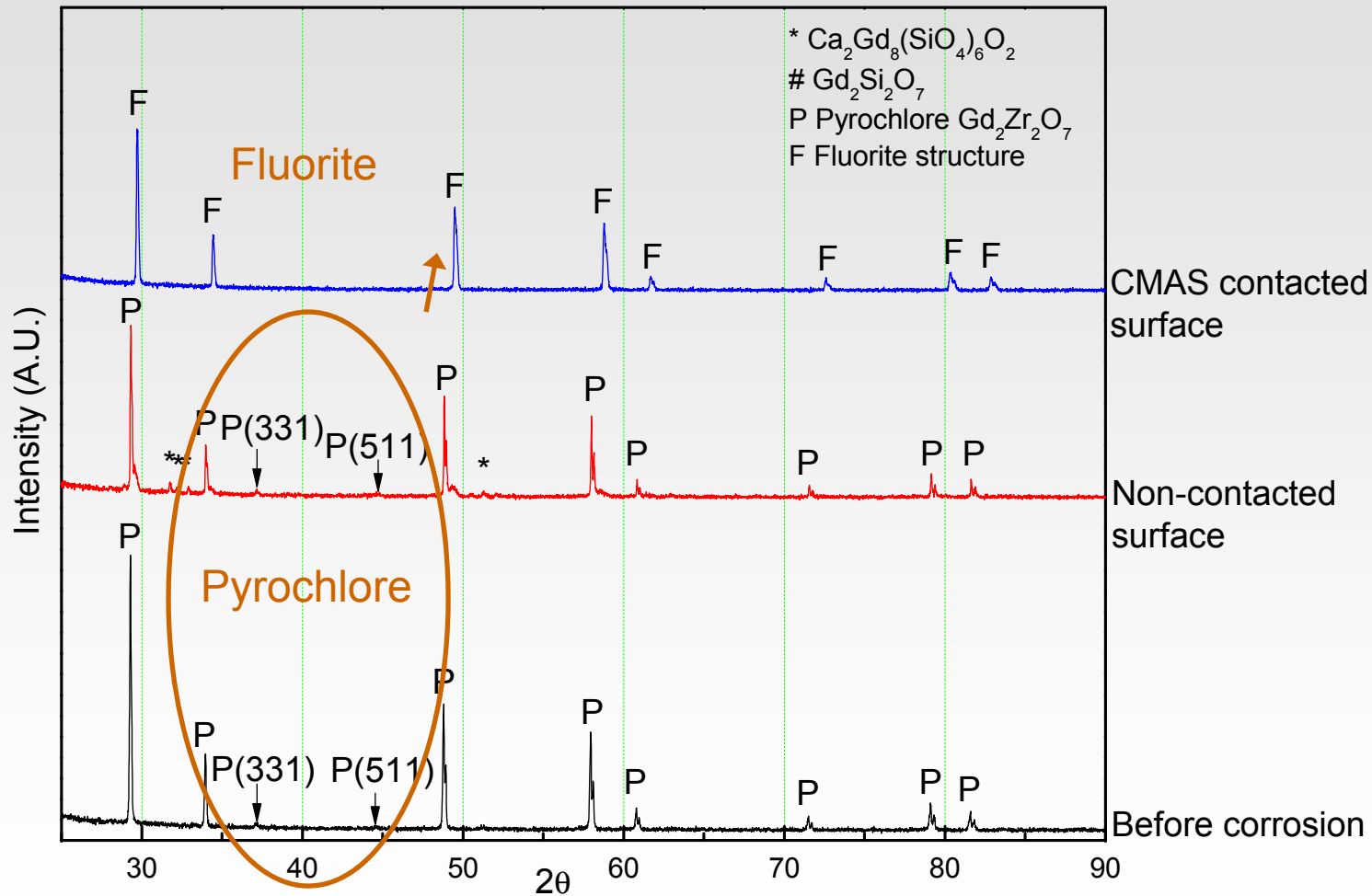
# As-Synthesized $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$



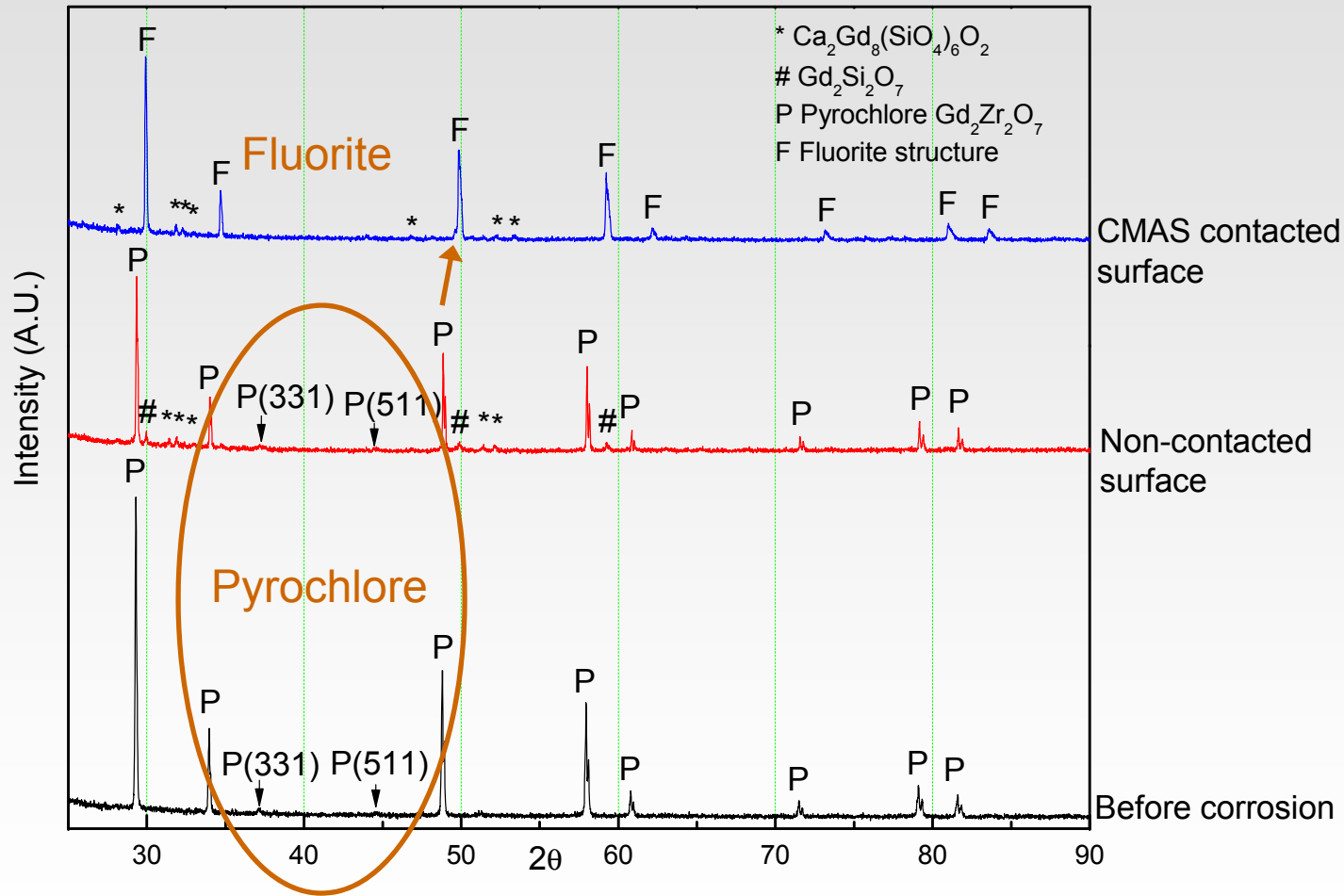
(331), (511), (531) indicate pyrochlore phase



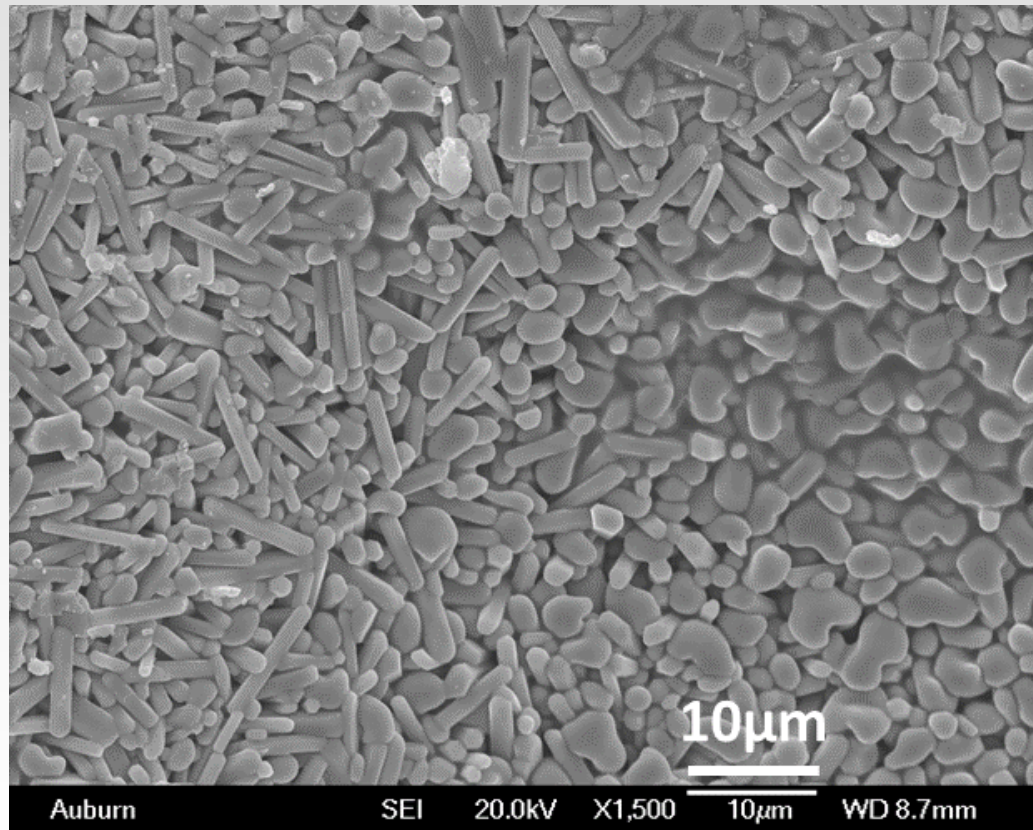
# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1400°C for 5 hours



# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 5 hours

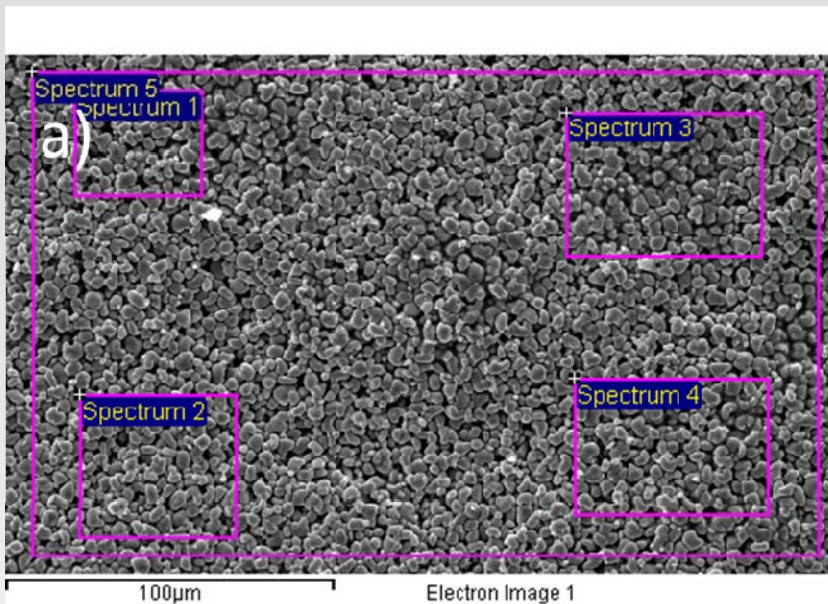


# $\text{Gd}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ after CMAS at 1300°C for 5 hours



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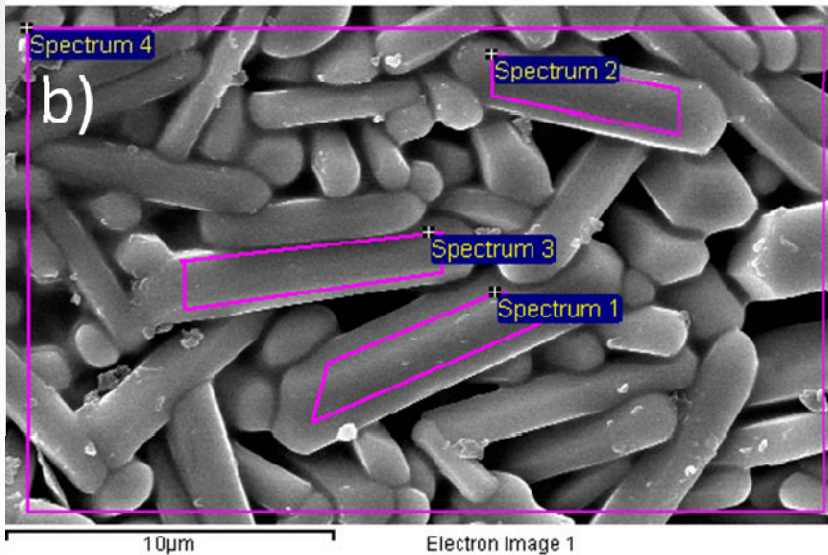
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Atomic Percentage for a)

	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
Spectrum 1	62		1	2	3	22	6	4
Spectrum 2	59		1	2	2	24	7	4
Spectrum 3	61		2	3	4	21	6	4
Spectrum 4	60		1	3	4	22	6	4
Spectrum 5	62		1	3	3	21	6	4

# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 5 hours

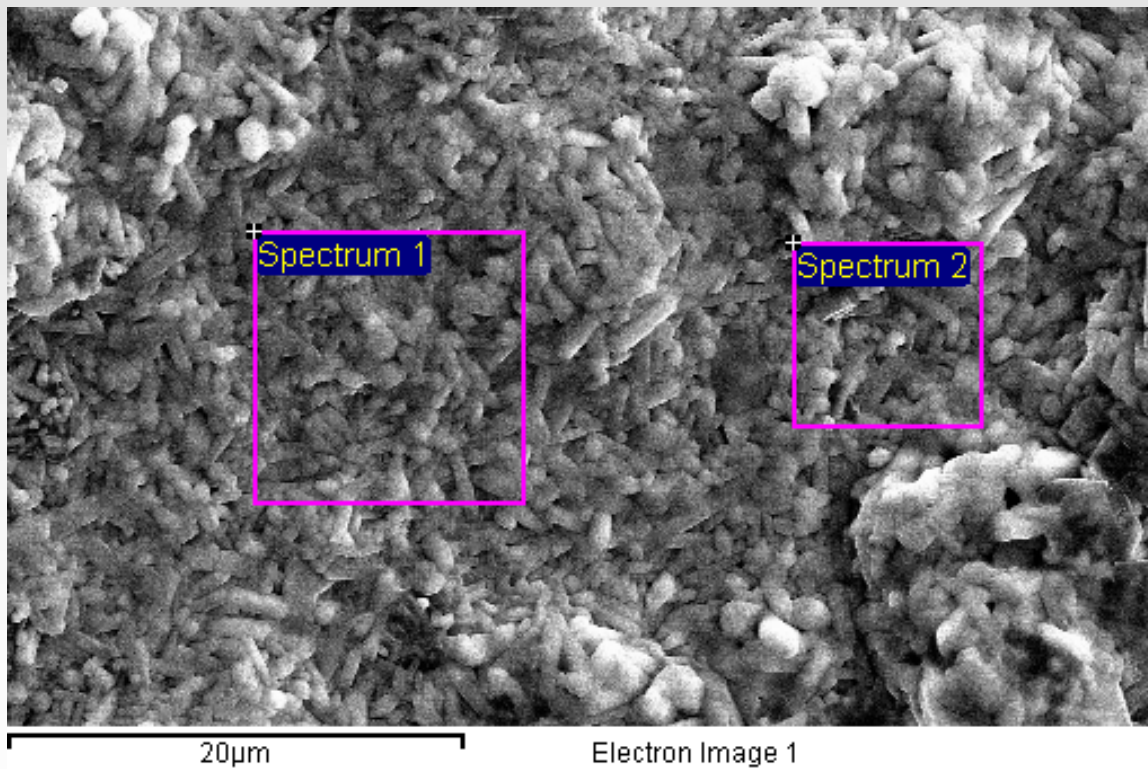


Atomic Percentage for b)



