

# Performance and Emissions Optimization Through Integration of a Miniaturized High-Temperature Multi-Process Monitoring System

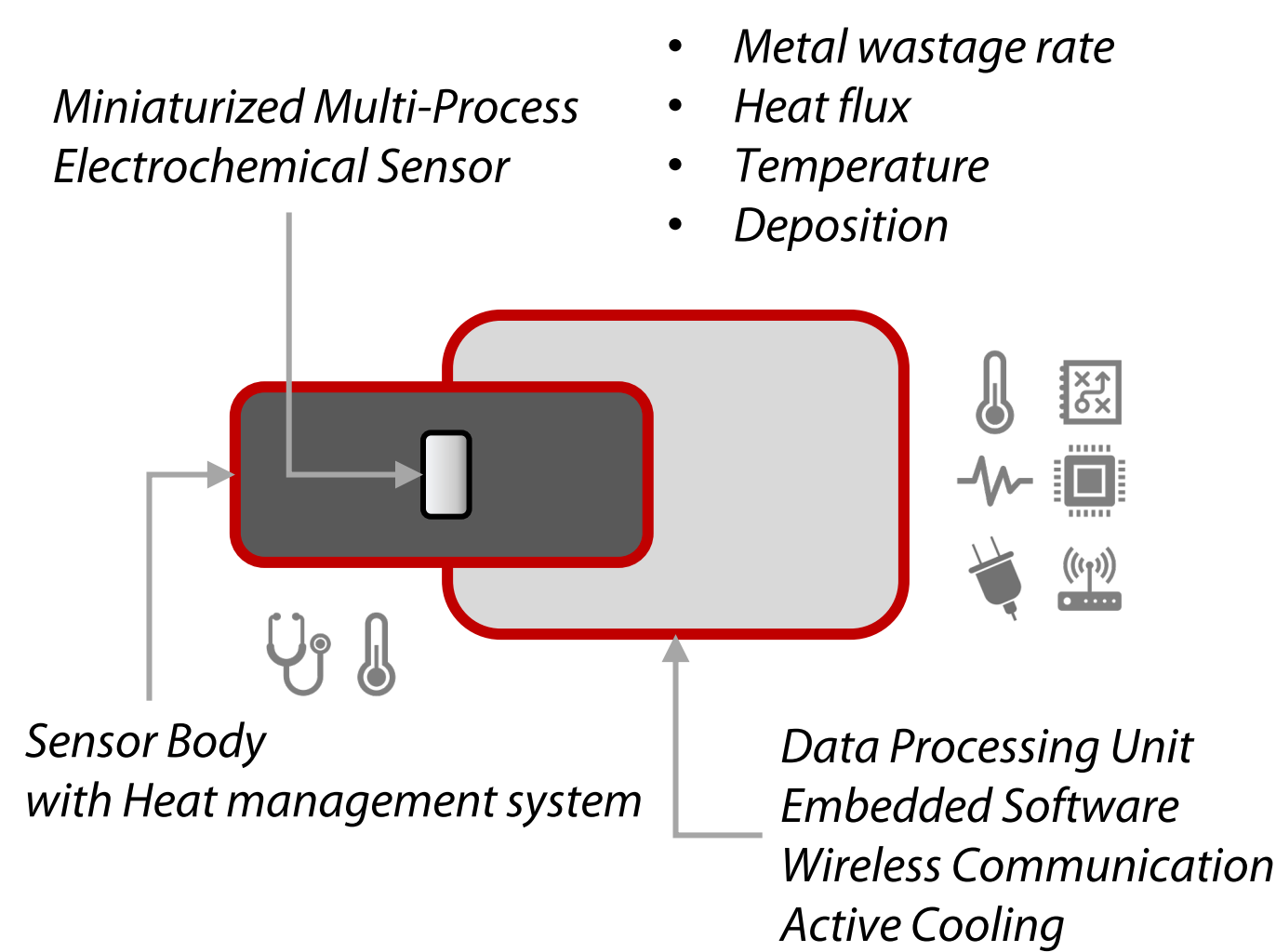
Marc Cremer<sup>1</sup>, Kevin Davis<sup>1</sup>, Hong-Shig Shim<sup>1</sup>, Andrew Chiodo<sup>1</sup>, Jacob Beutler<sup>1</sup>, Jost Wendt<sup>2</sup>, William Cox<sup>3</sup>, Jamey Backus<sup>4</sup>, Kentucky Sago<sup>4</sup>, Bill Smith, Jr.<sup>5</sup>  
 1. Reaction Engineering International, 2. University of Utah, 3. Corrosion Management (UK), 4. Basin Electric Leland Olds Station, 5. Bill Smith Engineering, LLC

