

High Fidelity Computational Model for Fluidized Bed

^{1*}Chattopadhyay, A., ^{2*}Schiaffino, A., ^{3*}Kottedda, V. M. K., ^{4*}Kumar, V., ^{5#}Spotz, W.

¹Graduate Student, ²UG RA, ³Postdoctoral Fellow, ⁴Associate Professor, ⁵Senior Technical Staff

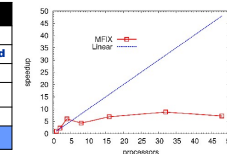
^{*}University of Texas El Paso (UTEP), [#]Sandia National Labs (Sandia)

BACKGROUND

A requirement of many engineering and scientific applications is the need to solve linear and non-linear systems of equations. Research efforts in advanced solution algorithms and parallel solver libraries have a large impact on engineering and scientific computing. Algorithmic advances increase the range of tractable problems and reduce the cost of solving existing problems. Well-designed solver libraries provide a mechanism for leveraging solver development across a broad set of applications and minimize the cost of solver integration. Sandia has developed a scalable solver algorithms and software (Trilinos) to provide a good robust solver and minimize the cost of solver integration.

S. No.	Method	Description
1	SOR	point Successive Over Relaxation
2	BIGSTAB	Bi-Conjugate Gradient STABILized method
3	GMRES	Generalized Minimal RESidual algorithm
4	BIGSTAB + GMRES	
5	CG	Conjugate Gradient
6	Trilinos	Trilinos

Intel Xeon E5649, 2.53GHz
4GB/core, 6 cores/processor
IBM 300GB 10K RPM 6GBps



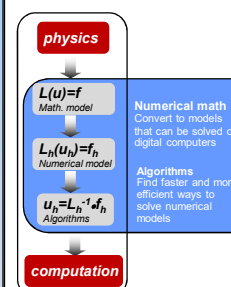
Speedup study with MFIX for two-fluid fluidized bed problem

OBJECTIVES

- Create a framework to integrate the existing MFIX (Multiphase Flow with Interphase eXchanges) linear solver with Trilinos linear solver packages.
 - Evaluate the performance of the state-of-the-art preconditioners and linear solver libraries in Trilinos with MFIX.
- The project will reduce the computational cost as well as convergence instabilities when solving gas-solid flow in large scale flow problems using MFIX.



Services	Objective	Package(s)
Linear algebra objects		Epetra, Tpetra, Xpetra
Interfaces		Xpetra, Thyra, Stratimikos, Piro
Load Balancing		Zoltan, Isorropia, Zoltan2
Utilities, I/O, thread API		Teuchos, EpetraExt, Kokkos, Phalanx
Iterative linear solver		AztecOO, Belos, Komplex
Direct sparse linear solver		Amesos, Amesos2, ShyLU
Direct dense linear solver		Epetra, Teuchos, Pliris
Iterative eigenvalue solver		Anasazi
Incomplete factorizations		AztecOO, Ifpack, Ifpack2
Multilevel preconditioners		ML, CLAPS, MueLu
Block preconditioners		Meros, Teko
Nonlinear solvers		NOX, LOCA



discretizations
Time domain
Space domain

methods
Automatic diff.
Domain dec.
Mortar methods

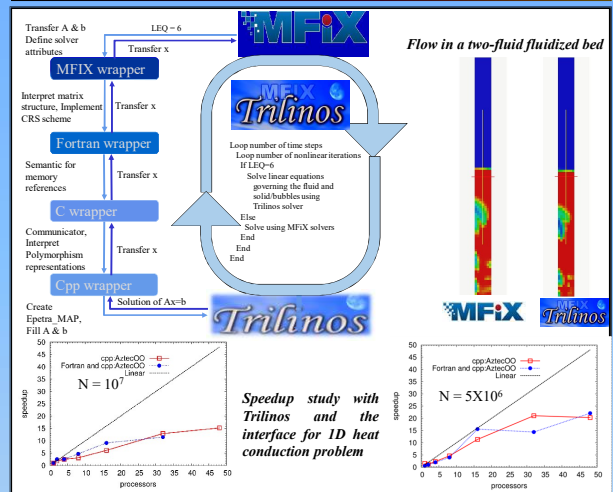
solvers
Linear
Nonlinear
Eigenvalues
Optimization

core
Petra
Utilities
Interfaces
Load Balancing

AztecOO provides access to preconditioners and solvers such as CG, GMRES, BiCGSTAB by implementing an interface using Epetra. It uses Epetra objects for defining matrix and vectors. It provides a mechanism for using Ifpack, ML and AztecOO itself as preconditioners. It was Sandia's workhorse solver.

- Performance-portable abstraction over many different thread-parallel programming models: OpenMP, CUDA, Pthreads, ...
- Abstract away physical data layout & target it to the hardware Solve "array of structs" vs. "struct of arrays" problem
- Memory hierarchies getting more complex; expose & exploit
- Data structures & idioms for thread-scalable parallel code Automatic memory management, atomic updates, vectorization, ...
- Stand-alone; does not require other Trilinos packages

- A challenge for any software development is keeping the computer code up-to-date with the advancement in applied mathematics, software and hardware development.
- Sandia group has developed and continues to develop Trilinos, a scalable solver algorithms and software through next-gen (exa-scale, peta-scale, extreme-scale, etc.) computing investment. The project is called project.
- It is an effort to develop and implement robust algorithms and enabling technologies using modern object-oriented software design, while still leveraging the value of established libraries.



CONCLUSIONS

- A framework is developed to call Trilinos from a Fortran program.
- The framework can be extended to integrate softwares written in Fortran and C/C++.
- The performance of integrated solver is better compared to the actual solver.
- The two open source softwares written in different programming languages are integrated and performance will be studied on large scale multiphase flow problem.
- GPU capabilities (via Kokkos) through a functional language interface (thread safe codes) will be exploited.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to acknowledge National Energy Technology Laboratories, Sandia National Laboratories, Research cloud team at UTEP, TACC, Computational Science and Mechanical Engineering Programs at UTEP. This material is based upon work supported by the Department of Energy under Award Number DE-FE0026220.

REFERENCES

Syامل, M., Rodgers, W., O'Brien, T.J., MFIX Documentation: Theory Guide. Technical Note, DOE/METC-94/1004, 1993.
M.A. Heroux, J.M. Willenbring, Trilinos Users Guide, Tech. rep., Sandia National Laboratories, 2003.