	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
Spectrum 1	64			13	5	1	13	4
Spectrum 2	65		1	12	5	1	12	4
Spectrum 3	66		1	13	5	1	11	3
Spectrum 4	60	1	2	12	6	4	12	4

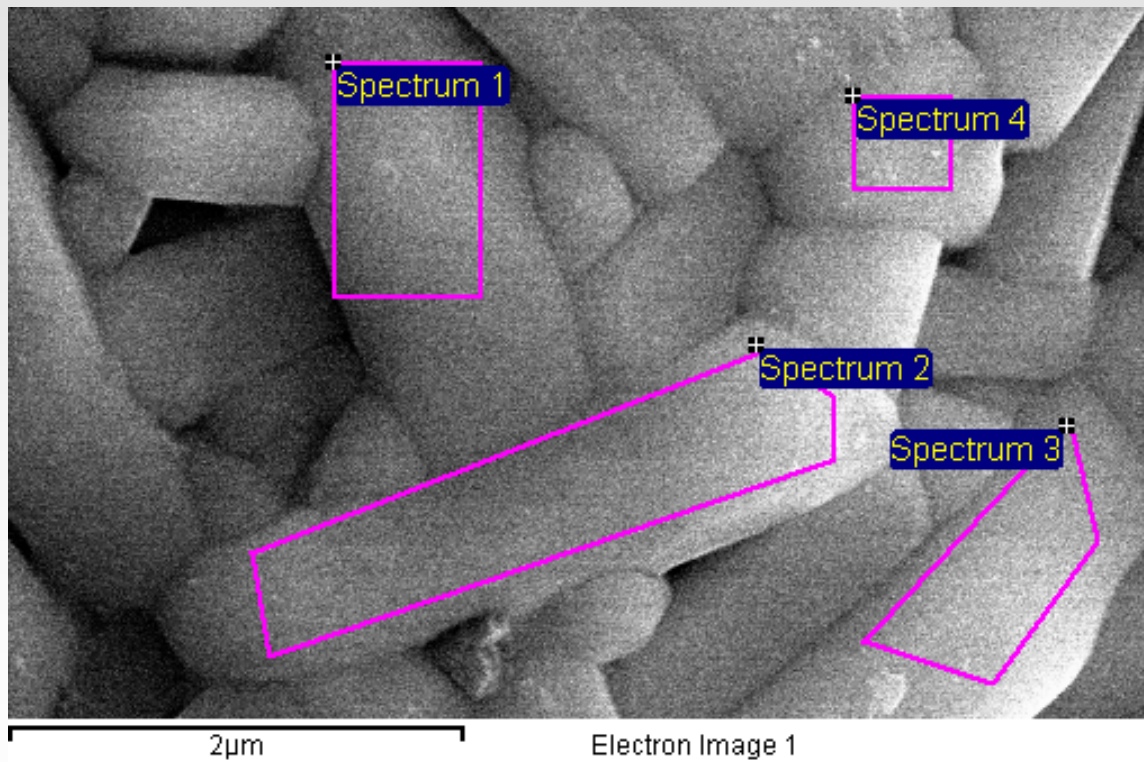
# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours



Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	62	-	-	14	5	-	15	4
2	60	2	4	12	5	-	13	4

Gd silicate

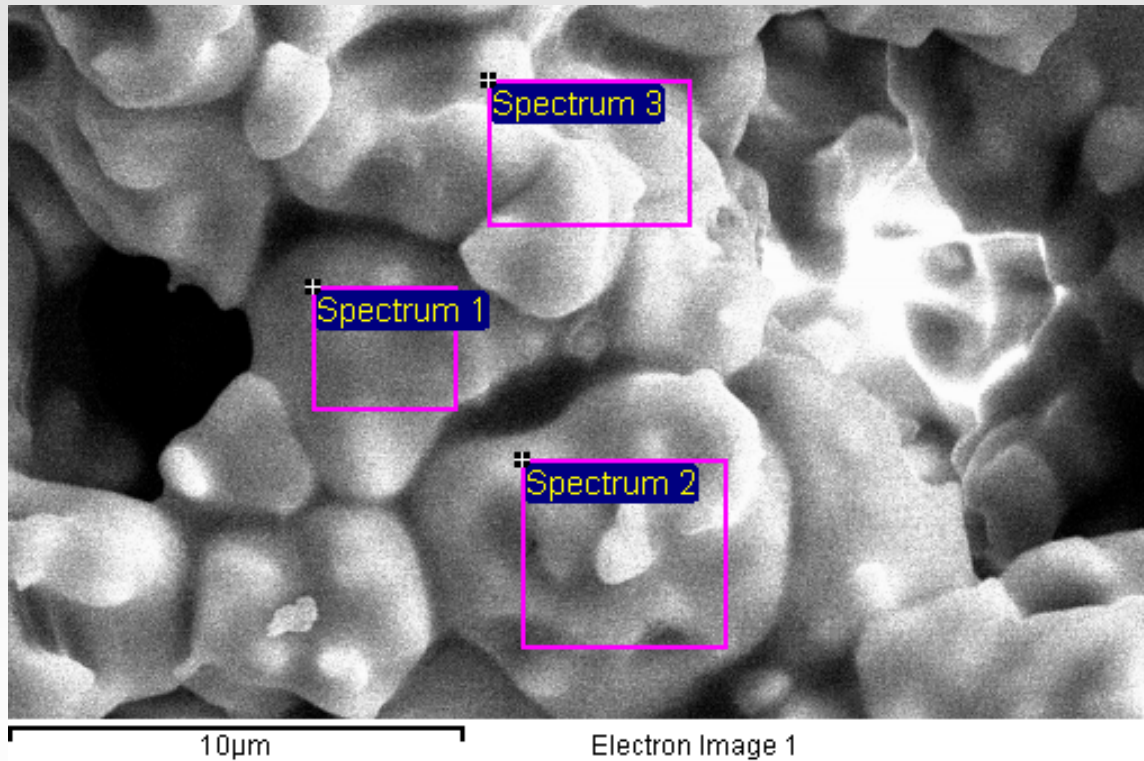
# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours



Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	56	-	-	14	6	1	17	5
2	63	-	3	12	5	1	13	4
3	67	-	1	12	4	1	12	3
4	64	-	1	1	5	-	13	4

Gd silicate

# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours

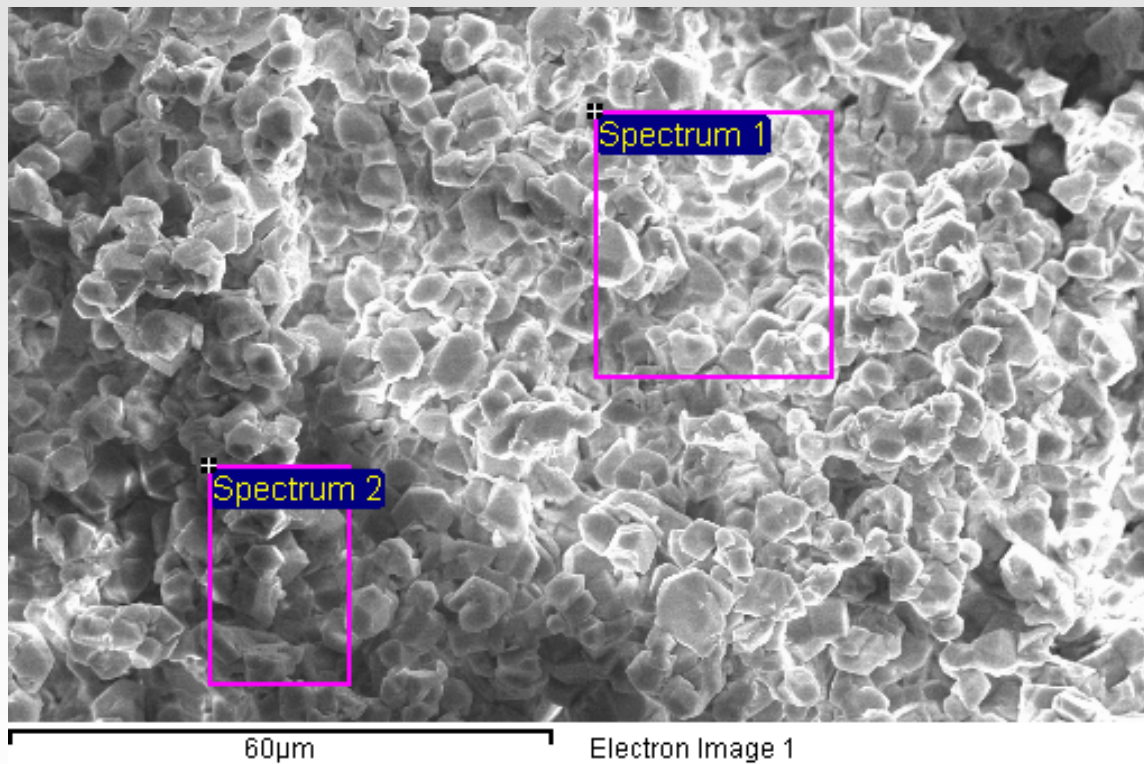


Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	60	1	1	1	2	27	5	4
2	67	-	1	1	2	23	4	3
3	61	-	1	2	2	25	6	4

Cubic fluorite



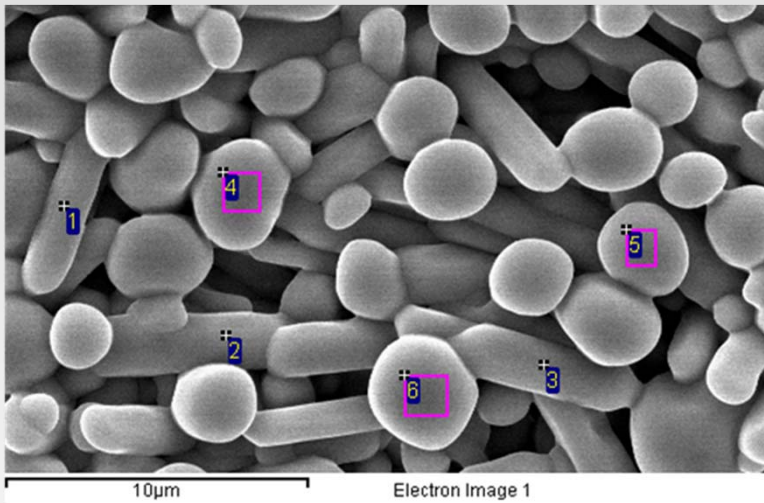
# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours



Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	59	-	-	-	-	17	18	5
2	65	-	-	-	-	18	17	-

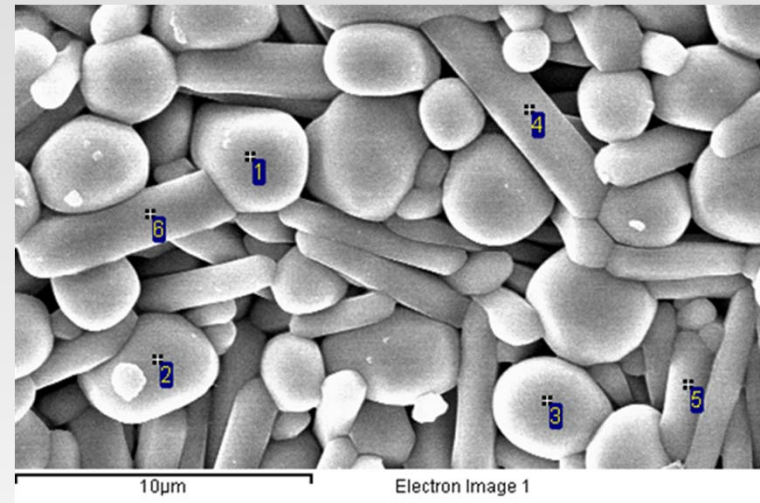
Pyrochlore

# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1200°C



40 hours

Concentration						
#	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd
1	0	0	15	7	9	14
2	0	0	15	6	11	20
3	0	0	14	6	7	12
4	0	0	2	2	33	5
5	0	0	2	3	34	7
6	0	0	2	2	29	5



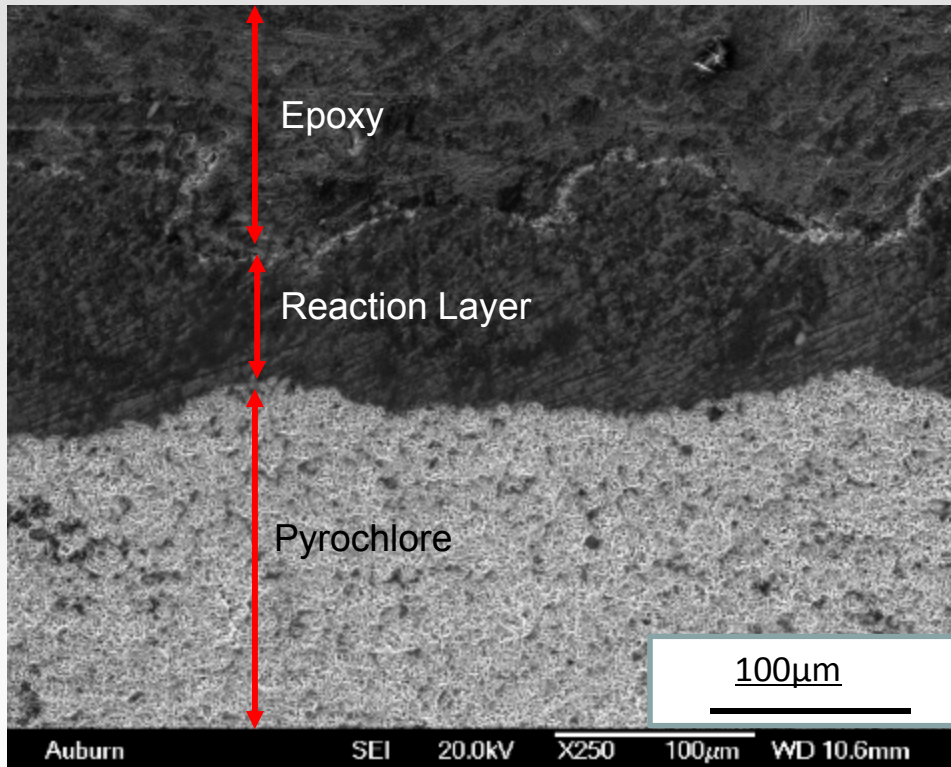
60 hours

Concentration						
#	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd
1	0	0	2	3	32	4
2	0	0	2	3	38	6
3	0	0	2	3	35	6
4	0	0	15	6	6	13
5	0	0	13	11	10	28
6	0	0	5	4	18	7