## Objectives

Design, fabricate, test and demonstrate in a commercial scale lignite-fired boiler a miniaturized high temperature multi-process, high-spatial-resolution monitoring system (mMPMS) for boiler optimization

## mMPMS

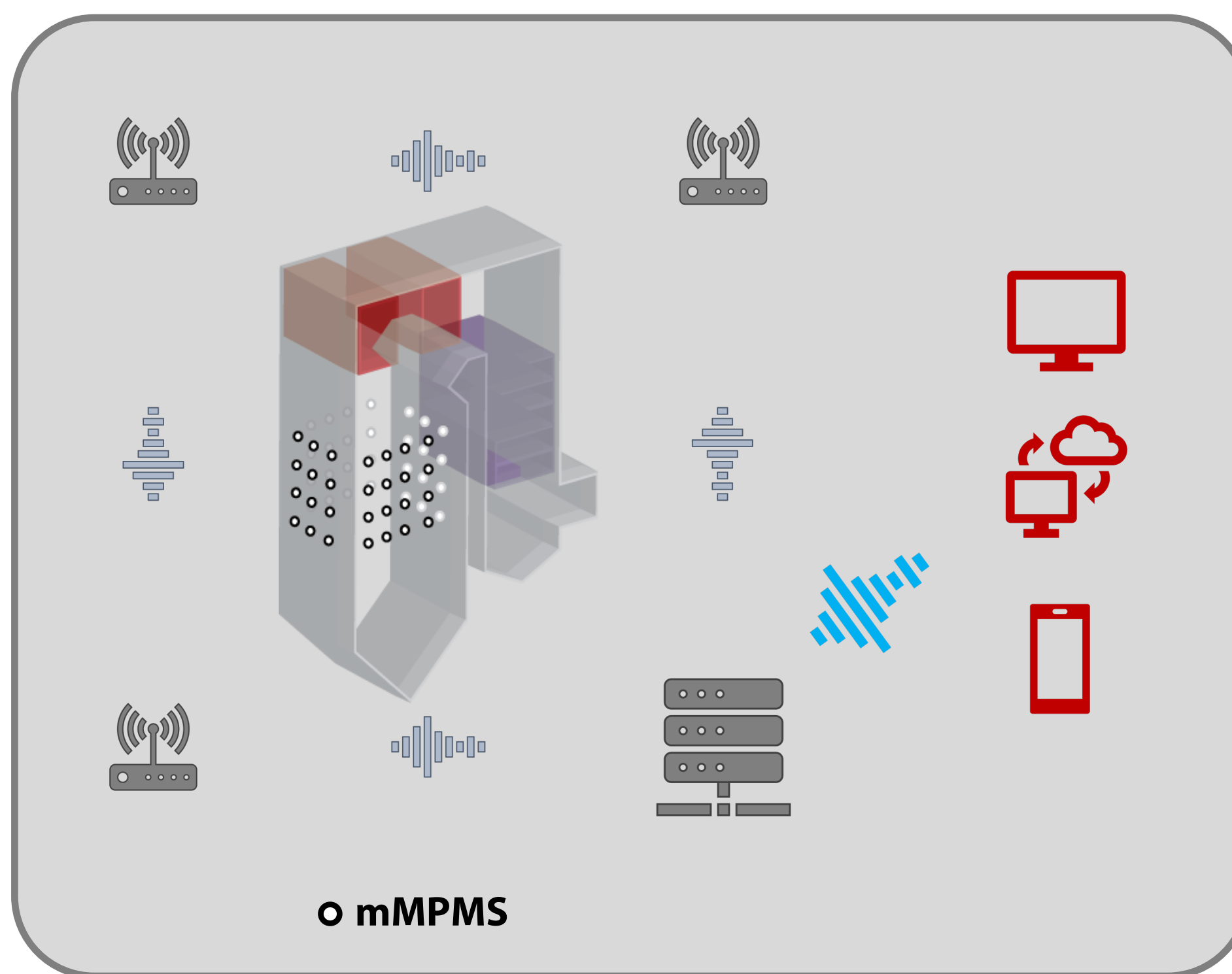
Real-time indication of tube surface conditions at key locations in the radiant section of a coal fired boiler based on electrochemical sensor that can provide metal loss rates, heat flux, metal surface temperature, and deposit thickness.