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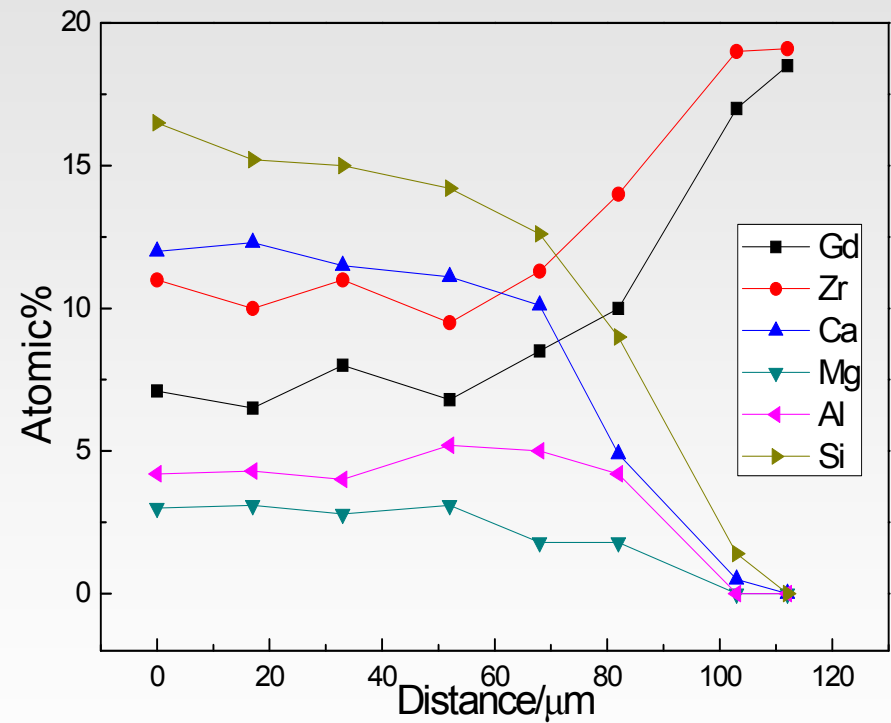
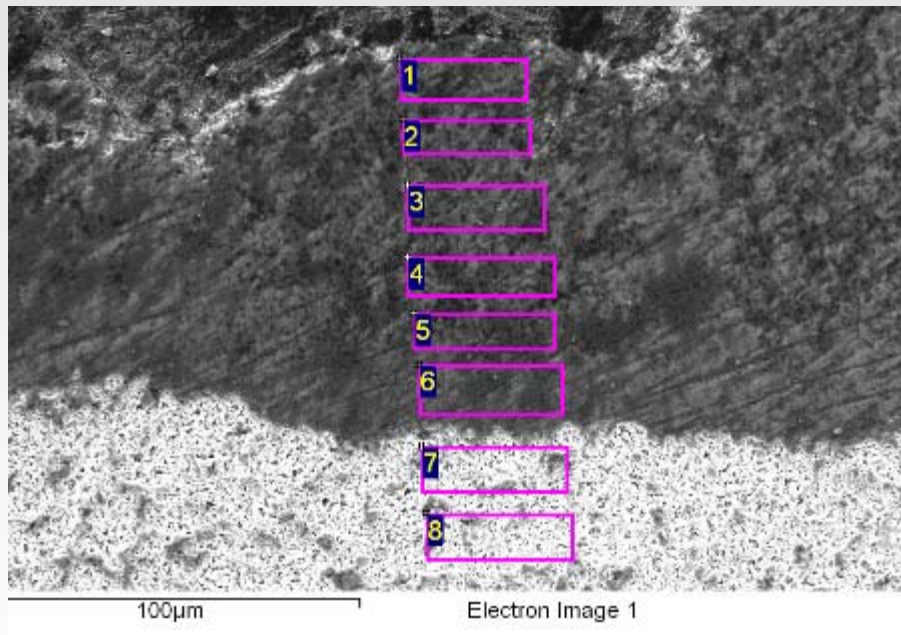
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# $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$ after CMAS at 1200°C / 60 h

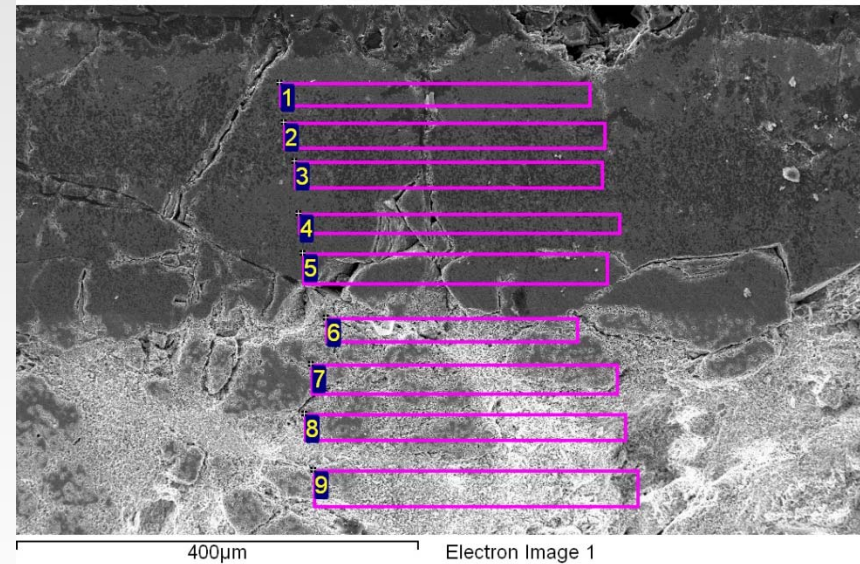
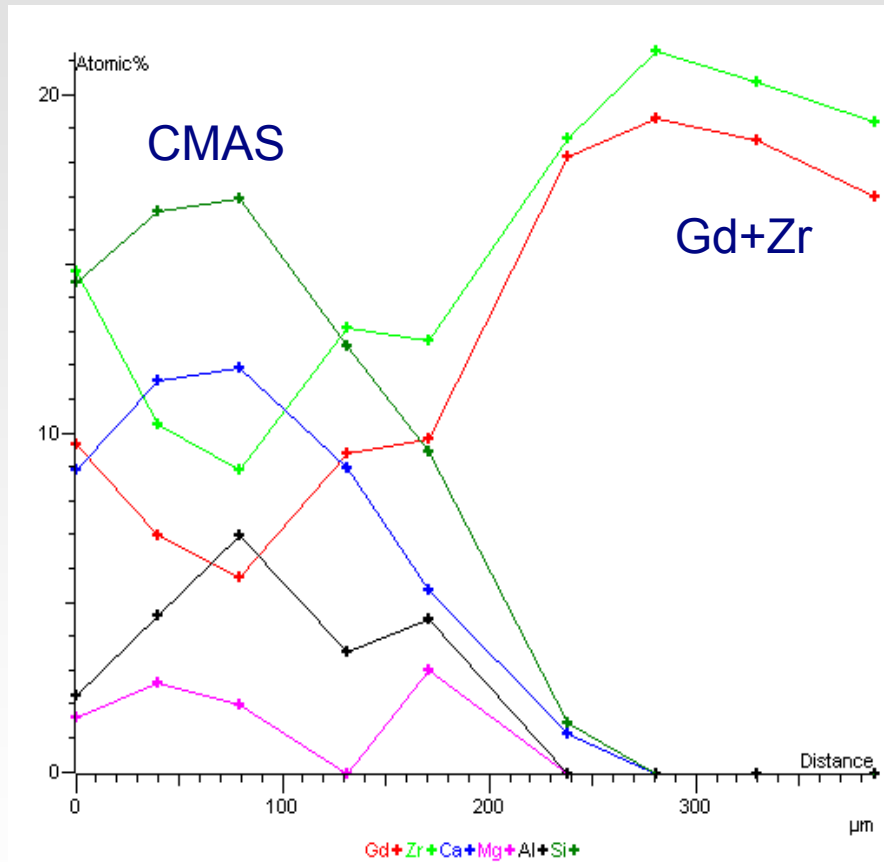


Distinct reaction  
layer boundary

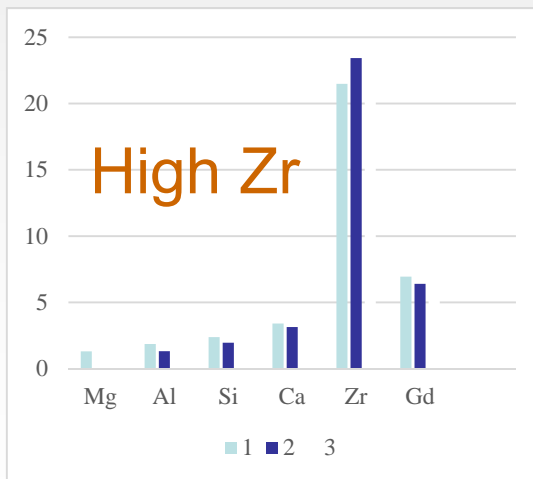
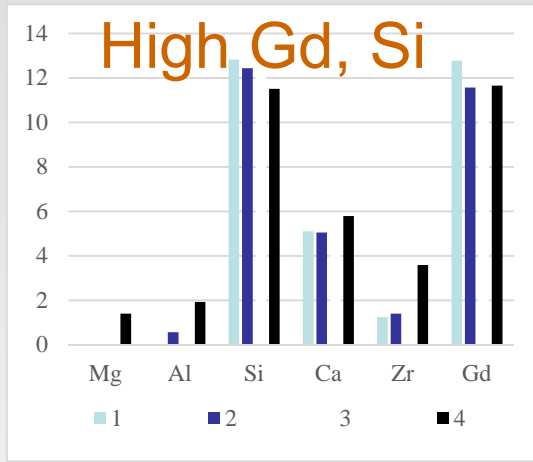
# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1200°C / 60 h



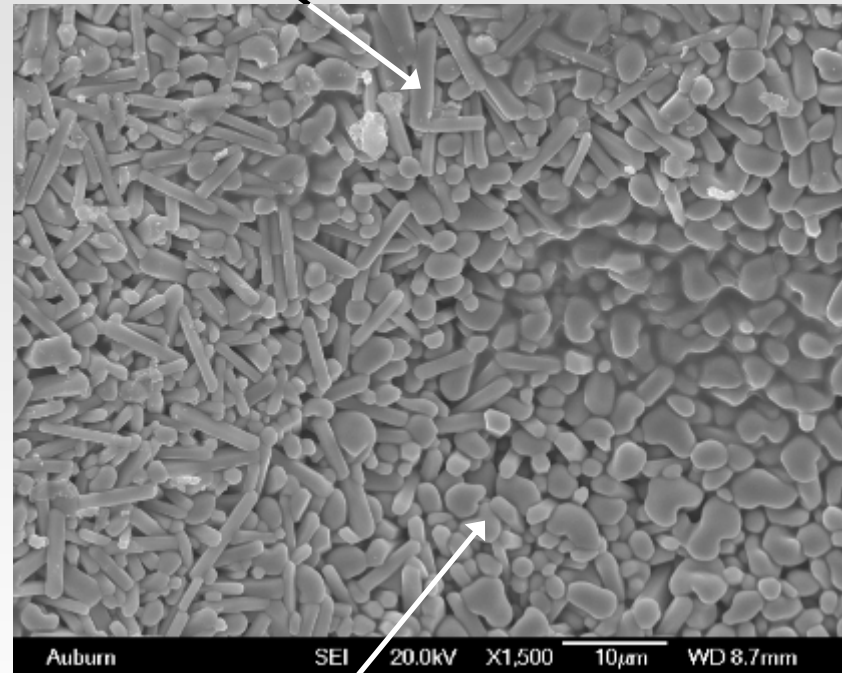
# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1200°C – 60 hours



# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C / 5 h

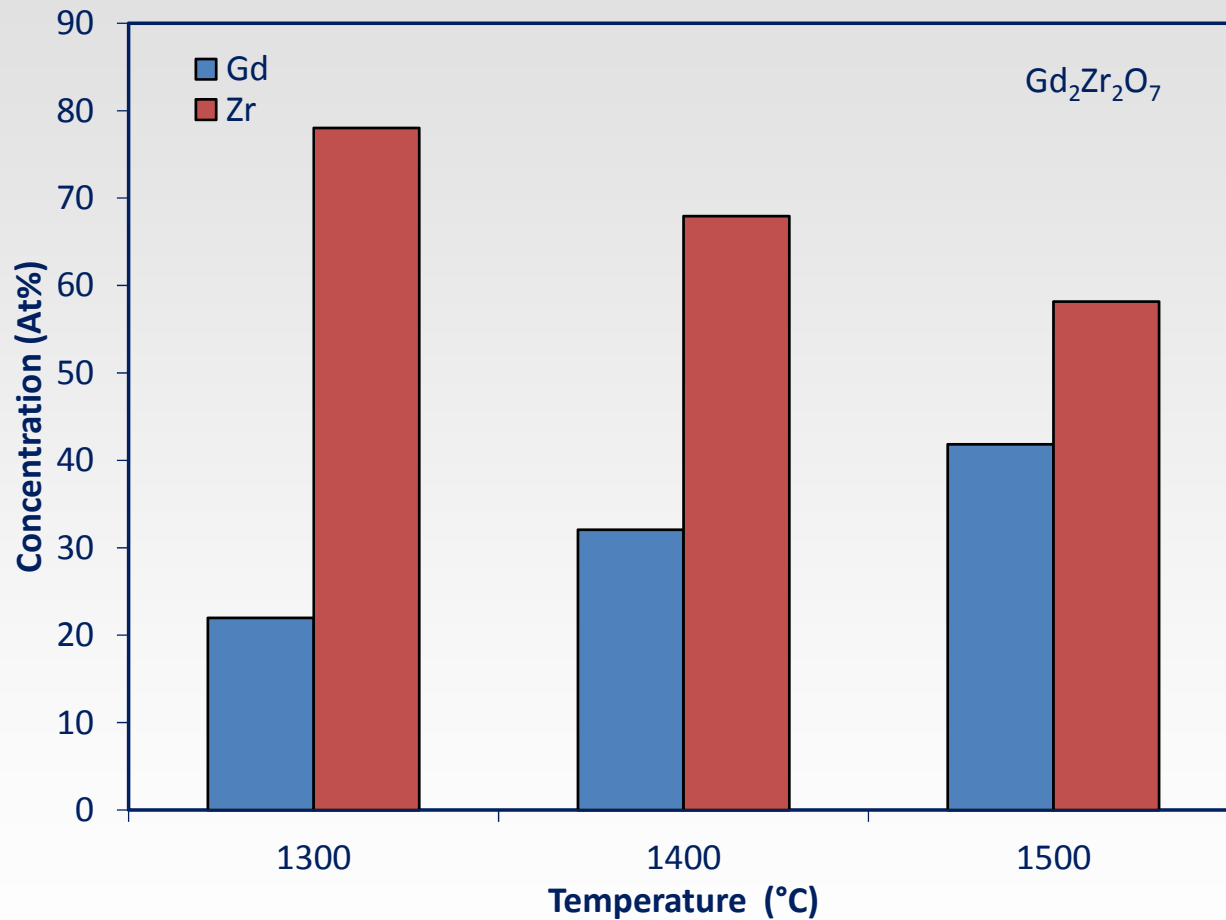


Gd silicate



Cubic fluorite

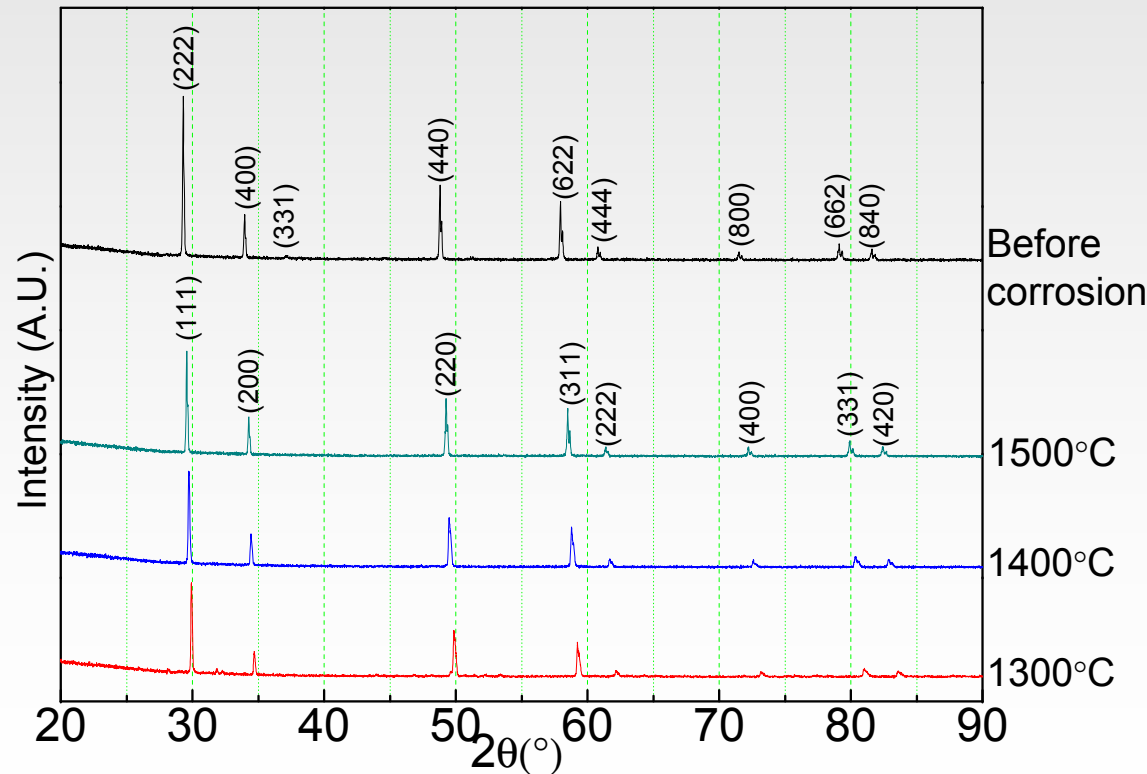
# $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$ – Composition of Cubic Fluorite Phase



Gd / Zr  
increases with  
increasing  
temperature

Exposure	Phase	Lattice Parameter (Å)
None	Pyrochlore	5.272
1300°C	Cubic fluorite	5.227
1400°C		5.201
1500°C		5.167

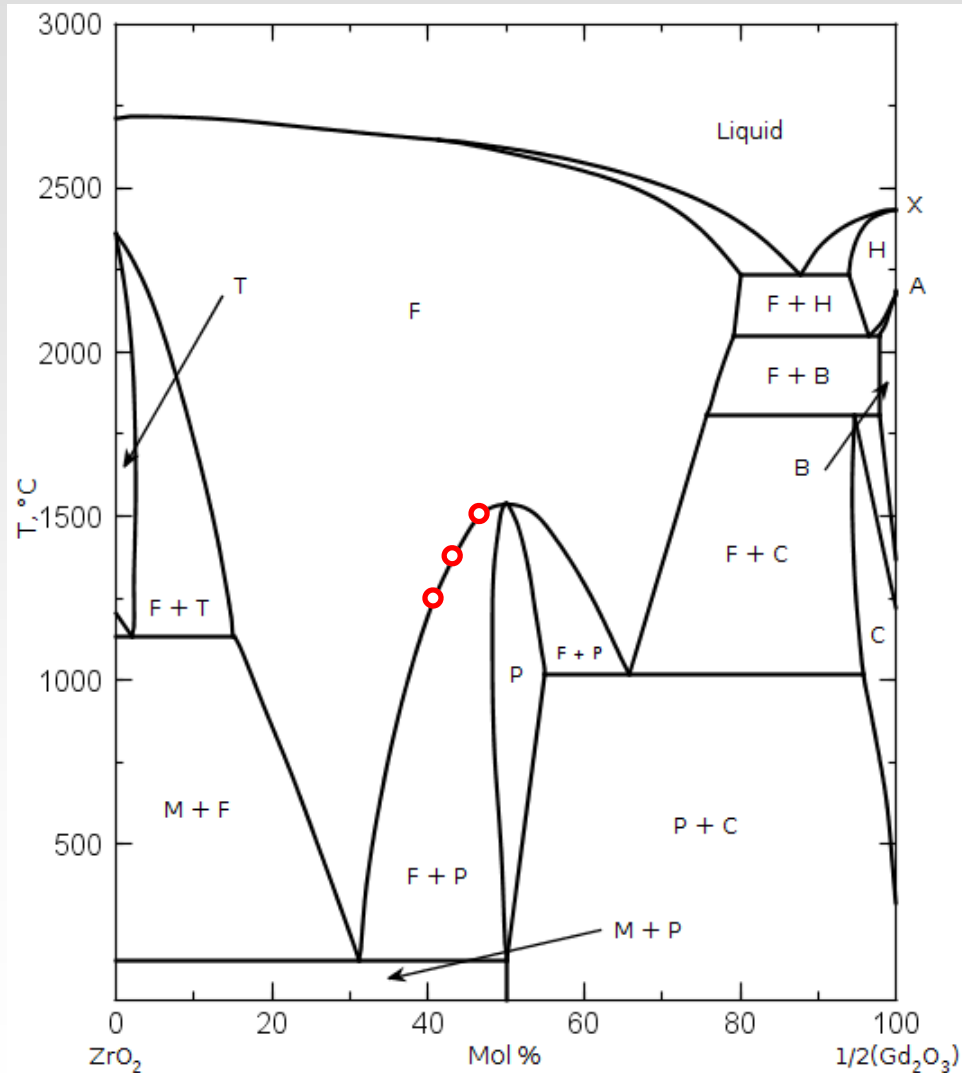
# XRD of $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$



Cubic fluorite forms after corrosion



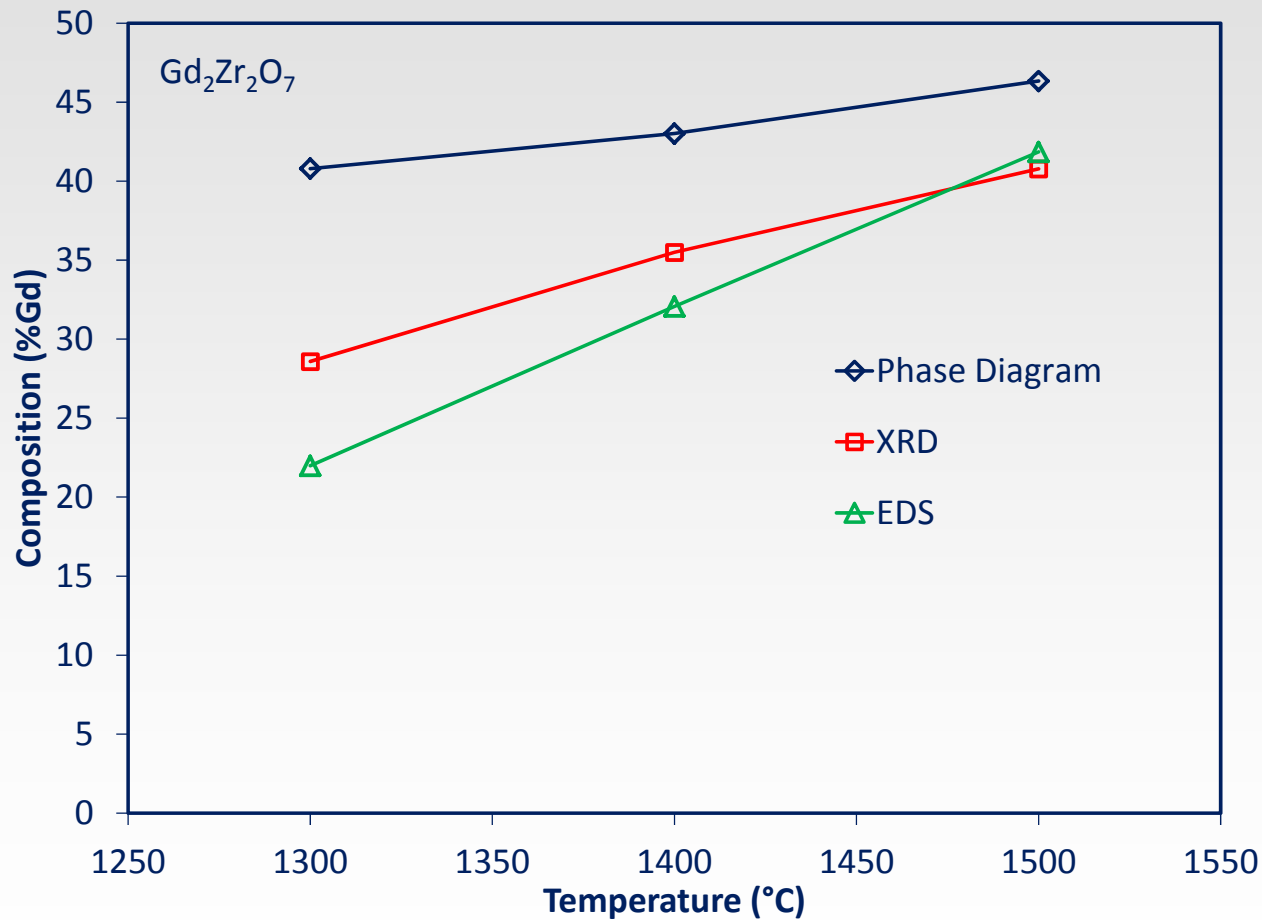
# ZrO<sub>2</sub>-Gd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Phase Diagram



Gd / Zr in cubic fluorite increases with increasing temperature

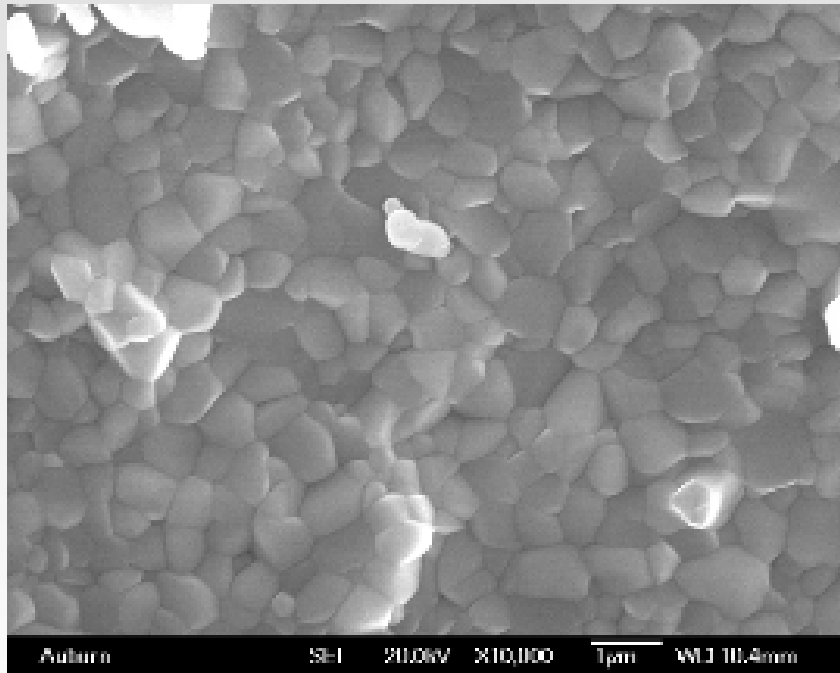
T = tetragonal  
F = cubic fluorite  
M – monoclinic  
P = pyrochlore  
C, B, H = Gd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> phases

# Gd<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> – Composition of Cubic Fluorite Phase

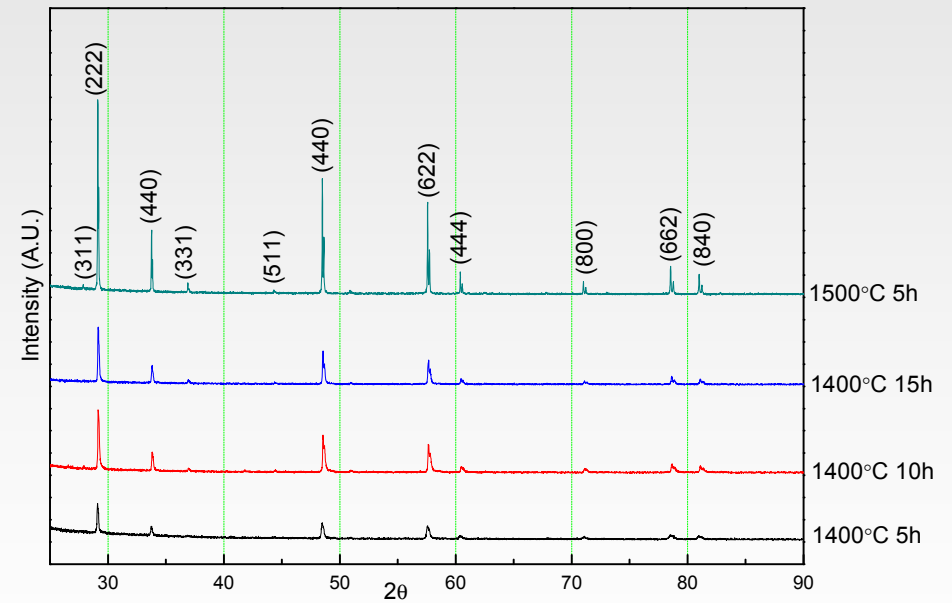


Phase diagram,  
XRD, EDS  
consistent trend

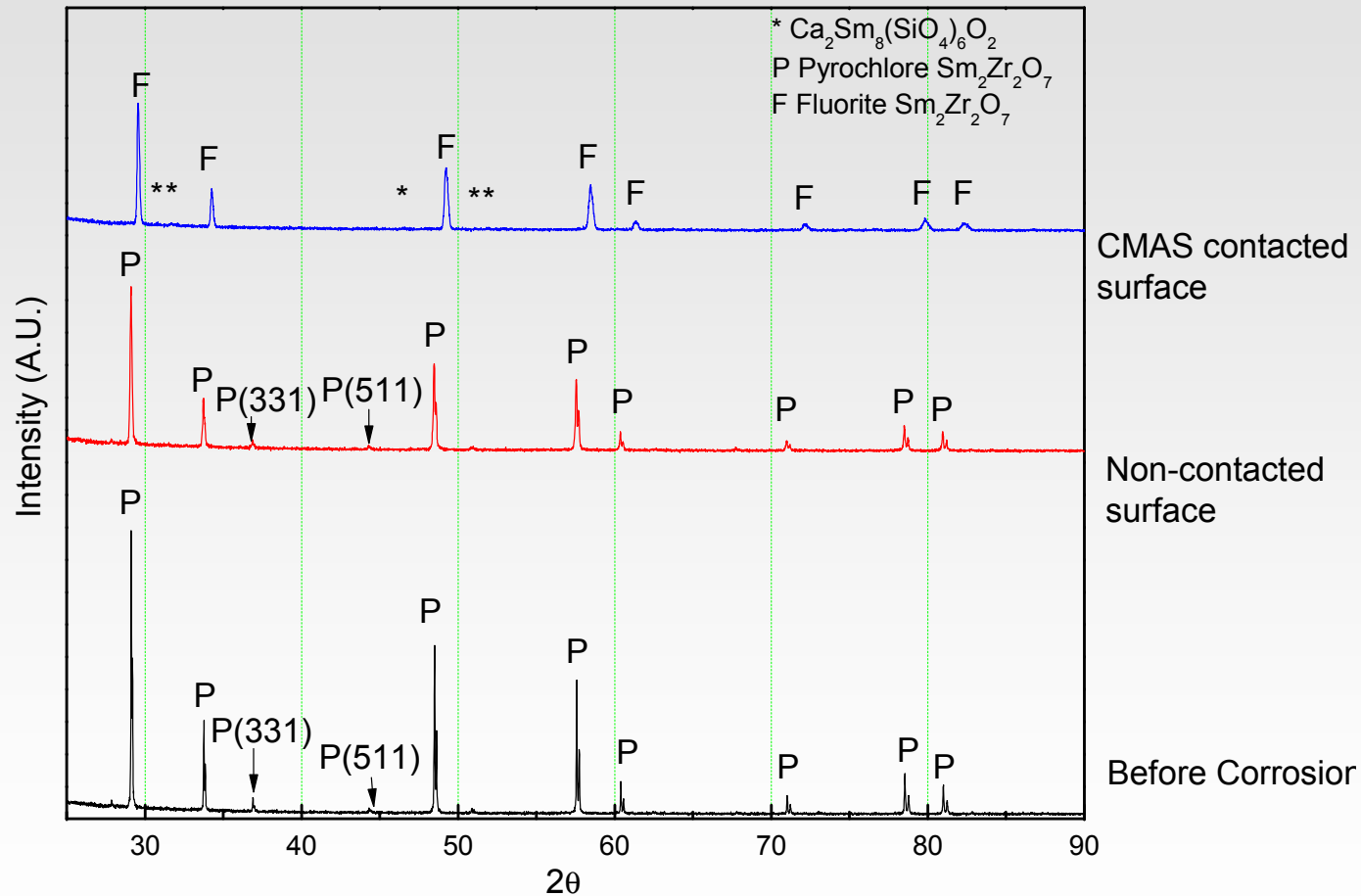
# As-Synthesized $\text{Sm}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$