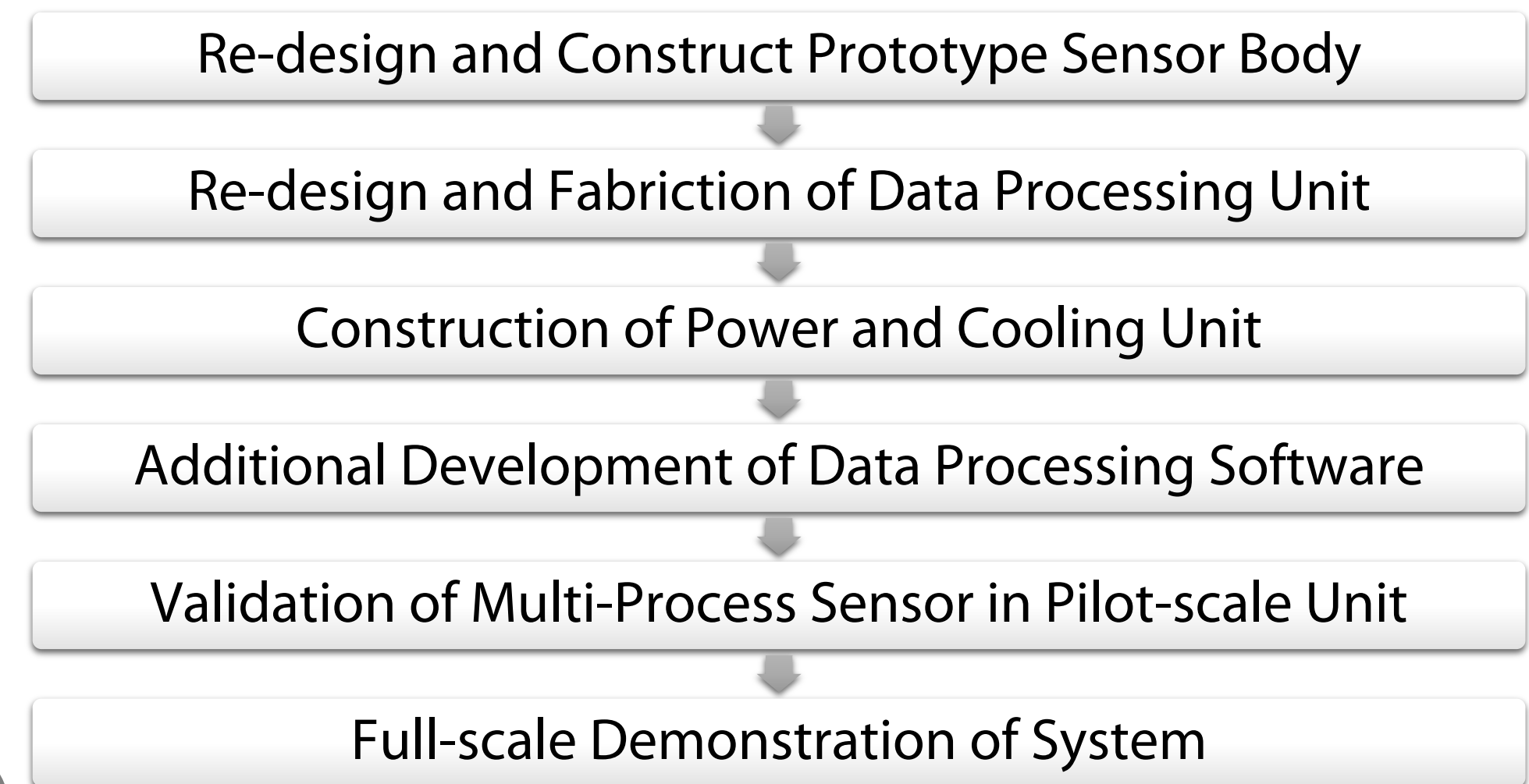
## Electrochemical Sensing Merits

- There is no temperature compensation requirement
- Corrosion rate measurements
- Measurements are instantaneous and quantitative
- Temperature and heat flux are measured simultaneously and deposition rate can be estimated