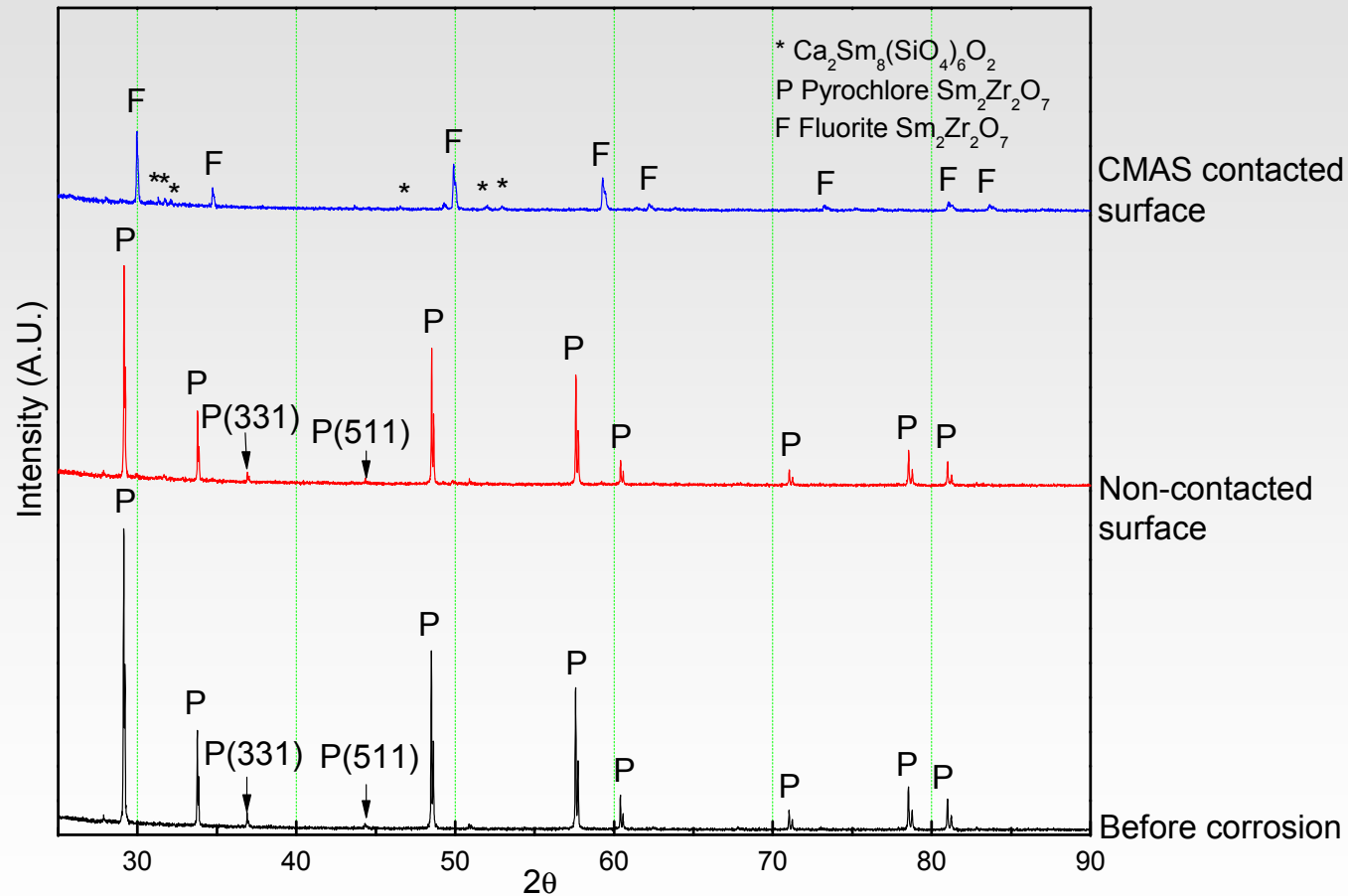
(311), (331), (511) indicate pyrochlore phase



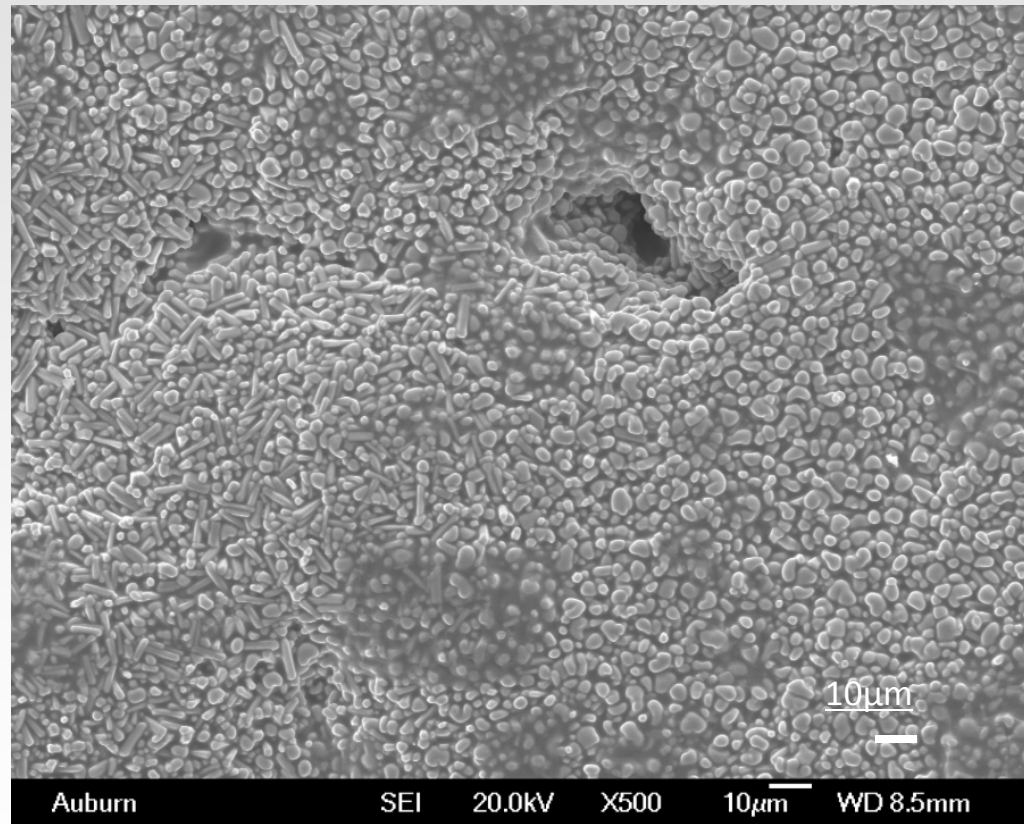
# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1400°C for 5 hours



# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 5 hours

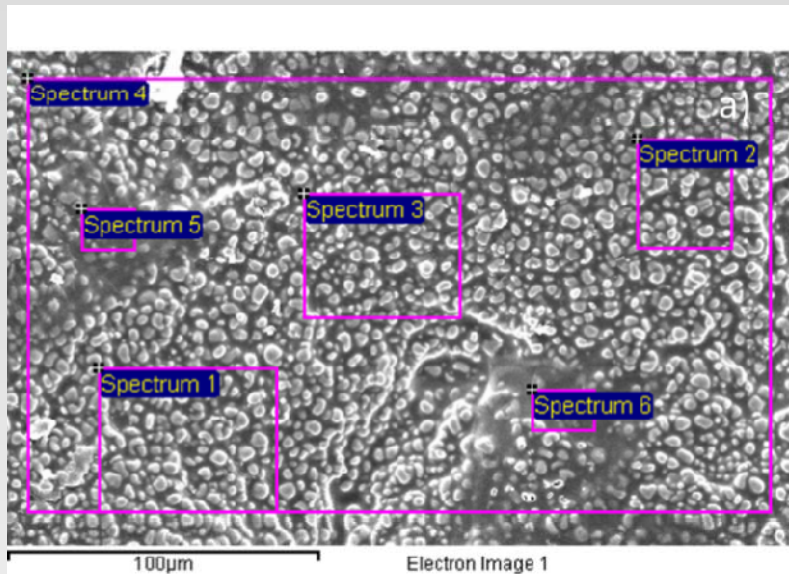


# $\text{Sm}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ after CMAS at 1300°C for 5 hours



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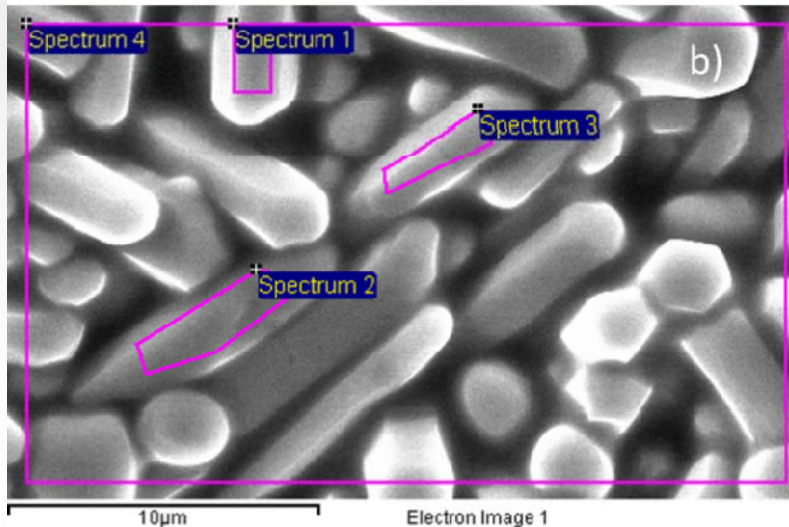
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Atomic Percentage for a)

	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Sm
Spectrum 1	62	2	5	8	5	13	3
Spectrum 2	62	2	5	8	6	12	3
Spectrum 3	63	3	5	8	5	11	3
Spectrum 4	61	3	5	8	7	11	2
Spectrum 5	58	4	6	10	11	7	2
Spectrum 6	44	3	7	13	19	7	2

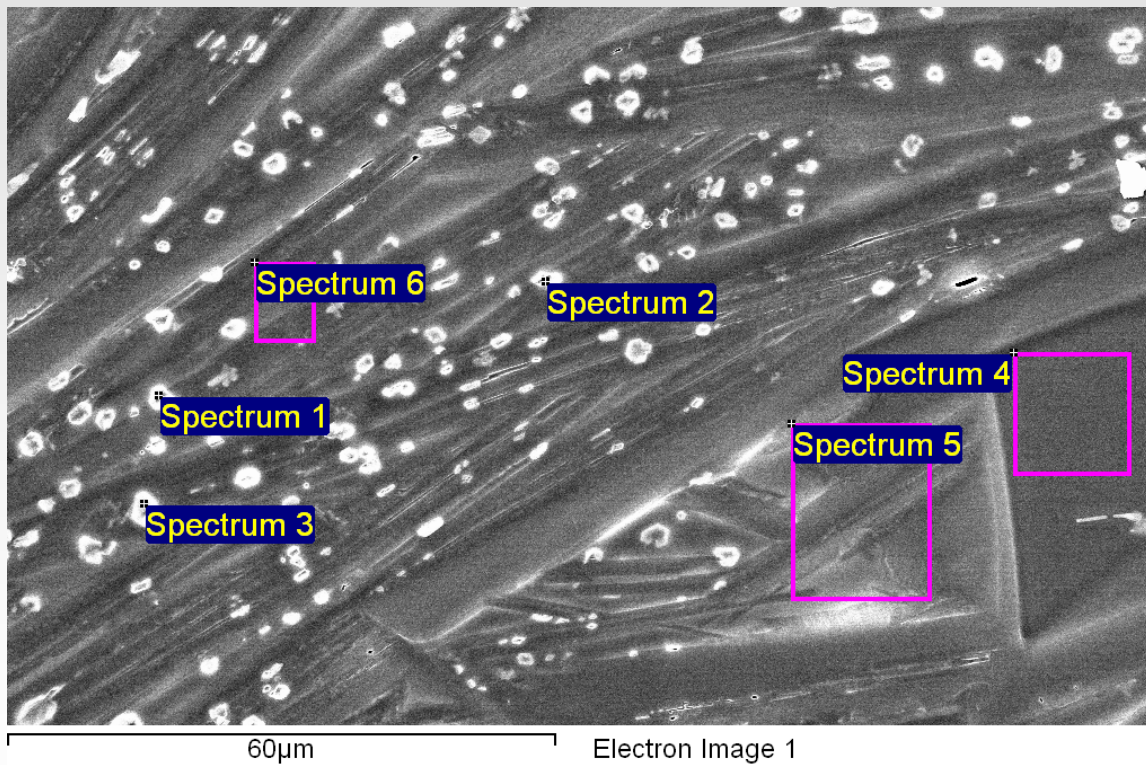
## Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 5 hours



Atomic Percentage for b)

	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Sm
Spectrum 1	58		1	15	6	1	15
Spectrum 2	66		1	13	5	1	11
Spectrum 3	62			14	5	1	14
Spectrum 4	60	2	3	12	6	4	10

# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours

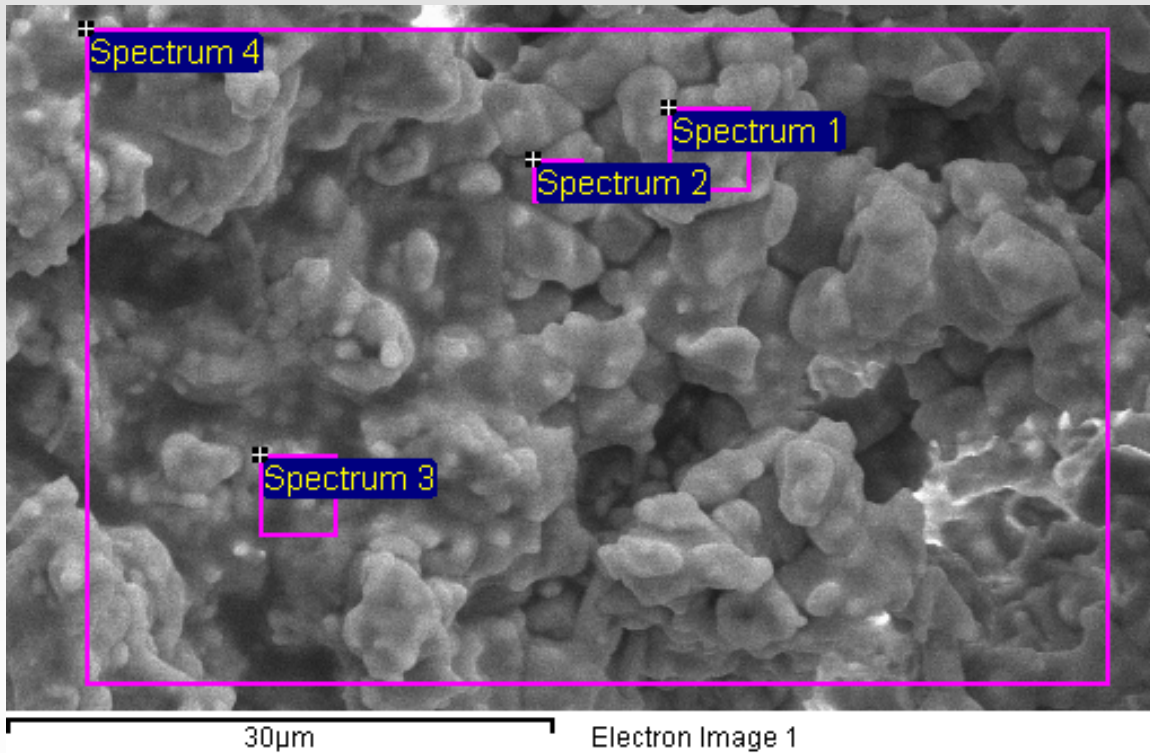


Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	47	1	8	20	11	2	8	3
2	60	3	10	18	7	1	1	2
3	58	1	5	16	9	1	7	3
4	53	6	5	17	18	-	-	2
5	54	4	7	17	13	-	1	2
6	55	3	10	19	10	1	1	2