## Boiler Condition Monitoring using mMPMS



## Approaches



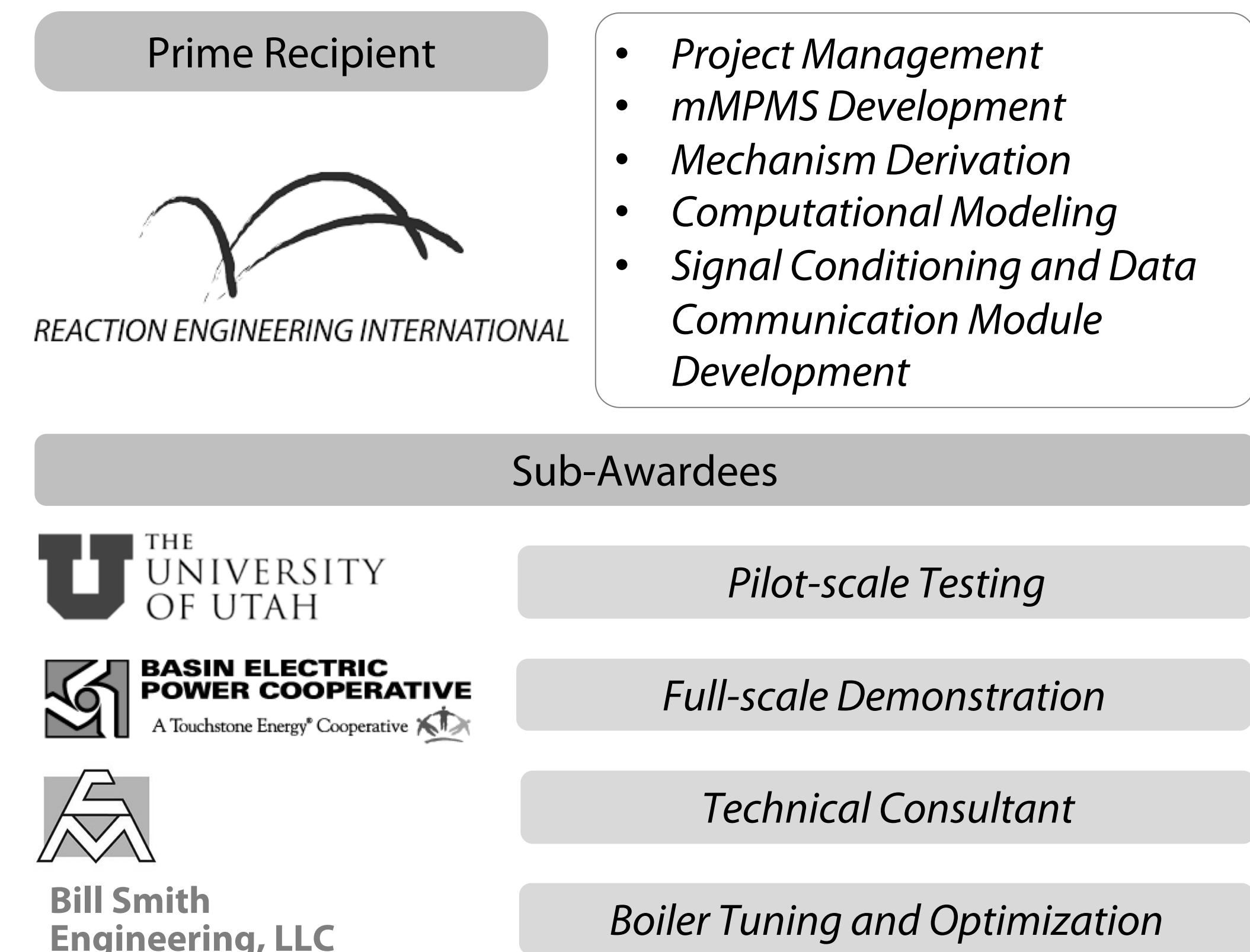
## Demonstration Site