1,3: Bright spots  
Sm silicate



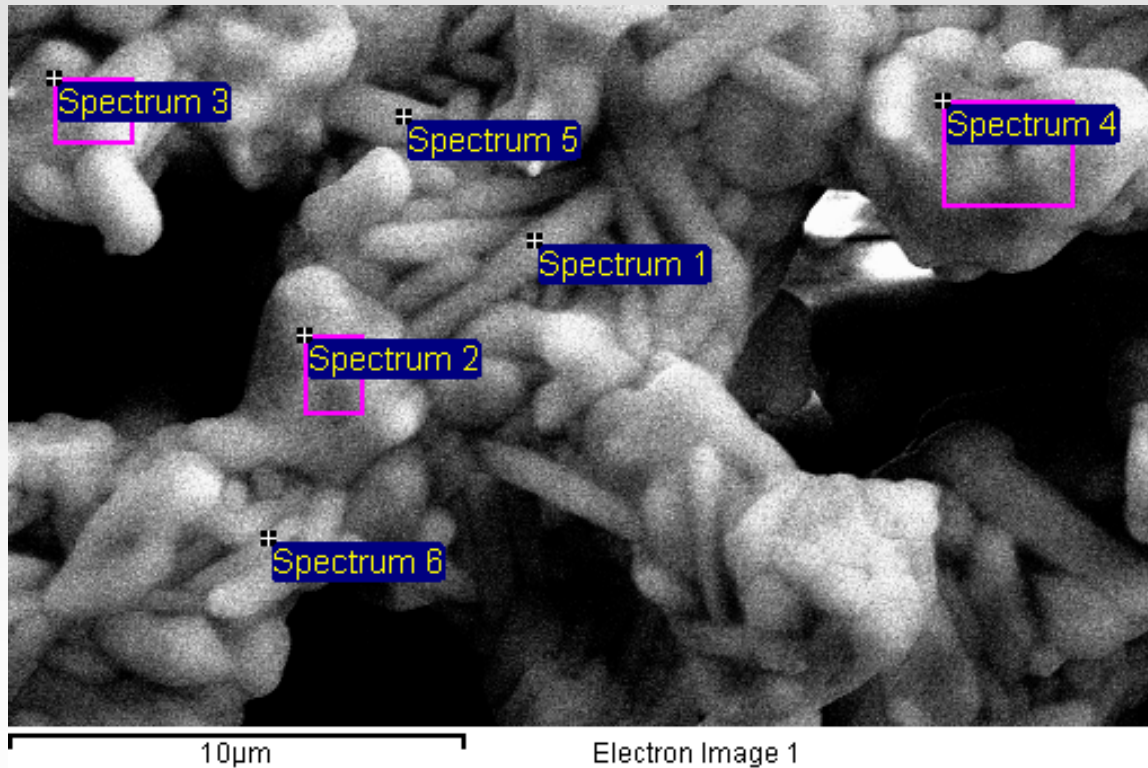
# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours



Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	62	-	1	1	2	27	4	3
2	66	-	-	1	2	25	3	3
3	58	2	5	7	10	13	3	3
4	65	1	2	3	5	18	4	2

Cubic fluorite

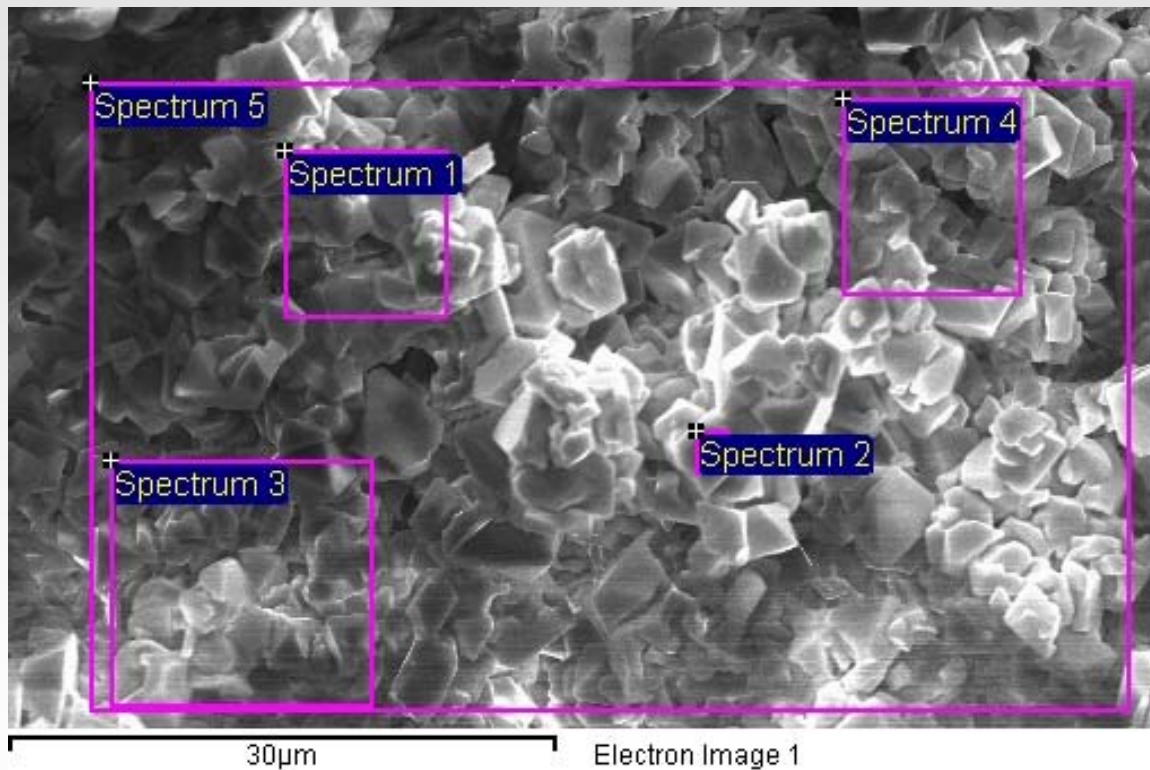
# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours



Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	47	-	-	10	6	6	23	9
2	44	-	-	2	4	38	7	5
3	51	-	-	7	7	15	15	5
4	54	-	-	2	3	31	6	4
5	40	-	-	8	7	12	26	9
6	53	-	1	4	4	26	7	5

1,3,5: Sm silicate  
2,4,6: Cubic fluorite

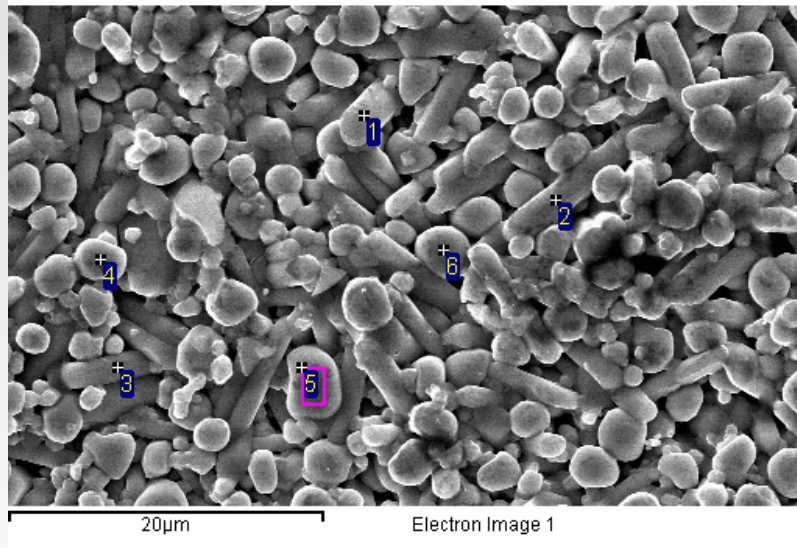
# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C for 15 minutes + 1200°C for 30 hours



Concentration								
#	O	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd	Au
1	67	-	1	-	-	18	12	2
2	72	-	-	1	-	17	7	3
3	68	-	-	-	-	19	13	-
4	65	-	-	-	-	18	15	3
5	66	-	-	1	-	18	12	3

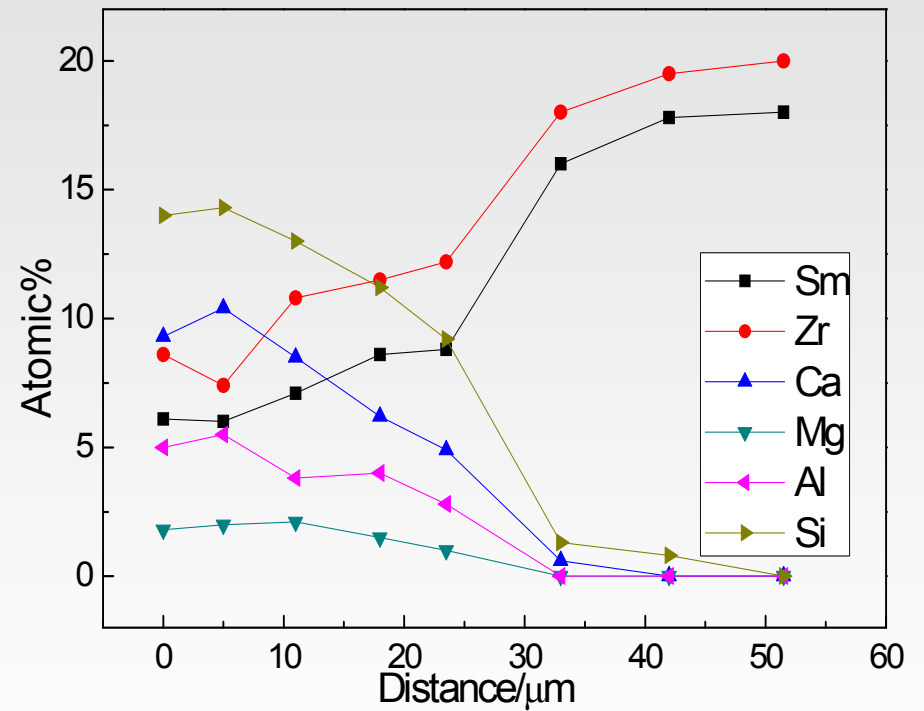
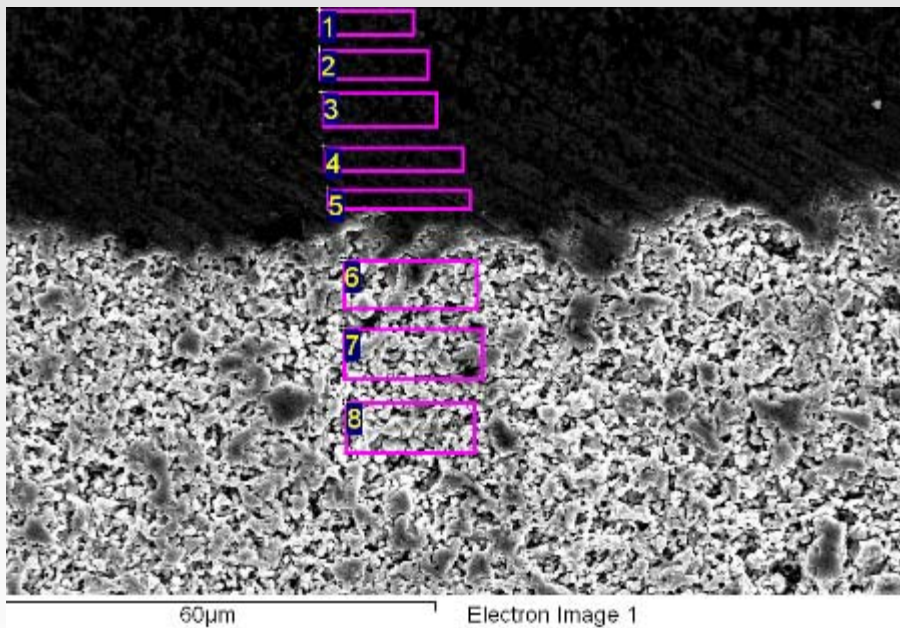
Pyrochlore

# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1200°C – 60 hours

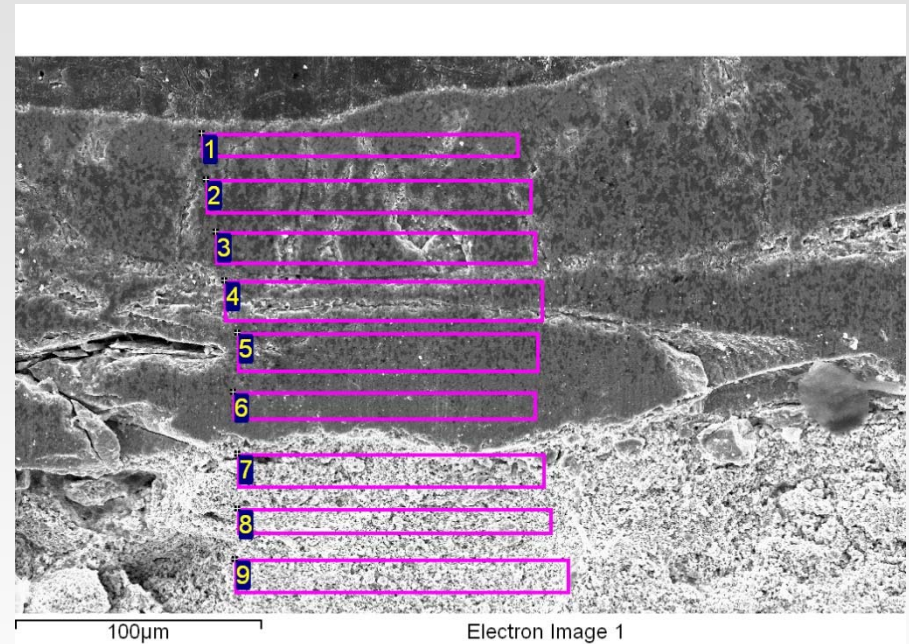
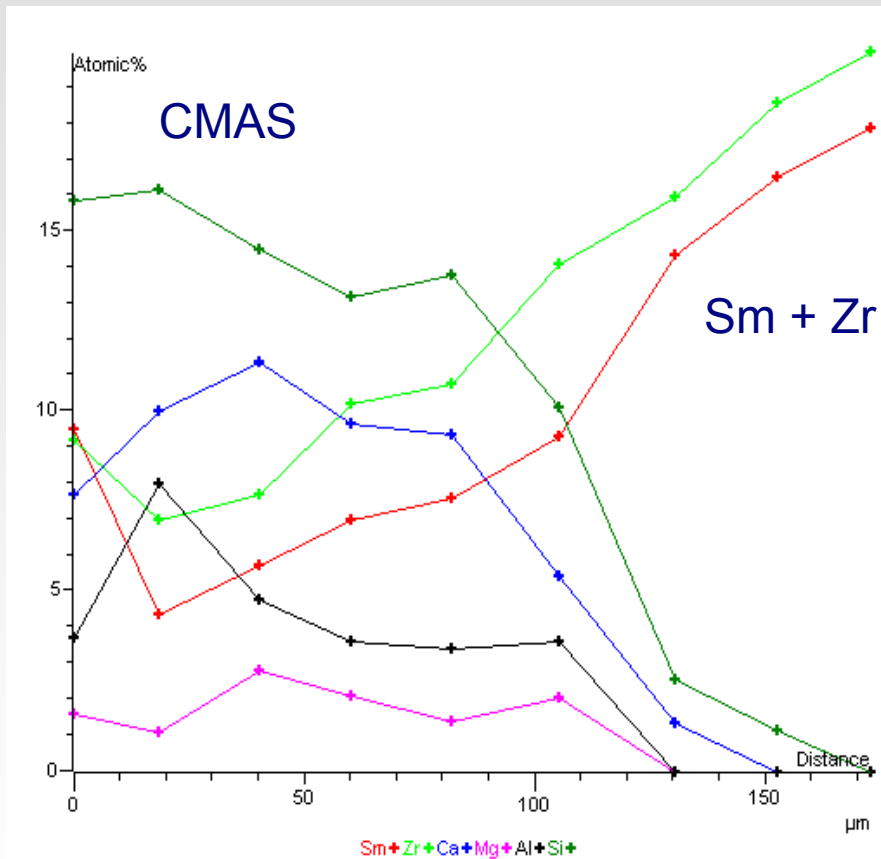


Concentration						
#	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Gd
1	0	0	15	6	7	13
2	0	0	16	6	5	14
3	0	0	15	6	6	12
4	0	0	0	3	33	3
5	0	0	1	2	33	3
6	0	0	1	3	37	4