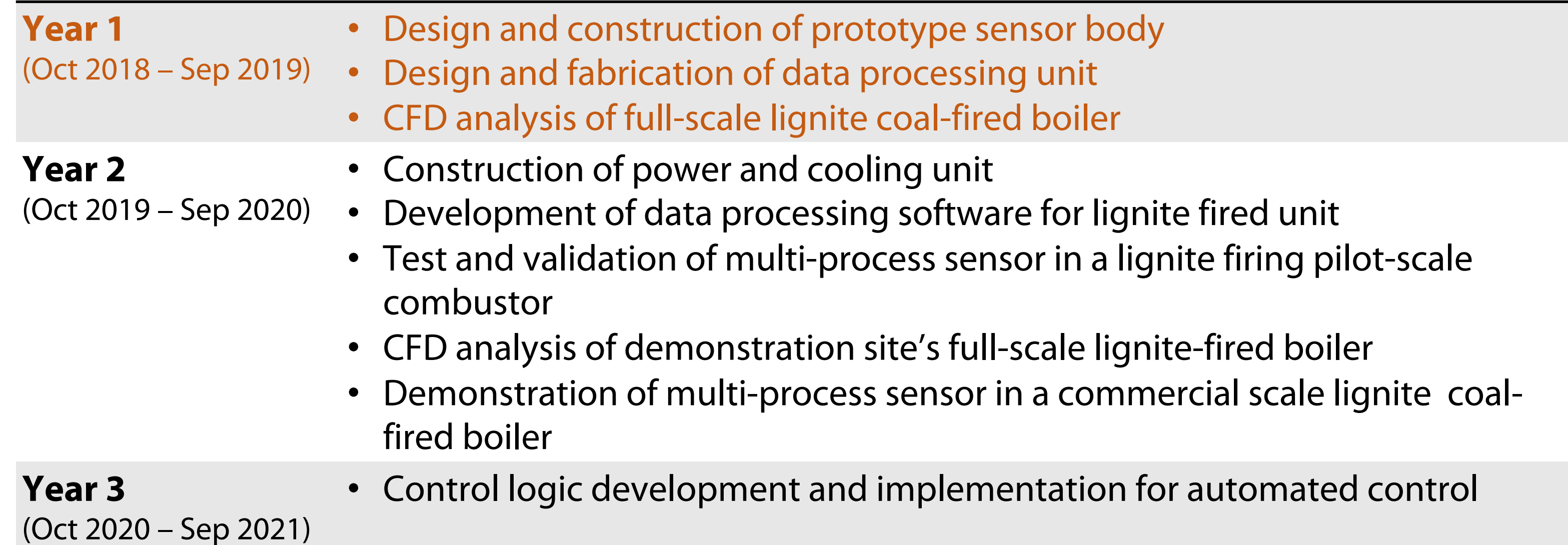
Leland Olds Station located near Stanton, North Dakota  
 Two lignite-fired units with total generating capacity 669 MW