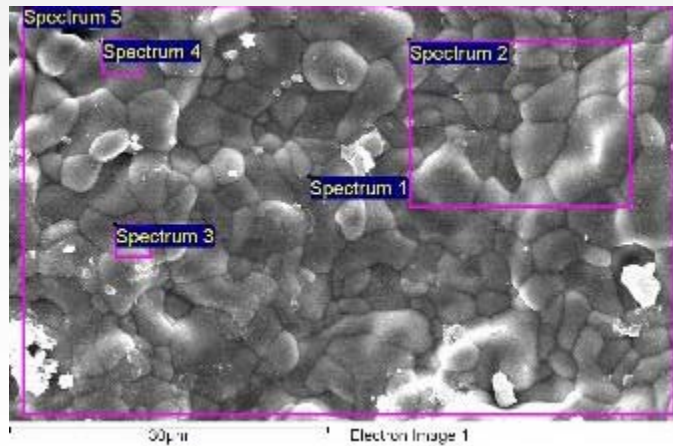
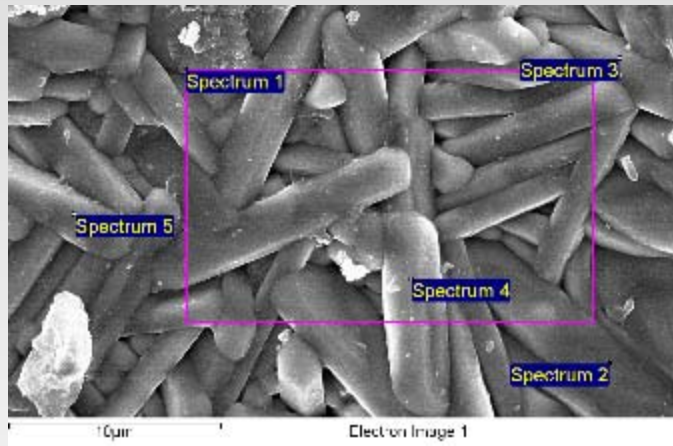
# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1200°C / 60 h



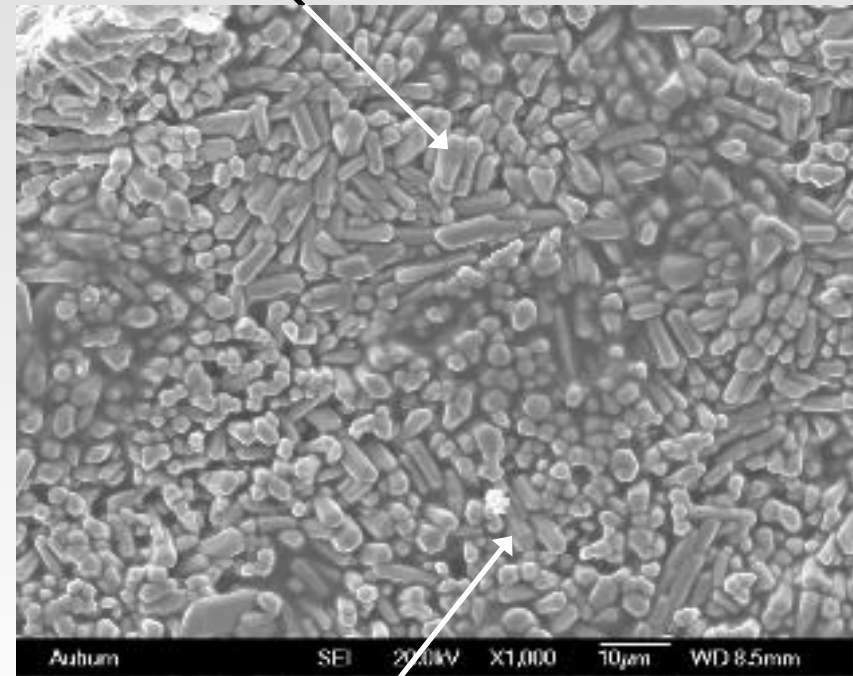
# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1200°C – 60 hours



# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> after CMAS at 1300°C / 5 h

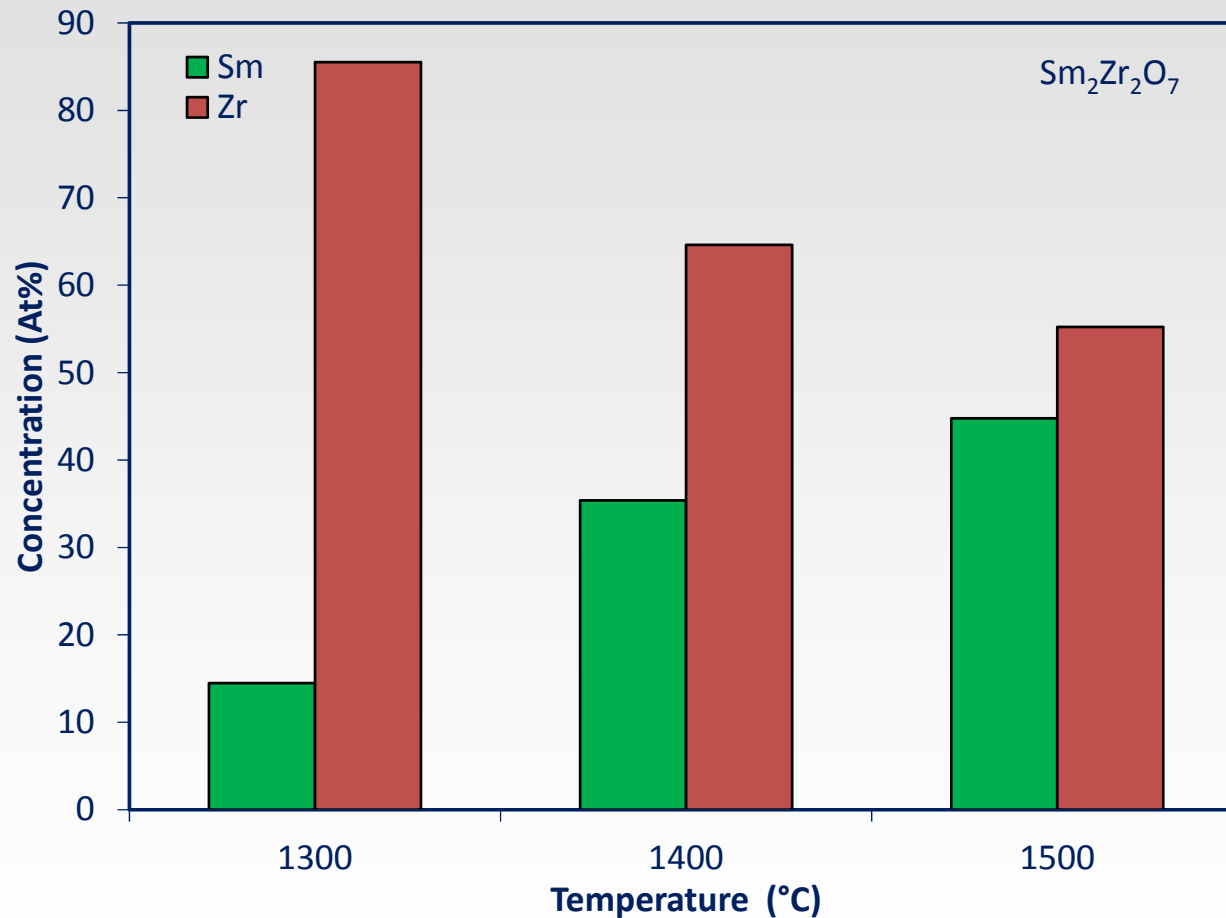


Gd silicate



Cubic fluorite

# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> – Composition of Cubic Fluorite Phase

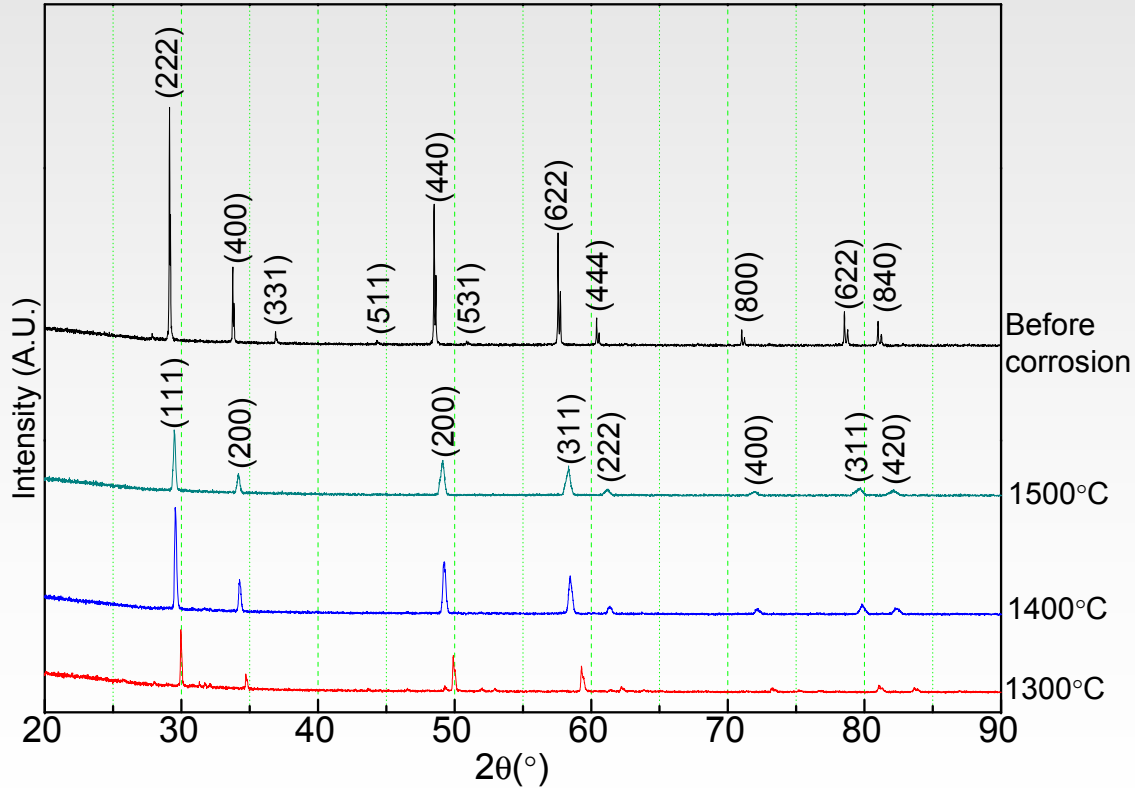


Sm / Zr  
increases with  
increasing  
temperature



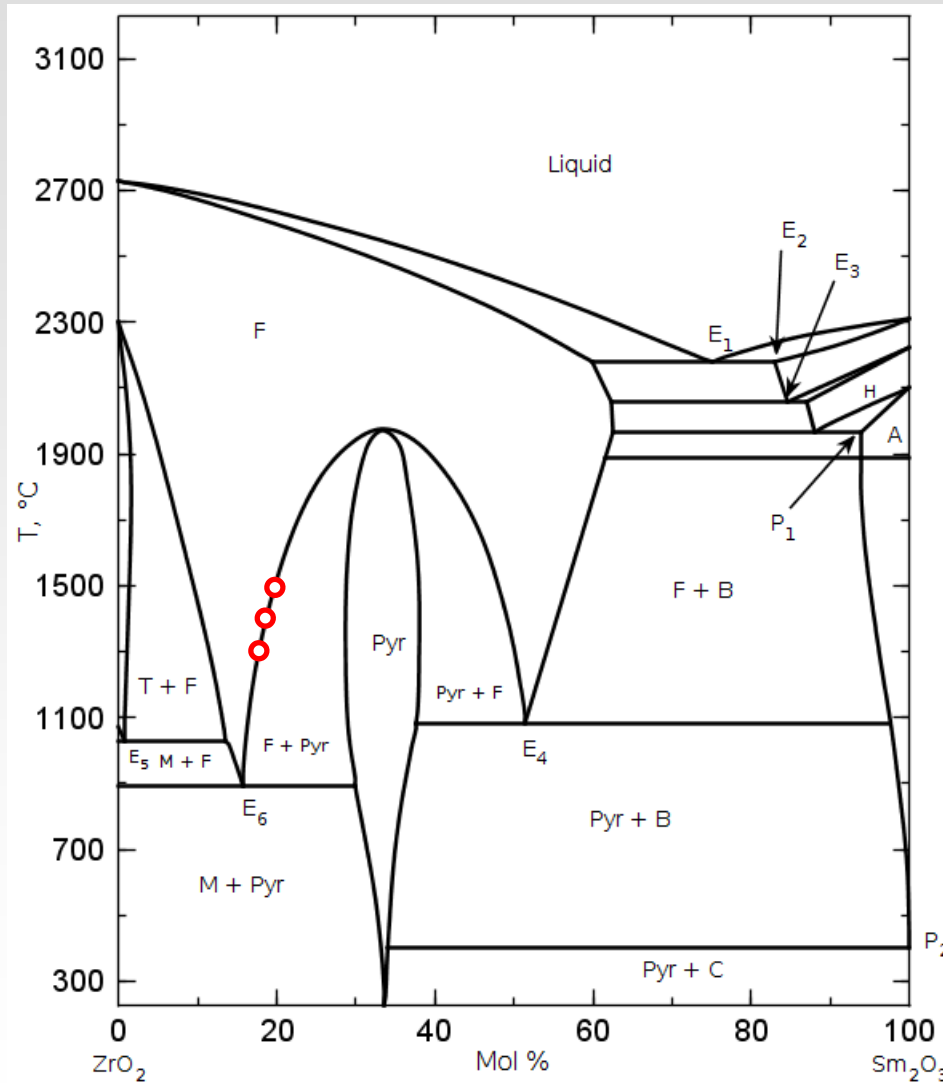
Exposure	Phase	Lattice Parameter (Å)
None	Pyrochlore	5.304
1300°C	Cubic fluorite	5.242
1400°C		5.230
1500°C		5.159

# XRD of $\text{Sm}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$



Cubic fluorite forms after corrosion

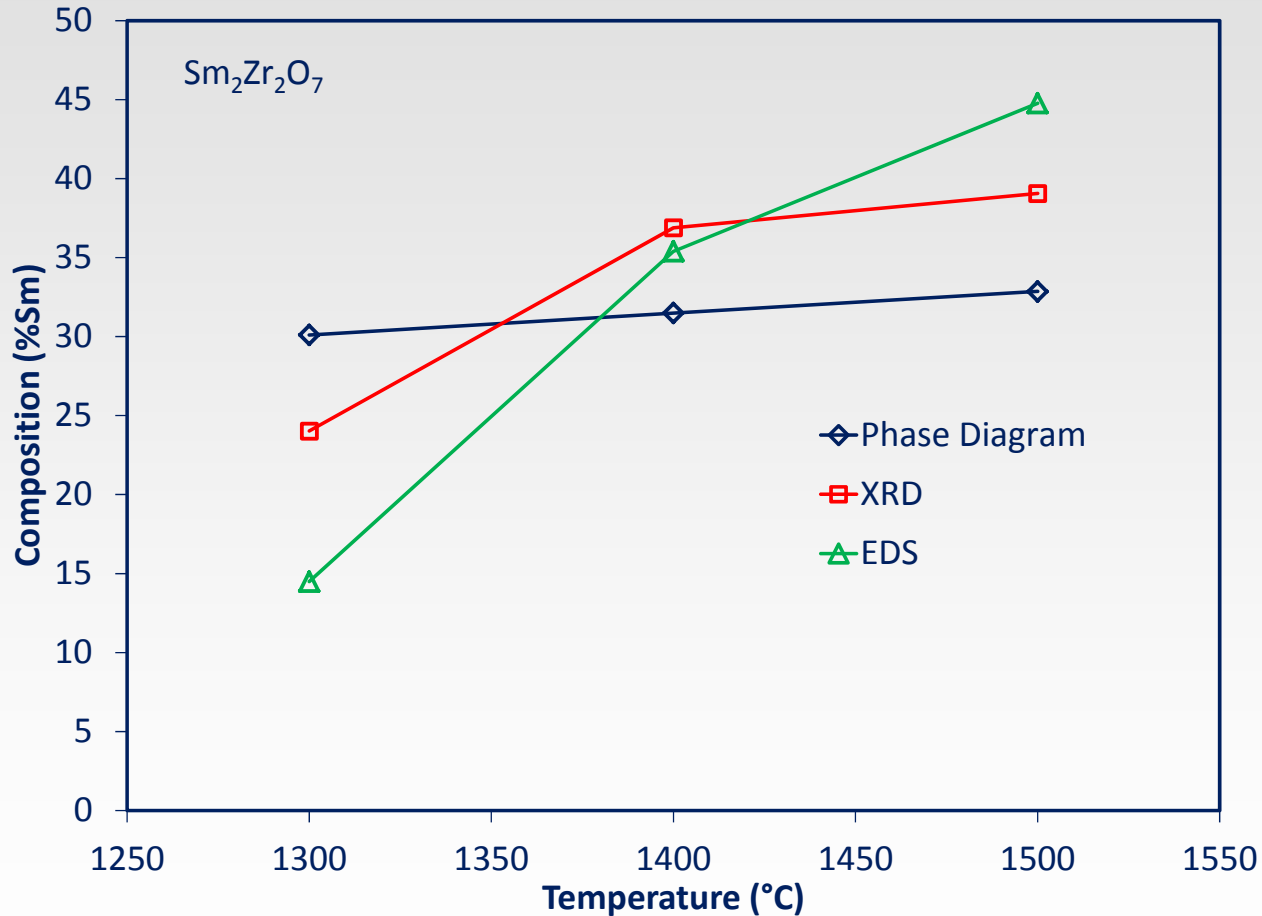
# ZrO<sub>2</sub>-Sm<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Phase Diagram



Sm / Zr in cubic fluorite increases with increasing temperature

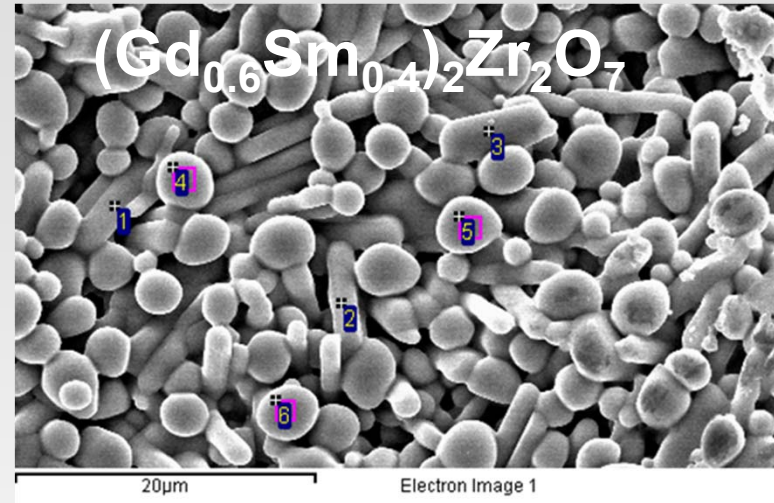
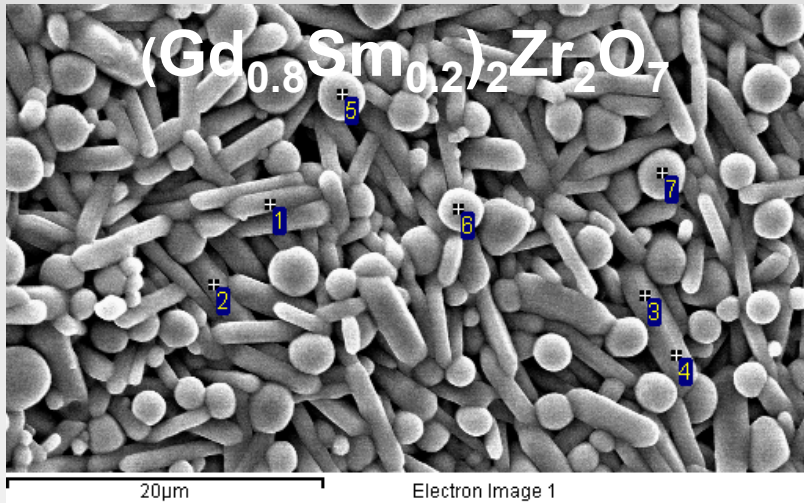
T = tetragonal  
 F = cubic fluorite  
 M – monoclinic  
 Pyr = pyrochlore  
 C, B, H = Sm<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> phases

# Sm<sub>2</sub>Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> – Composition of Cubic Fluorite Phase



Phase diagram,  
XRD, EDS  
consistent trend

# $(\text{Gd},\text{Sm})_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ after CMAS at 1200°C / 60 h



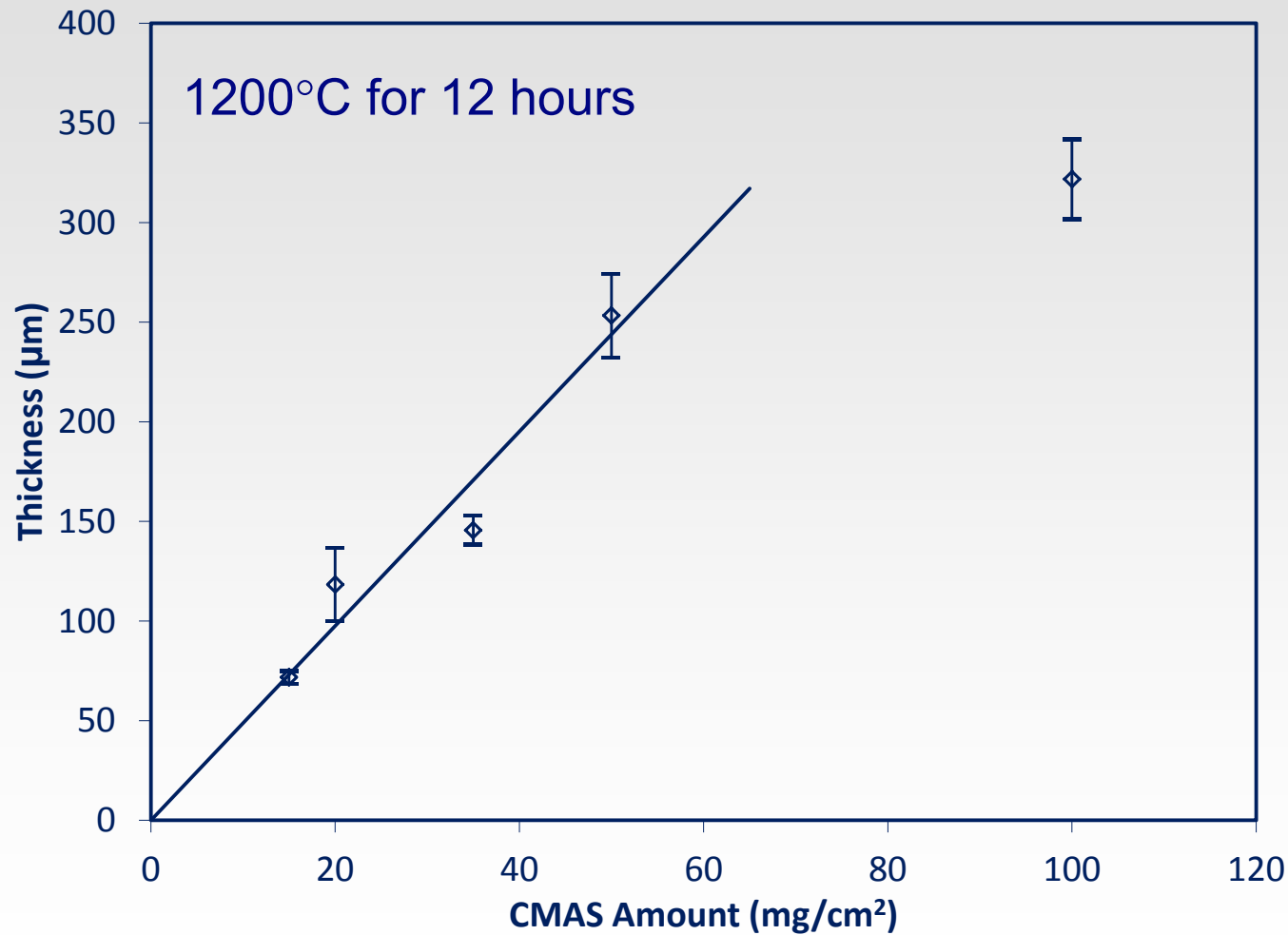
Concentration							
#	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Sm	Gd
1	0	0	14	5	5	10	0
2	0	0	19	7	6	17	0
3	0	0	17	6	8	14	0
4	0	0	17	6	8	14	1
5	0	0	1	3	41	5	0
6	0	0	3	3	46	6	0
7	0	0	2	3	45	6	0

(Sm,Gd)  
silicate

Cubic  
fluorite

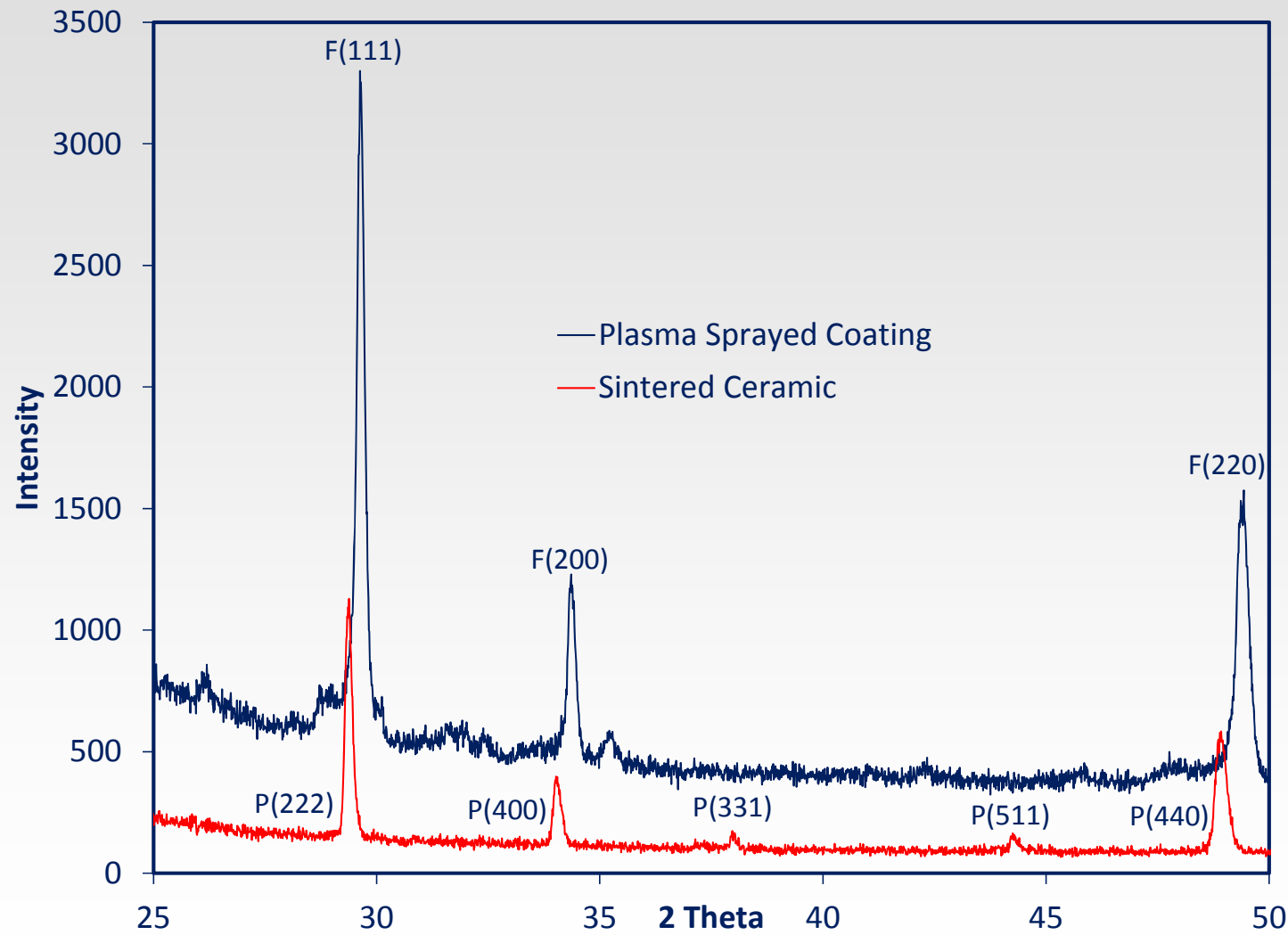
Concentration							
#	Mg	Al	Si	Ca	Zr	Sm	Gd
1	0	0	17	7	6	6	9
2	0	0	15	10	9	10	14
3	0	0	13	5	4	4	6
4	0	0	1	3	35	1	3
5	0	0	1	2	36	2	3
6	0	0	1	3	39	2	4

# Effect of CMAS Amount



Reaction  
limited by  
supply for  
small  
amounts  
of CMAS

# Plasma Sprayed $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$

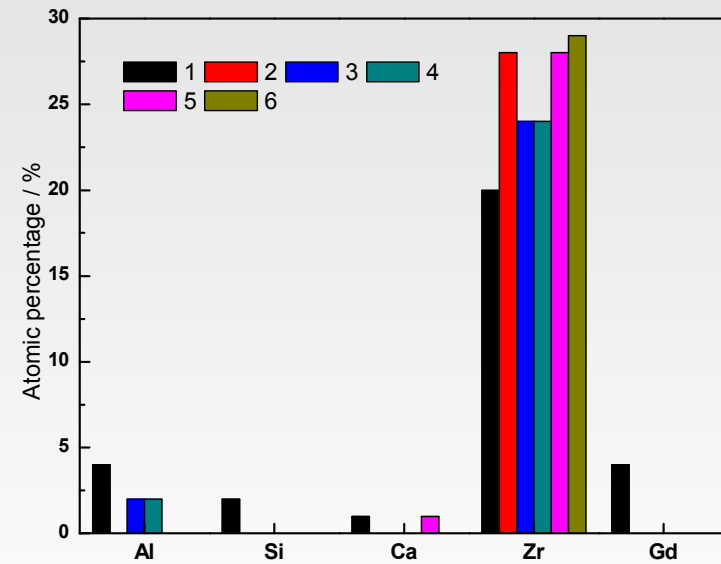
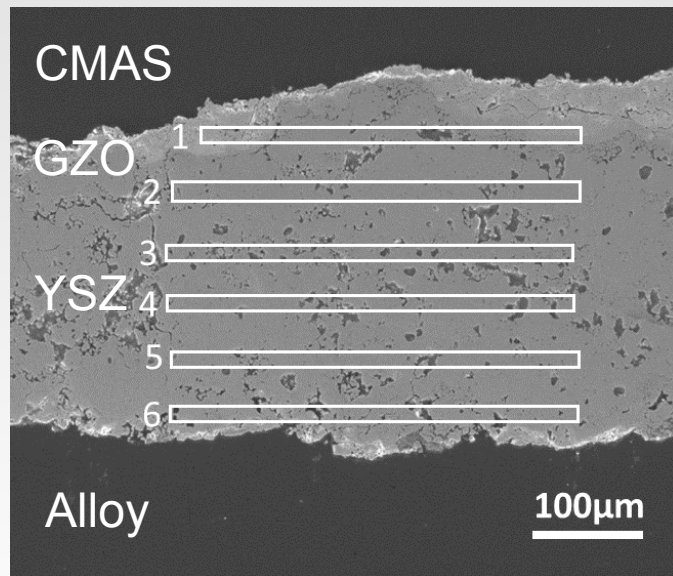


Pyrochlore structure not maintained during plasma spraying

19 April 2016

CCR 2016

# Plasma Sprayed $Gd_2Zr_2O_7$ after CMAS at $1200^\circ\text{C} / 20\text{ h}$



# Conclusions

- Reaction of pyrochlore with CMAS
  - Pyrochlore dissolves and reprecipitates as lanthanide silicate and cubic fluorite phase
  - Lanthanide concentration in cubic fluorite phase increases with increasing temperature as predicted by phase diagram
  - Reaction occurs below melting temperature of glass



# Acknowledgment

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