Plant is interested in ash management and boiler tuning

## Project Organization

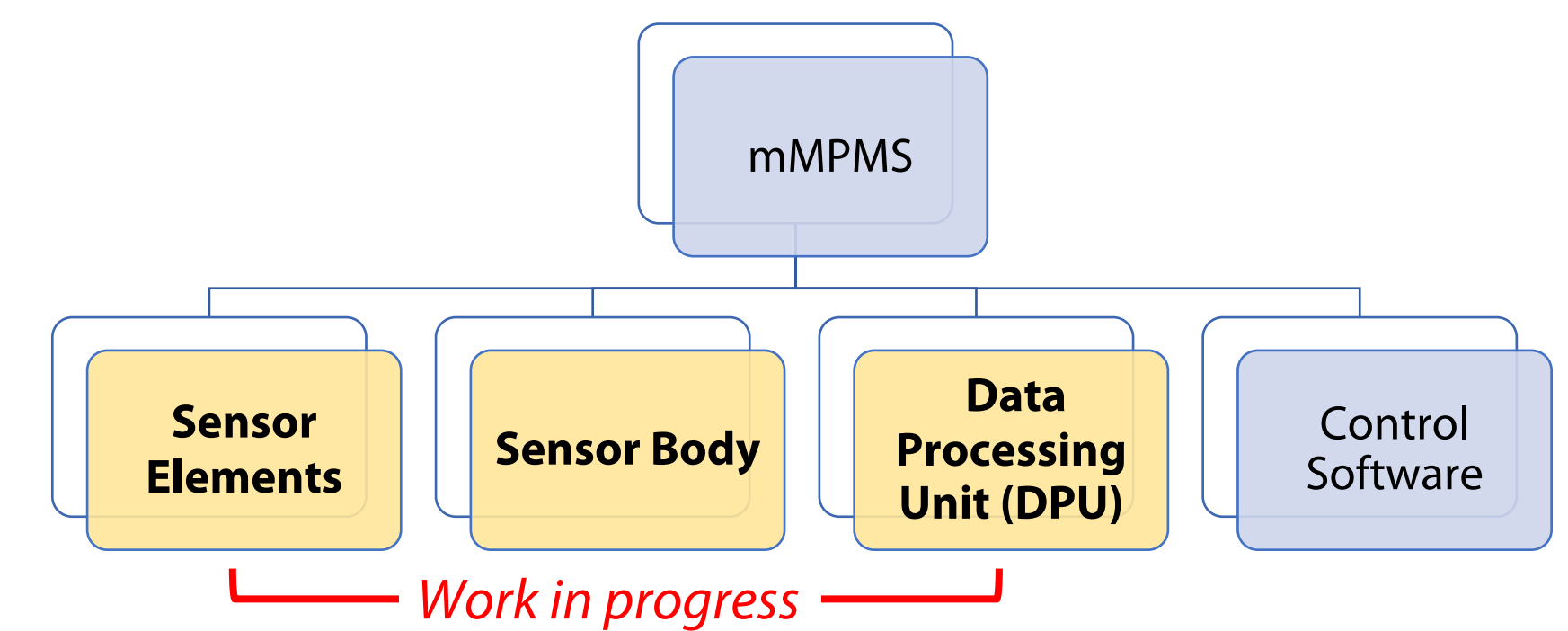


## Project Schedule



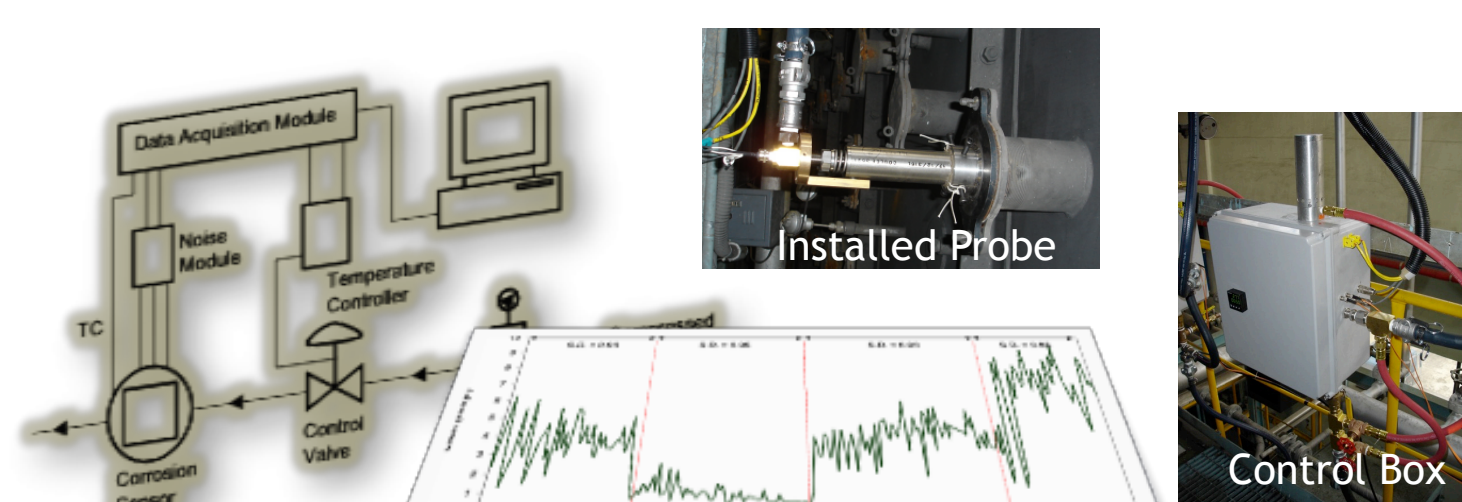
## Project Status

Prototype mMPMS has been developed and heat transfer calculation will assist to finalize the design prior to pilot- and full-scale testing



## REI Team's Previous Work

- Electrochemical sensing system has been applied to low and high temperature zones of the boiler to assess corrosion behavior in the boiler and waste-to-energy system, improve thermal efficiency of the boiler, and compare tube materials under ultra-supercritical steam condition and oxy-firing combustion
- EN-based system provides high sensitivity, real-time, on-line monitoring technology
- REI has developed corrosion rate correlations through EPRI and KEPRI projects that can assess the impacts of planned changes in combustion environment on fire-side corrosion

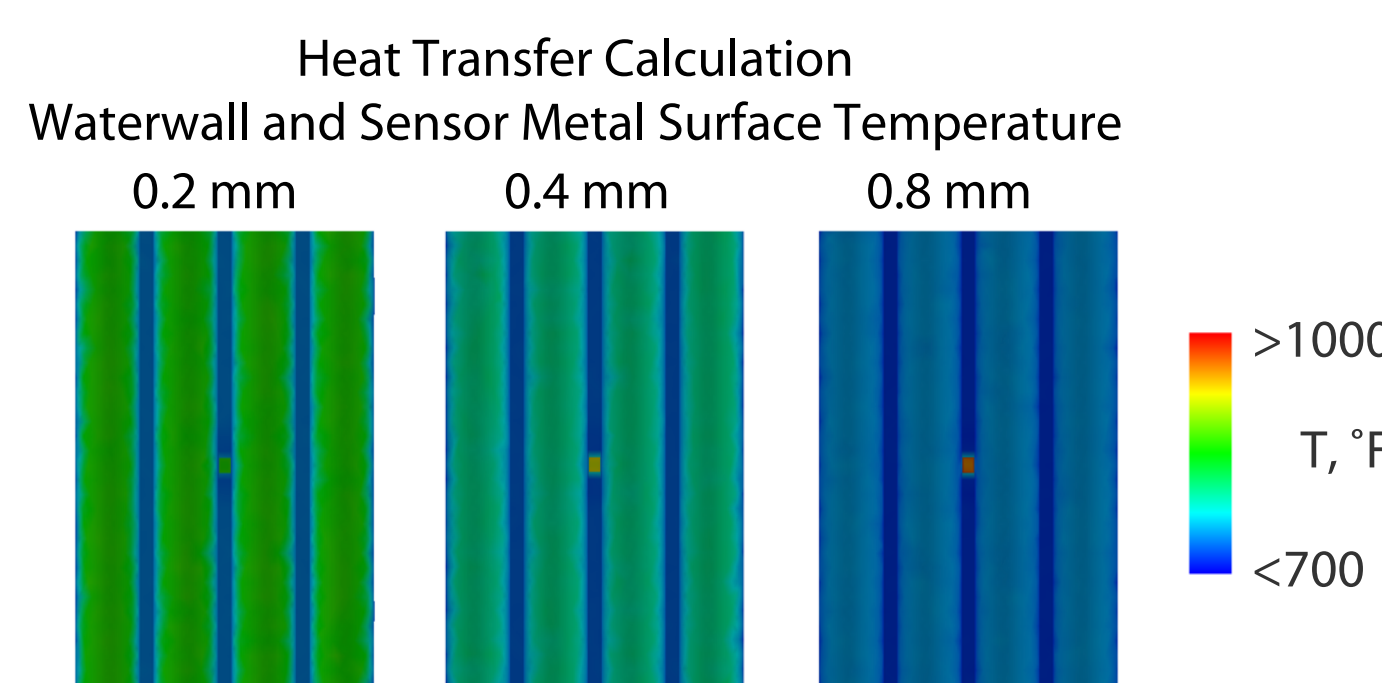


EN-based Corrosion Monitoring System and Application

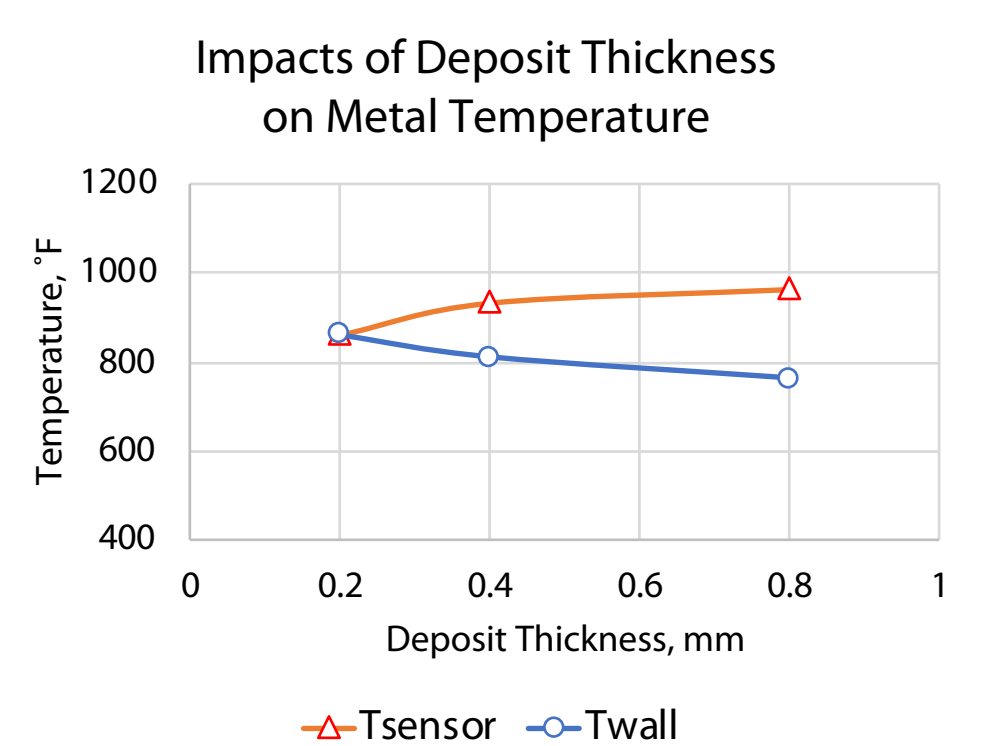
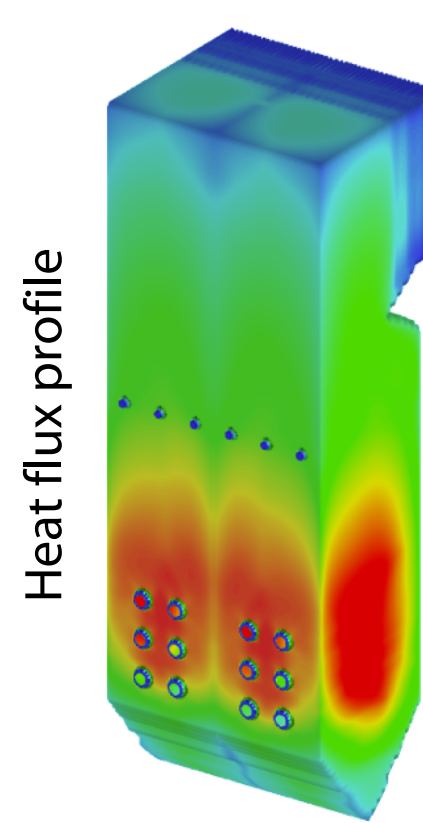


## Sensor Body

Sensor body is designed to avoid any active cooling needs: heat transfer calculation provides guidance



CFD Simulation of Leland Olds #1



## Benefits & Future Work

A system of non-intrusive real-time sensors providing quantitative insight into several key indicators of boiler performance/maintenance will save individual plants tens of millions of dollars. Future efforts will include utilization of additional sensors throughout convective sections and backpass equipment as well as integration with advanced control approaches.

## Acknowledgements

U.S. Department of Energy - National Energy Technology Laboratory (DOE/NETL) through DOE Cooperative Agreement No. DE-FE0031680  
 DOE/NETL Project Manager: Mr. Omer Bakshi

